A RESOLUTION

Requesting an opinion from the Milwaukee County Office of Corporation Counsel on whether 2013 Wisconsin Act 14 violates the Voting Rights Act of 1965

WHEREAS, in 2013, the State of Wisconsin adopted 2013 Wisconsin Act 14 ("Act 14"), which altered the pay structure, term length, and pension options of the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors, including limiting their authority over entering into certain agreements; and

WHEREAS, Act 14 limits the total appropriations for County Board operations, including salaries of County Board Supervisors and County Board employees, to 0.4 percent of the total County tax levy budget, making Milwaukee County the only County in Wisconsin with a cap on spending for its legislative body; and

WHEREAS, the report in File No. 20-679 from the Milwaukee County Office of the Comptroller and the Department of Administrative Services determined that, due to restrictions on the portion of the tax levy that the County Board budget can comprise, the number of supervisory districts in Milwaukee County is limited to an amount that can reasonably provide salaries to Supervisors, salaries and benefits to staff, and for commodities and services and that an increase in supervisory districts would require less spending on departmental salaries or other departmental accounts; and

WHEREAS, continued reductions to departmental salaries and other departmental accounts is not feasible to maintain the staffing necessary to effectuate the services provided by the County Board or provide other services to constituents, including mailings and communications, outreach related to the County's services and budget, community events, amongst other expenditures; and

WHEREAS, the report in File No. 20-670 from the Milwaukee County Office of the Comptroller and Department of Administrative Services found that unless the County Board continues at a baseline scenario over the next ten years, the County Board budget will have increasingly less funds for services to constituents or to perform its core duties; and

WHEREAS, continuing in a baseline scenario is not feasible given the continued increase in the cost of living every year, which could lead to further staffing cuts, and, as a result, a decrease in services that may be provided to constituents; and

WHEREAS, Act 14 also permits the County Executive to introduce resolutions to the County Board, in essence making his position a "Super Supervisor" that is elected countywide and allows him to serve as the day-to-day administrator and as a legislator; and

WHEREAS, Act 14 does not place any limits as to the portion of the County tax levy that the Office of the County Executive can comprise; and

WHEREAS, Act 14 applies only to counties with a population of more than 750,000, of which Milwaukee County is the sole county to which this applies; and

WHEREAS, according to the Wisconsin Department of Health Services, Black residents compose 6.1 percent of the state's total population, while Milwaukee County is home to 69.4 percent of Wisconsin's Black residents; and

WHEREAS, the City of Milwaukee makes up 63 percent of the County's total population, including 96 percent of the County's Black residents and 81 percent of the County's Latino population; and

WHEREAS, therefore, the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors represent the majority of the people of color in the State of Wisconsin; and

WHEREAS, on May 25, 2019, Milwaukee County adopted File No. 19-416 and File No. 19-397, supporting the Office on African American Affairs' long-term racial equity action plan and Milwaukee County's commitment to achieve racial equity, respectively; and

WHEREAS, Milwaukee County adopted File No. 20-174 in April 2020 establishing Chapter 108 of the Milwaukee County Code of General Ordinances, which codifies Milwaukee County's commitment to becoming the healthiest County in the State of Wisconsin by achieving racial equity and aligning its priorities and practices to align with that goal; and

WHEREAS, Milwaukee County's commitment to achieve racial equity includes addressing racial bias in organizational culture and decision-making and aims to improve racial equity in operations, fiscal appropriations, IS systems, policies and programs, legislation, workforce, organizational culture, and community engagement; and

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WHEREAS, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 prohibits racial discrimination in voting, prevents "any denial or abridgement of the right to vote...on account of race", and enforces the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution; and

WHEREAS, Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 prohibits voting practices or procedures that discriminate on the basis of race, color, or membership in one of the language minority groups and, in 1982, the U.S. Congress determined that the intention of a practice or procedure was not relevant to whether or not a practice or procedure was discriminatory and that violations were to be evaluated solely based on the results of a practice or procedure; and

WHEREAS, guidance provided by the U.S. Congress in 1982 includes that evaluation of a violation should include analysis of the extent to which voting in the election of a state or political subdivision is racially polarized and the extent to which minority group members bear the effects of discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, amongst other provisions; and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Supreme Court upheld the provisions of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 in many cases since its passage, including Thornburg v. Gingles (1986), Johnson v. DeGrandy (1994), and Village of Arlington Heights v. Metropolitan Housing Development Corporation (1977), and others; and

WHEREAS, Act 14 targets the representative body of Milwaukee County, which is home to a majority of the people of color in the State of Wisconsin; and

WHEREAS, Act 14 may constitute an unequal application of the law based on race, color, or membership in one of the language minority groups; and

WHEREAS, the Committee on Audit, at its meeting of January 27, 2021, recommended adoption of File No. 21-76 (vote 5-0); now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, that 2013 Wisconsin Act 14 exclusively limits the power and authority of the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors, which dilutes the representation of Milwaukee County constituents; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 prohibits practices or procedures that discriminate based upon race, color, or membership in one of the language minority groups, which the provisions of 2013 Wisconsin Act 14 may constitute; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors requests that the Milwaukee County Office of Corporation Counsel review and issue an opinion by the March 2021 cycle to determine whether 2013 Wisconsin Act 14 violates Voting Rights Act of 1965; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, upon submission of a written opinion to the
Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors, the Milwaukee County Office of Corporation
Counsel shall request an opinion on the constitutionality of 2013 Wisconsin Act 14 in
light of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 from the State of Wisconsin Attorney General; and
BE IT FUTHER RESOLVED, that the Milwaukee County Office of Corporation
Counsel shall provide regular updates to the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors

BE IT FUTHER RESOLVED, that the Milwaukee County Office of Corporation Counsel shall provide regular updates to the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors on the status of the opinion requested from the State of Wisconsin Attorney General and shall submit the Attorney General's opinion upon receipt.

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