Capital Project Scoring used by: Capital Improvements Committee (CIC) and referenced by: County Executive / County Board

Scoring Criteria Overview



Design 1st Approach & Project Scoring

Scoring Criteria Overview



CIC & Project Scoring Criteria

- 1. CIC Overview
 - CIC created via adopted County Board amendment and included in the 2013 Adopted Capital Improvements Budget and included as part of County Ordinance under Chapter 36 (CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE)
 - ✓ Capital project scoring criteria (criteria) and prioritization
 - ✓ Available funding based on County Bonding Cap and Cash Goal Policies
 - ✓ Sends Advisory listing of capital projects to County Board and County Executive

✓ CIC Members

- (a) The director of the department of transportation, or alternate;
- (b) The fiscal and budget administrator, or alternate;
- (c) The comptroller, or alternate;
- (d) The chair of the committee on transportation, public works and transit, or alternate;
- (e) The chair and vice-chair of the committee on finance, or alternates;
- (f) Two (2) appointments of the county executive who shall be mayors or village board presidents of municipalities located in Milwaukee County, or alternates;
- (g) The chair of the county board shall appoint the chair of the committee.

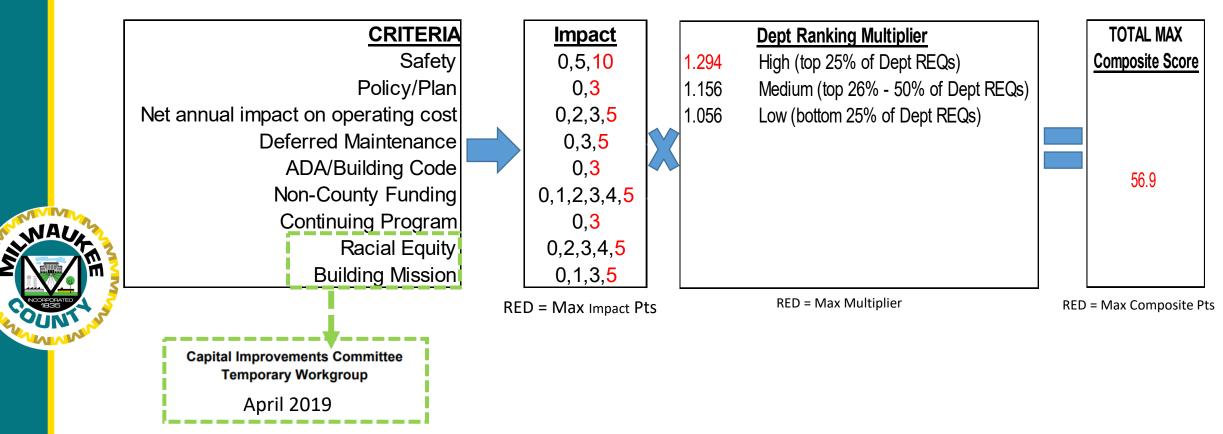


CIC & Project Scoring Criteria

- 1. Scoring Criteria Purpose
 - ✓ Quantitative and technical review of projects
 - Provides general guidance based on shared County priorities
 - ✓ Allows flexibility for County Board, County Executive, CIC to overlay qualitative factors



- CIC typically meets 3x during capital budget development
 - 1st Meeting = General review of REQ budget and Funding
 - ✓ 2nd Meeting = Review of Scored REQ projects; Dept testimony/follow-ups
 - ✓ 3rd Meeting = Dept testimony/follow-ups (if needed); Final CIC advisory recommendations to policy makers



Projects automatically receiving the highest score (i.e. 56.9):

Mandated

Projects related to fed/state/local/court ordered requirements

Contractual

Projects by which the County has been obligated to provide

Ongoing-Continuing

Projects with previously adopted appropriations (construction must be based on completed design)



	CRITERIA	IMPACT
A LEVENSING	1.) Safety – Safety – The project contributes to health, safety, welfare, and/or cyber security risk.	10 – Eliminates an existing hazard
		Addresses an existing life-safety Hazard that is posing an immediate threat to health and safety (within the 1st year).
		5 – Eliminates a potential hazard
		Remedies a Hazard that would pose a threat to health and safety in the future (i.e. the next 2 - 3 years), but does not demand immediate attention.
		OR
		5 – Mitigates technology cyber security risk
		Addresses a known risk posing a security threat to County data and/or technology assets
		0 – No Safety Impact
	2.) Policy/Plan Compliance - Project needed to comply with County and/or departmental policy/plans	3 – Complies with County and/or Departmental policy or plans
		Specifically complies with adopted policy and/or plan (i.e. included in
		the 5-YR plan)
		0 – No related program or policy

NAU

CRITERIA	<u>IMPACT</u>
3.) Operational	
*NET Annual Impact on Operating Costs	 5 – Major impact (Reduces Div/Section Ops Costs by 25% or greater) 3 – Moderate impact (Reduces Div/Section Ops Costs by 10% - 24%) 2 – Minor impact (Reduces Div/Section Ops Costs by 1% - 9%) 0 – No impact
*Deferred Maintenance	 5 – Immediately Addresses Failing Assets 3 – Addresses Assets anticipated to fail within the next 12 - 24 months 0 – No impact
*ADA/Building Code	 3 – Addresses ADA and/or Building Code violations 0 – No impact
4.) Non-County Funding	5 - 100% 4 - 76% to 99% 3 - 51% to 75% 2 - 25% to 50% 1 - less than 25% 0 - 0%

NAL

CRITERIA	IMPACT
5.) Continuing Program -	3 – The specific sub-project (7-digit) is part of a continuing project program (5-digit)
Marana Alexandre	0 – Not part of a continuing project program (5-digit)



Common Examples:

- 1. Bus Replacement Program
- 2. Fleet Vehicle and Equipment Program

	CRITERIA			IMPACT
	6.) Racial Equity			5 – 76-100% minority population served (PRIMARY) OR population of Zip Code where the project is located (SECONDARY).
A LEVEN NOV				4 – 51%-75% minority population served (PRIMARY) OR population of Zip Code where the project is located (SECONDARY).
	Racial Minorit	y Demographic (US Ce		
	American Indian	Asian	Multi-Racial	
	Black	Pacific Islander	Latino	3 – 26%-50% minority population served (PRIMARY) OR population of Zip Code where the project is located (SECONDARY).
		Other (non-white)		
				2 – 15%-25% minority population served (PRIMARY) OR population of Zip Code where project is located (SECONDARY).
				0 – 0%-14% minority population served (PRIMARY) OR population of Zip Code where the project is located (SECONDARY).



CRITERIA	IMPACT
7.) Building Mission Categories	5 - Project relates to a building mission 1 category
	3 - Project relates to a building mission 2 category
	1 - Project relates to a building mission 3 category
	0 – Relates to a building mission 4 or 5 category;
	Building with no associated BMC



Milwaukee County

Building Asset Mission Category Definitions

August 2018

<u>Mission Category 1</u>

- Provides 24-hour housing for people
- correctional facilities
- Provides a work place for MC employees (> 100 people)
- Provides critical Airport services
- Provides medical services
- Provides critical Office of Emergency Management services

Mission Category 2

- Provides a work place for MC employees (< 100 people)
- Provides a major community service 365 days/year
 - cultural facilities
 - zoo exhibit buildings
 - community centers
 - senior centers
 - recreation centers
- Provides a major maintenance function
 - facility maintenance shops
 - vehicle maintenance shops
- Provides a critical site mission function
 - parking structure
 - utility facilities

Mission Category 3

- Provides a community service seasonal facilities
 - major park shelters
 - outdoor aquatic facilities
 - concession stands
- Provides a minor maintenance function
 - facility maintenance shops
 - vehicle maintenance shops
- Provides a minor site mission function
- animal exhibit/holding facilities

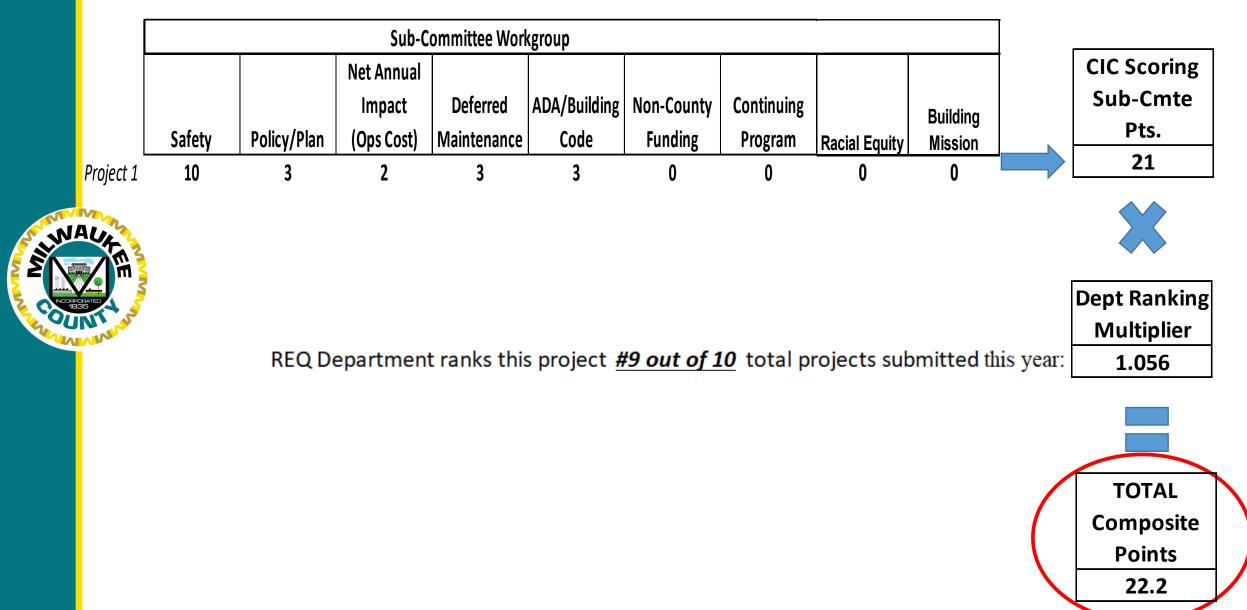
Mission Category 4

- Provides a temporary work place for MC employees (< 5 people)
 ticket booths
 - toll booths
- toll booths
 Provides a minor public shelter
- Provides a minor public shelter
 Provides a large storage function (minor occupancy)
 - MC vehicle storage
 - airline storage
 - arrine storage
 warehousing

Mission Category 5

Provides a small storage function (typically unoccupied)

Existing Scoring – Example 1





Design 1st Approach & Project Scoring

Design First Approach

DEFINITION-

- For most projects, the design appropriations are made in one year, and then construction appropriation(s) in a subsequent year (upon completion of design)
- Implemented in the 2021 Adopted Budget and CIC process and continues into the 2022 capital budget development
 - Primarily AE managed projects
 - $\,\circ\,$ Potential future application to IMSD managed technology projects
 - Potential future application to Transportation Services managed projects (NOTE: Transportation Services follow a design first approach for a number of projects)
- Potential Exceptions
 - $\,\circ\,$ Less complex projects requiring minimal design effort and limited risk
 - $\,\circ\,$ Life-Safety projects that address significant risks are hazards

REASONING-

Project and construction cost estimate efficiency:

- Established agreed upon scope/design between client dept and (project) managing dept
- Completed design = construction/implementation

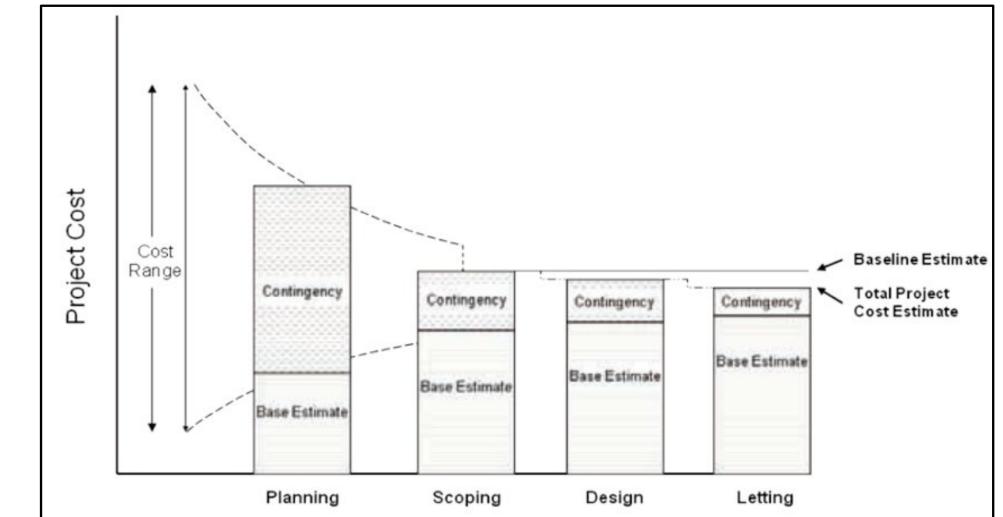


Design First Approach – Capital Projects

REASONING (cont.)-

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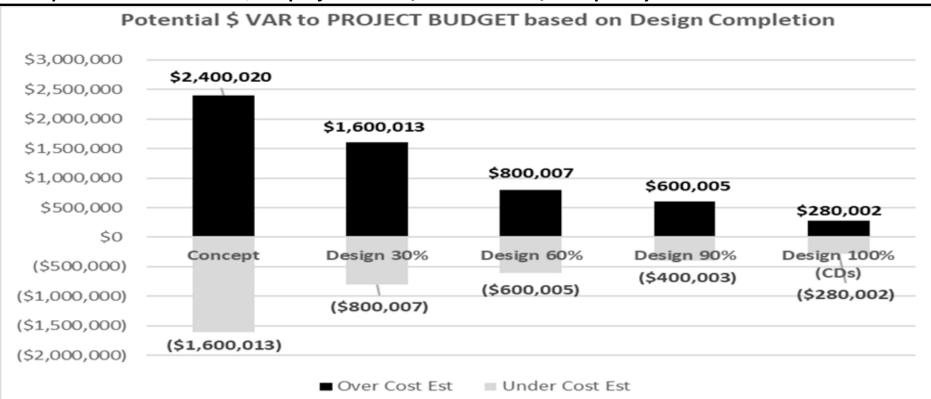
○Project risk mitigation (Contingency reductions from 20/25%+ or greater generally down to 10%... depending on project complexity)



Design First Approach – Capital Projects

REASONING (cont.)-

•Help to reduce Over/Under project budgeting that locks up County resources



-Example below based on a \$4M project cost w/ Medium Risk/ Complexity -

olf design is not completed for a budget cycle, the construction phase will be moved out one year (or more) in the 5-Year Capital Improvement Plan

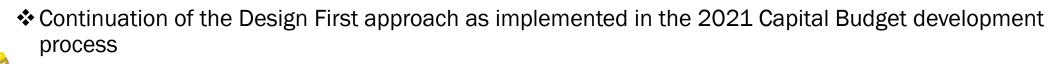
Design First Approach + CIC Scoring Updates

APPLICATION-

Projects receive construction phase appropriations if cost estimates are based on completed design

- Typical project completion estimated @ up to 3 years
 - NOTE: Design + Construction (in the same year) takes about 2 3 years, on average, to complete

ROLL OUT-



CIC RELATIONSHIP-

Design + Construction requests for 2021 (and future) and CIC review (AE-managed)

- Current Practice: Review by CIC w/ possible recommendations to split design and construction into separate years
- Review of Ongoing-Continuing Projects requesting construction phase appropriation w/o completed design (AE-managed)
 - Current Practice:

Review by CIC w/ possible recommendations to move from automatic scoring of maximum points (56.9) to 0 points

CIC final approval may include design and construction based on dept testimony and other factors; strongly encouraged to weigh cost/benefit if proceeding with projects that:

- Have limited or incomplete design that may lead to higher project risk and large budget variance
- o Assume non-County project funding, but the funding has not yet been awarded/secured