# EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# of the County of Milwaukee



# 2019 Annual Report of the Pension Board

as of and for the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

CITIZEN MEMBERS

Michael S. Harper, Chairperson
Linda Bedford
Ronald Nelson
Fernando Aniban
Vacancy

RETIREE MEMBER
David Robles

EMPLOYEE MEMBERS

Laurie Braun, Vice Chairperson

William Holton

Elena LaMendola

Deputy LaValle Morgan

Erika Bronikowski, Interim Director 901 North 9th Street, Room 210-C Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53233 Telephone: (414) 278-4207 ers@milwaukecountywi.gov

# Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee 2019 Annual Report of the Pension Board

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#### EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS)



# Milwaukee County

#### Pension Board

Michael S. Harper Chairperson

Laurie Braun Vice Chairperson

Linda Bedford Ronald Nelson William Holton LaValle Morgan Fernando Aniban Elena LaMendola David Robles

Erika Bronikowski, Interim Director Retirement Plan Services

#### ERS Members:

We are pleased to present the 2019 Annual Report of your Pension Board. The Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") experienced a positive investment return for the year of 16.0%. Net position restricted for pensions increased \$120.4 million. This increase was mainly due to investment returns above the requirement and a decrease in pension benefit payments. Total net position at the end of the year was \$1.74 billion. The management discussion and analysis, the financial statements, and the footnotes provide detailed information regarding ERS performance. The description of ERS included in this report highlights major plan provisions. County Ordinances, labor agreements, Pension Board Rules, and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements prevail over the contents of this report. If you have any questions, please call (414) 278-4207.

Members who retire or otherwise leave County service have several options available with respect to pension benefits. To make informed decisions before terminating employment, members should fully understand and carefully consider the various options available.

Members considering retirement within the next few years are reminded to watch for announcements from the County for retirement information programs. Please check the Retirement website (https://county.milwaukee.gov/EN/Human-Resources/Retirement-Services) for further information regarding these programs. If you would like to meet with a Retirement Analyst to discuss retirement, please schedule an appointment by calling (414) 278-4207.

Remember to keep your beneficiary designations current by informing the Retirement office of any changes. Retired members should notify the Retirement office in writing of any address changes to insure benefit payments and year-end Form 1099-R statements are properly mailed.

Respectfully,

The Pension Board



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Pension Board of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee Milwaukee, Wisconsin

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee (the "Retirement System"), as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the statements of changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Retirement System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the Retirement System's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Retirement System's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Retirement System as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in fiduciary net position of the Retirement System for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Contributions, and Investment Returns, and the notes to the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Retirement System's basic financial statements. The Letter from the Pension Board, Ten-year Historical Trend and related information on pages 33 through 36 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin July 16, 2020

Baker Tilly Virchaw Krause, LLP

### Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands of Dollars)

Management is pleased to provide this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("ERS", or the "Retirement System") for the year ended December 31, 2019. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the Financial Statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### **FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

- Fiduciary net position for ERS increased \$120,409 as of 12/31/19 vs. 12/31/18 following an decrease of (\$168,190) as of 12/31/18 vs. 12/31/17. During 2019, all investment categories experienced positive returns in 2019, lead by US Equity, International Equity, Hedged Equity, and Infrastructure. During 2018, Real Estate, Infrastructure and Private Equity experienced positive returns, unfortunately they were not able to offset the losses in Fixed Income, US Equity, International Equity and Hedged Equity.
- The rate of return on total assets of the pension fund, net of fees, was 16.0%, (2.4%), and 15.8%, for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively.
- Receivables decreased by (\$988) as of 12/31/19 vs. 12/31/18 due primarily to a decrease in accrued interest and dividends. Receivables increased by \$2,160 as of 12/31/18 vs. 12/31/17 due primarily to an increase in accrued interest and dividends.
- Other assets decreased (\$5,273) as of 12/31/19 vs. 12/31/18 and increased \$8,313 as of 12/31/18 vs. 12/31/17 due largely to the decrease in amortization and depreciation—\$343 and \$811 respectfully, and changes in securities lending—collateral of \$4,936 and \$9,043 respectively.
- Liabilities decreased (\$5,110) from 2019 to 2018. This decrease due primarily to a decrease in securities lending—collateral and a decrease in payables for securities purchased. Liabilities increased \$11,276 from 2018 to 2017. This increase was due to an increase in securities lending—collateral and in increase in payables for securities purchased.
- ERS buys and sells financial futures contracts to improve the performance of the fund. ERS purchases contracts that approximate the amount of cash held by US equity managers and cash used to pay benefits and expenses.

#### ADDITIONS AND DEDUCTIONS TO FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

- Total additions increased \$282,117 in 2019 vs. 2018 and Total additions decreased (\$279,951) in 2018 vs. 2017. The 2019 increase is primarily the result of increases in net appreciation in fair value of investments. The 2018 decrease is primarily the result of decreases in net appreciation in fair value of investments.
- Benefits payments decreased (\$6,553) in 2019 and increased \$3,387 in 2018. The decrease in 2019 was primarily due to a decrease of (\$8,782) in Lump Sum payments. The increase in 2018 was due to an increase in monthly benefits of \$2,531, and an increase of \$856 in Lump Sum payments.
- 2019 saw a 16.3% decrease in retirements from 2018. 2018 saw a 1.6% decrease in retirements from 2017. There were no significant changes to benefits in 2019 that would explain this decrease.
- Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, as of December 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the ERS funded ratio was 74.9% and 70.6% respectively. The funding ratio gives an indication of how well the liabilities of the pension plan are funded. The higher the funding ratio, the better the plan is funded. The ratio increases due to investment gains and pension contributions, and declines due to investment losses, increases in plan benefits, large pension payouts, and underpayment by the County of pension annual required contributions.

The Board of Trustees of ERS ("The Board") has the responsibility for the overall performance of the Retirement System. The Board's principal means to achieve this goal is by (a) determining an asset allocation policy which is expected to provide the long-term rate of return sufficient to fund benefits while minimizing the risk of loss through diversification, (b) selecting an appropriate number of investment managers to manage the assets within an asset class and monitoring the performance of such investment managers relative to specified benchmarks, and (c) implementing cost containment measures intended to reduce the investment fees and costs associated with investing the Retirement System's assets. The Board is the fiduciary of the Retirement System and is responsible for carrying out the investment functions solely in the interest of the members and benefit recipients.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Retirement System's financial statements. The financial section is comprised of four components: (1) financial statements, (2) notes to the financial statements, (3) required supplementary information, and (4) other supplementary schedules.

Financial Statements – There are two financial statements presented for the plan. The Statements of Fiduciary Net Position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 indicates the fiduciary net position available to pay future benefits and gives a snapshot of the financial assets available for pension benefits at a particular point in time. The Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 provides a view of additions and deductions to the plan for the years presented.

**Notes to financial statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

In December 2019 a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, Hubei province, China, In the first several months of 2020, the virus, SARS-CoV-2, and resulting disease, COVID-19, spread to the United States, including to areas impacting Milwaukee County. The evaluation of the effects of these events is ongoing; however we do not anticipate any changes to contributions due to COVID-19. This situation could impact investment income and short-term fair market values of fund investments.

#### Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands of Dollars)

**Required supplementary information** – The required supplementary information consists of a Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Investment Returns, and related notes concerning the funding status of the plan. These schedules provide historical trend information, that contribute to understanding the changes in the funded status of the plan over time.

Other supplementary schedules – The additional schedules (Ten-Year Historical Trend Information, Fiduciary Net Position at Fair Value, Actual County and Participant Contributions, Active Membership Statistics, Retirements and Survivors Statistics) are presented for the purpose of additional analysis.

COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				2019 vs	. 2018
Retirement System's Fiduciary Net Position	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	Difference	% Change
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$47,513	\$48,264	\$65,949	(\$751)	(1.56%)
Receivables	4,934	5,922	3,762	(988)	(16.68%)
Investments, at fair value	1,695,060	1,572,749	1,722,451	122,311	7.78%
Other assets	29,255	34,528	26,215	(5,273)	(15.27%)
Total Assets	1,776,762	1,661,463	1,818,377	115,299	6.94%
Liabilities					
Security lending obligations	28,598	33,534	24,491	(4,936)	(14.72%
Other liabilities	9,536	9,710	7,477	(174)	(1.79%
Total Liabilities	38,134	43,244	31,968	(5,110)	(11.82%
Net position restricted for pensions	\$1,738,628	\$1,618,219	\$1,786,409	\$120,409	7.44%
				2019 vs	. 2018
Retirement System's Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	Difference	% Change
Additions					
Employer contributions	\$57,317	\$61,178	\$53,661	(\$3,861)	(6.31%
Member contributions	13,217	12,651	12,330	566	4.47%
Tax levy	1,669	-	-	1,669	100.00%
Investment income (Loss)	248,782	(34,961)	252,828	283,743	811.60%
Total Additions	320,985	38,868	318,819	282,117	725.83%
Deductions					
Benefit payments	(193,688)	(200,241)	(196,853)	6,553	3.27%
Administrative expenses	(4,790)	(4,894)	(5,502)	104	2.13%
Withdrawals	(2,098)	(1,923)	(1,738)	(175)	9.10%
Total Deductions	(200,576)	(207,058)	(204,093)	6,482	3.139
Net increase (decrease) in net position	120,409	(168,190)	114,726	288,599	171.599
Net position restricted for pensions:					
		4 706 400	1 (71 (02	(100 100)	(0.410/
Beginning of year	1,618,219	1,786,409	1,671,683	(168,190)	(9.41%

#### Requests for financial information:

The financial report is designed to provide the Board, our membership, taxpayers, investment managers, and creditors with a general overview of ERS' finances and to demonstrate ERS' accountability for the funds under its stewardship. Please address any questions about this report or requests for additional financial information to:

Milwaukee County ERS 901 N. 9<sup>th</sup> Street Room 210C, Milwaukee, WI 53233 Email: ers@milwaukeecountywi.gov

(See Independent auditors' report)

# EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF:

ASSETS	December 31, 2	<u>2019</u>	December	31, 2018
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 4	<b>17,513,201</b>	\$	48,264,389
·	·	<del></del>	·	
RECEIVABLES				
Due from sale of investments		766,896		629,891
Accrued interest and dividends		2,274,328		3,195,261
Plan members		1,059,202		995,731
Miscellaneous receivables		833,344		1,100,899
TOTAL RECEIVABLES		4,933,770		5,921,782
INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE				
Domestic common and preferred stocks	40	07,505,787		382,744,394
Futures		17,623		18,279
Long/Short hedge funds	14	46,555,445		144,820,542
Fixed income	35	59,494,857		310,334,969
International common and preferred stocks	23	30,667,018		220,884,750
Real estate and REIT's	17	79,775,468		183,424,903
Infrastructure	16	55,992,454		147,036,035
Private equity	20	05,051,663		183,484,911
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	1,69	95,060,315		1,572,748,783
OTHER ASSETS				
Software development costs, net (See Note 2)		656,632		994,066
Securities lending - collateral (See Note 6)		28,598,420		33,534,017
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	7	29,255,052		34,528,083
TOTAL ASSETS	1,77	76,762,338		1,661,463,037
LIADULTIC				
LIABILITIES  Securities lending - collateral (See Note 6)		20 500 421		33,534,017
Miscellaneous payables	4	28,598,421 4,530,706		
Payable for securities purchased		1,583,843		2,635,289 4,162,306
Payable to OBRA retirement plan		3,421,143		2,912,055
- ayable to obtat retirement plan				2,312,033
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3	38,134,113		43,243,667
NET POSITION RESTRICTED				
FOR PENSIONS	\$ 1,73	38,628,225	\$	1,618,219,370
			,	. , . , ,

# EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED:

	<u>December 31, 2019</u>	December 31, 2018
ADDITIONS:		
CONTRIBUTIONS	ć 57.246.202	6 64 477 046
County of Milwaukee	\$ 57,316,293	\$ 61,177,816
Plan participants	13,217,363	12,651,528
County of Milwaukee—tax levy	1,669,099	
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	72,202,755	73,829,344
INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value	222,760,908	(55,248,062)
Interest and dividends	11,729,648	12,286,402
Securities lending income	133,541	450,227
Other income	16,638,545	10,917,950
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)	251,262,642	(31,593,483)
Less: Securities lending rebates and fees, net	(42,684)	(361,135)
Less: Investment expense	(2,437,588)	(3,006,628)
Net investment income (loss)	248,782,370	(34,961,246)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	320,985,125	38,868,098
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits paid to retirees & beneficiaries	(193,688,371)	(200,240,292)
Administrative expenses	(4,789,826)	(4,893,840)
Withdrawal of membership accounts	(2,098,073)	(1,923,161)
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	(200,576,270)	(207,057,293)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	120,408,855	(168,189,195)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS		
Beginning of year	1,618,219,370	1,786,408,565
End of year	\$ 1,738,628,225	\$ 1,618,219,370

# Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

#### (1) Description of Retirement System -

The following brief description of the provisions of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("ERS" or the "Retirement System") is provided for financial statement purposes only. Members should refer to Section 201.24 and Appendix B (ERS Rules) of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County, and their respective collective bargaining agreements.

The Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit plan that was created to encourage qualified personnel to enter and remain in the service of the County of Milwaukee (the "County") by providing for a system of retirement, disability and death benefits to or on behalf of its employees. Under Chapter 201 of the Laws of Wisconsin for 1937, the County was mandated to create the Retirement System as a separate legal entity. The County did so by passing Section 201.24 of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County. The authority to manage and control the Retirement System is vested in the Pension Board of ERS (the "Board"). The Board consists of a maximum of ten members – three members appointed by the County Executive (subject to confirmation by the County Board of Supervisors), three employee members elected by active employee members, two members appointed by the County Board chairperson, one employee member appointed by the Milwaukee Deputy Sheriffs' Association, and one retiree member elected by retirees.

The Board created two (2) committees to assist in the administration of the Board's duties. The Investment Committee reviews the investment portfolio on a periodic basis, endorses strategies, and submits investment recommendations to the full Board. The Audit Committee reviews legal issues, Ordinance adherence, and submits recommendations to the full Board regarding the annual audit and the Annual Report of the Pension Board. The Pension Board, with the assistance of its actuarial professionals, determines and recommends how much the County should contribute to ERS based on what the Pension Board believes is necessary to properly fund the current and future payment of benefits. The Pension Board oversees the tax qualification of ERS and oversees the administration of ERS in accordance with adopted County Ordinances (the "Ordinances"), any amendments to the Ordinances, and ERS Rules. The Pension Board oversees the benefit payment process from ERS to determine whether these payments are made in accordance with the Ordinances and ERS Rules.

Pension Plan membership, which is open to new members, consisted of the following:

	As of December 31	
Members	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	8,042	8,037
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,313	1,371
Current employees	3,425	3,502
Total participants	12,780	12,910

Membership data above is as of January 1, 2019, the date of the actuary report used to determine the total pension liability for each year, and reasonably approximates membership data through December 31, 2019.

#### Contributions -

The Retirement System had been substantially noncontributory. However, starting in 2011, certain members began making mandatory contributions. Most full-time, regularly-appointed employees were required to make contributions starting in 2012. The employee contributions varied from 6.5% of compensation to 9.5% for 2019, and 6.5% of compensation to 8.3% for 2018. These percentages may change from year to year based on an analysis performed by the Retirement System's actuary.

Employees who terminate County employment and are not eligible for an immediate pension payment may request a refund of all accumulated contributions made, with simple interest at 5% per annum. Effective December 19, 2013, employees, who terminate employment with the County, must request a refund of accumulated contributions within one hundred eighty (180) days of terminating County employment. Prior to December 19, 2013, terminated employees had sixty (60) days to request a refund of their contributions. The Retirement System will send an employee who terminates a written notice of the refund option. Any employee receiving this refund will forfeit his or her service credit and will no longer be a member of ERS.

Contributions due from the County to the Retirement System consist of actuarially determined amounts sufficient to fund the annual service cost and interest on and amortization of the net pension liability less the expected contributions from the participants.

In 2012, the County of Milwaukee started receiving contributions from the State of Wisconsin for members who were transferred from Milwaukee County to the State of Wisconsin for future service. As a result of the agreement between the State and the County, non-vested members of the Retirement System were able to continue to accrue pension benefits with ERS, while they were employed with the State. Once the member is vested, they are transferred to the state retirement plan, unless they remained in the same position and opted to remain in the Milwaukee County ERS plan. There are currently 2 employees that have opted to remain in the Milwaukee County ERS plan. The state employees were required to contribute 6.5% of their wages to ERS in 2019 and 6.5% of their wages to ERS in 2018, and the state contributed the same percentages to the County for 2019 and 2018.

The County makes contributions to the Retirement System based upon Actuarially Determined Contributions and legal requirements, at the discretion of the County Board. Data used in the determination of the contribution is based upon the prior fiscal year's demographics. The actual contribution made to the pension plan is set during the County's budget process and may differ from the Actuarially Determined Contribution as a result of changes in plan provisions implemented subsequent to establishment of the Actuarially Determined Contribution and budgetary restraints. During the year, the Retirement System accrues those contributions that the County has included in its current year's budget. The County contribution recorded by the Retirement System was \$534,016 greater than, and \$771,419 greater than, the Actuarially Determined Contribution for 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Actuarially Determined Contribution is calculated by the Retirement System's actuary, hired by the Pension Board, using census data, following plan guidelines, and compared to current net assets. The objective is to calculate a contribution that allows the Retirement System to fulfill its obligations to its members.

#### Benefits -

The normal retirement benefit is a monthly pension for the life of the member beginning at normal retirement age. The pension amount is determined by the following formula:

#### Multiplier x Creditable Service x Final Average Salary

For most members, the normal retirement age is either 60 or 64 depending on factors including ERS enrollment date and any relevant collective bargaining agreement. A few collective bargaining agreements also require a minimum of 5 years creditable service in addition to the age requirement. For deputy sheriff members, the normal retirement age is 57 or age 55 with 15 years of creditable service. Depending on enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement, some active members are eligible to retire when their age added to their years of creditable service equals 75 (the "Rule of 75"). The multiplier is determined by Ordinance, collective bargaining agreements, and ERS enrollment date. At this time, the multiplier percentage can be 1.5%, 1.6%, 2% or 2.5%. A member's three or five consecutive years of highest earnings are used to calculate their final average salary as defined by the Ordinance and labor agreements. Annually after retirement, the monthly benefit is increased by 2% of the benefit paid for the first full month of retirement, subject to IRS limits. By Ordinance, the maximum benefit (excluding post-retirement increases) payable to a member cannot exceed the sum of 80% of the member's final average monthly salary.

For some members, depending on enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement, the member may elect to receive a backdrop benefit. This benefit permits an employee to receive a lump-sum payment plus a monthly pension benefit upon retirement. The lump-sum payment is the total of the monthly pension amounts, adjusted for post retirement increases that a member would be entitled to from a prior date ("backdrop date") to the date that the member terminates employment plus compounded interest. The backdrop date must be at least one calendar year prior to the termination date and the member must have been eligible to retire as of that date. The member will be entitled to a post retirement increase based on the backdrop date once the member terminates employment.

In 2012, the County Board passed an ordinance limiting the amount of backdrop benefit for most eligible employees who choose a backdrop date after April 1, 2013. If the member chooses a backdrop date after April 1, 2013, then the monthly backdrop benefit is calculated using the member's final average salary, service credit, and applicable multipliers as of April 1, 2013.

A member who meets the requirements for an accidental disability retirement benefit is entitled to an amount computed in the same manner as a normal pension but not less than 60% of the member's final average salary for accidental disability (75% for a represented deputy sheriff). The ordinary disability pension will not be less than 25% of the member's final average salary. A total of 15 years of creditable service is required to apply for ordinary disability.

Most members are immediately vested upon attaining age 60 or 64. A vested member is eligible for a deferred pension beginning as of the member's normal retirement date.

A member who is 55 years of age and has 15 years of credited service may be eligible for and may elect to receive early reduced retirement benefits. The member would be entitled to a benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit with a lifetime reduction of 5% for each year prior to the normal retirement date.

Upon the death of a member (generally after 1 year of service and depending on collective bargaining agreements), a spouse with a dependent child as defined by Ordinance will receive 40% of the deceased member's salary, reduced by Social Security benefits payable to the spouse. An additional 10% of salary, reduced by Social Security benefits, is paid for each dependent child. Generally, the total benefit, including Social Security benefits, cannot exceed 90% of the prior salary level of the member. At age 60, the spouse will receive 50% of the normal retirement benefit based on the member's projected service to age 60. If there is no spouse or child, the death benefit payable to a designated beneficiary is equal to 50% of the deceased member's final average salary, but not to exceed \$2,000.

A member who becomes eligible for normal retirement, but continues to work may elect a Protective Survivorship Option ("PSO") designating a person to receive a pension (100% option) in the event of their death while in active service. Previously there had been a 50% option for PSOs; however, on December 17, 2015 the County Board of Supervisors amended Ordinance section 201.24(7.1) and removed that option. The PSO election must be filed in writing on an approved form. In the absence of an election, a surviving spouse will be paid a 100% survivorship pension.

Currently, members may choose among several benefit payment options when retiring. The available pension options are:

#### -Maximum Option

Benefit payable for the member's lifetime and ceases upon member's death.

#### -25% Joint & Survivor

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 25% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

#### -50% Joint & Survivor

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 50% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

#### -75% Joint & Survivor

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 75% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

#### -100% Joint & Survivor

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 100% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

#### -10 Year Certain and Life

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit payable over the member's life but is guaranteed for a period of 10 years. In the event the member should die within 10 years after the retirement date, the benefit continues to the named beneficiary for the balance of the 10 years.

Benefits of \$193.7 million and \$200.2 million were paid in 2019 and 2018, respectively, including periodic pension payments of \$181.8 million and \$179.5 million, respectively, and backdrop lump sum pension payments of \$11.9 million and \$20.7 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Accounting -

The accompanying financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. Benefit payments to members are recognized in the period in which the payment was due to the member.

#### Reporting Entity -

As defined by accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Based upon required criteria, the Retirement System has no component units and is not a component unit of any other government. These basic financial statements cover all of the defined benefits and operations administered by the Board for the ERS and the OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee.

#### Contributions -

The Retirement System records employee contributions as earned. Contributions earned but not yet received from the County are reflected as contributions receivable.

#### Investments -

Investments, primarily stocks, bonds, certain government loans and mortgage-backed certificates, are stated at quoted fair value. Temporary cash investments are valued at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in venture capital partnerships, real estate, long/short hedge and infrastructure are valued at estimated fair value, as provided by the Retirement System's investment managers. Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Dividends and interest are recorded as earned. Realized gains and losses are computed based on the average cost method. Unrealized gains and losses in the fair value of investments represent the net change in the fair value of the investments held during the period.

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect amounts reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

A summary of cash and investments at cost is as follows:

	As of December 31,		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Fixed income	\$343,570,567	\$315,085,327	
Domestic common and preferred stocks	330,481,925	378,674,689	
International common and preferred stocks	194,315,804	225,873,329	
Long/Short hedge funds	92,470,775	112,362,861	
Infrastructure	100,431,935	92,253,836	
Real estate and REIT's	116,587,920	119,591,302	
Private equity	158,259,220	147,083,737	
Cash & cash equivalents	44,843,508	46,297,368	
Total investments at cost	\$1,380,961,654	\$1,437,222,449	

#### Valuation of International Securities -

Securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of securities and income items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts on the respective dates of such transactions.

#### Software Development Costs -

Capitalized software development costs represent direct costs related to the development and implementation of software programs utilized in the Retirement System. The amounts are being amortized over ten years using the straight-line method. Amortization expense is included in Administrative Expenses in the accompanying Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

	As of December 31,		
	(in thousands of dollars)		
	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>		
Software development costs			
Beginning balance	\$8,577	\$8,497	
Acquisitions	6	80	
Ending Balance	\$8,583	\$8,577	
Accumulated amortization			
Beginning balance	\$7,583	\$6,773	
Amortization expense	343	810	
Ending Balance	\$7,926	\$7,583	
Software development costs, net	\$657	\$994	

#### Expenses -

Effective January 1, 2019, Administrative expenses incurred by the County related to the Retirement System are paid as part of the tax levy. In 2018 the Administrative expenses incurred by the County related to the Retirement System are considered additional County contributions-administrative, paid in the month they are incurred, retroactively effective January 1, 2018. Prior to 2018, these expenses were payable by the Retirement System to the County. Such expenses totaled \$1,738,599 and \$1,703,344 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### Rate of Return -

For the year ended December 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 16.0% percent and (2.4%) percent, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Use of Estimates -

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Contingencies -

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments are recorded as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

#### 3) Fair Value Measurements -

The GASB Board issued Statement 72 to update the existing standards on fair value (primarily Statement 31). A review of existing standards by the Board, found opportunities to improve the measurement of resources available to governments, and to increase comparability and accountability. Statement 72 was implemented January 1, 2016.

Three input categories are used to assist in the process:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, most reliable.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are observable.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs, least reliable.

U.S. treasury securities, equity securities, real estate investment trusts, and exchange traded funds classified as Level 1 are valued using active market pricing. These investments trade in robust markets where buyers and sellers can transact quickly and easily, making these investments highly liquid in nature. Additionally, futures contracts are considered in Level 1 valuations. These are defined as future contracts traded on an organized exchange based on an agreement to buy or sell at a fixed price on a future date.

Debt and debt derivative securities classified in Level 2 (including corporate securities, asset backed securities, foreign securities, SWAPS, etc.) are valued using either a bid evaluation or a matrix pricing technique. Bid evaluations may include market quotations, yields, maturities, call features and ratings. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Index linked debt securities are valued by multiplying the external market price feed by the applicable day's index ratio. Level 2 debt securities also have nonproprietary information from multiple independent sources that are readily available to market participants who are known to be actively involved in the market.

U.S. equity, international equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities. They include pooled investments that give access to diversified portfolios of equity securities whose performance is tracked as a change in the total market cap of the associated fund. These investments can be purchased and sold daily based on the funds closing net asset value (NAV).

The system assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability. When inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation.

Valuation techniques should be applied consistently, though a change might be appropriate in certain circumstances. There were no changes to the methodologies during the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

- Real estate investments consist of three core open-end real estate funds and two of these three core real estate managers have the opportunity to invest a small portion of their total allocation in value-add real estate investments, primarily in the US commercial space. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the System's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis with notice periods ranging from 30 90 days.
- Short Hedge fund investments consist of two open-end global long/short equity hedge fund of funds portfolios that primarily invests both long and short in publicly traded global equities. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments. These investments are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis with a notice period of 45 days.
- Private equity fund investments consist of four private equity fund of funds investing primarily in leveraged buyout funds, venture capital funds, special situation funds and secondary funds. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments. These investments are not eligible for redemption.
- Infrastructure investments consist of two core open-end infrastructure funds that primarily invest in
  global infrastructure assets. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV
  per share of the investments. These investments are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis with a
  notice period of 90 days.

Fair Value Measurements Using:					
	12/31/2019	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Investments by fair value level:	12/31/2015	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Equity Securities					
- Domestic Common Stocks	\$138,930,823	\$138,930,823	\$ -	Ś	
- Domestic Stock Funds	253,719,038	253,719,038	· -	•	
- International Stock Funds	245,522,944	184,302,347	61,220,597		
TOTAL EQUITY SECURITIES	638,172,805	576,952,208	61,220,597		
Fixed Income Securities					
- Corporate Bonds / US Gov't	204,909,411		204,909,411		
- Corporate Bonds - Corporate Bond Funds	103,256,707	103,256,707	204,303,411		
- International Bond Funds	51,328,739	103,230,707	51,328,739		
TOTAL FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	359,494,857	103,256,707	256,238,150	-	
Futures	333,434,637	103,230,707	230,238,130		
- Futures Contracts	17,623	17,623			
TOTAL FUTURES	17,623	17,623			
	\$997,685,285	\$680,226,538	\$317,458,747	\$	
TOTAL INVESTMENTS BY FAIR VALUE LEVEL	\$337,083,283	3000,220,338	\$317,436,747	7	
Investments measured at the met esset value (	MAN/).				
Investments measured at the net asset value (I	NAV):	Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption	
Alternative Investments	Net Asset Value	Commitments	Frequency	Notice Period	
- Long/Short Hedge Funds					
ABS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT	\$78,584,374	\$ -	Quarterly	45 Days	
PARAMETRIC DEF EQUITY FUND LLC	67,971,071	<u>-</u>	Monthly	5 Days	
TOTAL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS	146,555,445		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,-	
Private Equity					
- Venture Capital					
ADAMS STREET	100,076,943	15,212,055	Illiquid		
MESIROW FINANCIAL	44,949,490	31,650,000	Illiquid		
PROGRESSIVE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT	383	-	Illiquid		
SIGULER GUFF	60,024,847	16,589,590	Illiquid		
- Infrastructure	, ,	, ,	,		
IFM INFRASTRUCTURE	88,121,965	10,000,000	Quarterly	90 Days	
JP MORGAN INFRASTRUCTURE	77,870,489	15,000,000	Semi-Annually	90 Days	
TOTAL PRIVATE EQUITY	371,044,117	, ,	,	,	
Real Estate and REIT's					
- Real Estate					
AMERICAN REALTY ADVISORS	42,190,438	_	Quarterly	30 Days	
MORGAN STANLEY PRIME PROPERTY FUND	100,198,959	-	Quarterly	90 Days	
UBS TRUMBULL R/E	37,386,071	_	Quarterly	60 Days	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE	179,775,468		,	,	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE  TOTAL INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT NAV	697,375,030				
TOTAL INVESTIMENTS IMEASURED AT IMAV	037,373,030				
	\$4.50F.050.24F				
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$1,695,060,315				

Fair Value Disclosure Requirements								
			Fair Value Measurements Using:				<del></del>	
			-	Quoted Prices in		Significant	Significant	
				e Markets for	Oth	er Observable	Unobservable	
			lde	ntical Assets		inputs	inputs	
	1	2/31/2018		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Investments by fair value level:								
Equity Securities								
- Domestic Common Stocks	\$	119,393,043	\$	119,393,043	\$	-	\$	
- Domestic Stock Funds		215,090,919		215,090,919		-		
- International Stock Funds		269,145,182		163,205,875		105,939,307		
TOTAL EQUITY SECURITIES		603,629,144		497,689,837		105,939,307		
Fixed Income Securities				_		_		
- Corporate Bonds / US Gov't		194,182,084		-		194,182,084		
- Corporate Bond Funds		116,152,885		116,152,885		-		
TOTAL FIXED INCOME SECURITIES		310,334,969		116,152,885		194,182,084		
Futures						,,		
- Futures Contracts		18,279		18,279		_		
TOTAL FUTURES		18,279		18,279				
	\$	913,982,392		613,861,001	خ -	200 121 201	\$	
TOTAL INVESTMENTS BY FAIR VALUE LEVEL	Ş	913,962,392	\$	013,001,001	\$	300,121,391	Ş	
Investments measured at the net asset value	(NAV):							
				Unfunded		Redemption	Redemption	
Alternative Investments	Ne	: Asset Value	Co	mmitments		Frequency	Notice Period	
- Long/Short Hedge Funds	·							
ABS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT	\$	68,048,736	\$	-		Quarterly	45 Days	
PARAMETRIC DEF EQUITY FUND LLC		76,771,806		-		Monthly	5 Days	
TOTAL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS		144,820,542						
Private Equity								
- Venture Capital								
ADAMS STREET		99,576,028		17,752,055		Illiquid		
MESIROW FINANCIAL		31,192,986		44,100,000		Illiquid		
PROGRESSIVE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT		333				Illiquid		
SIGULER GUFF		52,715,564		25,796,637		Illiquid		
- Infrastructure		32,713,304		23,730,037		iiiquiu		
IFM INFRASTRUCTURE		78,214,405				Quarterly	90 Days	
JP MORGAN INFRASTRUCTURE		68,821,630		-	c	emi-Annually	· ·	
				-	3	emi-Amuany	90 Days	
TOTAL PRIVATE EQUITY		330,520,946						
Real Estate and REIT's								
- Real Estate		42 121 150				Ou anto all c	30 Davis	
AMERICAN REALTY ADVISORS		42,121,156		-		Quarterly	30 Days	
MORGAN STANLEY PRIME PROPERTY FUND		98,137,733		-		Quarterly	90 Days	
UBS TRUMBULL R/E		43,166,014		-		Quarterly	60 Days	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE		183,424,903						
TOTAL INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT NAV		658,766,391						
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		1,572,748,783						

#### (4) Income Taxes -

Management submitted a supplemental report to the IRS in 2014, followed by a revised submission in 2017, that details any new compliance issues as well as proposed corrections. The Retirement System is awaiting direction from the IRS.

#### (5) Contributions Required and Contributions Made -

The Retirement System's funding policy provides for periodic County contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Payroll contribution rates are determined using the Aggregate Entry Age Normal method of funding. The Retirement System also uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded liability over a 30 year period. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation.

County contributions totaling \$57,316,293 and \$61,177,816 were recorded in 2019 and 2018, respectively. The 2019 contributions were \$534,016 above and the 2018 contributions were \$771,419 above the Funding Contribution Amount ("FCA"), respectively. In 2019, Administrative expenses in the amount of \$1,738,599 (ERS of \$1,669,099, and OBRA of \$69,500) were paid by the Milwaukee County tax levy. In 2018, Administrative expenses in the amount of \$1,703,344 (ERS of \$1,635,344, and OBRA of \$68,000) were paid by Milwaukee County as an additional contribution and is included in the County contributions total for 2018. The County contributions do not include contributions made by the members. Member contributions were \$13,217,363 for the year ended December 31, 2019 and \$12,651,528 for the year ended December 31, 2018. The increase was due to the increase in the employee contribution percentages from 6.5%-9.5% of pensionable compensation in 2019 from 6.5%-8.3% in 2018. See the Schedule of Contributions in the Required Supplementary Information.

The 2019 and 2018 contributions reflected in the accompanying statements were actuarially determined as of January 1, 2018 and 2017. These amounts were included in the County's 2019 and 2018 budgets. The Retirement System's financial statements as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 reflects the 2019 and 2018 contributions that were fully paid in 2019 and 2018 respectively.

#### (6) Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure -

As provided by state legislative act and County Ordinance, the Board has exclusive control and management responsibility of the Retirement System's funds and full power to invest the funds. In exercising its fiduciary responsibility, the Board is governed by the "prudent person" rule in establishing investment policy. The "prudent person" rule, requires the exercise of that degree of judgment, skill and care under the circumstances then prevailing which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not in regard to speculation, but in regard to permanent disposition of their funds, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of the principal. The Board has adopted a Statement of Investment Policy to formally document investment objectives and responsibilities. This policy establishes guidelines for permissible investments of the Retirement System. The Retirement System's investments are subject to various risks. Among them are credit risk, concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Each of these risks is discussed in more detail below.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk -

Concentration of credit risk is a risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of the Retirement System's investment in a single issuer, generally investments in any one issuer that represents five (5) percent or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this definition. The Retirement System has no investments in one issuer other than U.S. Government securities and mutual funds that exceed five (5) percent of the total investments.

#### Credit Risk -

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investors Services ("Moody's") and Standard and Poor's ("S&P"). With the exception of the Northern Trust Aggregate Bond Index Fund portfolio, bonds purchased and owned in each portfolio must have a minimum quality rating of "Baa3" (Moody's) or "BBB-"(S&P). The average quality of each portfolio must be "A" or better. The fixed income securities for the Northern Trust Aggregate Bond Index Fund portfolio should have a minimum quality rating of "A", with the exception of 15% of the portfolio which may have a minimum quality rating of "BBB". Moody's quality rating of "BAA3" or above is considered investment grade. Of the \$20.3 million not rated by Moody's as of December 31, 2019, \$16.7 million was rated by S&P as investment grade ("BBB-" or higher). As of December 31, 2018, \$11.3 million was not rated by S&P or Moody's. Of the \$15.9 million not rated by Moody's as of December 31, 2018, \$11.3 million was rated by S&P as investment grade ("BBB-" or higher). As of December 31, 2018, \$4.6 million was not rated by S&P or Moody's. The credit quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities by Moody's as of December 31, 2019, and 2018, are as follows: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

Moody's Quality Ratings	12/31/2019 <u>Fair Value</u>	12/31/2018 <u>Fair Value</u>
AAA	\$ 36,941	\$ 32,409
AA1	4,115	4,317
AA2	4,506	5,082
AA3	2,983	3,766
A1	3,489	5,888
A2	6,944	6,654
A3	9,003	8,850
BAA1	14,995	15,882
BAA2	9,348	7,310
BAA3	8,238	7,097
BA1	4,498	6,218
BA2	3,724	3,983
BA3	6,482	8,350
B1	3,239	2,115
B2	307	472
NR	20,300	15,888
Total Credit Risk Fixed Income Securities	\$ 139,112	\$ 134,281
U.S. Government and Agencies	65,797	59,901
NT Agg Bond Index Fund (Not Rated)	103,257	116,153
TCW Emerging Market Debt (Not Rated)	51,329	
Total Investment in Fixed Income	\$ 359,495	\$ 310,335

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits and Investments -

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event a financial institution or counterparty fails, the Retirement System will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or securities. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the Retirement System's name and are held by the counterparty.

No formal policy exists on custodial risk. However, substantially all assets of the Retirement System are held in its name. The Retirement System did not own any repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2019 or December 31, 2018.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, all deposits with banks are fully insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or the State Deposit Guarantee Fund.

The following table presents the Retirement System's total cash, deposits and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

	Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalent Investments							
12/31/	<u>19</u>	12/31/	<u>/18</u>					
arrying	Bank	Carrying	Bank					
/alue	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Balance</u>					
\$44,844	\$44,844	\$46,297	\$46,297					
2,670	3,071	1,967	2,586					
\$47,514	\$47,915	\$48,264	\$48,883					
	Arrying /alue \$44,844 2,670	/alue         Balance           \$44,844         \$44,844           2,670         3,071	Arrying         Bank         Carrying           Value         Value           \$44,844         \$46,297           2,670         3,071         1,967					

The difference between the carrying value and bank balances are due to outstanding checks and deposits not yet processed by the bank.

#### Foreign Currency Risk -

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

This footnote is a required disclosure when the Retirement System directly owns investments denominated in a foreign currency. The Retirement System has no directly owned investments denominated in foreign currencies.

#### Interest Rate Risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Duration is a measure of an investment's sensitivity to changes in interest rates. The higher the duration, the greater the changes in fair value when interest rates change. The Option-Adjusted Duration for a security is the percentage price sensitivity to interest rates changes of 100 basis points (or 1.0%), as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. For example, an Option-Adjusted Duration of 5.20 means that the price of the security should fall approximately 5.20% for a 1.0% rise in the level of interest rates. Conversely, the price of a security should rise approximately 5.20% for a 1.0% fall in the level of interest rates. Interest rate changes will affect securities with negative durations in the opposite direction. The Option-Adjusted Duration method of measuring duration takes into effect the embedded options on cash flows.

The Retirement System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to losses arising from increasing interest rates with the exception of the cash equivalent portfolio. The investment policy limits the duration of individual securities held in the cash equivalent portfolio to 2.5 years. In addition, the duration of the entire cash equivalent portfolio should be between 1 and 2 years.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Retirement System had the following Option-Adjusted Durations for the fixed income investments: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

	12/31/19		
<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair</u>	Value*	Option Adjusted  Duration
Asset Backed Securities	\$	8,085	5.46
Commercial Mortgage-Backed		13,990	2.83
Corporate Bonds		83,538	6.16
Government Agencies		5,426	7.29
Government Bonds		18,325	14.23
Government Mortgage Backed Securities		56,478	2.82
Government-issued Commercial			
Mortgage-Backed		776	5.74
Municipal/Provincial Bonds		4,828	10.72
Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s		137	3.29
Other *		13,326	
		204,909	
NT Agg Bond Index Fund		103,257	
TCW Emerging Market Debt Fund		51,329	
Total	\$	359,495	

st For 2019, this represents Fixed Income where the effective duration is unavailable — \$13,326 in Municipal/Provincial Bonds.

	12/31/20	18
	<u>0</u>	ption Adjusted
<u>Investment Type</u>	Fair Value*	<u>Duration</u>
Asset Backed Securities	\$8,882	2.79
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	14,274	3.59
Corporate Bonds	87,700	6.22
Government Agencies	6,825	5.01
Government Bonds	12,497	12.21
Government Mortgage Backed Securities	49,527	4.08
Municipal/Provincial Bonds	3,486	12.18
Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	151	3.02
Other *	10,840	
	194,182	
NT Agg Bond Index Fund	116,153	
Total	\$310,335	

<sup>\*</sup> For 2018, this represents Fixed Income where the effective duration is unavailable — \$1,041 in Government Mortgage Backed Securities, \$9,791 in Municipal/Provincial Bonds, and \$8 in Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s.

#### Securities Lending -

Section 201.24 (9.1) of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County and Board policies permit ERS to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. ERS participates in such a securities lending program through its custodian, Northern Trust, acting as ERS's securities lending agent. ERS requires collateral from the borrower in the form of cash or securities. Collateral for domestic issues is set at 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned at the time of the initial transaction. If the value falls to 100% of the fair value of the securities loaned, additional collateral is obtained to reestablish collateral at 102% of the fair value of securities loaned. Collateral for international securities is maintained at a level of 105% of the fair value of securities loaned at all times. The securities lending program guidelines attempt to preserve capital while earning a moderate rate of return. Earnings from securities lending, after all fees are paid, are split on a percentage basis with the custodian. For 2019 and 2018, the net investment income realized from security lending was \$90,857 and \$89,092 respectively.

ERS also invested in several commingled funds managed by Northern Trust that participated in securities lending programs. The earnings and losses attributable to the commingled funds' securities lending programs are combined with the commingled funds' performance and are not reported separately in ERS's financial statements.

Securities loaned and the collateral held were as follows: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

		As of Dece	mber 31	
	201	.9	201	8
	Securities		Securities	
Securities Lent for Cash Collateral	Lent	Collateral	Lent	Collateral
Fixed income	\$14,125	\$14,453	\$15,163	\$15,463
Domestic stocks	13,837	14,145	17,736	18,071
Subtotal	27,962	28,598	32,899	33,534
Securities Lent for Securities Collateral				
Fixed income	221	226	-	-
Domestic stocks	3,738	3,863		-
Subtotal	3,959	4,089	-	-
Grand Total	\$31,921	\$32,687	\$32,899	\$33,534
Percent Collateral to Securities Loaned		102.40%		101.93%

The collateral received from securities lending transactions are recorded as assets at quoted fair value as of the financial statement date. The Retirement System records an identical amount as a liability, representing the obligation of the Retirement System to return the collateral at the time the borrower of the Retirement System's securities return those securities.

The collateral received from securities lending transactions includes cash (in thousands) of approximately \$28,598 and \$33,534 and U.S. Treasury securities, Domestic stocks, and REIT's of approximately \$4,089 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Under the terms of the securities lending agreement, the Retirement System has the right to sell or pledge the cash collateral. The non-cash collateral in the amounts of approximately \$4,089 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, is controlled by the custodian and, correspondingly, not reflected in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

At year-end, the Retirement System has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Retirement System owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Retirement System. The contract with the Retirement System's custodian requires it to indemnify the Retirement System if a borrower fails to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fails to pay the Retirement System for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan.

#### (7) Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risks -

A currency forward is a contractual agreement between two parties to pay or receive amounts of foreign currency at a future date in exchange for another currency at an agreed-upon exchange rate. Forward commitments are entered into with the foreign exchange department of a bank located in a major money market. These transactions are entered into in order to hedge risks from exposure to foreign currency rate fluctuations. Recognition of realized gain or loss depends on whether the currency exchange rate has moved favorably or unfavorably to the contract holder upon termination of the contract. Prior to termination of the contract, the Retirement System records the amount receivable or payable at fair value, with the unrealized gain or loss reported as a component of net appreciation in fair value. All contracts are short-term in duration and mature within 90 days.

The Retirement System did not hold any financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018

ERS invests in financial futures contracts in order to improve the performance of the fund. The Retirement System purchases contracts that approximate the amount of cash held by US equity investment managers and cash used to pay benefits and expenses. Financial futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a specified amount at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed upon price.

The market values of the futures contracts vary from the original contract price. A gain or loss is recognized and paid to or received from the clearinghouse. Financial futures represent an off balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio. All contracts are short-term in duration and mature within 90 days.

ERS is subject to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counter parties to financial futures and forward contracts. ERS generally only enters into transactions with credit-worthy institutions. The Retirement System is exposed to market risk, the risk that future changes in market conditions may make an instrument less valuable. Exposure to market risk is managed in accordance with risk limits set by ERS management and by buying or selling futures or forward contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio.

The futures contracts held by the Retirement System are as follows: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

	As of Dece	mber 31		As of Dec	ember 31
	2019	2018		2019	2018
			Cash Used to Pay Benefits		
US Equity Managers			and Expenses		
<u>Cash Held</u>			<u>Cash Held</u>	\$26,590	\$31,202
US Equity Investment Managers	\$18,253	\$15,096			
			<u>Futures Purchased</u>		
			Barclays AGG (Fixed Income)	10,171	10,228
Futures Purchased			S&P 500 (US Equity)	10,662	9,770
S&P 500 (US Equity)	15,348	11,023	MSCI EAFE (International Equity)	5,295	5,405
Futures Above\(Below) Cash	(2,905)	(4,073)	Total Futures Purchased	26,128	25,403
			Futures Above\(Below) Cash	(462)	(5,799)
Market Value	\$18	\$18	Market Value	<u> </u>	
			Total Market Value	\$18	\$18

#### (8) Commitments and Contingencies -

The Retirement System is involved in litigation and certain other disputes arising during the normal course of operations. Management does not believe the settlement of such matters will have a material impact on the Retirement System's financial statements.

#### (9) OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee -

The County established the OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("OBRA") to cover seasonal and certain temporary employees who are not enrolled in the Retirement System. Assets of the OBRA system are commingled for investment purposes with the assets of the Retirement System. The assets of the Retirement System are legally available to pay benefits of either the ERS or OBRA. The Retirement System and OBRA are considered a single plan for financial reporting purposes.

Net assets identified for OBRA benefits as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Positi	<u>on</u>	
	(Unaudite	ed)
Assets	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash	\$11,247	\$36,821
Assets held by Retirement System	3,421,143	2,912,055
Total assets	3,432,390	2,948,876
Liabilities		
Taxes Payable	(2,434)	(5,415)
Net position restricted for pensions	\$3,429,956	\$2,943,461

Changes in plan net position available for benefits for OBRA for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, were as follows:

Statements of Change in Fiduciary Net Po	<u>sition</u>	
	(Unaudited)	
	<u>2019</u> <u>2018</u>	
Contributions from the County	\$519,000	\$836,000
Contributions from the County-Admin	-	68,000
Contributions from the tax levy	69,500	-
Investment income	431,503	346,862
Investment and administrative expenses	(220,924)	(228,372)
Benefits paid	(312,584)	(284,300)
Net increase in net position restricted for pensions	\$486,495	\$738,190

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, there were 5,524 and 5,801 participants with vested benefits in OBRA. The total pension liability of OBRA at December 31, 2019 and 2018, was \$8,736,649 and \$6,582,278, respectively, leaving net assets available less than the total pension liability of (\$5,306,693) and (\$3,638,817), respectively. These amounts are not reflected in the required supplementary information tables that follow the notes to the financial statements.

#### (10) Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Retirement System and OBRA at December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were as follows:

ERS		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 2,320,335,289	\$ 2,293,063,354 (1,618,310,314)
Plan fiduciary net position	(1,738,628,225)	(1,618,310,314)
Net pension liability	\$ 581,707,064	\$ 674,753,040
Plan fiduciary net position as a		
percentage of the total pension liability	74.9%	70.6%

OBRA		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 8,736,649	\$ 6,582,278
Plan fiduciary net position	 (3,429,956)	 (2,943,461)
Net pension liability	\$ 5,306,693	\$ 3,638,817
Plan fiduciary net position as a		
percentage of the total pension liability	39.3%	44.7%

Actuarial assumptions—The last actuarial valuation was performed as of January 1, 2019, and these amounts were used to roll forward the total pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2019, and was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Asset valuation method Amortization methods	1/1/2019 Entry Age Normal—Level Percentage of Pay 10-year smoothed market For pension expense; the difference between expected and actual liability experience and changes of assumptions are amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over a closed period of five years.	
Inflation Assumption	2.50%	
Mortality Table	Pre-retirement: Males—RP-2006 Employee male, projected with generational projection using scale MP-2016.	
	Females—RP-2006 Employee female, projected with generational projection using scale MP-2016.	
	Health Retiree: Males—102% of RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant male, projected with generational projection using scale MP-2016.	
	Females—107% of RP-2006 Healthy Annuitant female, projecte with generational projection using scale MP-2016.	:d
	Disables Retiree: Males—97% of RP-2006 Disabled male, projected with generational projection using scale MP-2016.	
	Females—95% of RP-2006 Disabled female, projected with generational projection using scale MP-2016.	
Experience study	The actuarial assumptions used for ERS were based on the results of an actuar experience study for the period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2016. The period January 1 is the period January 1	

actuarial assumptions used for OBRA were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of position plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are summarized in the following table:

		2019		2018
		Long-term Expected		Long-term Expected
Asset Class	<u>Policy</u>	Real Rate of Return *	<u>Policy</u>	Real Rate of Return *
Fixed income	23.00%	0.30%	18.00%	1.90%
Domestic common and preferred stocks	23.00%	5.30%	25.00%	5.60%
International common and preferred stocks	15.50%	5.50%	20.00%	5.80%
Long/Short hedge funds	8.50%	3.50%	8.50%	4.30%
Infrastructure	10.00%	5.30%	8.50%	5.50%
Real estate and REIT's	10.00%	4.00%	10.00%	5.20%
Private equity	10.00%	8.80%	10.00%	8.80%
Cash & cash equivalents	0.00%	1.30%	0.00%	0.00%
	100.00%		100.00%	
* Provided by Marquette Associates				

**Discount rate** — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent and 7.75 percent for 2019 and 2018, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Retirement System's contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the Retirement System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate — The following presents the 2019 net pension liability of the Retirement System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the Retirement System and OBRA's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

<u>2019</u>			
	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount</b>	1% Increase
	<u>(6.50%)</u>	<u>(7.50%)</u>	<u>(8.50%)</u>
ERS' net pension liability	\$ 814,385,630	\$ 581,707,064	\$ 385,367,800
OBRA's net pension liability	\$ 5,908,803	\$ 5,306,693	\$ 3,223,735

The following presents the 2018 net pension liability of the Retirement System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Retirement System and OBRA's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

<u>2018</u>			
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
ERS' net pension liability	\$ 897,269,336	\$ 674,843,894	\$ 486,917,713
OBRA's net pension liability	\$ 4,929,753	\$ 3,638,817	\$ 2,687,433

#### 11) Subsequent Events

The Retirement System has evaluated subsequent events occurring through July 16, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the Retirement System's financial statements. Management feels that no material events occurred that would require disclosure, except for the following.

In January 2020, the Pension Board adopted the following changes:

- The Pension Board voted 7-1 to repeal Rule 1001.
- The Pension Board voted 8-0 to approve the Pension Board Charter, the Appeals and Rules Committee Charter, the Investment Committee Charter, the Actuarial Audit and Risk Committee Charter and the Governance Committee Charter.
- The Pension Board voted unanimously to approve the Actuarial Policy, Self-Assessment Policy, Continuing Education and Travel Policy, Pension Board and Staff Interaction Policy and the Code of Conduct.

In February 2020, the Pension Board adopted the following changes:

 The Pension Board voted unanimously to retain and pursue Private Equity contracts with Fairview, Greenspring, Bearing and BPEA.

In February 2020, the following events occurred:

- RPS received IRS Compliance Statement dated February 26, 2020 regarding the 2014 Supplemental Voluntary Correction Plan (VPC), and subsequent amendments, outlining the agreement for resolution of benefit overpayments and underpayments that were identified in the VCP.
  - ♦ In 2014, Corporation Counsel and external legal counsel submitted a supplemental VCP regarding additional errors and proposed correction methodology.

In May 2020, the following events occurred:

- On May 20, 2020, RPS provided an updated spreadsheet for the overpayment members who elected Option 1 detailed in Milwaukee County Ordinance 201.24(8.24).
  - On March 21, 2019 the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution/ordinance to amend Section 201.24 of the Milwaukee County Code of General Ordinances regarding the Employees' Retirement System to improve the accuracy of benefit calculations, and to provide procedures to resolve payment errors.
  - Section 201.24(8.24) is created for Correction of Underpayment and Overpayment of Benefits, which details the process to be followed when underpayments and overpayments are discovered, including notice, overpayment collection options, waiver of repayment, collection methods, interest, de minimis, and claim period.
  - Letters were mailed to members on July 31, 2019, that were identified to have overpayments.

Last 6 Fiscal Years

<u>ERS</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 15,800,135 \$	15,874,798 \$	15,190,699
Interest	171,350,196	172,254,741	173,929,104
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(16,270,627)	(751,483)	(2,919,790)
Changes in assumptions	52,178,675	-	63,931,243
Benefit payments including refunds of member contributions	(195,786,444)	(202,163,452)	(198,590,749)
Net change in total pension liability	27,271,935	(14,785,396)	51,540,507
Total pension liability—beginning	 2,293,063,354	2,307,848,750	2,256,308,243
Total pension liability—ending	\$ 2,320,335,289 \$	2,293,063,354 \$	2,307,848,750
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions—employer	\$ 57,316,293 \$	61,177,816 \$	53,660,695
Contributions—member	13,217,363	12,651,528	12,330,305
Net investment income (loss)	248,691,426	(34,842,454)	252,828,178
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(195,786,444)	(202,163,452)	(198,590,749)
Administrative expenses	(3,120,727)	(4,921,689)	(5,502,195
Other	-	-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension	120,317,911	(168,098,251)	114,726,234
Total plan fiduciary net position—beginning	1,618,310,314	1,786,408,565	1,671,682,331
Total plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$ 1,738,628,225 \$	1,618,310,314 \$	1,786,408,565
Net pension liability—ending	\$ 581,707,064 \$	674,753,040 \$	521,440,185
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	74.9%	70.6%	77.4%
total pension liability			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 191,043,797 \$	189,451,404 \$	186,213,740
Net pension liability as a percentage of			

The plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in the fiscal year 2014. Information calculated utilizing GASB 67 prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.

(See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information)

Notes to Schedules
Starting in FYE 2019, the actuary views the tax levy received as a reduction of the administrative expenses.
The differences in reported administrative expenses and investment income in the 2018 actuary valuation report are flowing into 2019 numbers to balance ending total plan fiduciary net position.

Last 6 Fiscal Years (continued)

<u>ERS</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 16,094,324	\$ 15,740,283	\$ 15,299,451
Interest	173,972,802	171,661,372	172,040,282
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	16,052,053	41,648,688	(17,331,161)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments including refunds of member contributions	(212,662,113)	(188,819,565)	(177,366,124)
Net change in total pension liability	(6,542,934)	40,230,778	(7,357,552)
Total pension liability—beginning	2,262,851,177	2,222,620,399	2,229,977,951
Total pension liability—ending	\$ 2,256,308,243	\$ 2,262,851,177	\$ 2,222,620,399
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions—employer	\$ 50,625,672	\$ 39,080,593	\$ 19,005,395
Contributions—member	12,143,510	9,324,866	10,051,605
Net investment income	110,336,000	39,451,296	96,725,837
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(212,662,113)	(188,819,564)	(177,366,124)
Administrative expenses	(4,912,501)	(5,465,123)	(5,066,956)
Other	-	-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension	(44,469,432)	(106,427,932)	(56,650,243)
Total plan fiduciary net position—beginning	1,716,151,763	1,822,579,695	1,879,229,938
Total plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$ 1,671,682,331	\$ 1,716,151,763	\$ 1,822,579,695
Net pension liability—ending	\$ 584,625,912	\$ 546,699,414	\$ 400,040,704
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	74.1%	75.8%	82.0%
	\$ 194,871,557	\$ 191,432,915	\$ 188,605,492
Covered-employee payroll			
Covered-employee payroll  Net pension liability as a percentage of			

The plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in the fiscal year 2014. Information calculated utilizing GASB 67 prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.

(See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information)

Last 6 Fiscal Years

OBRA		2019	2018	2017	
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$	126,616 \$	110,678 \$	110,678	
Interest		507,827	447,541	370,220	
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,464,247	502,160	676,340	
Changes in assumptions		368,265	-	222,590	
Benefit payments including refunds of member contributions		(312,584)	(284,300)	(179,481)	
Net change in total pension liability		2,154,371	776,079	1,200,347	
Total pension liability—beginning		6,582,278	5,806,199	4,605,852	
Total pension liability—ending	\$	8,736,649 \$	6,582,278 \$	5,806,199	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions—employer	\$	519,000 \$	904,000 \$	833,000	
Contributions—member		-	-	-	
Net investment income		501,003	346,862	242,489	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(312,584)	(284,300)	(179,481)	
Administrative expenses		(220,924)	(228,372)	(204,323)	
Other		-	-	-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension		486,495	738,190	691,685	
Total plan fiduciary net position—beginning		2,943,461	2,205,271	1,513,586	
Total plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$	3,429,956 \$	2,943,461 \$	2,205,271	
Net pension liability—ending	\$	5,306,693 \$	3,638,817 \$	3,600,928	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		39.3%	44.7%	38.0%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,388,230 \$	3,282,100 \$	3,640,233	
Net pension liability as a percentage of					
covered-employee payroll		156.6%	110.9%	98.9%	

The plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in the fiscal year 2014. Information calculated utilizing GASB 67 prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.

(See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information)

Last 6 Fiscal Years (continued)

<u>OBRA</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 95,763 \$	111,283	\$ 97,190
Interest Change in horse fit to any	320,348	298,507	297,724
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	(222.42=)
Differences between expected and actual experience	405,683	103,770	(233,437)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	
Benefit payments including refunds of member contributions	 (244,349)	(206,452)	(126,636)
let change in total pension liability	577,445	307,108	34,841
otal pension liability—beginning	 4,028,407	3,721,299	 3,686,458
otal pension liability—ending	\$ 4,605,852 \$	4,028,407	\$ 3,721,299
lan fiduciary net position			
Contributions—employer	\$ 819,000 \$	440,000	\$ 440,000
Contributions—member	-	-	-
Net investment income (loss)	87,752	37,449	98,786
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(244,349)	(206,452)	(126,636)
Administrative expenses	(459,362)	(520,844)	(454,752)
Other	 -	-	-
let change in plan fiduciary net pension	203,041	(249,847)	(42,602)
otal plan fiduciary net position—beginning	1,310,545	1,560,392	1,602,994
otal plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$ 1,513,586 \$	1,310,545	\$ 1,560,392
let pension liability—ending	\$ 3,092,266 \$	2,717,862	\$ 2,160,907
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	32.9%	32.5%	41.9%
total pension liability			
overed-employee payroll	\$ 3,926,027 \$	3,925,214	\$ 3,477,968
let pension liability as a percentage of			

The plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in the fiscal year 2014. Information calculated utilizing GASB 67 prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.

(See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information)

#### **SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years**

#### **ERS**

ı				
2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 69,999,640	\$ 71,422,581	\$ 65,799,451	\$ 63,067,396	\$ 57,853,824
70,533,656	72,194,000	65,991,000	62,769,182	48,405,459
\$ (534,016)	\$ (771,419)	\$ (191,549)	\$ 298,214	\$ 9,448,365
\$ 191,043,797	\$ 189,451,404	\$186,213,740	\$194,871,557	\$191,432,915
36.92%	38.11%	35.44%	32.21%	25.29%
2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 29,564,925	\$ 32,136,934	\$ 28,406,232	\$ 29,621,216	\$ 29,529,322
29,057,000	30,952,781	27,407,519	31,494,090	31,290,863
\$ 507,925	\$ 1,184,153	\$ 998,713	\$ (1,872,874)	\$ (1,761,541)
\$188,605,492	\$189,131,711	\$190,747,973	\$221,647,443	\$237,040,117
15.41%	16.37%	14.37%	14.21%	13.20%
	\$ 69,999,640 70,533,656 \$ (534,016) \$ 191,043,797 36.92% 2014 \$ 29,564,925 29,057,000 \$ 507,925 \$188,605,492	\$ 69,999,640 \$ 71,422,581 70,533,656 72,194,000 \$ (534,016) \$ (771,419) \$ 191,043,797 \$ 189,451,404 36.92% 38.11% 2014 2013 \$ 29,564,925 \$ 32,136,934 29,057,000 30,952,781 \$ 507,925 \$ 1,184,153 \$188,605,492 \$189,131,711	\$ 69,999,640 \$ 71,422,581 \$ 65,799,451 70,533,656 72,194,000 65,991,000 \$ (534,016) \$ (771,419) \$ (191,549) \$ 191,043,797 \$ 189,451,404 \$186,213,740 36.92% 38.11% 35.44% 2014 2013 2012 \$ 29,564,925 \$ 32,136,934 \$ 28,406,232 29,057,000 30,952,781 27,407,519 \$ 507,925 \$ 1,184,153 \$ 998,713 \$188,605,492 \$189,131,711 \$190,747,973	\$ 69,999,640 \$ 71,422,581 \$ 65,799,451 \$ 63,067,396   70,533,656    72,194,000    65,991,000    62,769,182 \$ (534,016) \$ (771,419) \$ (191,549) \$ 298,214 \$ 191,043,797 \$ 189,451,404 \$186,213,740 \$194,871,557

#### **OBRA**

FYE December 31		2019	2018	20	)17		2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$	485,515 \$	577,392	\$ 8	304,281	\$	826,567	\$ 770,384
Contributions related to ADC		519,000	904,000	8	333,000		819,000	440,000
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$	(33,485) \$	(326,608)	\$ (	28,719)	\$	7,567	\$ 330,384
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	3,388,230 \$	3,282,100	\$ 3.6	540.233	\$	3.926.027	\$ 3,925,214
, , , , , ,	,	-,,	-, - ,	, -,-	,		-,,-	-,,
Contributions as a percentage		15.32%	27.54%		22.88%		20.86%	11.21%
of Covered Employee Payroll								
FYE December 31		2014	2013	20	)12		2011	2010
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$	373,500 \$	388,625	\$ 4	146,452	\$	807,028	\$ 716,439
Contributions related to ADC		440,000	360,000	8	380,000		2,022,000	786,000
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$	(66,500) \$	28,625	\$ (4)	33,548)	\$(	1,214,972)	\$ (69,561)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	3,477,968 \$	7,735,644	\$ 8,9	939,076	\$	8,936,146	\$ 6,901,021
Contributions as a percentage		12.65%	4.65%		9.84%		22.63%	11.39%
of Covered Employee Payroll								

#### **Notes to Schedules**

Valuation date: Actuarially Determined Contributions (ADC) are calculated as of the January 1 of the fiscal year in which the contribution is made. That is, the contribution calculated for fiscal year ending December 31, 2019 is from the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation. The contributions related to the ADC are a combination of employee contributions made during the fiscal year and the lump sum employer contribution made for the year.
ERS FYE December 31, 2018 has been updated based on an updated actuarial valuation report received June 12, 2019.

The methods and assumptions used to calculate the Actuarially Determined Contributions are in the respective January 1 actuarial valuation reports. Prior to fiscal year ending December 31, 2014 the ADC shown is calculated based upon GASB No 25.

(See independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information)

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

Last 6 Fiscal Years

Figual Vacu	Total Investment	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment
Fiscal Year	Plan Assets	Expense
2019 2018	\$1,695,060,315 \$1,572,748,783	16.0% * (2.4%) *
2017	\$1,722,450,819	15.8% *
2016	\$1,610,341,450	6.9% *
2015	\$1,634,904,202	2.2% *
2014	\$1,715,303,583	5.3% *

<sup>\*</sup> Calculated by Marquette Associates, Inc.

The plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in the fiscal year 2014. Information calculated utilizing GASB 67 prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.

(See independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information)

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the year ended December 31, 2019

1. This information presented is the required supplementary schedules, for pension funding purposes, was based on the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date 1/1/2019

Actuarial cost method Aggregate Entry Age Normal Asset valuation method 10-year smoothed market

**Amortization methods:** 

Contribution variance Level dollar, closed Administrative expenses Level dollar, closed

All other unfunded liability Level percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization periods:

Contribution variance 5 years
Administrative expenses 10 years
All other unfunded liability 30 years

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment rate of return 7.75%

Projected salary increases 3.50% to 6.21%, varying by age, including inflation and productivity

Post-retirement benefit increases 2%, simple

2. The total pension liability contained in the Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios was provided by the Retirement System and OBRA's actuary. The net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability less the amount of the fiduciary net position of the Retirement System and OBRA.

3. The required employer contributions and percent of those contributions actually made are presented in the Schedule of Contributions.

#### **TEN-YEAR HISTORICAL TREND INFORMATION**

REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE (UNAUDITED)

Revenues	by Source
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Fiscal	Participant	County	Investment	
<u>Year</u>	Contributions(1a)	Contributions (1b)	Income (Loss)(2)	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 13,217,363	\$ 57,316,293	\$ 251,219,958	\$ 321,753,614
2018	12,651,528	61,177,816	(31,954,618)	41,874,726
2017	12,330,305	53,660,695	256,014,405	322,005,405
2016	12,143,510	50,625,672	112,917,408	175,686,590
2015	9,324,866	39,080,593	42,890,830	91,296,289
2014	10,051,605	19,005,395	99,655,955	128,712,955
2013	8,954,525	21,998,256	260,834,765	291,787,546
2012	9,040,652	18,410,496	186,091,377	213,542,525
2011	3,313,807	28,275,594	11,186,780	42,776,181
2010	75,584	32,893,562	210,905,464	243,874,610

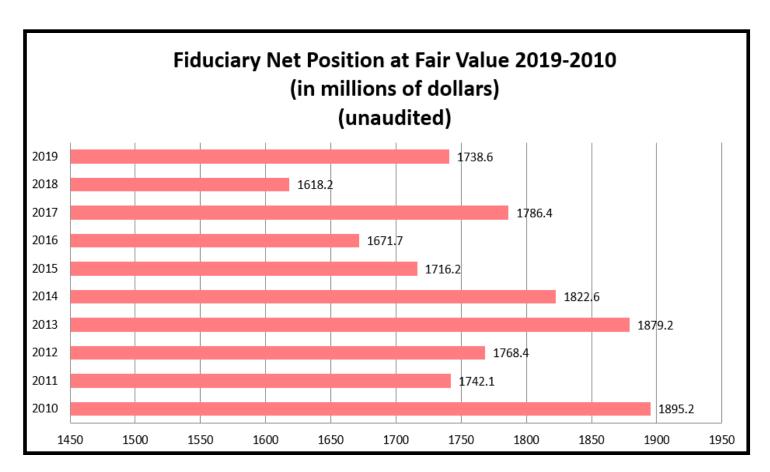
#### Expenses by Type

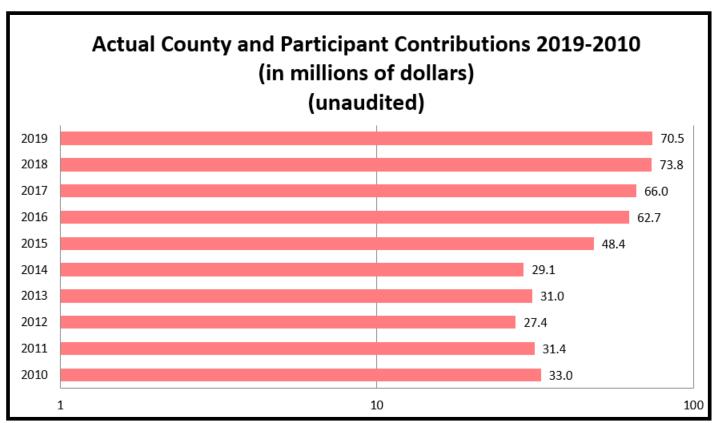
		Investment and		
Fiscal		Administrative		
<u>Year</u>	Benefits(3)	Expenses (4)	Withdrawals	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 193,688,371	\$ 7,227,413	\$ 2,098,073	\$ 203,013,857
2018	200,240,292	7,900,468	1,923,161	210,063,921
2017	196,852,807	8,688,421	1,737,942	207,279,170
2016	211,163,822	7,493,909	1,498,291	220,156,022
2015	187,512,204	8,904,657	1,307,360	197,724,221
2014	176,263,605	7,997,073	1,102,520	185,363,198
2013	172,583,835	7,963,552	444,848	180,992,235
2012	178,557,030	8,445,509	212,245	187,214,784
2011	187,460,030	8,305,984	70,123	195,836,137
2010	162,664,454	8,445,062	138,136	171,247,652

#### **FOOTNOTES ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS**

- (1a) Participant contributions are calculated by the actuary and are a percentage of the employees' pensionable compensation.
- (1b) County contributions are set during the County's budget process and are made at the discretion of the County Board.
- (2) Includes interest and dividends, net appreciation (depreciation) of fair value, net security lending income and other income.
- (3) Included in the benefits for 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011, and 2010 are back drop lump-sum payments of \$11.9, \$20.7, \$19.9, \$24.4, \$19.8, \$12.6, \$11.7, \$21.7, \$38.8, and \$20.3, respectively.
- (4) There was a decrease in investment and administrative expenses of \$1,217.6 from the past ten years ago, due mainly to the following expenses:
  - Outside consultants increased in 2019 to support retirement systems and assist in Governance charters. Outside consultants have increased \$299.8 from 2010, and increased \$205.7 from 2018;
  - Milwaukee County OCC has taken over more involvement in pension litigation, resulting in a decrease in outside legal fees of (\$378.4) from 2010, and a decrease of (\$310.2) from 2018;
  - Salaries and wages/benefits have increased by \$277.9, due to an increase in staff/benefits;
  - Investment Manager Fees decreased (\$1,980.8), due to lower fees and an increase of index funds;
  - Outside Services, Computer system maintenance and depreciation decreased in 2019 (\$103.5)
     (Note: the plan started using its current computer system as of 1/1/09.)

(See independent auditors' report)





(See independent auditors' report)

ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP STATISTICS (unaudited)								
·	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>						
Members as of January 1 Changes During the Year:	3,425	3,502						
New enrollments	619	488						
Terminations	(160)	(170)						
Retirements	(126)	(142)						
Deaths in active service	(3)	(3)						
Withdrawals	(194)	(250)						
Data adjustments	<del></del>							
Members as of December 31	3,561	3,425						

#### RETIREMENTS AND SURVIVORS STATISTICS (unaudited)

		Retirements Granted								
					Option				Survivors	
	Maximum								& Benefi-	
	Pension	Refund	100%	75%	50%	25%	10-yr.	Other	ciaries	Total
1-Jan-19	3,314	230	1,488	290	942	531	285	42	920	8,042
Changes During the Year:										
Adjustments (actuary)*	-	-	(1)	1	1	-	2	-	1	4
Retirements	94	-	34	19	26	10	14	-	52	249
Benefits Expired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pensioner deaths	(120)	(16)	(39)	(4)	(39)	(9)	(6)	(1)	(60)	(294)
31-Dec-19	3,288	214	1,482	306	930	532	295	41	913	8,001

 $<sup>{}^*\</sup>mbox{Adjustments}$  as a result of reclassifications made to beginning balances by the actuary

### LIST OF CONSULTANTS as of December 31, 2019

**Legal Advisors** 

Milwaukee County Corporation Counsel Margaret Daun

Reinhart, Boerner, Van Deuren S.C. Jessica P. Culotti, Secretary of the Pension Board *Milwaukee, Wisconsin* 

**Actuary** 

Segal Consulting Chicago, Illinois

**Disbursing Agent** 

**County Treasurer** 

**Custodian/Securities Agent** 

The Northern Trust Company Chicago, Illinois

**Medical Board** 

Managed Medical Review Organization, Inc. *Novi, Michigan* 

**Investment Consultant** 

Marquette Associates, Inc. *Chicago, Illinois* 

**Cash Equitization Manager** 

The Northern Trust Company Chicago, Illinois

**Infrastructure Managers** 

IFM Investment Advisor New York, New York

JP Morgan Investment Management New York, New York

**Long/Short Managers** 

ABS Investment Management Greenwich, Connecticut

Parametric

Minneapolis, Minnesota

**International Investment Managers** 

Segall Bryant & Hamill Oaks, Pennsylvania

Northern Trust Investments Chicago, Illinois **U.S. Equity Investment Managers** 

Robeco Investment Management Boston, Massachusetts

Silvercrest Asset Management Group New York, New York

Northern Trust Investments

Chicago, Illinois

QMA

Chicago, Illinois

**Real Estate Investment Managers** 

American Realty Advisors Glendale, California

Morgan Stanley Real Estate
New York, New York

UBS Realty Investors, LLC Hartford, Connecticut

**Private Equity Managers** 

Adams Street Partners Chicago, Illinois

Progress Investment Management Company San Francisco, California

Siguler Guff & Company, LLC New York, New York

Mesirow Financial Equity Management *Chicago, Illinois* 

**Fixed-Income Investment Managers** 

Galliard Capital Management Minneapolis, Minnesota

The Northern Trust Company Chicago, Illinois

TCW Emerging Market Oaks, Pennsylvania

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