

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

County of Milwaukee Milwaukee, Wisconsin

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Office of the Comptroller Milwaukee County Courthouse 901 North 9<sup>th</sup> Street, Room 301 Milwaukee, WI 53233

www.county.milwaukee.gov

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- GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for 2018
- Organizational Chart
- List of Principal Officials and Committees



Office of the Comptroller



Scott B. Manske · Comptroller

July 29, 2020

To: Honorable Members of the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors and the Citizens of Milwaukee County, Wisconsin

## A) COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT ("CAFR"):

#### **CAFR** Overview

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of Milwaukee County, Wisconsin ("County") for the year ended December 31, 2019, is hereby submitted for your information. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of Milwaukee County, Wisconsin. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, activities have been included.

The CAFR is presented in three sections:

The **Introductory Section**, which is unaudited, includes this Letter of Transmittal, the prior year's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, the County's organizational chart and a list of the County's principal elected and appointed officials. It is designed to give the reader of the financial report some basic background information about the County.

The **Financial Section** includes the independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and the other supplementary information including the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules.

The County has prepared the Financial Section to meet the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* ("GASB 34"). Other Supplementary Information, section 4 below, is not required by GASB 34 but provides useful information about the non-major funds of Milwaukee County.

 Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), which is unaudited, is a narrative report providing financial information about the County. Readers of this report are encouraged to read the MD&A in conjunction with this Letter of Transmittal. The MD&A provides basic financial information about the County and an overview of the County's activities.

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- 2) Basic Financial Statements
  - Government-wide Financial Statements consisting of a statement of net position and a statement of activities, provide a comprehensive financial picture of the County, split between governmental activities and business-type activities. These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, where all assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses of the County are reported. Internal service funds are combined with governmental activities for presentation purposes.
  - Fund Financial Statements report on the major individual governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds of the County. Budgetary comparisons are also provided to allow the reader to see the original adopted budget, the final budget and the actual expenditures and revenues for the County's general fund. The governmental funds are prepared and presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting. With the governmental funds having a different basis of accounting between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements, schedules are provided that reconcile these accounting differences. The reconciliations provide a bridge between governmental activities on the statement of net position with the governmental funds on the balance sheet and between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The proprietary funds statement reports on each of the enterprise funds and includes a separate column that combines all internal service funds.
  - **Component Units** include the funds of the primary government and the following discrete component units: the Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc., the Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc., and the Marcus Center for the Performing Arts.

Discretely presented component units are more distinctly separate from the primary government and are therefore reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements. These entities are included because generally accepted accounting principles require that organizations for which the County either has a financial responsibility or governance influence, such as board appointments, or if the County's financial statements would be incomplete or misleading if an entity was excluded, be reported with Milwaukee County

- **Notes to the Financial Statements** are explanatory notes to the financial statements as required by governmental accounting standards.
- 3) **Required Supplementary Information** is required schedules of supplementary data immediately after the notes to the financial statements.
- 4) **Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules** show the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds, the internal service funds, as well as budgetary comparisons for major funds other than the General Fund. As noted earlier,

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the internal service funds are combined and reported as a separate column in the proprietary fund financial statements. They are presented here because they are not considered to be major funds.

The **Statistical Section**, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multi-year basis.

#### B) COUNTY GOVERNMENT

A County Executive and an 18-member Board of Supervisors govern Milwaukee County. The County Executive and the Comptroller are elected to nonpartisan four-year terms. The County Board of Supervisors members are elected to nonpartisan two-year terms. Each Supervisor represents about 53,000 people. In addition, the Clerk of Circuit Courts, County Clerk, County Treasurer, District Attorney, Register of Deeds and Sheriff are each elected to serve four-year terms on a partisan basis.

**Board of Supervisors.** The County Board determines County policy and directs the activities of County government by the adoption of ordinances and resolutions, under authority vested in it by State Statutes. The County Board meets on a monthly basis to transact official business, and its committees meet regularly during the monthly cycles to hold hearings, gather information and take testimony preparatory to making recommendations to the full County Board. The County Board had nine standing committees in 2019.

- Economic and Community Development
- Health and Human Needs
- Judiciary, Safety and General Services
- Transportation, Public Works and Transit
- Finance and Audit
- Personnel
- Intergovernmental Relations
- Parks, Energy and Environment
- Committee of the Whole

The Chairperson of the County Board is elected by the members of the County Board following their election every two years and is responsible for presiding at County Board meetings, ruling on procedural matters, representing the County Board at official functions, and making appointments to County Board committees, special subcommittees, boards and commissions.

**County Executive's Office.** Milwaukee County was the first county in the State to establish an executive branch. The County Executive appoints five cabinet officers to assist in carrying out the executive functions:

- Director Department of Administrative Services
- Director Department of Human Resources
- Director Department of Health and Human Services
- Director Department of Parks, Recreation and Culture
- Director Department of Transportation and Public Works

In addition, the County Executive appoints and manages heads of the following departments:

Child Support Services

- House of Correction
- Veterans Service Office
  - Zoological Gardens

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- Aging
- Government Affairs
- Office on African American Affairs
- Corporation Counsel

- Medical Examiner
- Emergency Management
- Behavioral Health Division

Functions of the County Executive's office include: coordination and direction of administrative and management functions of the County government not otherwise vested by law in boards, commissions or other elected officers; appointment of department heads, except where statute provides otherwise, and members of boards and commissions, subject to confirmation by the County Board; preparation and submission of an annual County budget to the County Board; submission annually, and otherwise if necessary, of a message to the County Board setting forth the condition of the County and recommending changes and improvements in County programs and services; and review for approval or veto of all resolutions and ordinances enacted by the County Board.

The Office of **Government Affairs** represents the interests of Milwaukee County before local, State, and Federal governments, builds relationships and partnerships, and identifies efficiencies across jurisdictions.

The **Veterans Service Office** helps veterans apply for benefits and serves as an advocate for veterans.

**Administration.** The Administrative function includes the Department of Administrative Services, Department of Human Resources, Corporation Counsel, the Office on African American Affairs and boards and commissions such as the Civil Service Commission, Ethics Board and the Personnel Review Board.

The **Department of Administrative Services** is responsible for a variety of governmental functions. The various divisions provide services for other departments including facilities management, information management, risk management, economic development, real estate services, administration and budget oversight, disabilities program management, procurement and targeted, small and disadvantaged business enterprise programs. The Department is also responsible for the County's water utility.

The **Department of Human Resources ("DHR")** provides Milwaukee County government with an equitable and effective system for the recruitment, classification, compensation, development and retention of a talented, skilled and culturally diversified workforce. DHR encompasses Compensation, Employee Relations, Operations, Talent Acquisition, Learning, Development, Diversity, Benefits, Metrics and Retirement Plan Services functions. DHR assures strict adherence to Civil Service Rules, State and Federal Laws and County ordinances, regulations and policies related to human resources and affirmative action.

The **Office of Corporation Counsel** ensures that Milwaukee County, its officers, employees and agents adhere to all applicable legal requirements and works to minimize personal and fiscal liability for the County.

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The **Civil Service Commission** is an independent body charged with oversight of Milwaukee County's Civil Service System. Consisting of five members, the Commission conducts hearings on the merit system and application of Civil Service Rules.

The **Ethics Board** assures the confidence of the general public in the integrity of Milwaukee County government. The Ethics Board assures the public that all Milwaukee County employees, office holders, candidates for public office and citizens serving on boards and commissions of Milwaukee County are complying with the Ethics Code requirements.

The **Personnel Review Board** provides fair and impartial due process hearings for the suspension, demotion or discharge of County employees in the classified service as provided by law and as prescribed under State Statutes and County ordinances.

The **Office on African American Affairs** aims to help recognize and resolve the County's racial inequities for the benefit of all of its citizenry and for the region to achieve its full potential.

The **former Department of Family Care** ("DFC") separated from Milwaukee County in 2016 and now provides services as a private non-profit named My Choice Family Care ("MCFC"). Employees who had worked in the DFC were allowed to remain as County employees if they chose to work with My Choice Family Care. MCFC reimburses the County for all costs related to those employees who chose to remain as County employees while working at MCFC. The County created two organizations within the Department of Administrative Services to account for the expenses and revenues associated with this arrangement. As of December 31, 2017, the remaining County employees became employees of MCFC. For 2019, the County saw only minor costs and recoveries relating to DFC.

**General Governmental Services.** The General Governmental Services group includes the County Treasurer, the County Clerk including the Election Commission, the Register of Deeds and the Office of the Comptroller.

The **County Treasurer** is the County's banker, acting under the authority granted by State Statutes and County ordinances. The Treasurer's functions include receiving and disbursing all funds as provided, providing for daily cash requirements of Milwaukee County and investing public funds not used for daily operations. The Treasurer's Office also collects delinquent property taxes for all of Milwaukee County's municipalities as required by State Statutes, except for the City of Milwaukee which collects its own delinquent taxes. The County Treasurer also maintains property tax data that is accessible to the public at the Courthouse office.

The **County Clerk** is the recorder of the County, acting under the authority granted by State Statutes and County ordinances. The Clerk's functions include recording the proceedings of the County Board of Supervisors, staffing all County Board meetings and County Board committee meetings, maintaining all legislative files, updating existing ordinances and publishing new ordinances. The Clerk also maintains the County Legislative Information Center ("CLIC"), which provides online public access to legislative documents, meeting agendas and meeting minutes, as well as live online streaming of

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meetings of the County Board and its committees. Other duties include issuing marriage licenses and domestic partnership terminations, registering lobbyists and lobbying principals and reporting on their activity, accepting applications for passports and selling bus tickets and Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources ("DNR") licenses and permits. As an information clearinghouse for County government, the County Clerk administers oaths of office, maintains the central files for Milwaukee County reports, records, contracts and corporate documents, receives and publicly opens competitive bids for County contracts and receives all claims filed against Milwaukee County.

The Clerk also serves as the executive director of the Milwaukee County Election Commission. The Election Commission administers Federal, State, County and Municipal elections in a manner that assures public confidence in the accuracy, efficiency and fairness of the election process and to enforce State Election and Campaign Finance laws.

The **Register of Deeds** is tasked with maintaining public records and documents acting under the authority granted by State Statutes and County ordinances. The Register of Deeds records, indexes and scans real estate documents, corporation papers, military discharges, informal probate instruments and financing statements; files and indexes birth, marriage and death certificates; sells copies of the above described documents; collects the real estate transfer tax; and performs such other functions as provided by law.

The **Comptroller** is the County's chief financial officer and acts under the authority granted by State Statutes and County ordinances. The Comptroller is required to monitor and report on the County's current fiscal health, to act as the County auditor and to provide an independent fiscal review on any proposed spending at the request of the County Board and/or County Executive. Functions of the Comptroller include Accounts Payable, Administration/Financial Analysis, Audit Services, Capital and Debt Monitoring, Central Accounting, Central Payroll and Research and Policy.

**Courts and Judiciary.** The Courts and Judiciary function includes the Department of Combined Court Related Operations, Pretrial Services Division and Department of Child Support Services.

The Department of Combined Court Related Operations operates the Milwaukee County Circuit Courts. The Chief Judge is the Administrative Chief of the First Judicial Administrative District, which is solely comprised of Milwaukee County, and is responsible for the oversight of administration of judicial activities in the 47 Circuit Court branches within the District. The Administration Division, under direction of the Clerk of Circuit Court/Court Services Director, plans, directs and coordinates the operations of all the divisions of the Circuit Court. The Criminal Division hears, tries and determines all matters for pretrial, trial and post-conviction proceedings in felony, misdemeanor and traffic matters. The Children's Court Division exercises jurisdiction over matters involving persons under the age of 18 regarding delinguency, dependency, neglect, guardianships, detention and termination of parental rights. The Civil Court Division adjudicates small claims, large claims, replevin, and eviction actions. The Family Court area hears all actions affecting family. The **Probate Division** manages and maintains all documents deposited for safekeeping or filed for probate and assists the courts assigned probate jurisdiction in adjudicating matters involving probate, trusts, guardianships of persons and estates, conservatorship, protective placements, involuntary commitments, temporary restraining orders and injunctions in individuals at risk cases. The *Family Drug* 

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**Treatment Grant Division** is responsible for drug treatment grant oversight. The **Permanency Plan Review Division** provides children in out-of-home situations with a review every six months by the court. The **Self Help Services/Milwaukee Justice Center** (**MJC**) is a volunteer-based community service project founded on the premise that everyone deserves meaningful access to the justice system, regardless of economic situation or access to legal services.

The **Pretrial Services Division** provides screening, intervention and supervision services for pretrial defendants. This division is managed by the Chief Judge of the Milwaukee County Circuit Courts and Judicial Review Coordinator. This division includes funding for the Universal Screening program, which screens individuals who are booked into the Milwaukee County Criminal Justice Facility, for the purpose of providing pretrial risk information on defendants to judges, commissioners, prosecutors and defense attorneys, and to determine suitability for pretrial services and Early Intervention programs. This area also funds services such as the Treatment Alternatives and Diversion program, drug testing, and Secure Continuous Remote Alcohol and GPS monitoring.

The **Department of Child Support Services** implements and administers the Child Support Enforcement Act pursuant to Title IV-D of the Federal Social Security Act and Sections 49.22 and 59.53(5) of the Wisconsin Statutes, under contract with the Wisconsin Department of Children and Families. The Department has four divisions: Case Management (Establishment and Enforcement), Financial, Legal and Operations. The Department monitors approximately 124,000 cases annually for establishment and enforcement of child support obligation, maintains Milwaukee County family court orders on Kids Information Data System, the statewide support computer system, and represents the State's interests in family court hearings in the County.

**Public Safety.** The Public Safety function includes the Office of the Sheriff, House of Correction, District Attorney, Office of Emergency Management and Medical Examiner.

The **Office of the Sheriff** acts as an arm of the criminal justice system which consists of carrying out criminal investigations, effecting arrests and warrants, detaining prisoners, providing court security, serving process papers, transporting prisoners and patients and extraditing criminals. The *Administration Bureau* performs management and support functions for the Sheriff, communications, training, public information and central records including traffic. The *Detention Services Bureau* includes the Criminal Justice Facility ("CJF"), court services, support administration and central booking records. The CJF is a secure detention facility with a total bed space of 960 detainees and is primarily a pre-trial holding facility; although a small number of sentenced offenders awaiting transfers or hearings are also housed at the jail. The *Police Services Bureau* is responsible for patrolling the County airports, County grounds, County parks and expressways. In addition, the Police Services Bureau includes the Civil Process Unit, Criminal Investigation Division, the Drug Enforcement Unit, the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area, the Special Weapons and Tactics team, the bomb disposal unit and the dive team.

The **House of Correction** receives and maintains custody of all sentenced inmates in Milwaukee County committed by authorized courts for periods not exceeding one year and from other jurisdictions as authorized by County ordinance; provides programs of work release, rehabilitation, education, work, recreation and training; provides medical, dental

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and other necessary services in conjunction with the Detention Services Bureau of the Sheriff's Department; and releases inmates upon expiration of sentence, upon orders of the courts or other recognized authorities. Section 302.315 of the Wisconsin Statutes permits the House of Correction to receive and maintain custody of pretrial inmates at the request of the Milwaukee County Sheriff. The Department operates a program of home detention using electronic surveillance equipment and other systems of control and oversees the Day Reporting Center where sentenced inmates can obtain job training and AODA services.

The District Attorney's Office, pursuant to Section 978.05 of the Wisconsin Statutes, has jurisdiction for criminal and juvenile cases in Milwaukee County Circuit Courts. District attorneys and assistant district attorneys present evidence, argue motions, negotiate cases and conduct jury and court trials. General Crimes Division staff are responsible for general felony and misdemeanor courts. The Community Prosecution Unit supervises community prosecutors in six Milwaukee police district stations and the Cities of South Milwaukee and West Allis; and the Domestic Violence Unit prosecutes all domestic violence cases in three specialized courts. Administrative and Investigations Divisions staff supervise investigators of witness intimidation, police shootings of civilians and deaths in custody, public corruption and major multi-jurisdictional crimes. Violent Crimes and Sensitive Crimes Divisions staff are responsible for felony drug and firearms crimes in specialized felony courts, homicide, sexual assault and child abuse cases in specialized felony courts, and sensitive victim witness services. Juvenile Division staff are responsible for juvenile delinquency and child welfare care in the Children's Court of Milwaukee County. The Technology Division manages information systems. The Victim/Witness Division assists crime victims and witnesses. Additionally, the State reimburses the County for some employees who receive County benefits or participate in the County pension system.

The District Attorney's Office also investigates industrial deaths and injuries, provides post-charging investigation on major crimes and maintains office security. The District Attorney's Office also works with the Diversion and Treatment Alternatives Program and administers federal and state grant funded programs including the Victim/Witness Program, the Victims of Crime Act, the Byrne Justice Assistance Grant, Violence Against Women Acts and the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area grant, among others.

The **Office of Emergency Management** includes five program areas: the Director's Office, Emergency Management, Emergency Medical Services, 911 Communications, and Radio Services. These program areas coordinate emergency services in cases of natural or manmade disasters and synchronize public safety services to allow the fusion of resources in order to sustain healthy and productive localities within the County.

The **Medical Examiner's Office** investigates all deaths in which there are unexplained, unusual or suspicious circumstances, for example, homicides, suicides, accidental deaths and deaths without a physician in attendance. Staff of the Medical Examiner's Office perform autopsies, histological studies and toxicological analyses; testify in court in regard to all investigative findings; issue death certificates, cremation permits and disinterment permits; take possession of, store and arrange for the final disposition of bodies when investigation is required or bodies are unclaimed; locate relatives of deceased persons;

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safeguard and legally dispose of money and property of deceased persons; and render scientific aid to various law enforcement agencies in the examination of evidence.

**Transportation.** The Department of Transportation includes a Director's Office and administers two County airports, the transit/paratransit system, highway maintenance, and fleet management.

The **Director's Office** provides administration, multimodal and transit planning and grant management.

The **Airport Division** operates General Mitchell International Airport ("GMIA") and Lawrence J. Timmerman Airport ("LJT"). This division is discussed in greater detail below under "Business-type Functions".

The **Milwaukee County Transit System** is the County's mass transit system. This division is discussed in greater detail below under "Business-type Functions".

The **Highway Division** maintains the County's interstates, state trunk highways and county trunk highways. Expenses for general and winter maintenance of state trunk highways within the County are fully offset by state reimbursement revenues. The Transportation Services Section provides transportation planning and engineering services and cost-effectively plans, designs and implements projects necessary to maintain and enhance the safety and efficiency of the County's highways, bridges and traffic control facilities.

The **Fleet Management Division** purchases and maintains vehicles and equipment used by Milwaukee County departments. This department provides three functions: Equipment Repairs, Inventory Management, and Equipment Coordination. Equipment Repairs maintains and manages approximately 1,900 vehicles and pieces of equipment. Inventory Management maintains and manages inventory of repair parts for all Milwaukee County vehicles. Inventory Management also manages and operates four conveniently located fueling sites supplying 800,000 plus gallons of fuel annually. Equipment Coordination researches and develops the specifications for purchasing new vehicles and equipment and works with user departments to ensure the correct piece of equipment is purchased. Equipment Coordination also hosts and coordinates a semi-annual public auction of used equipment for Milwaukee County and other municipalities in the area.

**Human Services**. This functional area consists of the Department of Health and Human Services, Behavioral Health Division, and the Department on Aging. Previously, this functional area included the Department of Family Care.

The **Department of Health and Human Services ("DHHS")** provides a wide range of services to children and adults through age 60. Many DHHS services are mandated by State Statute and/or provided through a contract between the state and the County. The **Youth and Family Services Division ("DCSD")** provides custodial intake services, administers a wide continuum of juvenile justice programs and provides support staff for the operation of the Children's Court to promote public safety. The division operates a 24/7, 120-bed secure juvenile detention center facility, primarily housing youth pending a court hearing or those deemed out of compliance with supervision conditions. The Aftercare program provides intensive monitoring, supervision, structure, support and skill

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building opportunities for youth released from Wisconsin's Department of Corrections-Division of Juvenile Corrections. The Disabilities Services Division ("DSD") provides services to adults with special needs between the ages of 18 and 59 and to children birth to 21 with disabilities and their families. Services are targeted at populations with physical and developmental disabilities and sensory impairment. The division operates the Disabilities Resource Center and provides information and assistance, service access and prevention, disability benefits counseling and Family Care entitlement benefits enrollment. DSD also manages the Interim Disability Assistance Program and the General Assistance burials programs. The *Housing Division* administers Housing and Urban Development funded programs, including the Housing First Permanent Housing Project (formerly the Safe Haven program), Housing Choice Voucher, the Community Development Block Grant program and HOME/Home Repair. The division also provides outreach and supportive housing. The Director's Office & Management Services Division provide administrative guidance, accounting support and contract oversight. This division also oversees the Home Energy Program and 211 Impact, which is a referral service for individuals in need of social services.

The Behavioral Health Division ("BHD") provides care and treatment of persons with disorders related to alcohol and substance abuse as well as developmentally, emotionally and mentally ill adults, children and adolescents under direction from the Milwaukee County Mental Health Board ("MCMHB"). The MCMHB is a 13-member board, with 11 voting members appointed by the County Executive with input from the Milwaukee County Board and other organizations as defined in State Statute, as well as two non-voting members. The range of services provided by the BHD encompass inpatient care, outpatient care and day treatment. Acute hospital admissions are initiated by voluntary application or through legal detention methods such as court commitment. Extended care services are provided at federally certified, skilled nursing facilities and at facilities for the developmentally disabled. Day treatment is offered to patients who have progressed to the stage where inpatient hospitalization is no longer indicated but who require more intensive treatment than is available in an outpatient facility. The Community Services Branch provides both mental health and alcohol and other drug abuse services through contracts with community service providers or at community clinics. Over the past several years, the BHD has completely phased out its extended care services and moved longterm care patients into community settings.

The MCMHB is responsible for recommending an operating budget to the County Executive that must have a levy between \$53 and \$65 million unless the County Board, MCMHB and County Executive agree to an amount outside the range or if the MCMHB transfers to itself jurisdiction of a new function, service or program. The County Board has no authority to approve a tax levy amount other than that directed by the County Executive. Since the MCMHB does not have direct bond authority, any capital projects needed would have to be paid from current operating appropriations, from mental health reserves, or through bonds, if approved by the County Board of Supervisors.

The **Department on Aging** administers aging programs and serves as the County's designated area agency on aging. Services provided by the Department on Aging are designed to provide an appropriate mix of community-based care and direct services to prevent the inappropriate and costly institutionalization of older adults. The *Administration Division* provides administrative guidance, accounting support and

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contract oversight. *Area Agency Services* provides a network of support services to the aging population and provides a range of grants to community based agencies to provide specialized programming for elderly adults. The **Senior Meal Program** provides nutritious lunches at community dining sites and home delivered meals. The **Senior Centers** provide social and recreational activities including exercise, computers with internet access and special events. The **Aging Resource Center** serves as an information clearinghouse, provides eligibility assessments for persons seeking assistance in any Aging program and acts as a point of entry for all publicly funded long term care programs. The Resource Center also acts as the elder abuse/protective services agency for people age 60 and greater in Milwaukee County and provides evidence based wellness and prevention programs.

**Parks, Recreation and Culture.** This functional area includes the Department of Parks, Recreation and Culture, the Milwaukee County Zoo, the Milwaukee Public Museum and other cultural institutions that receive County support.

The **Department of Parks, Recreation and Culture** operates the Milwaukee County Parks System, which is comprised of over 150 parks and parkways totaling over 15,000 acres of parkland. The Parks Department provides a variety of sports and recreation opportunities to County residents and visitors. The Parks Department maintains golf courses, indoor and outdoor aquatic facilities, an indoor ice arena and a sports complex that hosts tournaments, competitions, leagues and tradeshows. The famous Oak Leaf Recreational Trail, along with many miles of parkways, provides off-road paved paths for walking and biking and connects all major parks and parkways in the Park System. In addition, dozens of parks have baseball or softball fields, basketball courts, sand volleyball, tennis courts, disc golf, rugby fields, cricket courts and other facilities that can be rented or used recreationally. The Parks Department also offers both supervised sports activities as well as leisure recreation in exercise and game room gatherings in its community centers. The centers offer a host of activities that focus on the needs of the community including access to fitness equipment, indoor basketball, boxing and help with homework.

More than half of the County's parkland is managed as a natural area. Additional public educational opportunities are offered through Boerner Botanical Gardens, the Mitchell Park Horticultural Conservatory and Wehr Nature Center. The Department also maintains lakefront property and operates beaches along Lake Michigan. Fishing and boating access is provided through launch sites along the lake, including sites at McKinley Marina and South Shore Park.

The **Zoological Department** operates the Milwaukee County Zoo ("Zoo"), one of the country's finest zoological attractions with approximately 350 species and over 2,100 mammals, birds, fish, amphibians and reptiles. Spanning 190 acres and approximately 588,000 square feet of facilities, specialized habitats and exhibits at the Zoo include the Family Farm, a working farm and dairy complex; the Peck Welcome Center; the Sea Lion and Polar Bear exhibits; the Aviary; the Small Mammals Building; the Florence Mila Borchert Big Cat Country exhibit; the Apes of Africa exhibit and Primate Building; the Education Center; the Lake Evinrude Deck; the Aquatic & Reptile Center; the Otter Exhibit and the Special Exhibits Building. The Zoo opened a new Adventure Africa Elephant Exhibit in 2019 and continued preparing a new Hippopotamus Exhibit. Other Zoo facilities

## Letter of Transmittal

include a sky safari, a railroad, a carousel, a zoomobile, ropes course, zip line, Birds of Prey show and the Oceans of Fun Seal and Sea Lion show. More than 1.2 million people visited the Zoo in 2019.

The **Marcus Center for the Performing Arts** ("Marcus Center") is a cultural center that hosts the Milwaukee Symphony Orchestra, Milwaukee Ballet Company, Florentine Opera, Milwaukee Youth Symphony Orchestra, First Stage Milwaukee, Black Arts MKE and other special arts groups and entertainment events. The County's annual operating contribution to the Marcus Center for 2019 is \$0.8 million.

The **Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc.,** ("MPM") operates through a public-private partnership since 1992. The private, not-for-profit organization MPM, Inc., operates the Museum, and the County owns the buildings and artifacts. The board of directors of MPM includes representatives appointed by the County Board and the County Executive. A 2013 Lease and Management Agreement, as amended in 2019, established the County's annual operating contribution to the MPM for 2019 at \$3.5 million.

MPM hosts international exhibitions annually and receives nearly a half million visitors to its exhibitions and Daniel M. Soref Theater and Planetarium each year. Through its MPM on the Move traveling museum program, the Museum's educators provide hands-on learning opportunities to students throughout Wisconsin.

**Business-type Functions**. The County operates General Mitchell International Airport, Lawrence J. Timmerman Airport, and Milwaukee County Transit Services and classifies these enterprise fund activities as business-type activity in the government-wide financial statements.

The **Airport Division** of the Department of Transportation operates General Mitchell International Airport ("GMIA") and Lawrence J. Timmerman Airport ("LJT"). **GMIA** is located six miles south of the City of Milwaukee's central business district and covers nearly 2,400 acres. GMIA is the largest and busiest airport in Wisconsin, serving nearly 6.9 million passengers in 2019. GMIA offers non-stop flights to 37 cities. 190 international destinations are available from Milwaukee with just one connection. **LJT** is located in the northwest quadrant of the County. This 420-acre general aviation facility serves privately owned aircraft and provides pilot training through its flight school. Operating expenses of both airports are entirely supported by user fees. No property tax dollars are used for capital improvements or for day-to-day operations.

The **Milwaukee County Transit System** ("MCTS") is the County's mass transit system and is operated by the Department of Transportation through a transit management services provider - Milwaukee Transport Services. MCTS has an active bus fleet of less than 400 diesel buses, serves approximately 5,000 bus stops and operates approximately 50 routes, including Freeway Flyer service from outlying park-ride lots, and limited stop Metro Express service which travels through the heart of the city to major destinations across the County. MCTS provides on average 100,000 rides per day to people across Milwaukee County with some access to Ozaukee and Waukesha Counties. Budgeted fare revenue, Vehicle Registration Fee revenue and federal and state aid account for approximately 94 percent of operating costs. MCTS also has a paratransit program for persons with disabilities.

# Letter of Transmittal

#### C) COMMUNITY CHARACTERISTICS

Milwaukee County, located in southeastern Wisconsin on the Lake Michigan shoreline, was formed in 1835 when it was part of the Michigan Territory. Prior to that, the area had been settled by a variety of Native American tribes and was explored by French priests and traders as far back as 1674. The name "Milwaukee" is generally believed to be derived from a Native American term meaning "good land."

Today, Milwaukee County is, by population, the largest county in the State of Wisconsin. The Census Bureau estimates that Milwaukee County is the 53<sup>rd</sup> most populous in the United States with approximately 946,000 residents. Milwaukee County is the only fully incorporated county in Wisconsin and includes 19 municipalities that range from the large urban center in the City of Milwaukee with nearly 600,000 residents to small villages such as River Hills with a population of under 2,000. The County anchors the Greater Milwaukee Metropolitan Area, which has a population of more than 2 million and includes seven neighboring counties: Racine, Walworth, Waukesha, Jefferson, Dodge, Washington and Ozaukee.

Milwaukee County's location on Lake Michigan, near the nation's geographic center and in close proximity to the Chicago metropolitan area, provides many logistical advantages. The County has a well-developed arterial street and highway system, including four interstate highways, three major U.S. highways and fifteen state highways. Major reconstruction on I-94 from Milwaukee to Illinois, began in 2009 and is scheduled for completion in 2022.

Freight service is provided to other metropolitan areas by numerous trucking establishments and two major railroads, the Union Pacific and Canadian Pacific. Passenger rail service is available from Amtrak and national and inter-city bus lines serve Milwaukee County. Milwaukee is also a major Great Lakes port. The commodities handled at the Port directly impact the long-term economic success and growth of the State of Wisconsin on a yearly basis. Salt, cement products, coal, grain, machinery, steel, oils and liquid fuels pass through the Port. The Port accommodated approximately 2.7 million metric tons of cargo in 2019. The Foreign-Trade Zone Board designated the Port of Milwaukee as the Grantee for the Southeastern Wisconsin Foreign Trade Zone No. 41 which comprises 12 counties. The Port berths the high-speed passenger and auto ferry that connects Milwaukee with Muskegon, Michigan. The Lake Express ferry contributes not only to tourism but adds another form of transportation for Milwaukee County residents.

Milwaukee County is also home to a number of colleges and universities, including Alverno College, Cardinal Stritch University, Marquette University, the Medical College of Wisconsin, Milwaukee Area Technical College, Milwaukee Institute of Art & Design, Milwaukee School of Engineering, Mount Mary University, University of Wisconsin Milwaukee and Wisconsin Lutheran College.

Population-wise, the County has remained fairly constant since its drastic drop in the 1970s due to changes in the nation's manufacturing industry. The most recent population estimate for Milwaukee County (2019) is down 0.2% percent from the last decennial estimate. The table below includes recent decennial estimates for the County.

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#### **Population Statistics**

Year	Population
2019	945,726
2010	947,735
2000	940,164
1990	959,275
1980	964,988
1970	1,054,249

The County's labor force has remained relatively constant as well, while the unemployment rate has decreased by 1.7 percent from 2015 to 2019. According to the State of Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development, unemployment in Milwaukee County has decreased from 5.7 percent in 2015 to 4.0 percent in 2019. During that same time period, the total labor force decreased by more than 10,000 persons. The Labor Force Statistics table below provides the average annual estimates over the past five years.

			_	Unemployment Rate	
Year	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Milwaukee County	State of Wisconsin
2019	466,908	448,251	18,657	4.0%	3.3%
2018	468,452	451,475	16,977	3.6%	3.0%
2017	475,142	456,025	19,117	4.0%	3.3%
2016	477,381	453,685	23,696	5.0%	4.0%
2015	477,008	449,715	27,393	5.7%	4.5%

#### Labor Force Statistics for Milwaukee County (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Source: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development

The Milwaukee Metropolitan Association of Commerce (MMAC) Business Outlook Survey, First Quarter, 2020, found that 69% of area businesses surveyed expected sales increases in 2020's first quarter, 68% forecast profit gains and 47% predicted employment growth for their local operations over year-ago levels.

In that report published in January 2020, the MMAC stated, "A strong job picture – record high employment levels and low unemployment rates – have yet to drive stronger expected wage and salary increases."

However, MMAC's Metro Milwaukee Economic Trends April 2020 report documented a sharp decline in the outlook attributed to the COVID-19 pandemic downturn. MMAC observed of the Metro area that "unemployment indicators hit historic highs. The number of unemployed went from 26,000 one year ago to April's 118,300 – an increase of 355%."

Milwaukee County lags behind both the State and the United States for per capita personal income and has not kept pace with national and statewide increases. The Bureau of Economic Analysis provides estimates of per capita income data. Available data for the County, State of Wisconsin and United States over the past five years are presented in the following table.

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Year	Milwaukee County	State of Wisconsin	<b>United States</b>
2018	\$47,589	\$51,592	\$54,446
2017	\$45,338	\$49,290	\$51,885
2016	\$43,729	\$47,550	\$49,870
2015	\$43,435	\$46,681	\$48,978
2014	\$42,118	\$44,939	\$47,058

#### Per Capita Personal Income

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

#### D) FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

**Budgeting.** The County has an executive budget process for the preparation of the annual operating and capital budgets. The Office of Performance, Strategy and Budget (PSB) of the Department of Administrative Services provides the technical assistance required by the County Executive to review budget requests submitted by County departments and agencies. PSB compiles these requests, along with principal and interest requirements, capital improvements, contingency requirements and the required tax levy. It reviews areas where changes may be considered and transmits its findings to the County Executive. The County Executive holds public hearings with respect to the requests, meets with departments and submits a recommended budget to the County Board on or before October 1st of each year. Subsequent to the receipt of the budget from the County Executive, the County Board's Committee on Finance reviews the County Executive's budget at public meetings. On the Monday following its regularly scheduled meeting on the first Thursday in November, the County Board acts on the amendments and recommendations submitted by the Committee on Finance, as well as amendments submitted by individual supervisors. The County Board adopts a final budget, subject to any vetoes by the County Executive, and levies taxes based upon equalized property values.

**Accounting Policies and Budgetary Control.** Section 59.60(3m) of the Wisconsin Statutes specifies that all County accounting and budgeting procedures shall comply with generally accepted accounting principles. The Comptroller's Office monitors the accounting policies and procedures followed by County departments for compliance.

The County's accounting records for governmental funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when measurable and available; expenditures are recorded when the goods or services are received and the liabilities are incurred. The County's accounting records for proprietary, agency and pension trust funds of the County are maintained on an accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when the services are performed; expenditures are recorded when the goods or services are recorded when the goods or services are recorded and the liabilities are incurred.

County management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that County assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and assurance that the County financial records are free from material misstatement and accurately account for the County's assets. The concept

## Letter of Transmittal

of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary control is maintained by a formal appropriation and encumbrance/expenditure system. Encumbrances are made against appropriations upon the release of a purchase order to a vendor. Expenses are incurred upon the receipt of goods or services, and the matching to invoices and purchase orders. This expenditure matching will reduce open encumbrances, related to the purchase order being paid. The expenditures and remaining open encumbrances will reduce the available appropriation. New encumbrances or expenses that would reduce the net appropriation balance below the authorized limits are halted until additional appropriation authority is granted. As authorized by State Statute, open encumbered purchase orders are restored to departmental appropriation accounts in the following year, thus allowing departments to complete the purchase transaction, using prior year funded appropriations. Expenditures are then recorded when the services or materials are received, which will release the encumbrance.

Every appropriation, except for an appropriation for capital expenditures or major repairs, lapses at December 31 to the extent that it has not been expended or encumbered. An appropriation for a capital expenditure or a major repair continues in force until the purpose for which it was made has been accomplished or abandoned or three years pass without any expenditure or encumbrance. The County Board of Supervisors approves carryovers recommended by the Comptroller and the Department of Administrative Services.

**Auditing.** Pursuant to Wisconsin Statutes and Milwaukee County General Ordinances, the Milwaukee County Comptroller, a publicly elected official, is charged with performing all audit functions related to Milwaukee County government. These audit functions are carried out through the Office of the Comptroller's Audit Services Division. As required by State Statute, the Division conducts audits of accounting and administrative controls, compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and economy, efficiency, and effectiveness of operations and program results, in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

Additionally, the Audit Services Division contracts with an independent certified public accounting firm to audit the County's comprehensive annual financial report, containing its basic financial statements, as well as its schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards. These audits are conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the provisions of the State of Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines.

**Debt Administration.** In 1994, the County established new policies and revised existing policies that directly and indirectly affect its borrowing practices, including development of guidelines for maximum debt burdens and maximum maturity and modifications to the procedures for accepting competitive bids.

The County Board has also adopted policies limiting the amount of corporate purpose bonds issued by the County to finance capital projects. Under this policy, corporate purpose bond

## Letter of Transmittal

issuance is limited to an increase of no more than three percent over the preceding year's adopted bond amount.

In 2014, the County added a new policy for its Debt Service Reserve. The policy states that the County will seek to build and maintain a minimum balance of \$10 million in the Debt Service Reserve.

Wisconsin Statutes limit the County's direct general obligation borrowing to an amount equivalent to five percent of the equalized valuation of taxable property. At December 31, 2019, the County had \$532.5 million of net general obligation debt outstanding, representing 15.9 percent of the \$3.4 billion debt limit. The debt limit is based upon equalized value of County property of \$67.2 billion.

Approximately 94.2 percent of the County's general-obligation debt will be retired within ten years. The County's general-purpose obligations do not include revenue bonds issued by the County with respect to the airports. For 2019, total debt of the County, which includes general purpose and Airport revenue bond obligations, was \$668.3 million. As of December 31, 2019, approximately \$135.8 million or 20.3 percent of the County's outstanding general purpose and revenue debt is for the Airports. Pursuant to the lease agreements with the airlines, signatory airlines are obligated to pay all principal and accrued interest payments for debt issued on behalf of the Airports.

Milwaukee County's ratings from Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings, respectively, have assigned the ratings of "Aa2 /AA / AA" to the County's general obligation bonds ("Bonds"). A rating reflects only the view of the rating agency, from whom an explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained. The County is not obligated to maintain the current ratings on the Bonds, and there is no assurance that ratings will continue for any given period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely if, in the judgment of the rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal could have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. The County and the Co-Financial Advisors will undertake no responsibility to oppose any revision or withdrawal of such ratings.

Moody's Investors Service	Standard & Poor's	Fitch IBCA
Aa2	AA	AA

**Investment Policy.** The County may purchase investment securities as allowed by Section 66.0603(1m) of the Wisconsin Statutes and Milwaukee County ordinance at prevailing market rates. To the extent possible, the County attempts to match its investments with anticipated cashflow requirements. In the absence of individual security maturity limitations specified in the Wisconsin Statutes, the County does not directly invest in securities maturing more than ten years from the date of purchase.

**Future Fiscal Outlook.** The Comptroller monitors the County's five-year forecast and provides an annual update to the County Board and County Executive each year. In addition, the Comptroller may update the forecast throughout the year depending on events that may impact the long-term sustainability, such as the State's Biennial Budget.

## Letter of Transmittal

The 2019 model projected a structural deficit for the 2020 budget of \$16.0 million, or \$20.5 million when including costs to implement correctional health insourcing. Key assumptions contributing to the structural deficit in 2020 include funding for the ongoing cost-to-continue of current operations, transit, correctional health and pension and the elimination of reserve contributions. Offsetting these increases are forecasted increases in property tax levy, sales tax and miscellaneous revenue.

The 2020 structural deficit of \$16.0 million was reasonable based on the forecasted cost-tocontinue and use of one-time revenues in 2019. The County's prior year five-year forecast predicted that the County would have a structural deficit of \$10.5 million for the 2020 fiscal year if the 2019 structural deficit of \$16.8 million was solved with long-term solutions. The forecast further projected that if no long-term solutions were implemented, the 2020 structural deficit could reach \$33.9 million. Given the one-time revenues used in 2019, as well as other unforeseen changes, the 2020 structural deficit of \$16.0 million was considered reasonable.

On average, the annual structural deficit will consist of a cost-to-continue of \$15.9 million due to a greater increase in expenditures than what is generated in additional revenue. Expenditures will grow on average 2.4 percent while revenues will grow on average 1.0 percent. The County can also expect an increase in the structural deficit each year in which one-time revenues or expenditure abatements were used in the prior year. In 2019, the County utilized such one-time revenues and expenditure abatements of approximately \$3.3 million, which increased the 2020 structural deficit by the same amount. While a structural deficit of \$16.0 million seems daunting for 2020, if the County were to resolve this structural deficit with long-term solutions, it could expect a 2021 structural deficit of roughly \$19.4 million, barring any unforeseen issues. Any use of one-time revenues or expenditure abatements in the 2020 budget would worsen the structural deficit.

**Property Tax Limit (Local Levy Limit).** Section 66.0602 of the Wisconsin Statutes imposes a limit on property tax levies by cities, villages, towns and counties ("political subdivision"). No city, village, town or county is permitted to increase its tax levy by a percentage that exceeds its valuation factor (which is defined as a percentage equal to the greater of the percentage change in the political subdivision's January 1st equalized value due to new construction less improvements removed or zero percent). A political subdivision may also adjust the limit when a tax increment district terminates, which allows an amount equal to the prior year's allowable levy multiplied by 50% of the political subdivision's percentage growth due to the district's termination. The base amount in any year to which the levy limit applies is the actual levy for the immediately preceding year. This levy limitation is an overall limit, applying to levies for operations as well as for other purposes.

A political subdivision has the ability to carry forward unused levy limit capacity for a period of up to five years under certain conditions. Under Section 66.0602 (3) (fm) of the Wisconsin Statutes, the maximum amount of carry forward that can be claimed as an adjustment in any given year is equal to 5% of the prior year's actual levy. Claiming the carry forward requires approval by a 2/3 majority vote of the political subdivision's governing body, and the amount of general obligation debt outstanding in the year the carry forward is claimed must be less than the amount of general debt outstanding in the prior year. The amount of the potentially available carry forward adjustment is determined by totaling the amount of any unclaimed carry forward percentages from each of the preceding five years' levy limit worksheets. However, since the law specifies that the first levy limit worksheet that can be considered is the one for the 2014 levy, this is a three-year

## Letter of Transmittal

look back and will not truly provide for the potential of a five year carry forward until the 2019 levy year (2020 Budget).

Special provisions are made with respect to property taxes levied to pay general obligation debt service. Those are described below. In addition, the statute provides for certain other exclusions from and adjustments to the tax levy limit. Among the items excluded from the limit are amounts levied for any revenue shortfall for debt service on a revenue bond issued under Section 66.0621, the amount that a County levies in that year to make payments to public libraries under Section 43.12, and the amount that a County levies in that year for a countywide emergency medical system.

With respect to general obligation debt service, the following provisions are made:

- If a political subdivision's levy for the payment of general obligation debt service, including debt service on debt issued or reissued to fund or refund outstanding obligations of the political subdivision and interest on outstanding obligations of the political subdivision, on debt originally authorized before July 1, 2005, is less in the current year than in the previous year, the political subdivision is required to reduce its levy limit in the current year by the amount of the difference between the previous year's levy and the current year's levy. The 2017-2019 Wisconsin State Budget removed language that allowed a political subdivision to avoid reducing its current year levy to reflect reductions on debt originally authorized before July 1, 2005, if it did not utilize the "unused levy" provision of the local levy limit statute.
- For obligations authorized before July 1, 2005, if the amount of debt service in the preceding year is less than the amount of debt service needed in the current year, the levy limit is increased by the difference between the two amounts. The County has no outstanding issues that were authorized prior to July 1, 2005.
- The levy limits do not apply to property taxes levied to pay debt service on general obligation debt authorized on or after July 1, 2005.

## Letter of Transmittal

#### E) OTHER INFORMATION

#### Independent Audit

The accounting firm of Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP was engaged to perform an audit of the basic financial statements and to issue a report on internal controls and compliance with laws and regulations for the County. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements is included in this comprehensive annual financial report.

The selection of the independent audit firm was administered by the Office of the Comptroller – Audit Division. A request for proposal was issued to solicit proposals from eligible firms. The proposals received by the County were reviewed and ranked by the committee. The County Board and County Executive then approved the contract of the successful firm.

The audit is performed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded based upon the audit, that there is a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of the CAFR.

The accounting firm of Coleman & Williams, Ltd. has issued reports on its audit of Federal and State grants known as the Single Audit Report. The Single Audit Report has been issued under separate cover.

#### **Certificate of Achievement**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This was the 40<sup>th</sup> (December 31, 1979, through December 31, 2018) consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Office of the Comptroller, the assistance of personnel in the various departments and the competent service of the independent certified public accountants. We would like to express our appreciation to all persons who assisted in its preparation.

# Letter of Transmittal

Respectfully submitted,

Scott B. Manske Milwaukee County Comptroller



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

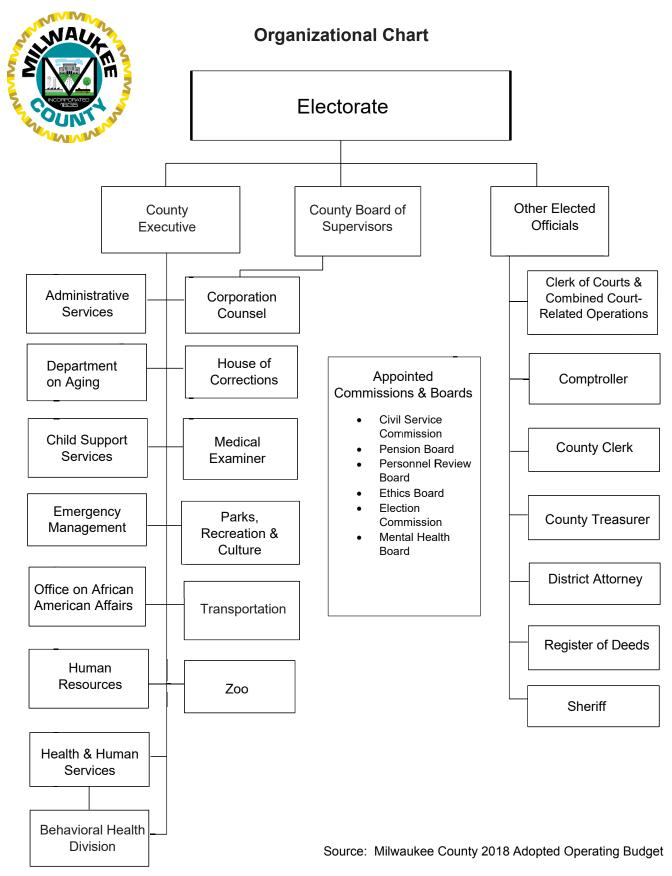
# County of Milwaukee Wisconsin

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



#### List of Principal Officials and Committees December 31, 2019

#### ELECTED

County Executive	Chris Abele
Clerk of Circuit Court/Register in Probate	
Comptroller	
County Clerk	
County Treasurer	
District Attorney	
Register of Deeds	Israel Ramon
Sheriff	

#### ELECTED AND APPOINTED

Chief Judge......Maxine Aldridge White

#### **APPOINTEES / DEPARTMENT HEADS**

<u>Department</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
Administrative Services (*)	. Director	Teig Whaley-Smith
Aging	Interim Director	Mary Jo Meyers
Child Support Services		. James Sullivan
Circuit Courts		. Maxine Aldridge White
Corporation Counsel	. Corporation Counsel	. Margaret Daun
Government Affairs		
Health and Human Services (*)		
House of Correction		
Human Resources (*)		
Medical Examiner		,
Office of African American Affairs		
Office of Emergency Management		
Parks, Recreation, and Culture (*)		
Personnel Review Board and Ethics Board.		
Transportation (*)		
UW - Extension		
County Veterans Services (CVS) Office		
Zoological Gardens	Director	Charles Wikenhauser

(\*) County Executive cabinet officers

#### List of Principal Officials and Committees December 31, 2019

#### ELECTED

#### COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS - (By District Number)

- 1- Theodore Lipscomb, Sr. (Chairperson)
- 2- Sequanna Taylor
- 3- Sheldon A. Wasserman
- 4- Marina Dimitrijevic
- 5- Marcelia Nicholson
- 6- James Schmitt
- 7- Felesia A. Martin
- 8- Steven Shea
- 9- Patti Logsdon

11- Dan Sebring
12- Sylvia Ortiz-Velez
13- Willie Johnson, Jr.
14- Jason Haas
15- Eddie Cullen

10- Supreme Moore Omokunde

- **16-** John F. Weishan, Jr. **17-** Anthony Staskunas
- 18- Deanna Alexander
- 10- Deanna Alexande

#### **COUNTY BOARD STANDING COMMITTEES**

The Board Chairperson appoints the chairperson and members of eight standing committees of the Milwaukee County Board. Each Committee is comprised of a Committee Chairperson and 5 to 7 members.

The **Economic and Community Development Committee** oversees the administration of federal, state and local housing programs in the County, including the Community Development Block Grant Program. Matters pertaining to economic development of Milwaukee County, including the disposition of county properties zoned as parks, are decided by this Committee. The Committee receives information regarding the disposition of County property not zoned as park.

The **<u>Finance and Audit Committee</u>** reviews County budget, taxation and insurance matters. Audit reports are reviewed to ensure County departments implement program improvements and cost-saving recommendations.

The <u>Health and Human Needs Committee</u> is responsible for policies related to the Department of Health and Human Services, Children's Court Center, Department on Aging, Office for Persons with Disabilities and Veterans Service Office.

The **Intergovernmental Relations Committee** reviews proposed federal, state and local legislation affecting the County and makes recommendations determining the County's policy on these matters. On special occasions, members of the Committee appear before Congress, the State Legislature and governing bodies of other municipalities to support the County Board's policies.

The **Judiciary. Safety and General Services Committee** considers legal questions concerning lawsuits or claims by or against the County, including for personal injuries and property damage. The Committee is advised of settlements of insured claims against the County. Members set policy for County funded State Court Services, Family Court Commissioners, Jury Management, Register in Probate, Election Commission, County Clerk, Register of Deeds, Legal Resource Center, Sheriff, Medical Examiner, District Attorney, House of Correction, Department of Child Support Services and Corporation Counsel.

#### List of Principal Officials and Committees December 31, 2019

The **Parks. Energy and Environment Committee** is responsible for all matters concerning County parks and parkways. Members set policy for the Parks Department, organized recreation, cultural activities, arts, the University Extension program, and the Zoo. Members make recommendations relating to conservation of air, water, energy and all other resources.

The **<u>Personnel Committee</u>** is responsible for employee relations, reclassification, compensation and conditions of employment of County personnel and officers. Members set policy for the Civil Service Commission and the County Employee Merit Award program.

The **Transportation**. **Public Works and Transit Committee** is responsible for the mission of the Department of Transportation, including the construction and maintenance of County highways, bridges, airports and public structures. Members discuss the policy of mass transit and the Milwaukee County Transit System, including fares, service routes and capital improvements. The Committee also discusses all matters under its jurisdiction pertaining to railroads and public utilities in the County.

Some matters coming before the County Board have a significant policy impact or a unique set of circumstances which overlap specific committee jurisdiction (for example, the closing of a major County facility). On such occasions, the <u>Committee of the Whole</u> will meet at the call of the County Board Chairperson. All 18 supervisors are members of the Committee of the Whole.

# FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) - Required Supplementary Information
- Basic Financial Statements
- Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Supplementary Information Combining and Individual Fund Statement Schedules



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Milwaukee Milwaukee, Wisconsin

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Milwaukee's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc. and the Marcus Center for Performing Arts, which represent 62 percent, 68 percent and 56 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc. and the Marcus Center for the Performing Arts, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc., the Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc., and the Marcus Center for the standards in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

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An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the County of Milwaukee's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Milwaukee's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Milwaukee's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Milwaukee's basic financial statements. The "Introductory Section" and "Statistical Section" are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2020 on our consideration of the County of Milwaukee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Milwaukee's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Milwaukee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly Virchaw Krause, UP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin July 29, 2020

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

The County of Milwaukee's management's discussion and analysis provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's basic financial statements following this section. All dollar amounts are expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## Highlights for Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

- The County's assets and deferred outflow of resources are exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$1,363,758 on a government-wide basis as of December 31, 2019. The unrestricted net position of the County is a deficit of \$2,394,762.
- For the fiscal year, program and general revenues of the County's governmental activities total \$866,119. Expenses total \$874,881, including net transfers out of \$13,564.
- For the fiscal year, revenues of the County's business-type activities total \$267,088, including net transfers in of \$13,564. Expenses total \$248,655.

## Highlights for Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's most significant funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

- The County's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of \$236,568 as of December 31, 2019 compared to \$219,638 as of December 31, 2018.
- The County's enterprise funds report combined net position of \$19,428 as of December 31, 2019, compared to \$995 as of December 31, 2018, as restated for GASB Statement No. 75.
- In October 2019, the County issued:
  - \$21,115 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A and \$520 of Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B, to refinance certain obligations of the County, and \$8,535 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019C, to finance certain capital projects of the County.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (cont'd)

- \$26,945 of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A, and \$13,520 of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B, to refinance certain obligations of the County.
- In November 2019, the County issued:
  - \$4,005 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019D; \$5,345 of Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019E; \$10,740 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019F; and \$9,755 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019G, to finance various capital projects.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The financial section of this annual report consists of four parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (presented here), (2) basic financial statements that include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements, (3) required supplementary information, and (4) other supplementary information.

The County's basic financial statements consist of two types of statements, each with a different view of the County's finances. The government-wide financial statements provide both long and short-term information about the County's overall financial status. The fund statements focus on major aspects of the County's operations, reporting those operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The basic financial statements also include notes to explain information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The statements and notes are followed by required supplementary information that contains the trend data pertaining to the retirement systems. Directly following this information is other supplementary information with combining and individual fund statements and schedules to provide details about the governmental, internal service, and fiduciary funds.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The **government-wide financial statements**, which consist of two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Milwaukee County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The first government-wide statement, *the statement of net position*, presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflow of resources less liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, resulting in the net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement, *the statement of activities*, presents information showing how the County's net position changed during 2019. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for not only current uses of cash flow but also for items that will result in cash flows in a future fiscal period (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused paid benefits).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Milwaukee County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (referred to as "governmental activities") from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (referred to as "business-type activities").

The governmental activities of Milwaukee County include: Legislative, Executive and Staff; Courts and Judiciary; General Governmental Services; Public Safety; Public Works and Highways; Health and Human Services; and Parks, Recreation and Culture. The business-type activities of Milwaukee County include the Airports and the Transit System.

The government-wide financial statements include the County's governmental and businesstype activities (collectively referred to as the "primary government") as well as the legally separate entities (known as "discretely presented component units") for which the County is financially accountable or would cause the County's financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if the entity was excluded. The Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc., Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc., and Marcus Center for the Performing Arts are the County's discretely presented component units. Together, the primary government and its discretely presented component units are referred to as the reporting entity. Financial information is presented separately on each financial statement for governmental activities, business-type activities, primary government and component units.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 55 - 58 of this report.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Milwaukee County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Milwaukee County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

### Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' balance sheet and the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation called non-major governmental funds. These non-major governmental funds are all special revenue funds of the County. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate budgetary compliance in the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparisons for other funds with adopted budgets as well as a general fund budgetary comparison by department is also included in the Supplementary Information section.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 59 - 63 of this report.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

## Proprietary funds

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities of the Airports and the Transit System. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Public Works services, Information Management services, and its Risk Management activities; because these services predominantly benefit governmental, rather than business-type functions, they are included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements of the proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Airports and the Transit System, which are considered to be major funds of the County. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is also included in the Supplementary Information section.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 64 - 68 of this report.

## Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government or are custodial in nature. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds: the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The County's fiduciary funds consist of a pension trust fund and agency funds. The pension trust fund is used to account for the assets held in trust by the County for the employees and beneficiaries of its defined pension plans - the Employees' Retirement System and the OBRA Retirement System. The agency funds are used to account for monies received, held, and disbursed on behalf of the State of Wisconsin Court System, fee collections, as mandated by the State, social service clients, and certain other local governments.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 69 - 70 of this report.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

### Component Units

Component Units are composed of the Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc., Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc, and Marcus Center for the Performing Arts. These entities are included because generally accepted accounting principles require that organizations for which the County either has a financial responsibility or governance influence, such as board appointments, or if the County's financial statements would be incomplete or misleading if an entity was excluded, be reported with Milwaukee County.

The component unit financial statements can be found on pages 71 - 72 of this report.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes can be found on pages 73 - 167 of this report.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's and Transit System's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

The required supplementary information can be found on pages 168 - 176 of this report.

### Supplementary Information

Individual fund schedules are provided for budgetary comparisons of the major funds. In addition, various individual and combining fund financial statements and schedules are provided for non-major governmental funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds.

The supplementary information can be found on pages 177 - 195 of this report.

### Other Supplementary Information

Separate financial schedules are presented for the Behavioral Health Division Fund - Balance Sheet and Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

The other supplementary information can be found on pages 196 - 198 of this report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The Government-wide financial statements are provided as part of the approach mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). GASB sets the uniform standards for presenting government financial reports. Complete comparative information is provided in this the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Net position(deficit) may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In 2019, assets and deferred outflow of resources are exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflow of resources by \$(1,363,758) at the close of the fiscal year. The County's net position increased by \$(9,671) during the fiscal year.

#### COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE. WISCONSIN **Net Position** (In Thousands)

		mental vities	Business-type Activities	Primary Government Total
	2019	2018	2019 2018	2019 2018
Current and Other Assets	\$ 668,117	\$ 658,793	\$ 149,472 \$ 146,635	\$ 817,589 \$ 805,428
Long-Term Assets	4,361	3,959		4,361 3,959
Capital Assets	635,389	655,175	498,035 516,333	1,133,424 1,171,508
Total Assets	1,307,867	1,317,927	647,507 662,968	1,955,374 1,980,895
Deferred Outflow of Resources	220,704	171,022	70,198 29,068	290,902 200,090
Total Assets and Deferred				
Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,528,571	\$ 1,488,949	<u>\$ 717,705 </u> \$ 692,036	<u>\$ 2,246,276                                   </u>
Current Liabilities	\$ 172,485	\$ 189,451	\$ 65,636 \$ 64,825	\$ 238,121 \$ 254,276
Long-Term Liabilities	2,339,031	2,332,401	585,329 579,130	2,924,360 2,911,531
Total Liabilities	2,511,516	2,521,852	650,965 643,955	3,162,481 3,165,807
Deferred Inflow of Resources	400,241	341,521	47,312 47,086	447,553 388,607
Net Position (Deficit):				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	419,254	421,954	325,138 336,651	744,392 758,605
Restricted	235,354	221,480	51,258 43,618	286,612 265,098
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(2,037,794)	(2,017,858)	(356,968) (379,274	) (2,394,762) (2,397,132)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(1,383,186)	(1,374,424)	19,428 995	(1,363,758) (1,373,429)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
and Net Position		\$ 1,488,949	<u>\$ 717,705                                   </u>	<u>\$ 2,246,276                                   </u>

The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure, net of depreciation and amortization, plus any unspent capital bond funds less the outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets). As of December 31, 2019, the net investment in capital assets is \$744,392, a decrease of \$14,213 from the prior year. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Indirectly, the depreciation of capital assets is an expense for proprietary funds and therefore, as an expense, is available to be reimbursed through user fees of those funds.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont'd)

Restricted net position as of December 31, 2019 totals \$286,612. These assets are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, some of which include grant-related restrictions and debt service restrictions. The airport passenger facility charges ("PFC") revenue is restricted for airport bond repayment and future airport capital needs.

Unrestricted net position represents the remaining amount of net position that is neither related to capital assets nor is it restricted for specific purposes. As of December 31, 2019, the unrestricted net position balance is \$(2,394,762). Unrestricted net position increased by \$2,370 in 2019.

#### **Statement of Activities**

The following table provides the summary of the changes in net position for the primary government for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN Summary of Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			ss-type ⁄ities	Primary Go	overnment tal	
	2019		2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
	\$ 204,12				\$125,020		
Operating Grants and Contributions	186,64		186,691	89,837	92,468	276,486	279,159
Capital Grants and Contributions	7,43	5	9,608	12,299	5,999	19,734	15,607
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	297,97	0	294,488	-	-	297,970	294,488
Sales Taxes	82,28		79,226	-	-	82,282	79,226
Other Revenue	41,89	1	38,604	-	-	41,891	38,604
Intergovernmental Revenues not Related to Specific							
Programs	33,11		34,174		-	33,117	34,174
Vehicle Registration Fee	1,06		1,340	,	15,822	17,248	17,162
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	18			8	63	192	63
Investment Income	11,40	0	6,395	1,192	1,108	12,592	7,503
Total Revenues	866,11	9	849,414	253,524	240,480	1,119,643	1,089,894
_							
Expenses:							
Legislative, Executive, and Staff	52,59		46,097	-	-	52,597	46,097
Courts and Judiciary	60,03		59,360		-	60,038	59,360
General Governmental Services	12,53		12,602		-	12,533	12,602
Public Safety	181,72		174,702	-	-	181,721	174,702
Public Works and Highways	108,48		87,701	-	-	108,482	87,701
Human Services	335,47		323,540	-	-	335,475	323,540
Parks, Recreation, and Culture	94,25		90,315	-	-	94,253	90,315
Interest	16,21	ö	18,281	102 670	-	16,218	18,281
Airports Transit		-	-	103,673 144,982	92,641 154,766	103,673 144,982	92,641 154,766
Total Expenses	064 24	<u>-</u>	942 509	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<i>,</i>	
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	861,31	_	812,598	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	247,407	1,109,972	1,060,005
Change in Net Position Defore Transfers	4,80	2	36,816	4,869	(6,927)	9,671	29,889

# Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

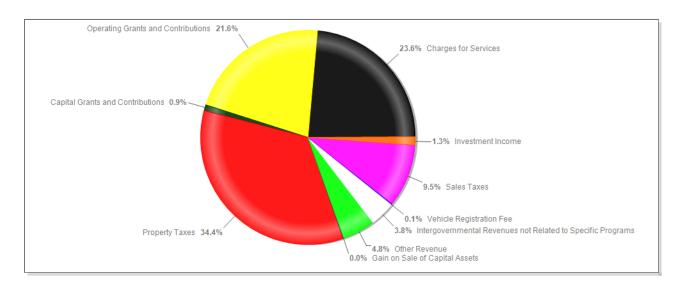
(Unaudited)
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	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ	ss-type vities	Primary Government Total	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Transfers	(13,564)	(13,438)	13,564	13,438		
Change in Net Position	(8,762)	23,378	18,433	6,511	9,671	29,889
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of the Year Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting	(1,374,424)	(507,487)	995	304,853	(1,373,429)	(202,634)
Principle Net Position (Deficit) - End of the Year	- \$(1,383,186) \$	(890,315) (1,374,424)\$		<u>310,369)</u> 995	- \$(1,363,758)	<u>(1,200,684)</u> \$(1,373,429)

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Governmental activities of Milwaukee County include Legislative, Executive and Staff, Courts and Judiciary, General Governmental Services, Public Safety, Public Works and Highways, Health and Human Services, and Parks, Recreation and Culture.

#### 2019 Actual Revenues compared to 2018 Actual Revenues



#### **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities - 2019**

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont'd)

The County's Governmental Activities' total actual revenues increased by \$16,705 (or 2.0%) to \$866,119 in 2019 from \$849,414 in 2018. The various sources of revenue for fiscal year 2019 are stated as a percentage of total revenues in the Revenues by Source pie graph above.

Charges for Services increased by \$5,241 to \$204,129 in 2019 from \$198,888 in 2018. Charges for Services is the largest source of County revenues and represents collections from those who directly benefit from County services.

Operating Grants and Contributions revenue decreased by \$42 to \$186,649 in 2019 from \$186,691 in 2018. Operating Grants and Contributions generally represent federal and state grants revenue with the majority supporting health and human services programs.

Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$2,173 to \$7,435 in 2019 from \$9,608 in 2018. Parks and Highways have projects that are funded with federal and state capital grants.

Property Tax revenue increased by \$3,482 to \$297,970 in 2019 from \$294,488 in 2018. Caps on increases in levy rates limit the increase each year which is more fully described in the Letter of Transmittal.

Sales Tax revenue increased by \$3,056 to \$82,282 in 2019 from \$79,226 in 2018. Beginning October 1, 2018, the State of Wisconsin requires sellers without a physical presence in Wisconsin to collect and remit sales or use tax on sales of taxable products and services in Wisconsin.

Intergovernmental revenues not related to specific programs decreased by \$1,057 to \$33,117 in 2019 from \$34,174 in 2018.

Vehicle Registration Fee revenue decreased by \$278 to \$1,062 in 2019 from \$1,340 in 2018 as more funds were used to support transit operations.

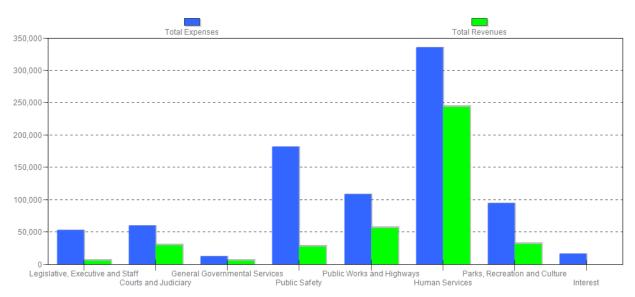
Investment Income increased by \$5,005 to \$11,400 in 2019 from \$6,395 in 2018 as a result of a better market interest rates obtained in the first half of the year.

Gain/(Loss) on the Sale of Capital Assets increased by \$184 to \$184 in 2019 from \$0 in 2018.

Other revenue increased by \$3,287 to \$41,891 in 2019 from \$38,604 in 2018, primarily due to increased private donations for new capital projects related to the Zoo.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont'd)



**Total Expenses and Total Revenues - Governmental Activities - 2019** 

## 2019 Actual Expenses compared to 2018 Actual Expenses

The County's Governmental Activities' total actual expenses increased by \$48,719 (or 6.0%) to \$861,317 in 2019 from \$812,598 in 2018. Total expenses compared to total revenues by activity for fiscal year 2019 are shown in the Total Expenses and Total Revenues bar graph.

Legislative, Executive, and Staff expenses increased by \$6,500 to \$52,597 in 2019 from \$46,097 in 2018 as a result of a change in the allocation method for retiree pension and health expenses, an increase in salary expense for budgeted wage increase, offset by a reduction in risk management services costs.

Courts and Judiciary expenses increased by \$678 to \$60,038 in 2019 from \$59,360 in 2018.

General Governmental Services expenses decreased by \$69 to \$12,533 in 2019 from \$12,602 in 2018.

Public Safety expenses increased by \$7,019 to \$181,721 in 2019 from \$174,702 in 2018 primarily due to increased medical services fees at the House of Corrections, and costs of maintaining corrections operations.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont'd)

Public Works and Highways expenses increased by \$20,781 to \$108,482 in 2019 from \$87,701 in 2018 primarily due to higher pollution remediation costs, depreciation costs and non-capitalizable project expenses.

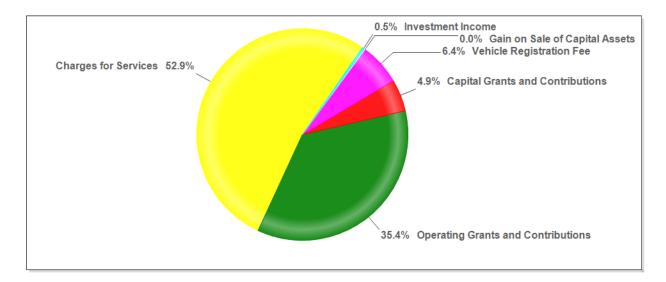
Human Services expenses increased by \$11,935 to \$335,475 in 2019 from \$323,540 in 2018 due to increased costs related to growth in the Comprehensive Community Service program and an increase in salary and wage expense for planned wage increases.

Parks, Recreation, and Culture expenses increased by \$3,938 to \$94,253 in 2019 from \$90,315 in 2018 primarily due to increased salary and wage expense for planned wage increases, and increases commodity purchases.

Interest expense decreased by \$2,063 to \$16,218 in 2019 from \$18,281 in 2018.

## Business-type Activities

The Business-type activities of Milwaukee County includes the Airports and Transit/Para-Transit ("Transit") System.



#### Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities - 2019

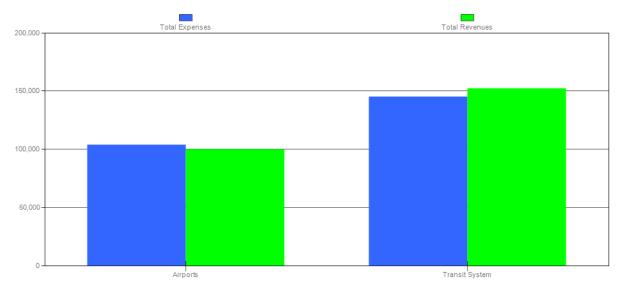
### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont'd)

In 2019, the Airports' net operating income/(loss) increased by \$139 (or 8.5%) to (1,499) in 2019 from (1,638) in 2018. Net nonoperating revenues/(expenses) decreased by \$686 (or 12.9%) to (6,015) in 2019 from (5,329) in 2018. Total passengers at General Mitchell International Airport declined to 6.895 million passengers in 2019 from 7.098 million passengers in 2018.

Charges for Services revenue, which includes fees charged to airlines for use of the airport and fees received from ancillary services of the airport, increased by \$10,621 to \$94,757 in 2019 from \$84,136 in 2018. Capital Grants and Contributions revenues decreased by \$1,444 to \$4,867 in 2019 from \$6,311 in 2018. Investment Income increased by \$84 to \$1,192 in 2019 from \$1,108 in 2018. Operating Grants and Contributions revenues decreased by \$144 to \$202 in 2019 from \$346 in 2018. The Vehicle Registration Fee revenue is not applicable for the Airports.

The Airports' operating expenses increased by \$10,482 to \$96,256 in 2019 from \$85,774 in 2018. Interest expense increased by \$550 to \$7,417 in 2019 from \$6,867 in 2018. Gain/ (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets is negligible for the Airports. Net operating transfers increased by \$2,616 to \$3,885 in 2019 from \$1,269 in 2018.



#### Total Expenses and Total Revenues - Business-type Activities - 2019

In 2019, the Transit System's net operating income/(loss) increased by \$7,952 (or 7.0%) to \$(104,876) in 2019 from \$(112,828) in 2018. Net nonoperating revenues/(expenses) decreased by \$1,909 (or 1.8%) to \$104,960 in 2019 from \$106,869 in 2018. Total transit riders declined to 26.447 million passengers in 2019 from 29.071 million passengers in 2018.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont'd)

Charges for Services revenue decreased by \$1,078 to \$35,340 in 2019 from \$36,418 in 2018. Operating Grants and Contributions revenue, or total Federal and State Grants, decreased by \$2,487 to \$89,635 in 2019 from \$92,122 in 2018. Capital Grants and Contributions revenue increased by \$7,744 to \$7,432 in 2019 from \$(312) in 2018. The Vehicle Registration Fee revenue increased by \$364 to \$16,186 in 2019 from \$15,822 in 2018. Investment income is negligible for the Transit System.

The Transit System's operating expenses decreased by \$9,591 to \$144,121 in 2019 from \$153,712 in 2018. Interest expense decreased by \$193 to \$861 in 2019 from \$1,054 in 2018. Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets increased by \$(21) to \$0 in 2019 from \$(21) in 2018. Net operating transfers, or total County operating support, decreased by \$2,490 to \$9,679 in 2019 from \$12,169 in 2018.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### Governmental funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements.

As of December 31, 2019, the County's Governmental Funds report combined ending fund balances of \$236,568. The restricted fund balance consists of \$5,000 for 2020 Appropriations, \$5,000 for 2021 Appropriations, \$54,521 for Debt Service, \$52,600 for Commitments (including construction), \$9,632 for Delinquent Property Taxes, \$526 for Housing, \$49,488 for Airports, \$5,493 for Administrative Services, \$2,031 for Zoo, \$1,337 for Parks, \$107 for Persons with Disabilities Division, \$36,381 for Behavioral Health Division, \$9,394 for Fleet and Facilities Divisions and \$1,805 for Investment Market Value in Excess of Book Value. The remainder of the Fund Balance consists of \$639 of committed funds for Economic Development and \$2,614 of non-spendable funds for Inventories and Prepaids.

The General fund is the main operating fund of the County and provides a majority of the day to day funding. It is used to account for and report all financial resources, except those resources required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The General fund fund balance increased by \$748 (or 1.2%) to \$63,543 in 2019 from \$62,795 in 2018. The increase is a result of year over year increases in commitments for future expenditures and restricting investment market value gains that exceeded book value. These increases were offset by a reduction in Behavioral Health Division (BHD) restricted operating and capital reserves, which were used, as allowed, to offset losses in BHD operations.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS (cont'd)

The Debt Service fund balance is restricted for the payment of debt service. The Debt Service fund increased by \$6,739 (or 14.1%) to \$54,521 in 2019 from \$47,782 in 2018, primarily as a result of the increase in the Debt Service reserve from the transfer of surplus general operating funds from the 2019 fiscal year. The County budgets to breakeven for the year (revenues will equal expenditures). When the actual operations exceed the budget, the County will ensure that the surplus first covers required reserves, and any excess will be transferred to the Debt Service reserve.

The Capital Projects fund balance is restricted for commitments made on capital projects in progress. The Capital Projects fund increased by \$5,292 (or 15.3%) to \$39,793 in 2019 from \$34,501 in 2018. The fund balance increased due to the recognition of revenue in the current year that exceeded capital project expenditure commitments. The timing of such revenue recognition will create a timing difference, thus increasing funds that are available for commitments on budgeted capital projects. In subsequent years, the expenditures of funds will reduce the commitments, and the fund balance of the Capital Projects fund.

## Proprietary funds

At the end of 2019, the unrestricted net position of the two major funds, Airports and the Transit System, totals a deficit of \$356,968 due to the recognition of the net pension liability associated with both funds beginning in 2015 and post employment benefits in 2018. The total net position of these same two major funds is \$19,428 at the end of 2019 compared to \$995 at the end of 2018, after restating for GASB Statement No. 75. The total net position for the Airports increased by \$1,238 and the total net position for the Transit System increased by \$17,195. Restricted net assets of the Airports are required per debt covenants associated with revenue bonds issued for capital improvements.

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Expenditures and other uses exceeded revenues and other sources by \$19,495 in the General Fund for the year ended December 31, 2019. The table below is presented on a Non-GAAP budgetary basis. The Non-GAAP budgetary basis of actual revenues and expenditures differs from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance due to the inclusion of encumbrances of \$20,248 in expenditures, Pension/Other expenditures of \$5 and transfers to component units of (\$6,591).

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (cont'd)

#### COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position - Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis General Fund For the Year Ending December 31, 2019

(In	Thousands)
-----	------------

	Original Budget		Final Budget		 Actual		Variance	
Revenue and Other Sources								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	241,761	\$	251,187	\$ 240,826	\$	(10,361)	
Taxes		366,827		366,827	369,471		2,644	
Vehicle Registration Fees		1,062		1,062	1,062		-	
Charges for Services		177,528		185,369	175,283		(10,086)	
Other		33,296		34,999	 37,442		2,443	
Total		820,474	_	839,444	824,084	_	(15,360)	
Expenditures and other uses								
Expenditures		714,677		756,601	732,199		24,402	
Other Financing Sources		110,594		104,259	 111,380		(7,121)	
Total		825,271		860,860	 843,579	_	17,281	
Changes in Fund Balance	\$	(4,797)	\$	(21,416)	\$ (19,495)	\$	1,921	

### 2019 Actual Revenues compared to 2019 Final Budget

Actual General Fund revenues are \$15,360 (or 1.8%) below the final budget amount. This is primarily due to:

- Intergovernmental revenues are \$10,361 below and is composed of:
  - Department of Health and Human Services below \$5,392 due to unrealized revenue (with offsetting underspend in expenses) for the Children's Long Term Support Program; a carryover of 5% of contract funds for Youth Aids to 2020; a reduction in the number of eligible youth served in the Children's Community Options Program; and various housing related programs.
  - ♦ Transportation below \$2,483 due to timing of Section 5310 federal grant reimbursement and the related vehicle procurements.
  - House of Corrections below \$1,624 due to lower inmate population than projected by the Division of Adult Institutions and Division of Community Corrections.
  - Ohild Support Enforcement below \$1,098 due to reduced state reimbursement on lower costs.
- Taxes are \$2,644 above and is composed of:
  - Property taxes are \$842 below due to an increase in property taxes written off and a decrease of interest on delinquent property taxes.
  - Sales Taxes are \$3,486 above due to an increase in tax collections from online sales in Wisconsin.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (cont'd)

- Charges for Services are \$10,086 below and is composed of:
  - Behavioral Health Division patient revenue is \$12,029 below resulting from a decrease in patient census.
  - ♦ Zoo revenue \$1,674 below resulting from a decrease in walk-in attendance, recreation activities and parking lot revenue.
- Investment and other revenues are \$2,443 above and is composed of:
  - Fines and Forfeits are \$48 below due to less than anticipated revenue from bail forfeitures.
  - Licenses and Permits are \$49 above due to more revenue received from excavation permits.
  - ♦ Investment Income is \$5,851 above due to better investment earnings rates.
  - Other income is \$3,409 below budget due to reclassification of transfers of prior year surplus.

## 2019 Actual Expenditures compared to 2019 Final Budget

Actual General Fund expenditures (excluding transfers) are \$24,402 (or 3.2%) below the final budget amount. This is primarily due to:

- The Department of Health and Human Services costs are below budget by \$13,545. This is primarily due to underutilization of budget authority for HUD programs and lower employee healthcare costs.
- The Behavioral Health Division's operational costs are below budget by \$1,182. This is primarily related to salaries being under budget due to vacant positions and lower than budgeted drug costs.
- County-funded State Court Services costs are below budget by \$2,129, primarily due to lower salaries and benefits expenses.
- Transportation Administration costs are below budget by \$1,966. This is primarily due to timing of Section 5310 federal grant related vehicle procurements.
- Sheriff operational costs are above budget by \$3,250, primarily due to overtime and related higher payroll costs.
- House of Correction costs are below budget by \$2,051. This is primarily due to lower salaries and benefits expense from vacant positions and other expenditure reductions.
- Zoological Department costs are below budget by \$1,561. This is primarily due to lower salaries and benefits expense from vacant positions and other expenditure reductions.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (cont'd)

## Budget Transfers

Transfers to Other Funds represent amounts transferred to other funds such as Debt Service, Capital Projects, Internal Service Funds, and Transit. When revenues fall short of expenditures in each of these funds, the County uses non-departmental revenues such as property tax and state shared revenue to provide financial support to these other funds. The revenue is allocated through an operating transfer from the General Fund.

There are three basic reasons for variances between the original budget and the amended budget:

- carryover of encumbrances from the prior year
- carryover of capital outlay and the associated revenue from the prior year
- fund transfer requests from departments

The carryover of encumbrances from the prior year process is automatic each year, and is authorized by Wisconsin State Statute and Milwaukee County Ordinance. The carryover of capital outlay and the associated revenue is also authorized by state statute and is approved by the County Board on a preliminary basis in March and finalized in April. During the fiscal year, the County Board receives fund transfer requests from departments. These transfer requests are reviewed and approved by the County Board.

The difference between original budget revenue of \$820,474 and final budget revenue of \$839,444 is an increase of \$18,970. The difference between original budget expenses of \$714,677 and final budget expenses of \$756,601 is an increase of \$41,924.

The major budget transfers of \$1,000 or greater in the general fund during 2019 are listed below:

- Legislative, Executive and Staff
  - ♦ Decrease of \$98,427 in expenditures and \$98,427 in revenue from Centralized Legacy Fringe in order to break even for 2019.
- Public Works and Highways
  - Increase of \$3,217 to create expenditure and revenue authority for the Federal Transit Administration Section 5310 program.
- Human Services
  - Transfer of \$14,622 to realign the budgets for the Outpatient Plus Program and CSP.
  - ♦ Transfer of \$7,759 for Behavioral Health Comprehensive Community Services program for adults and youth.
  - Transfer of \$1,141 related to Behavioral Health Adult State Targeted Response to the Opioid Crisis (STR) grant award.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (cont'd)

Transfers also represent the net budgeted funds to be provided by the General Fund to provide support to the remaining governmental fund departments, proprietary fund departments, and component units to offset any shortfalls between revenues and expenditures. The 2019 actual net contribution made by the General Fund to other funds is \$104,959, which includes a year-end contribution of \$15,428 for an overall 2019 County-wide operating surplus that was moved into the Debt Service Reserve of the Debt Service Fund.

The General Fund collects all Property Tax, Sales Tax revenue, and Intergovernmental revenues not related to a specific program. These revenues are then transferred at the end of the year to the other Governmental Funds and the Proprietary Funds to offset any shortfalls between revenues and expenditures. Any gains in these same funds are returned to the General Fund, except for the Airports, which is required to maintain any gains or losses as part of its lease and/or revenue bond agreements, and the Behavioral Health Division.

The change in transfers between the original budget and the amended budget is due to the net changes in carryovers and encumbrances between years and any net transfers made from the General Fund to Proprietary Fund departments.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

Milwaukee County's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019 is \$1,133,424 (cost of \$2,574,666 less accumulated depreciation of \$1,441,242). The County's total investment in capital assets decreased overall by 3.3% - Governmental Activities decreased by 3.0% and business-type activities decreased by 3.5%. The investments in capital assets includes land; land improvements; construction in progress; buildings and improvements; machinery, vehicles and equipment; infrastructure; and leased equipment. All infrastructure assets of the County are included in this report.

#### COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN Capital Assets (Net) (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Primary Gov Tota	
	2019	2018	2019 2018	2019	2018
Land	\$ 59,447 \$	59,447	\$ 22,091 \$ 22,0	91 \$ 81,538 \$	81,538
Construction in Progress	101,079	79,706	21,112 30,2	45 122,191	109,951
Land Improvements	89,717	103,602	123,328 124,1	67 213,045	227,769
Building and Improvements	235,725	252,603	238,862 246,0	78 474,587	498,681
Infrastructure	101,133	104,674	-	- 101,133	104,674
Machinery, Vehicles & Equipment	48,288	55,143	92,642 93,7	52 140,930	148,895
Total	\$ 635,389 \$	655,175	<u>\$ 498,035                                    </u>	33 \$ 1,133,424 \$	1,171,508

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (cont'd)

The Major Adopted Capital Project appropriations of \$1,000 or greater for 2019 include the following:

- \$1,214 for GMIA Expand Taxicab Parking/Staging
- \$1,272 for GMIA Jet Bridge Replacement
- \$1,500 for Enterprise Resource Planning project
- \$1,700 for Battery-Electric Bus acquisitions
- \$1,795 for Bus lift replacements
- \$2,280 for GMIA Jet Bridge Replacement
- \$2,621 for Courthouse Complex light courts and facade replacement
- \$5,161 for fleet equipmen
- \$5,462 for State Volkswagen transit capital assistance program

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 111 - 120 of this report.

### Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2019, the County's total outstanding debt balance is \$692,721. This amount is comprised of \$542,694 for general obligation bonds and \$150,027 for airport revenue bonds.

#### COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenues Bonds (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Primary Government Total
	2019 2018	2019 2018	2019 2018
General Obligation Bonds Revenue Bonds <b>Totals</b>	\$ 502,865 \$ 540,658 \$	39,829 \$ 32,497 150,027 170,144	\$ 542,694 \$ 573,155 
	<u>\$502,865</u> <u>\$540,658</u>	<u> 189,856</u> <u>202,641</u>	<u>\$ 692,721</u> <b>\$</b> 743,299

The County's total debt decreased by \$50,578 during the year ended December 31, 2019.

### New debt issued by the County during 2019:

In October and November 2019, pursuant to Chapters 66 and 67 of the Wisconsin Statutes, the County issued:

• General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A, in the amount of \$21,115 and Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B, in the amount of \$520 to refund a portion of the outstanding callable maturities of the Taxable General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2010C (October 2019).

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (cont'd)

- General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019C, in the amount of \$8,535 to finance various capital projects (October 2019).
- Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A, in the amount of \$26,945 and Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B, in the amount of \$13,520 to refund all the outstanding callable maturities of the Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A; Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A; and Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B, which were issued to finance and refinance improvements to the airport system (October 2019).
- General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019D, in the amount of \$4,005 to finance various capital projects (November 2019)
- Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019E, in the amount of \$5,345 to finance various capital projects (November 2019).
- General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019F, in the amount of \$10,740 to finance various capital projects (November 2019).
- General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019G, in the amount of \$9,755 to finance various capital projects (November 2019).

Additional information on the County's Long-Term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 123 - 134 of this report.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- Milwaukee County's annualized unemployment rate for 2019 is 4.0% compared to 3.6% in 2018, a 0.4% increase. The unemployment rate for the month of May 2020 is 14.1% compared to 3.3% for the month of May 2019. Data as reported by the State of Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development.
- The median price for homes sold in Milwaukee County in 2019 is \$163.0. compared to \$158.0 in 2018, an increase of \$5.0 (or 3.2%). The annual median price for homes sold in Milwaukee County for the month of May 2020 is \$183.0 compared to \$180.0 for the month of May 2019, an increase of \$3.0 (or 1.7%). Data as reported by the Wisconsin Realtors Association, Housing Statistics Report.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the County has a net excess of revenues over expenditures of \$5,000 after considering net revenue from operations and changes in reserve balances. This excess is identified on the governmental funds balance sheet as Restricted for 2021 Appropriations and will be added to the revenue of the 2021 budget. In accordance with State Statue, the excess funds can be transferred by the County Board into this restricted reserve, or into governmental funds balance sheet as Restricted for Debt Service.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES (cont'd)

As a result of the County's efforts to deal with the financial impact caused by the pandemic known as COVID-19 on the 2020 budget, the County has modeled different alternatives and taken various actions. These actions have included reductions in spending authority, furloughs, and delays in capital outlays. In addition, the County has received Federal funds under the Coronavirus Relief Funds under the CARES Act of \$62 million. The CARES Act funds come with restrictions and a deadline for expenditure which the County is currently evaluating. Any funds not spent by December 31, 2020 will be returned to the Federal government. Such funds will first be used to offset costs incurred by the County for COVID-19 mitigation, and secondarily for economic support for County residents. The funds cannot be used as an offset for the loss of revenues due to closures.

In addition to the \$62 million of federal funds under the CARES Act, the County has obtained grants related to COVID-19 from the following: State share of Federal CARES Act funding of \$15 million, CARES Act funding sponsored by the Federal Aviation Administration of \$29 million for operating support of the County Airports, and CARES Act funding sponsored by the Federal Transportation Administration of \$55 million for operating support of the Transit System. The County must make claims for these funds. For the CARES Act funds for the Airports claims can include general operating expenses and debt service payments. For the CARES Act funds for the Transit System, claims can include general operating expenses and debt service payments. For the CARES Act funds for the Transit System, claims can include general operating expenses for the current and future budget years.

## **Requests for Financial Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Please address any questions about this report, or requests for additional financial information, to:

Office of the Comptroller Milwaukee County Courthouse 901 North 9th Street, Room 301 Milwaukee, WI 53233 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Р	rimary Governme	ent	
		Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 183,784			\$ 8,191
Cash and Investments - Restricted	78,071	17,042	95,113	-
Receivables:	24.260	6 5 4 2	20 002	1 101
Accounts (Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts) Property Taxes:	24,260	6,542	30,802	1,424
Current Levy	301,892	-	301,892	_
Delinguent	6,776		6,776	-
Accrued Interest and Dividends	5,718	-	5,718	-
Other	7,311	1,192	8,503	1,420
Due From Other Governments	54,518	7,983	62,501	-
Inventories	2,139	3,961	6,100	97
Prepaid Items	475	1,238	1,713	204
Insurance Deposits	3,173	-	3,173	-
Total Current Assets	668,117	149,472	817,589	11,336
Noncurrent Assets:				
Long-Term Investments	-	-	-	6,076
Receivables:				
Contributions	-	-	-	218
Delinquent Property Taxes	4,361	-	4,361	-
Other Assets	-	-	-	3,619
Capital Assets:				
Land	59,447	22,091	81,538	-
Construction in Progress	101,079	21,112	122,191	-
Land Improvements	289,422	245,124	534,546	-
Buildings and Improvements	751,086	461,664	1,212,750	52,577
Infrastructure	215,769	-	215,769	-
Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment	188,307	219,565	407,872	27,930
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets	<u>(969,721)</u> 635,389	<u>(471,521)</u> 498,035	( <u>1,441,242</u> ) 1,133,424	(45,445)
Total Capital Assets	035,369	490,035	1,133,424	35,062
Total Noncurrent Assets	639,750	498,035	1,137,785	44,975
<b>T</b> ( ) ( )	4 007 007	0.47 507	4 055 074	50.044
Total Assets	1,307,867	647,507	1,955,374	56,311
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Loss on Refunding of Debt	6,574	6	6,580	-
Deferred Outflow for Pension Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date	55,476	11,462	66,938	-
Deferred Outflow Difference Between Actual and Expected				
Experience	-	1,916	1,916	-
Deferred Outflows Net Difference Between Expected and Actual	00.404	07.005		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	83,484	27,965	111,449	-
Deferred Outflow Pension Assumption Changes	13,830	924	14,754	-
Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB Contributions Made	C1 240	44 404	75 774	
After Measurement Date Deferred Outflow Net Difference Between Expected and Actual	61,340	14,434	75,774	-
Earnings on OPEB Investments		12 /01	12 401	
Lannings on OFED investments		13,491	13,491	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				
	220,704	70,198	290,902	-
Table Assists and Defamation (D				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,528,571	\$ 717,705	\$ 2,246,276	\$ 56,311

#### Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Pr	Primary Government				
	Governmental			Component		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units		
LIABILITIES						
-						
Current Liabilities:	ф <u>ггосг</u>	¢ 0.004	¢ 00.750	¢ 077		
Accounts Payable	\$ 55,865		. ,	•		
Accrued Liabilities	13,458	4,199	17,657	1,297		
Accrued Interest Payable	3,188	941	4,129	-		
Due to Other Governments	3,167	1,236	4,403	-		
Unearned Revenues	1,336	25,947	27,283	2,429		
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation	62,667	4,360	67,027	408		
Bonds and Notes Payable - Revenue	-	11,275	11,275	-		
Unfunded Claims and Judgments	1,500	-	1,500	-		
Pollution Remediation Costs	1,023	-	1,023	-		
Landfill Postclosure Costs	75	-	75	-		
Compensated Absences Payable	20,022	2,939	22,961	-		
Risk Claims	8,488	5,320	13,808	-		
Capital Leases	661	113	774	-		
Other Current Liabilities	1,035	2,412	3,447	162		
Total Current Liabilities	172,485	65,636	238,121	4,973		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation	440,198	35,469	475,667	3,744		
Bonds and Notes Payable - Revenue	-	138,752	138,752	-		
Net Pension Liability	653,757	101,758	755,515	-		
Unfunded Claims and Judgments	3,500	-	3,500	-		
Landfill Postclosure Costs	2,850	-	2,850	-		
Pollution Remediation Costs	25,448	-	25,448	-		
Compensated Absences Payable	7,833	9,799	17,632	-		
Risk Claims	14,621	2,401	17,022	-		
Other Post Employment Benefits	1,190,824	297,150	1,487,974	-		
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	-		-	513		
Accrued Pension and Post Retirement Benefits	-	-	-	5,369		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,339,031	585,329	2,924,360	9,626		
<b>T</b> ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	0 544 540	050.005	0 400 404	4.4.500		
Total Liabilities	2,511,516	650,965	3,162,481	14,599		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Tax Revenue	308,123	-	308,123	-		
Deferred Inflow Pension Difference Between Actual and	000,120		000,120			
Expected Experience	1,041	6,929	7,970	-		
Deferred Inflow Net Difference Between Expected and Actual	1,041	0,020	1,010			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	167	-	167	_		
Deferred Inflow Pension Assumption Changes	-	509	509	_		
Deferred Inflow OPEB Difference Between Actual and Expected	-	505	505	-		
Experience	18,031	5.928	23.959	-		
Deferred Inflow OPEB Assumption Changes	72,879	33,946	106,825	-		
Deterred millow of LD Assumption Changes	12,019	55,940	100,020			
Tatal Deferred Inflama of Decomposition	400.044	47 040				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	400,241	47,312	447,553	-		

#### Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Governmental Business-type				Component	
		Activities	Activities	Total	Units	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	419,254	\$ 325,138 \$	5 744,392	\$ 30,910	
Restricted for:						
2021 Appropriations		5,000	-	5,000	-	
2020 Appropriations		5,000	-	5,000	-	
Administrative Services		5,493	-	5,493	-	
Airport - Passenger Facilities Charges and Debt		49,488	-	49,488	-	
Behavioral Health Division		36,381	-	36,381	-	
Capital Asset Needs		-	26,145	26,145	-	
Capital Project Commitments		39,793	-	39,793	-	
Commitments - Expendable		14,846	7,402	22,248	-	
Debt Service		54,521	17,711	72,232	-	
Delinquent Property Tax		9,632	-	9,632	-	
Fleet and Facilities Divisions		9,394	-	9,394	-	
Housing		526	-	526	-	
Investment Market Value in Excess of Book Value		1,805	-	1,805	-	
Museum		-	-	-	7,102	
Other		-	-	-	3,129	
Parks		1,337	-	1,337	-	
Persons with Disabilities		107	-	107	-	
Zoo		2,031	-	2,031	-	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(2,037,794)	(356,968)	(2,394,762)	571	
Total Net Position (Deficit)		(1,383,186)	19,428	(1,363,758)	41,712	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net						
Position	\$	1,528,571	<u>\$ 717,705</u>	5 2,246,276	\$ 56,311	

#### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position						
		P	rogram Reven	ues	Prin	nary Government	i	
			Operating	Capital				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
Functions / Programs								
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities: Legislative, Executive and Staff Courts and Judiciary General Governmental Services Public Safety Public Works and Highways Human Services Parks, Recreation and Culture Interest and Other Charges Total Governmental Activities	\$ (52,597) (60,038) (12,533) (181,721) (108,482) (335,475) (94,253) (16,218) (861,317)	\$5,355 4,018 5,297 12,980 28,980 118,259 29,240 - 204,129	\$ 363 25,134 51 13,913 21,724 124,969 495 	\$ - - 5,464 1,971 - - 7,435	\$ (46,879) (30,886) (7,185) (154,828) (52,314) (92,247) (62,547) (16,218) (463,104)	β - \$ - - - - - - - - - - -	(46,879): (30,886) (7,185) (154,828) (52,314) (92,247) (62,547) (16,218) (463,104)	β - - - - - - - - - -
Business-type Activities: Airport Transit Total Business-type Activities	(103,673) (144,982) (248,655)	94,757 39,245 134,002	202 89,635 89,837	4,867 7,432 12,299	- 	(3,847) (8,670) (12,517)	(3,847) (8,670) (12,517)	- - -
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ (1,109,972)</u>	\$ 338,131	\$ 276,486	\$ 19,734	\$ (463,104)	\$ (12,517 <u>)</u> \$	(475,621)	\$ <u>-</u>
Component Units:								
Milwaukee Public Museum	\$ (14,744)	\$ 9,007	\$ 3,500	¢				(2,237)
War Memorial Marcus Center	(2,248) (13,949)	1,145 12,468	486 825			-	-	(617) (656)
Total Component Units	\$ (30,941)	\$ 22,620	\$ 4,811	\$-		<u> </u>	-	(3,510)
Prop	al Revenues: perty Taxes es Taxes rgovernmental R	evenues No	at Related to Si	necific	297,970 82,282		297,970 82,282	- -
	rogram			peomo	33,117	-	33,117	-
	icle Registration	Fee			1,062	16,186	17,248	-
	stment Income				11,400	1,192	12,592	243
	n (Loss) on Sale er Revenue	of Capital A	ssets		184	8	192	-
Transf					41,891 (13,564)	- 13,564	41,891	3,150
	General Revenue	es and Tran	sfers		454,342	30,950	485,292	3,393
Chang	je in Net Positior	ı			(8,762)	18,433	9,671	(117)
Net	Position (Deficit)	) Beginnin	p		(1,374,424)	995	(1,373,429)	41,829
	Position (Deficit		0		\$ (1,383,186)		(1,363,758)	,

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 45,485	\$ 54,849	\$ 17,070	\$ 29,571	\$ 146,975
Cash and Investments - Restricted	-	-	28,583	49,488	78,071
Receivables:			-		
Accounts (Net of Allowances for Doubtful					
Accounts)	21,405	16	948	_	22,369
Property Taxes:	21,400	10	540		22,000
Current Levy	301,892				201 802
5		-	-	-	301,892
Delinquent	11,137	-	-	-	11,137
Accrued Interest	5,718	-	-	-	5,718
Other	7,249	-	-	62	7,311
Due From Other Governments	53,796	52	649	-	54,497
Inventories	2,139	-	-	-	2,139
Prepaid Items	475	-	-	-	475
Insurance Deposits	3,173	-	-	-	3,173
Total Assets	\$ 452,469	\$ 54,917	\$ 47,250	\$ 79,121	\$ 633,757
	<u>+ ····</u>	+,	+,===	+	+
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 44,487	\$ 396	\$ 6,779	\$ 410	\$ 52,072
Accrued Liabilities	15,643	φ 000	φ 0,110	φ +10	15,643
Other Liabilities	1,035	-	-	-	1,035
Due to Other Governments	,	-	-	-	
	2,407	-	647	-	3,054
Unearned Revenues	1,305		31	-	1,336
Total Liabilities	64,877	396	7,457	410	73,140
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred Tax Revenue	308,123	-	-	-	308,123
Unavailable Revenue	15,926	-	-	-	15,926
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	324,049		-		324,049
	021,010				02 1,0 10
Fund Balances:					
Non-Spendable:					0.400
Inventories	2,139	-	-	-	2,139
Prepaids	475	-	-	-	475
Restricted for:					
2021 Appropriations	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
2020 Appropriations	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Administrative Services	-	-	-	5,493	5,493
Airport - Passenger Facilities Charges and Debt	-	-	-	49,488	49,488
Behavioral Health Division	25,520	-	-	10,861	36,381
Commitments	12,807	-	39,793	-	52,600
Debt Service	12,001	54,521	-	_	54,521
Delinquent Property Tax	9,632	04,021			9,632
Fleet and Facilities Divisions	3,032	-	-	9,394	9,394
	- 526	-	-	9,094	9,394 526
Housing	520	-	-	-	520
Investment Market Value in Excess of Book	4 005				4 005
Value	1,805	-	-	-	1,805
Parks	-	-	-	1,337	1,337
Persons with Disabilities	-	-	-	107	107
Zoo	-	-	-	2,031	2,031
Committed:					
Economic Development	639				639
Total Fund Balances	63,543	54,521	39,793	78,711	236,568
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 452,469	<u>\$ 54,917</u>	<u>\$ 47,250</u>	<u>\$79,121</u>	\$ 633,757

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds as of 12/31/19	\$	236,568
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets, except for internal service funds, consist of: Land Construction in Progress Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation		59,447 85,015 285,004 744,591 215,769 166,818 (945,610)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs associated with risk management, data processing services and public works services. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Internal service fund net position is:		(6,701)
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources do not relate to current resources and are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred Loss on Refunding of Debt Deferred Outflow of Pension Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Deferred Outflows Not Difference Retwoon Expected and Actual Earnings on Rension Plan		6,567 54,551
Deferred Outflows Net Difference Between Expected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Deferred Outflow Pension Assumption Changes Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB Contributions Made After Measurement Date Deferred Inflow Net Difference Between Expected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan		82,192 13,582 60,400
Investments Deferred Inflow Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience Deferred Inflow OPEB Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience Deferred Inflow OPEB Assumption Changes		(167) (1,025) (17,760) (71,764)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities, except for portions payable early in the following year for which sufficient resources have been accumulated in the funds to liquidate liabilities. These liabilities, except internal service fund liabilities, consist of:		
Bonds and Notes Payable Capital Leases Net Pension Liability Unfunded Claims and Judgments Landfill Postclosure Costs Pollution Remediation Costs Compensated Absences Payable Other Post Employment Benefits	(	(487,263) (661) (643,628) (5,000) (2,925) (26,471) (24,640) (1,172,918)
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements:		15,927
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds; it is recognized as an expenditure when due. These liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		(3,084)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities as of 12/31/19	<u>\$ (</u>	(1,383,186)

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Conoral		ht Comise		Capital	Nonmajor Governmental	0	
Bayanuaa		General	De	ebt Service	_	Projects	Funds		Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	240,826	¢	624	¢	7.444	¢	\$	248,894
Property Taxes	ψ	297,970	Ψ	- 024	ψ	/, <del>444</del>	φ -	ψ	297,970
Sales Taxes		71,501		_		10,781	-		82,282
Vehicle Registration Fees		1,062		-		-	-		1,062
Charges for Services		175,283		-		-	14,589		189,872
Fines and Forfeits		2,408		-		-	-		2,408
Licenses and Permits		1,093		-		-	-		1,093
Investment Income and Rents		9,733		11		388	1,270		11,402
Other		24,208		11,209		6,668	381	_	42,466
Total Revenues		824,084		11,844	_	25,281	16,240		877,449
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Legislative, Executive and Staff		29,502		-		-	-		29,502
Courts and Judiciary		56,423		-		-	-		56,423
General Governmental Services		11,400		-		-	-		11,400
Public Safety		163,033		-		-	-		163,033
Public Works and Highways		55,534		-		-	10,307		65,841
Human Services Parks. Recreation and Culture		334,359		-		-	188		334,547
		68,296		-		- 20 974	1,563		69,859
Capital Outlay Debt Service:		-		-		39,874	-		39,874
Principal Retired				59,801					59,801
Interest and Other Charges		_		16,143		-	_		16,143
Principal Retired on Current Refunding		_		18,574		_	-		18,574
Total Expenditures	_	718,547	_	94,518	-	39,874	12,058		864,997
	-	110,041		34,010	_	00,074	12,000		004,337
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		105,537		(82,674)		(14,593)	4,182		12,452
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
General Obligation Bonds Issued		-		377		16,497	-		16,874
Refunding Bonds Issued		-		15,300		-	-		15,300
Premium on Debt Issued		-		2,754		-	-		2,754
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		170		141		-	-		311
Transfers In		44,432		73,561		19,201	115		137,309
Transfers Out		(149,391)		(2,720)		(15,813)	(146	)	(168,070)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(104,789)		89,413	_	19,885	(31	)	4,478
Net Change in Fund Balances		748		6,739		5,292	4,151		16,930
Fund Balances Beginning		62,795		47,782	_	34,501	74,560	_	219,638
Fund Balances Ending	\$	63,543	\$	54,521	\$	39,793	\$ 78,711	\$	236,568

#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

Net Change in Fund Balances for Total Governmental Funds	\$	16,930
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.		
Capital outlay reported as an expenditure in the Capital Project Fund Items reported as capital outlay that were not capitalized Items reported as capital from operations Depreciation reported in the government-wide statements Net book value of assets retired		39,874 (10,182) 2,704 (51,923) (6,856)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		1,377
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Debt issued Refunding bonds issued Premium on debt issued Principal repaid Principal retired on current refunding Capital lease paid		(16,874) (15,300) (2,754) 59,801 18,574 637
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(1,108)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premiums, Discounts and Unamortized Losses on Refunding Unfunded Claims and Judgments Landfill Postclosure Costs Pollution Remediation Costs Compensated Absences Payable Deferred Outflow for Pension Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Deferred Outflow Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience Deferred Outflows Net Difference Between Expected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB Contributions Made After Measurement Date Net Pension Liability Deferred Inflow Pension Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience Deferred Inflow OPEB Assumption Changes Other Postemployment Benefits	_	(277) 394 7,500 (1,700) (8,891) 796 (2,468) (3,657) 82,192 (23,250) (2,240) (144,636) 639 36,800 (16,822) (71,763) 103,721
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(8,762)

#### Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	241,761	\$ 251,187	\$	240,826	\$	(10,361)
Property Taxes		298,812	298,812		297,970		(842)
Sales Tax		68,015	68,015		71,501		3,486
Vehicle Registration Fee		1,062	1,062		1,062		-
Charges for Services		177,528	185,369		175,283		(10,086)
Fines and Forfeits		2,456	2,456		2,408		(48)
Licenses and Permits		1,044	1,044		1,093		`49 <sup>´</sup>
Investment Income		4,621	3,882		9,733		5,851
Other		25,175	27,617		24,208		(3,409)
Total Revenues	_	820,474	839,444	_	824,084		(15,360)
Expenditures:							
Current							
Legislative, Executive and Staff		130,515	38,019		36,647		1,372
Courts and Judiciary		48,224	59,220		57,284		1,936
General Governmental Services		11,642	12,161		11,668		493
Public Safety		149,888	164,366		164,812		(446)
Public Works and Highways		41,456	62,637		57,720		4,917
Human Services		270,234	355,060		340,485		14,575
Parks, Recreation and Culture	_	62,718	65,138		63,583		1,555
Total Expenditures		714,677	756,601		732,199		24,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures		105,797	82,843		91,885		9,042
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		400	400		170		(230)
Transfers In		47,389	48,096		44,432		(3,664)
Transfers Out		(151,797)			(149,391)		(3,227)
Transfers To Component Units		(6,586)			(6,591)		(0,227)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(110,594)			(111,380)		(7,121)
	_	(110,004)	<u>/ (104,200)</u>		(111,000)		(1,121)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,797)	) (21,416)		(19,495)		1,921
Fund Balances - Beginning		62,795	62,795		62,795		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	57,998	<u>\$ 41,379</u>	\$	43,300	\$	1,921
						-	

#### Balance Sheet Proprietary Funds As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities	
	Airports			Transit System	т	otal		ternal ce Funds
Assets_					•	0.1011		
Current Assets:								
Cash and Investments	\$	88,108	\$	23,406 \$	\$1	11,514	\$	36,809
Cash and Investments Restricted	Ŧ	17,042	Ŧ			17,042	Ŧ	-
Receivables:		,						
Accounts (Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts)		5,420		1,122		6,542		1,891
Other		79		1,113		1,192		-
Due From Other Governments		5,970		2,013		7,983		21
Inventories		-		3,961		3,961		-
Prepaid Items		-		1,238		1,238		-
Total Current Assets	_	116,619		32,853	1	49,472		38,721
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Land		19,327		2,764		22,091		-
Construction in Progress		12,467		8,645		21,112		16,064
Land Improvements	2	239,786		5,338		45,124		4,418
Building and Improvements		406,026		55,638		61,664		6,495
Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment		25,220		194,345		19,565		21,489
Total Capital Assets		702,826		266,730		69,556		48,466
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		312,857)	۱	(158,664)		71,521)		(24,111)
Total Capital Assets (Net)		389,969	<u> </u>	108,066		98,035		24,355
	<u> </u>	500,000		100,000		00,000		21,000
Total Assets	<u> </u> {	506,588		140,919	6	47,507		63,076
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred Loss on Refunding of Debt		-		6		6		7
Deferred Outflow for Pension Contributions Subsequent								
to the Measurement Date		2,360		9,102		11,462		925
Deferred Outflow Pension Difference Between Expected								
and Actual Experience		-		1,916		1,916		-
Deferred Outflow Net Difference Between Expected and								
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		3,306		24,659		27,965		1,292
Deferred Outflow Pension Assumption Changes		924		-		924		248
Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB Contributions								
Made After Measurement Date		2,303		12,131		14,434		940
Deferred Outflow Net Difference Between Expected and								
Actual Earnings on OPEB Investments		-		13,491		13,491		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		8,893		61,305		70,198		3,412
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$</u> {	515,481	\$	202,224	\$7	17,705	\$	66,488

#### Balance Sheet Proprietary Funds As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

		Busin Er	Governmental Activities		
	۸irr	Transit Airports System Tot			Internal Sonvice Eurode
Liabilities		Jons	System	Total	Service Funds
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:	¢	4 400 0		6 904	¢ 0.705
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities		4,462 \$ 1,825	5 2,432 \$ 2,374	6,894	\$ 3,795 285
		599	2,374	4,199 941	285 104
Accrued Interest Payable Unearned Revenues	1	9,330	6,617		104
Due to Other Governments		9,330 1,236	0,017	25,947 1,236	- 113
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation		1,230	4,360	4,360	
	1	- 1,275	4,300		2,304
Bonds and Notes Payable - Revenue			1 7/9	11,275 2,939	- 521
Compensated Absences Risk Claims		1,191	1,748		8,488
Capital Leases		113	5,320	5,320 113	0,400
Other Liabilities		4	- 2,408	2,412	-
-					45.040
Total Current Liabilities	4	0,035	25,601	65,636	15,810
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation		-	35,469	35,469	13,098
Bonds and Notes Payable - Revenue	13	8,752		138,752	-
Compensated Absences		571	9,228	9,799	
Net Pension Liability	2	4,634	77,124	101,758	10,129
Risk Claims		-	2,401	2,401	14,621
Other Postemployment Benefits		5,410	251,740	297,150	17,906
Total Long-Term Liabilities		9,367	375,962	585,329	55,977
Total Liabilities	24	9,402	401,563	650,965	71,787
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred Inflow Pension Difference Between Actual and					
Expected Experience		43	6,886	6,929	16
Deferred Inflow Pension Assumption Changes		-	509	509	-
Deferred Inflow OPEB Difference Between Actual and					
Expected Experience		689	5,239	5,928	271
Deferred Inflow OPEB Assumption Changes		2,818	31,128	33,946	1,115
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,550	43,762	47,312	1,402
				·	
Net Position (Deficit)					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25	6,895	68,243	325,138	8,760
Restricted for:	20	0,000	00,210	020,100	0,100
Operations and Debt Service	1	7,711	-	17,711	-
Capital Asset Needs		6,145	_	26,145	-
Commitments		6,594	808	7,402	2,038
Unrestricted (Deficit)		4,816)	(312,152)	(356,968)	
Total Net Position (Deficit)		2,529	(243,101)	19,428	(6,701)
		2,020	(210,101)	10,720	(0,701)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net					
Position	<b>•</b> - ·				
	<u>\$</u> 51	<u>5,481</u>	<u>    202,224  \$</u>	717,705	\$ 66,488

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

		ness-type Activ Interprise Func	Governmental Activities		
	Airports	Transit System	Total	Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues:	Airports	System	TULAI	Funus	
Charges for Services	\$ 75,550	\$ - 9	\$ 75,550	\$ 6,613	
Admissions and Concessions	19,166		19,166	-	
Transit Fares		35,340	35,340		
Total Charges for Services	94,716	35,340	130,056	6,613	
Other	41		3,946	5	
Total Operating Revenues	94,757	39,245	134,002	6,618	
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel Services	25,465		110,310	5,650	
Contractual Services	21,856		45,071	9,617	
Intra-County Services	11,020		12,311	185	
Commodities	5,017		20,701	187	
Depreciation and Amortization	32,129	•	48,515	1,677	
Maintenance	622 147		1,039	139	
Other	147	2,283	2,430	1,433	
Insurance and Claims	06.056		-	8,340	
Total Operating Expenses	96,256	144,121	240,377	27,228	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,499	) (104,876)	(106,375)	(20,610)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Intergovernmental Revenues	202	89,635	89,837	350	
Vehicle Registration Fee	-	16,186	16,186	-	
Investment Income	1,192		1,192	-	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	8		8	(185)	
Interest Expense	(7,417		(8,278)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(6,015	) 104,960	98,945	(27)	
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(7,514	) 84	(7,430)	(20,637)	
Capital Contributions	4,867		12,299	2,332	
Transfers In	5,454		31,072	25,442	
Transfers Out	(1,569	) (15,939)	(17,508)	(8,245)	
Change in Net Position	1,238	17,195	18,433	(1,108)	
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning	261,291	(260,296)	995	(5,593)	
Net Position (Deficit) Ending	\$ 262,529	<u>\$ (243,101)</u>	\$ 19,428	\$ (6,701)	

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Busi	Governmental Activities		
	Airports	Transit System	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers and Users Receipts from Interfund Services	\$ 92,204 \$ -	59,129 \$	151,333	\$
Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees including Benefits Payments for Interfund Services Used	(24,077) (25,465) (11,020)	(65,198) (84,845) (1,291)	(89,275) (110,310) (12,311)	
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	31,642	(92,205)	(60,563)	(18,846)
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Intergovernmental Revenues Transfers From Other Funds	202 5,454	89,635 25,618	89,837 31,072	350 25,442
Transfers (To) Other Funds Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>(1,569)</u> 4,087	<u>(15,939)</u> 99,314	<u>(17,508)</u> 103,401	<u>(8,245)</u> 17,547
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities:			,	
Proceeds from Bonds Proceeds on Refunding Bonds	40,465	6,335 10,866	46,800 10,866	10,640
Capital Contributions Principal Payments on Bonds Premium on Bonds	4,867 (65,735)	7,432 (10,873)	12,299 (76,608)	,
Interest Paid on Bonds Principal Payments on Capital Lease	7,009 (9,337) (213)	1,262 (1,034) -	8,271 (10,371) (213)	· · /
Acquisition of Capital Assets Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets	(12,327) 	(17,722)	(30,049) -	
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(35,271)	(3,734)	(39,005)	1,506
Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities: Investment Income	1,192	_	1,192	
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,192		1,192	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,650	3,375	5,025	207
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>103,500</u> \$ 105,150 \$	20,031 23,406 \$	123,531 128,556	<u>36,602</u> \$ 36,809
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	103,500 \$ 105,150 \$		123,531 128,556	

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities	
	••• •	Transit		Internal	
	Airports	System	Total	Service Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (1,499)</u> \$	<u>(104,876)</u> \$	(106,375)	\$     (20,610)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation and Amortization Nonoperating Revenues	32,129 -	16,386 16,186	48,515 16,186	1,677 -	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Accounts Receivable	(1,487)	(85)	(1,572)	(325)	
Other Receivables	-	1,346	1,346	(020)	
Due from Other Governments	750	1,698	2,448	(6)	
Inventories	-	141	141	-	
Prepaid Items	-	(175)	(175)	-	
Deferred Outflow Pension Contributions Subsequent				<i>(</i> _)	
to the Measurement Date	82	1,764	1,846	(7)	
Deferred Outflow Difference Between Expected and	052	(1.016)	(062)	(1.045)	
Actual Experience Deferred Outflow Net Difference Between Expected	953	(1,916)	(963)	(1,245)	
and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	(3,306)	(24,659)	(27,965)	385	
Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB	(0,000)	(24,000)	(21,000)	000	
Contributions Made After Measurement Date	200	(771)	(571)	32	
Deferred Outflow Net Difference Between Expected			( )		
and Actual Earnings on OPEB Investments	-	(13,491)	(13,491)	-	
(Increase) Decrease in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows					
of Resources:		<i>(</i> )	()	<i></i>	
Accounts Payable	469	(564)	(95)	(154)	
Accrued Liabilities	36	401	437	30	
Due to Other Governments	1,236	-	1,236	113	
Unearned Revenues	(1,816)	739 910	(1,077) 817	- (57)	
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	(93) 6,245	50,607	56,852	(57) 2,470	
Risk Claims	0,240	(661)	(661)	(216)	
Other Post Employment Benefits	(4,098)	(33,570)	(37,668)	(1,618)	
Deferred Inflow Pension Difference Between Actual	(1,000)	(00,010)	(01,000)	(1,010)	
and Expected Experience	(63)	(6,295)	(6,358)	(11)	
Deferred Inflow Net Difference Between Expected	· · ·			· · · ·	
and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	(1,567)	(21,976)	(23,543)	(676)	
Deferred Inflow Pension Assumption Changes	-	(2,704)	(2,704)	-	
Deferred Inflow OPEB Difference Between Actual and	050	E 0 4 7	F 700	050	
Expected Experience	653	5,047	5,700	258	
Deferred Inflow Net OPEB Difference Between Expected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Investments		(6,815)	(6,815)		
Deferred Inflow OPEB Assumption Changes	- 2,818	31,128	33,946	- 1,114	
Total Adjustments	33,141	12,671	45,812	1,764	
		,		1,101	
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 31,642</u>	(92,205)\$	(60,563)	\$ (18,846)	

#### Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Pe	ension Trust	
		Fund	Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash and Investments:			
Domestic Common and Preferred Stocks	\$	407,523	\$-
Long / Short Hedge Funds		146,555	-
Fixed Income		359,495	-
International Common and Preferred Stocks		230,667	-
Real Estate Investments Trusts		179,776	-
Infrastructure		165,992	-
Private Equity		205,052	-
Deposits		47,513	18,798
Total Cash and Investments		1,742,573	18,798
Receivables:			
Accrued Interest and Dividends		2,274	_
Due from Sale of Investments		767	_
Other		1,893	1,109
Securities Lending		28,598	-
Other Assets		657	-
		001	
Total Assets		1,776,762	19,907
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable		4,531	516
Agency Deposits		-	19,276
Securities Lending		28,598	-
Due to Other Governments			115
Other Liabilities		5,005	-
		- ,	
Total Liabilities		38,134	19,907
Net Position			
Restricted for Pension Benefits	<u>\$</u>	1,738,628	<u>\$</u>
			<del></del>

#### Statement of Changes in Net Position Pension Trust Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Total
Additions: Contributions:	
County of Milwaukee - Direct Contributions County of Milwaukee - Operating Support	\$
Plan Participants	13,217
Total Contributions	72,202
Investment Income:	000 704
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value Interest and Dividends	222,761 11,730
Other Income	16,638
Total Investment Income (Loss)	251,129
Security Lending Income	134
Security Lending Rebates (and Fees) Net Security Lending Activity	<u>(43)</u> 91
Investment Expense: Net Investment Income (Loss)	<u>(2,438)</u> 248,782
	240,702
Total Additions, Net of Losses	320,984
Deductions:	
Benefits Paid to Retirees and Beneficiaries Administrative Expenses	(193,689) (4,790)
Withdrawal of Membership Accounts	(2,098)
Total Deductions	(200,577)
Change In Plan Net Position	120,407
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	
Beginning of Year End of Year	<u>1,618,221</u> \$ 1,738,628
	<u> </u>

#### Combining Balance Sheet Component Units As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

A	Milwaukee Public Museum	War Memorial	Marcus Center	Total
Assets				
Current Assets:	¢ 2,420	¢ 2042 ¢	2 017 ¢	0 101
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,132		3,017 \$	8,191
Accounts Receivable	1,028	15 20	381	1,424
Other Receivables Inventories	- 58	20	1,400 39	1,420 97
Prepaid Items	50	- 36	118	97 204
•				
Total Current Assets	4,268	2,113	4,955	11,336
Noncurrent Assets:				
Long-Term Investments	6,076	_	_	6,076
Accounts Receivable	200	18	_	218
Other	200	84	3,535	3,619
Capital Assets (Net):		01	0,000	0,010
Building and Improvements	19,876	-	32,701	52,577
Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment	12,922	12,918	2,090	27,930
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(21,860)		(22,471)	(45,445)
Total Capital Assets (Net)	10,938	11,804	12,320	35,062
			,	00,001
Total Noncurrent Assets	17,214	11,906	15,855	44,975
Total Assets	<u>\$ 21,482</u>	<u>\$ 14,019</u>	20,810 \$	56,311
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 574	\$ 11 \$	92 \$	677
Accrued Liabilities	\$ 374 604	φ 11 φ 84	609	1,297
Unearned Revenues	1,101	261	1,067	2,429
Bonds and Notes Payable	1,101	- 201	408	408
Other Current Liabilities	_	_	63	63
Accrued Pension and Postretirement Benefits	99	-	-	99
Total Current Liabilities	2,378	356	2,239	4,973
			2,200	1,010
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Bonds and Notes Payable		-	3,744	3,744
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	510	3	-	513
Accrued Pension and Postretirement Benefits	5,369	<u> </u>		5,369
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,879	3	3,744	9,626
Total Liabilities	8,257	359	5,983	14,599
Not Desition				
Net Position	10.000	44.004	0.400	00.040
Net Investment in Capital Assets	10,938	11,804	8,168	30,910
Restricted	7,102	134	2,995	10,231
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(4,815)		3,664	571
Total Net Position	13,225	13,660	14,827	41,712
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 21,482	<u>\$ 14,019</u>	20,810 \$	56,311

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Component Units

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(In Thousands)

	Milwaukee Public Museum	War Memorial	Marcus Center	Total
Revenues:				
Charges for Services:				
Contributions and Memberships	\$ 5,162		, ,	. ,
Other Rents	3,579 266		6,879 1,662	10,640 2,427
Other	898		1,002	2,427 3,150
Total Revenues	9,905		14,220	25,770
		_		
Operating Expenses:				
Parks, Recreation and Culture	13,872	2,248	13,949	30,069
Operating Income (Loss)	(3.967	) (603)	271_	(4,299)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
County Program Support	3,500	486	825	4,811
Interest and Gains/(Losses) on Investments	147		76	243
Pension and Post-retirement Benefit	(872			(872)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	2,775	506	901	4,182
Changes in Net Position	(1,192	) (97)	1,172	(117)
Net Position Beginning	14,417	13,757	13,655	41,829
Net Position Ending	\$ 13,225	\$ 13,660	\$ 14,827	\$ 41,712

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
- 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability
- 3 Deposits and Investments
- 4 Receivables
- 5 Capital Assets
- 6 Interfund Transfers
- 7 Leases
- 8 Long-Term Liabilities
- 9 Net Position
- 10 Risk Management
- 11 Related Party Transactions
- 12 Subsequent Events
- 13 Commitments and Contingencies
- 14 Other Post-Employment Benefits
- 15 Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans
- 16 Pending Governmental Accounting Standards

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin ("County") incorporated in 1835, is a governmental entity established by laws of the State of Wisconsin and has the power of a body corporate, as defined by s.59.01 of the State of Wisconsin statutes.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

## A. The Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the County. The reporting entity for the County consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary aovernment.

As required by GAAP and based on the criteria stated in the above paragraph, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Milwaukee County, the primary government, and its three major component units, which are discretely presented.

#### Component Units

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## A. The Reporting Entity (cont'd)

relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

The County has no blended component units to report. The County has three major discretely presented component units which are described below.

**Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc. ("MPM")** was organized on January 10, 1992 as a nonstock, non-profit corporation based in Wisconsin. Prior to March 31, 1992, the Milwaukee Public Museum was operated by the County. On March 31, 1992, MPM commenced operations as a corporation, separate and distinct from the County. MPM operates a natural history museum which focuses on exhibits, public programming, and research in the natural sciences, anthropology, and history. A forty-five member Board of Directors governs MPM. Nine members of the Board are appointed by the County Executive and are confirmed by the County Board of Supervisors.

MPM is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the County because the County owns the majority of the economic resources (the building and artifacts) available to MPM and provides annual appropriations. As a result, MPM has the ability to impose specific financial burdens on the County. MPM has a fiscal year ending August 31st.

**Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc. ("War Memorial")** is a non-stock, non-profit corporation based in Wisconsin. The War Memorial is operated under the auspices of Milwaukee County. The original purpose of the War Memorial was to operate the War Memorial Center Facility/Milwaukee Art Museum, the Marcus Center for the Performing Arts, and the Charles Allis and Villa Terrace Art Museums. In 2006, the Marcus Center for the Performing Arts and in 2012, the Charles Allis and Villa Terrace Art Museums and began operating as separate entities. In 2013, operation of a portion of the War Memorial Center Facility/Milwaukee Art Museum was ceded to the Milwaukee Art Museum. Beginning September 17, 2013, the sole purpose of the War Memorial Center.

A four member Board of Trustees ("Trustees") and an eleven member Board of Directors ("Board") govern the War Memorial. The four Trustees and two members of the Board are appointed by the County Executive and are confirmed by the County Board of Supervisors.

The War Memorial is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the County because the County appoints the voting majority of the Board of Trustees, owns the majority of the economic resources (the building) available to the War Memorial, and provides annual appropriations. As a result, the War Memorial has the ability to impose specific financial burdens on the County. The War Memorial has a fiscal year ending December 31st.

Marcus Center for the Performing Arts ("Marcus Center") is a non-stock, non-profit corporation based in Wisconsin that offers performance facilities, various services to a wide

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## A. The Reporting Entity (cont'd)

range of performing arts, and a parking structure. The Marcus Center is home to the Milwaukee Symphony Orchestra, the Milwaukee Ballet Company, the Milwaukee Youth Symphony Orchestra, the Florentine Opera Company, First Stage Milwaukee, and other special arts groups, ethnic and cultural festivals and community concerts. The Marcus Center operates as a separate reporting entity and has combined all of its related funds into one set of financial statements. A twenty-five member Board of Directors governs the Marcus Center. Three members of the Board are appointed by the County Executive and are confirmed by the County Board of Supervisors.

On August 12, 2015, the State of Wisconsin passed Wisconsin Act 60; the legislation states that under Section 115 of Nonstatutory Provisions, the Marcus Center property can be transferred to the local exposition district ("Wisconsin Center District"). This transfer shall take effect upon adoption of a resolution by the Wisconsin Center District Board requesting the transfer, at which point a written proclamation of support from the County Executive would be needed to complete the transfer of the property. On April 4, 2018, the language transferring the Marcus Center property from Milwaukee County to the Wisconsin Center District was removed under Wisconsin Act 205.

The Marcus Center is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the County because the County owns the majority of the economic resources (the building), provides annual appropriations, and issues general obligation corporate purpose bonds to finance certain improvements. As a result, the Marcus Center is fiscally dependent and has the ability to impose specific financial burdens on the County. Also, even though the County does not appoint the majority of the Board of Directors, excluding the Marcus Center would render the County's financial statements incomplete or misleading. The Marcus Center has a fiscal year ending June 30th.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices listed below.

Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc.. 800 West Wells Street Milwaukee, WI 53233 Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc. 750 North Lincoln Memorial Drive Milwaukee, WI 53202

Marcus Center for the Performing Arts 929 North Water Street Milwaukee, WI 53202

#### **Related Organizations**

The Milwaukee County Federated Library System ("MCFLS") is a membership organization comprised of the fifteen administratively autonomous and fiscally independent public libraries in Milwaukee County. MCFLS assumes a leadership role in facilitating cooperation among its member libraries, improving access to and encouraging sharing of resources, promoting the most effective use of local, county, state and federal funds and assisting member libraries in the utilization of current and evolving technologies to provide the highest possible level of library

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

## A. The Reporting Entity (cont'd)

service to all County residents. The County Executive is responsible for appointing the sevenmember board of MCFLS but the County's accountability for MCFLS does not extend beyond making the appointments. In accordance with State Statute s.43.19(1)(a) at least one but not more than two County Board Supervisor(s) shall be members of the system board at any one time.

**Milwaukee Regional Innovation Center, Inc. ("MRIC")** is a community for entrepreneurs that provides the environment, the support, and the resources for innovation. The MRIC board is composed of fifteen members of whom: four are appointed from area academic institutions; six at-large members are elected by the MRIC board and are confirmed by the County Board; two are appointed by the County Executive; two are appointed by the County Board Chairperson; and one is appointed by the Mayor of the City of Wauwatosa. If MRIC were to dissolve, its remaining assets (after debt and liability payments) would be given back to the County to benefit the public.

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges for interfund services provided and used between the County's governmental and business-type activities. Elimination of these

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (cont'd)

charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the County is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, component units, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County applies GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions," when accounting for and reporting intergovernmental revenue transactions. The governmental fund financial statements report these revenues when entitlements to those resources have occurred and all grant requirements have been met. In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements these revenues are recognized when entitlement to the resources has occurred and grant requirements have been met, regardless of the timing of the receipts. State shared revenues are recognized as revenues in the governmental funds when the County is entitled to these funds. Intergovernmental grants received for proprietary fund operating purposes, or which may be utilized for either operations or capital expenditures at the discretion of the County, are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned. Intergovernmental grants restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets in the proprietary funds are recorded as a component of income.

#### All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (cont'd)

the current period.

The County considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Uncollected property taxes of municipalities within the County, except the City of Milwaukee, are purchased and then collected by the County. There is no recourse to the municipalities for the collection of the property taxes. The County considers intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Charges for services, rents, property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures and all other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the county receives cash.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The County's enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary funds separate all activity into two categories: operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Proprietary fund operating expenses result from providing services as well as producing and delivering goods. Non-operating revenues and expenses entail all other activity not included in operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues and expenses include capital and non-capital financing activities and investing activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds from long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

#### Fiduciary Funds

The County uses fiduciary funds to account for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (cont'd)

resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. Trust funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities and therefore do not have a measurement focus; however, agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

Funds are organized as major or nonmajor within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

- (a) Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures /expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- (b) The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- (c) In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the County believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County presents the following **major governmental funds**:

- **General Fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **Debt Service Fund** accounts for and reports the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt.
- **Capital Projects Fund** accounts for and reports the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The County presents the following **major proprietary funds**:

• **Airports Fund** accounts for the operations of General Mitchell International Airport and Timmerman Airport. Airport passenger facility charges and related capital

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

expenditures are not accounted for in the airport's enterprise fund but are accounted for as a special revenue fund.

• **Transit System Fund** accounts for the activities of the Milwaukee County Transit System and the Paratransit System. Both systems are operated and managed by Milwaukee Transport Services, Inc., a private non-profit corporation. The Transit System provides public transportation in the Milwaukee metropolitan area. The Paratransit System provides transportation, using private vendors, for passengers who meet the paratransit eligibility requirements.

The County presents the following **non-major funds and other fund types:** 

- **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The specific purpose of each fund is as follows:
  - Zoo used for maintenance and repairs of the miniature passenger train and the zoomobile, conservation, maintaining and expanding the library, employee's travel, animal acquisitions and specimens for the Milwaukee County Zoo.
  - **Parks** used for the repair, restoration and enhancement of the various parks throughout Milwaukee County.
  - **Persons with Disabilities** used for special projects to help free disabled persons from environmental and attitudinal barriers.
  - Behavioral Health Division used for mental health research, patient activities and special events, funding for youth and young adults with severe mental health needs. It is also used for compensated absence payouts for Behavioral Health Division retirees.
  - Airport Airport Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) is used for the collection of Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved passenger facility charges, which are to be used for capital projects at the Airport.
  - Administrative Services used by Risk Management for employee health and safety issues. It also includes pension stabilization established with \$6,500 in 2009 with issuance of Pension Liability funds for County ERS, under state statute.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### C. Basis of Presentation (cont'd)

- Public Works used for compensated absence payouts for retirees from the Fleet Maintenance and Facilities Management divisions.
- Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the County, or to other governmental entities, on a cost reimbursement basis. Information Management Services, Public Works Services, and Risk Management are the County's internal service funds.
- The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Employees' Retirement System and OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee. This fund accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Milwaukee County employees. Substantially all full and part-time employees of the County participate in these single-employer defined benefit plans.
- **Agency Funds** are custodial in nature and are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governmental units. The significant agency fund within the County is the Civil Court-ordered Family Support Payments.

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

To facilitate cash management of the County's resources, cash and investments are pooled in common accounts. These pooled common accounts are considered cash equivalents for the purposes of the statements of cash flows. The cash and investment balance in each fund represents the equity in these pooled resources.

The resources of the Special Revenue funds, the Agency funds, the Pension Trust fund, and the Transit fund are restricted and are not available to the County to finance its operations. Deposits and investments of the Airports Trust are held separately from those of other County funds due to Revenue Bond restrictions. Deposits and investments of the Transit fund are held in separate accounts with Milwaukee Transport Services, Inc., a non-profit corporation. Deposits and investments of the Pension Trust fund are held in separate accounts with Employees' Retirement System. Deposits and investments of the Agency Funds are held separately from those of other County funds

The State of Wisconsin statutes authorize the County to invest in State-authorized financial institution time deposits that mature in not more than three years, bonds or securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Federal government, bonds or securities of any municipality of the State, securities that mature not more than ten years from the date on which the security was acquired and which has a rating in one of the two highest categories assigned by a nationally-recognized rating agency, repurchase agreements secured by funds or

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

### 1. Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Federal government, and local government pooled investment funds. In addition, the Pension Board, as administrator of the Pension Trust Fund is authorized to invest in all types of investments deemed appropriate.

All investments are stated at fair value, including investments in the Pension Trust Fund.

Additional information is provided in Note 3.

#### 2. Receivables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending / borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). The County has no "advances to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities as internal balances.

At year-end, amounts due from private individuals, organizations or other governments which pertain to charges for services rendered by County departments are reported as accounts receivable. Receivables are reviewed periodically to establish or update the allowance for doubtful accounts. All trade receivables for the business-type funds are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property tax receivables represent the taxes levied on or before December 31, the lien date. Taxes are recognized in the governmental funds as revenue in the year when they are available to finance county services. Since these property tax receivables are not available for the current fiscal year, they are shown as deferred inflows of resources.

Property taxes are levied based on the equalized value, which is computed using the assessment date of January 1, of all general property located in the County. The equalized value excludes tax incremental financing districts. The taxes are due on the last day of January but may be paid in two or more installments, depending on local ordinance.

Delinquent property tax receivables is initially comprised of the unpaid property taxes that the County purchases from other taxing authorities within the County, except the City of Milwaukee, to facilitate the collection of taxes. The County's portion of uncollected property taxes within the boundaries of the City of Milwaukee is sold to the City each year. Interest, penalties and other special charges are added to the delinquent property tax receivables subsequent to the purchases. The purchases are a financing arrangement.

The municipalities portion that is not collectable within sixty days of year-end is reflected as a reservation of fund balance at year-end for amounts considered unavailable. The County's portion of delinquent property taxes, accrued interest and penalties that is not collectable within

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

#### 2. Receivables (cont'd)

sixty days of year-end is reflected as unearned revenue in the governmental funds.

Additional information is provided in Note 4.

#### 3. Inventory, Prepaid Items and Insurance Deposits

Inventories are valued at average cost or current cost, which approximates the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the governmental and proprietary funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. As of December 31, 2019 Milwaukee County has prepaid items totaling \$1,495.

Milwaukee County offers its employees the option to participate in flexible spending account plans for eligible health and daycare expenses which are administered by a third party; as of December 31, 2019 \$218 is on deposit.

Milwaukee County has self-funded health and prescription insurance plans administered by a third party. A requirement of the self-funded plans is that the County must maintain deposits with this third party manager; as of December 31, 2019 \$3,173 is on deposit.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Deposits and Investments area are considered restricted as explained earlier in Note 1, section D, item 1. At the end of 2019, these restricted assets consisted of Capital Project reserves, Airports reserves and unspent revenue bond proceeds, and Airport Passenger Facility Charge revenues. Restricted assets are not available to the County to finance its operations.

**Capital Projects**: Bond proceeds of \$28,583 are held for various capital projects for the Courthouse and other governmental facilities, Parks and other recreational areas, and Highway and related transportation assets and infrastructure.

**Airports:** Certain proceeds of the Airports enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for repayment are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. At the end of 2019, the restricted asset balance of \$17,042 consists of \$15,535 of reserves under Airport Revenue Bond covenants and \$1,507 of 2006, 2009, 2010 and used to pay down debt.

The Airport Revenue Bond Interest and Principal Account are used to segregate resources accumulated for the semi-annual debt service payments. The Airport Revenue Bond Debt Service Reserve Account is used to report resources set aside to make up for any future deficiencies that may occur in the Airport Revenue Bond Principal and Interest Account. In addition, Airport Revenue Bond covenants require that fund equity be reserved for Debt Coverage, and Operations and Maintenance Reserves. The Debt Coverage Reserve Account

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

#### 4. Restricted Assets (cont'd)

and the Operations and Maintenance Reserve Account are used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the Airport operation that could adversely affect debt service payments. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to make certain payments, the County uses unrestricted resources to liquidate payments first.

**Airport Special Revenue Fund:** Restricted Assets for the Airport Special Revenue Fund at the end of 2019 amount to \$49,488 which consists of \$45,009 for passenger facility charges allocated and \$4,479 for contributed assets. Passenger facility charges are collected by the Airport and are used for capital projects or repayment of bonds for approved capital projects. The passenger facility charges are accounted for in a separate Special Revenue Fund.

#### 5. Capital Assets / Other Assets

#### Government-wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, drainage, lighting systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 (two thousand five hundred dollars) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The exception to this is for purchases of data processing equipment which has an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (one thousand dollars). Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Capital assets received as gifts or donations are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time of receipt.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized at cost when purchased or constructed and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government and its component units are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Buildings - 40 years, Building Improvements - 12-20 years, Furniture and Fixtures - 10 years, Infrastructure - 20-30 years, Machinery and Equipment - 5-15 years, and Vehicles and Related Equipment - 5-12 years.

The County owns a collection of zoo animals and a collection of museum historical artifacts which meet the definition of a capital asset and normally should be capitalized and reported in the financial statements. However, the requirement of capitalization is waived for collections meeting all of the following conditions: 1) the collection is held for reasons other than financial gain, 2) the collection is protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved, and 3) the collection is subject to an organizational policy requiring that the proceeds from sales of collection items be used to acquire other items for collections. The County has elected not to capitalize the collection of museum historical artifacts because these assets meet the criteria

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

## 5. Capital Assets / Other Assets (cont'd)

stated above that qualify the collections for exemption from the capitalization requirement.

With regard to the collection of zoo animals and in accordance with industry practice, animal collections are recorded at the nominal amount of \$1 (one dollar), as there is no objective basis for establishing value. Additionally, animal collections have numerous attributes, including species, age, sex, relationship and value to other animals, endangered status, and breeding potential, whereby it is impracticable to assign value. Acquisitions are recorded as expenditures in the period of acquisition. In an ongoing commitment to enhance the worldwide reproduction and preservation of animals, the County shares animals with other organizations. Consistent with industry practice, the County does not record any asset or liability for such sharing arrangements, as generally these arrangements are without monetary consideration.

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

Additional information is provided in Note 5.

#### 6. Compensated Absences

County employees are granted vacation, sick leave, and personal days in varying amounts in accordance with administrative policies and union contracts. County employees are requested to use all accumulated vacation time earned each calendar year; however, a maximum of 56 (fifty six) vacation hours may be carried over to the subsequent calendar year. Sick leave is accrued up to a maximum of 960 (nine hundred sixty) hours. Personal days must be used in the current calendar year; unused balances are forfeited at year-end.

In the event of termination or retirement, employees are paid for unused vacation, personal days, holiday and overtime hours; however, if an employee has less than one year of service or is discharged for cause, all unused balances are forfeited. Unused sick leave hours are forfeited upon termination other than retirement. Based upon their prior bargaining unit affiliation and date of hire, a retiring employee may be entitled to either a full or partial cash payout or full credit for post-retirement health care costs of their eligible sick leave hours. The County eliminated the cash payout/health care credit at retirement for any sick leave hours accrued after June 24, 2012 for certain union and non-represented employees. Retiree sick leave cash payouts are \$685 and health care credits are \$250 in 2019.

Vacation, eligible sick leave, holiday and overtime hours earned and vested by active employees are accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The short-term portions of compensated absences, primarily vacation, holiday, and overtime, is classified as current liabilities; for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, the short-term portion is \$20,022 and \$2,939, respectively. The long-term portions of

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

#### 6. Compensated Absences (cont'd)

compensated absences, primarily for eligible sick leave payable upon retirement, is classified as compensated absences; for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, the long-term portion is \$7,833 and \$9,799, respectively. The \$2,471 paid to employees in the governmental fund types within 60 days after year-end is recorded as a liability and as an expense in the governmental fund financial statements.

Additional information is provided in Note 8.

#### 7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Additional information is provided in Note 8.

#### 8. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred loss on refunding arises from a refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payment of refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements.

#### 9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

#### **10. Equity Classifications**

#### **Government-wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets less any unspent debt proceeds.
- **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### Fund Statements

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is displayed in the following classifications that are based on the spending constraints placed on the resources:

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance** amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory).
- **Restricted Fund Balance** amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, or higher levels of government).
- **Committed Fund Balance** amounts constrained to specific purposes as approved or rescinded in a Board Resolution, and in compliance with State Statute.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the legislative, executive branch or an official of the County to which the governing body has assigned this authority. As adopted May 17, 2012 on Board Resolution 12-418, generally, final intent is authorized through the County resolution approved by the County Board and County Executive. The Comptroller shall ensure that there are

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

#### **10.** Equity Classifications (cont'd)

adequate funds in the department prior to the encumbering of any funds. The County has restrictions against, and does not presently have, any Assigned Fund Balance.

• **Unassigned Fund Balance** – amounts included in the residual classification for the General Fund that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The County has restrictions against, and does not presently have, any Unassigned Fund Balance.

The County considers restricted resources to be spent first and then unrestricted resources unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

In the enterprise fund and government-wide financial statements, the portion of net position that represents net investment in capital assets is reported separately. Restricted net positions are reported for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties to be used for a specific purpose.

The State of Wisconsin statutes require that the surplus/deficit of all departments of the County be determined in accordance with GAAP based on fund financial statements. The amount of any surplus/deficit of the current year is restricted by County Ordinance 32.91(4)(a)(4) and State Statute to be used to reduce/increase property tax levy in the subsequent budget period.

The Board of Supervisors may by two-thirds vote, adopt a resolution prior to the adoption of the tax levy authorizing the surplus, in whole or in part, be placed in a debt service reserve for the retirement of outstanding general obligation bonds of the County. The Board of Supervisors may also by two-thirds vote adopt a resolution authorizing the surplus to be used to provide funds for emergency needs, as defined under the State of Wisconsin statutes. The surplus cannot be used for any other purposes except those stated above.

#### **11. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

The Behavioral Health Division ("BHD") provides an allowance for all third-party payers such as Medicare, Medicaid, HMO's, and other types of health insurance. The Department of Health and Human Services ("DHHS") provides an allowance for amounts due from recipients of housing loans provided to low-income homeowners. The Department of Public Works ("DPW") provides an allowance for Private Fire Protection charges that are in dispute.

BHD, DHHS, and DPW adjust revenue in the current year of operations for the difference between amounts billed (or loans made) and expected reimbursement. In as much as the adjustment is an estimate, any difference between the amount accrued and the amount settled is recorded in operations in the year of settlement. As of December 31, 2019, the total

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

### 11. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts (cont'd)

allowance for BHD, DHHS, and DPW is \$21,800. No other allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained since other fund accounts receivable are considered collectable as reported at December 31, 2019. All allowances are netted against receivables for financial statement presentation.

Additional information is provided in Note 4.

#### **12.** Capitalization of Interest

Interest is capitalized on assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting debt interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project, with interest earned on invested, unspent debt proceeds over the same period. During 2019, the net amount of capitalized interest is \$70.

#### 13. Obligation for Bond Arbitrage Rebate

Pursuant to Section 148(f) of the U. S. Internal Revenue Code, the County must rebate to the United States Government the excess of interest earned from the investment of certain debt proceeds and pledged revenues over the yield rate of the applicable debt. The County uses the "revenue reduction" approach in accounting for rebateable arbitrage. This approach treats excess earnings as a reduction of revenue. There is no liability for rebateable arbitrage as of December 31, 2019.

#### 14. Landfill Post-Closure Costs

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County is required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of up to thirty years after closure. The County recognizes these costs of closure and post-closure maintenance over the active life of each landfill area, based on landfill capacity used during the period. The County has recorded short-term and long-term obligations for post-closure costs. These costs are recognized in the governmental activities.

Additional information is provided in Note 8.

#### **15. Pollution Remediation Costs**

The County has been designated as the responsible party to cleanup petroleum contamination located on County property, to inspect manholes in the Parks System to ensure that clear water does not go into the sanitary or stormwater sewers, to repair stream banks after contaminated sediment is removed, and repair and monitor underground storage tanks used by MCTS. The County has recorded short-term and long-term obligations for these pollution remediation costs. These costs are recognized in the governmental activities.

Additional information is provided in Note 8.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

#### **16. Capital Contributions**

The capital contributions accounted for in the proprietary fund types represent contributions from other funds and state and federal grant programs. The contributions amount is reported after non-operating revenues and expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.

#### 17. Unearned and Unavailable Revenues

Unearned revenues reported in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements represent amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows. In governmental fund financial statements, amounts owed to the County which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues.

#### 18. Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Pension expenditures of governmental fund types are recognized on the modified accrual basis, which means that the amount of pension expense recognized is equal to the amount contributed to the plan or expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, pension expense is the annual change in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes in the net pension liability (asset) adjusted for certain other changes (asset) adjusted for certain other changes (asset) adjusted for certain other changes (asset) adjusted (asset) adj

Additional information is provided in Note 15.

#### **19. Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental, proprietary and internal service funds. Encumbrances of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded as a restriction of fund balance; the encumbrance balance is reduced as goods and services are received and payments are processed throughout the year. As of yearend, unliquidated encumbrances are not reflected as expenditures, but as a restriction of fund balances, and are rolled over into the subsequent year's appropriation balance and are liquidated in subsequent years when the services or materials are received. Every appropriation lapses, except for capital projects, at December 31 to the extent that it has not been expended or encumbered.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

### 19. Encumbrances (cont'd)

The 2019 encumbrance, carryover and commitment balances by fund are:

					Total
	Encu	<u>umbrances</u> C	arryovers	Other	Commitments
General Fund	\$	20,248 \$	(9,205)\$	1,765	\$ 12,808
Capital Projects		52,823	(13,052)	22	39,793
Internal Service Funds		5	1,273	760	2,038
Airports		6,594	-	-	6,594
Transit		808	-	-	808
Totals	\$	80,478 \$	(20,984)\$	2,547	\$ 62,041

## 20. Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities when the conditions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments is only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

Additional information is provided in Note 8.

## 21. Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations

Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) expenditures of governmental fund types are recognized on the modified accrual basis, which means that the amount of OPEB expense recognized is equal to the amount contributed to the plan or expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. In the government-wide and proprietary financial statements, OPEB expense is the annual change in the OPEB liability adjusted for certain other changes in the OPEB liability which are amortized over its average expected remaining service lives of plan participants or five years.

For 2018, Milwaukee County has adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). GASB 75 represents a significant change to the reporting requirements for OPEB plans, by establishing the full value of the OPEB Liability, which is an actuarially calculated amount representing the OPEB benefits accrued by current employees and retirees of the County and Transit. The previous requirements were based on a funding perspective.

Certain estimates and assumptions are involved with the calculation and actual results may differ. The impact of differences between estimates and actual results are presented as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources. These will be applied in the calculation of the OPEB expense and impact the liability over time, to reduce the volatility created by items such as investment performance.

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

# D. Assets / Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities / Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

## 21. Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations (cont'd)

Additional information is provided in Note 14.

#### E. Governmental Accounting Standards for 2019

In fiscal year 2019, the County postponed implementation of certain GASB's with the implementation of the GASB below.

• GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance,* was implemented by the County effect December 31, 2019. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The statement extends the effective date of certain accounting and reporting standards.

#### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### **Budgetary Information**

All County departments are required to submit their annual budget requests for the ensuing year to the County Executive by June 15. The Department of Administration Services ("DAS"), acting as staff for the County Executive, reviews the requests in detail with the departments during June, July and August. After DAS has finalized their changes to the budget requests, the County Executive submits his proposed Executive Budget to the Board of Supervisors. County Ordinance requires that this be done on or before October 1. The Board of Supervisors must complete its review and adopt the budget on or before the first Tuesday after the second Monday in November.

All adopted budgets for the governmental funds are prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for the treatment of the fund balance restriction for 2019 appropriations and encumbrances. For budget purposes, encumbrances are recorded as expenditures as opposed to a restriction of fund balance.

The Board of Supervisors legally adopts annual budgets for the general, debt service, capital projects, enterprise and internal service funds. The legal level of budgetary control is by department. For budget purposes, the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds are considered departments.

Once the budget is adopted, transfers of appropriations among departments require approval by the Board of Supervisors and are permitted only during the last three months of the year. Supplemental appropriations for the purpose of public emergencies may be made from unanticipated revenues received or surplus earned, as defined by resolution adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the Board of Supervisors. Supplemental appropriations from the issuance of tax anticipation notes require an affirmative vote of three-fourths of the members of the Board of Supervisors. No supplemental appropriations were approved during 2019 for

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (cont'd)

emergencies or utilizing tax anticipation notes.

#### **Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

The "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund - (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)" is prepared on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budget. Under this method, encumbrances outstanding are charged to budgetary appropriations and considered as expenditures of the current period. In the Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis statements, principal and interest payments on pension liability bonds are considered a departmental personnel service appropriation and are reflected as an expenditure, instead of a debt service fund operating transfer under other financing sources (uses). The "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds" is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP. Under this method, encumbrances are considered a restriction of fund balance and charged to expenditures in the period in which goods or services are received.

The reconciliation of the General Fund is as follows:

	Re	venues	Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses)
GAAP Basis	\$	824,084	\$ 718,547	\$ (104,789)
Encumbrances		-	20,248	-
Pension/Other		-	(5)	-
Transfers to Component Units		-	(6,591)	(6,591)
Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis	\$	824,084	\$ 732,199	<u>\$ (111,380)</u>

Appropriations lapse at year-end except for capital projects, which are carried forward to the subsequent year.

To be in compliance with GASB 68 for Pension and GASB 75 for OPEB certain entries are made each year as an adjustment to personal services. These adjustments are reflected in operating results, but the County does not budget for these amounts, since they only impact the Unrestricted (Deficit) Net Position created by the adoption of the GASB rules cited above. As a result, the amounts for Transit of \$23,652 have been removed from the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position-Budget and Actual. In addition, certain entries for changes in Net Investment in Capital Assets are reflected in the operating line of Capital Contributions. These Transit entries for \$(6,046) are not budgeted for and as a result are removed from the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position-Budget and Actual.

#### Deficit Fund Net Position

The Information Management Services Internal Service Fund and the Risk Management Internal Service Fund have a net position ending balance of \$(10,912) and \$(1,025), respectively, as of December 31, 2019. The net liabilities were due to the recognition and reporting of the net pension liability and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) associated

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (cont'd)

with each fund. The County will continue to pay down the net pension liability through contributions to the pension plan for prior service liabilities which will reduce the deficit net position in both of these funds. The OPEB plan is a pay as you go plan and was closed to new members in 1994 for post-retirement health care. As a result, the liability should decline each year as benefits are paid to retired members, without the addition of new members into the plan.

#### County Tax Rate Limit

Wisconsin State Statute (s.59.605) imposes a limit on the property tax rate that the County can impose upon its citizens. Wisconsin State Statute (s.66.0602), 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, changed the local levy limit to the greater of the percentage change in the political subdivision's January 1 equalized value due to new construction less improvements removed between the previous year and the current year or zero percent. For the 2019 Budget, the levy limit consists of net new construction which is 1.36%. The limit also contains adjustments for levy for debt service payments, Emergency Medical Services and terminated tax increment districts.

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

The majority of the deposits and investments of the primary government, excluding the Pension Trust Fund, are maintained in a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent basis. Interest is distributed quarterly to certain trusts and funds, which have been designated as interest earning funds. The remaining investment earnings are provided as an offset to costs for the government as a whole. A "zero balance account" mechanism provides for the sweep of deposits made to bank accounts and the payment for checks presented against accounts. The primary government, excluding the Pension Trust, then makes a decision to either transfer funds to an investment manager(s) or to maintain the funds in the financial institution. Funds sent to the investment manager(s) are used to purchase investments that meet the County's primary financial institutions earn a guaranteed rate of return set to the current market LIBOR rates and are secured by collateral in the County's name at a Federal Reserve Bank. The County maintains other bank accounts for convenience of deposit which may be transferred to the primary account as warranted.

The following information presents the deposits and investments split into two sections: primary government - County and Agency and Pension Trust Fund.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Subtotal County	\$ 295,298 95,113 <b>390,411</b>
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Investments:	
Pension Trust Fund	1,742,573
Agency Fund	 18,798
Subtotal Fiduciary	1,761,371
Total	\$ 2,151,782
County and Agency:	
Deposits	\$ 109,509
Investments	299,700
Pension:	,
Deposits	47,513
Investments	1,695,060
Total	\$ 2,151,782

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - COUNTY AND AGENCY

#### Cash Deposits

The carrying amount of the County's deposits at December 31, 2019 is \$109,509 and the bank balance is \$117,329. The primary differences between the carrying value and bank balances are outstanding checks, deposits not yet processed by the banks and Petty Cash on hand.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to cover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside entity. All time and savings deposits (includes NOW accounts and money market deposits) held in an insured depository institution within the State of Wisconsin are added together and insured, by FDIC, up to \$250. Separately, all demand deposit accounts (includes interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits) held in an insured depository institution within the State of Wisconsin are added together and insured, by FDIC, up to \$250. In addition, if the depository institution is outside of the State of Wisconsin, both time and savings deposits and demand deposits are added together and insured up to \$250. The State Deposit Guarantee Fund insures deposits up to a total of \$400 per entity, not per banking institution. Of the \$117,329 of deposits with financial institutions, \$1,802 is covered by Federal depository insurance and State governmental insurance, subject to availability of funds in the State's Deposit Guarantee Fund, \$95,818 is collateralized with government securities held in a separate financial institution in the County's name, and \$19,709 is uninsured, uncollateralized, or exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

#### Investments

On August 12, 2014 the County modified its Statement of Investment Policy ("investment policy"). The primary objectives of the modified investment policy are safety, liquidity, return and local interests. Investments will be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The goal will be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk. The investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the County to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. The investment portfolio will be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the County's investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. The County will support investment objectives and will employ mechanisms to control risk and diversify its investments with respect to specific security types or individual security issuers.

Consistent with the Government Finance Officers Association Policy Statement on local laws concerning investment practices, the following investments will be permitted by the County's investment policy and are those defined by Wisconsin State Statute (s.66.0603) and Milwaukee County ordinances, where applicable. If additional types of securities are approved for investment of public funds by Wisconsin State Statutes, they will not be eligible for investment by Milwaukee County until the investment policy has been amended and the amended version adopted by the governing body.

- Time and other money market deposits of banks, trust companies, savings and loans, and credit unions.
  - Deposits over the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured amount are to be fully collateralized with an acceptable form of collateral, surety, or other guarantee assuring the principal repayment to Milwaukee County.
  - CDARS Certificates of Deposit Account Registry Service, a placement service in which a member institution uses CDARS to place funds into Certificate of Deposits ("CD's") issued by banks that are members of the network. This occurs in increments below the standard FDIC insurance coverage maximum, allowing for coverage of principal and interest.
  - ◊ ADM American Deposit Management, CD placement service and other depository placement services.
- U.S. Treasury obligations, government agency securities, and Government Sponsored Enterprise ("GSE").
- Municipal Securities including general obligation bonds, essential service bonds rated AA or higher, or securities of any county, city, drainage district, vocational, technical and adult education district, village, town or school district of the State of Wisconsin.

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

- State of Wisconsin Investment Board's Local Government Investment Pool.
- Repurchase Agreements ("Repos"). Investment agreements pursuant to which a federal or state credit union, federal or state savings and loans association, state bank, savings and trust company, mutual savings bank, or national bank in the State of Wisconsin agrees to repay funds advanced to it by the issuer, plus interest. Repos are to be secured by investments securities fully guaranteed by the U.S. government.
- Corporate securities. Issued by private corporations, these securities must be rated in the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard and Poor's Corporation ("S&P"), Moody's Investor Service ("Moody's"), some other Nationally Recognized Statistical Rate Organization ("NRSRO"), or senior to or on parity with a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.
- Commercial Paper which may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than two hundred seventy (270) days of the date acquired as permitted by Wisconsin State Statutes. These securities must be rated in the highest or second highest rating category assigned by S&P, Moody's, NRSRO, or senior to or on parity with a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.
- Money Market Funds. Open-ended Money Market funds restricted to investments permitted in Wisconsin State Statute (s.66.0603(1)(m)), limited to a maximum average maturity of sixty (60) days or less.

The following restrictions will apply to any investments made by Milwaukee County: no leveraged investments and no securities in foreign currencies. All other investments not listed above are prohibited from consideration of investment. At any time the Milwaukee County Treasurer may desire to be more conservative in its investments and may limit or restrict certain of the investments listed above.

The County has one futures brokerage relationship to facilitate the purchase and sale of diesel futures contracts in conjunction with the hedging program. In its normal course of operations, the Transit System enters into exchange-traded futures contracts for diesel fuel as a hedge for its diesel fuel purchases. The collateral held with the broker at December 31, 2019 is \$1,477.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

The maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the broker failed to perform as contracted is \$1,780. The aggregate fair value of these hedging derivative instruments (futures contracts) at December 31, 2019 is \$303, resulting in no credit risk to the County. This broker is not rated. The County is exposed to basis risk on the hedging derivative instruments because the expected commodity purchase being hedged will price based on a pricing point different than the pricing point at which the futures contract is expected to settle.

As of December 31, 2019, the County and Agency investment types are as follows:

Investment Type	 Fair Value
Commercial Paper- Discounted	\$ 1,699
Corporate Bonds	13,746
Corporate Paydown Securities	2,462
F F C B Deb	7,999
F H L B Deb	3,643
FHLMC	55,714
FNMA	36,075
F N M A Deb	1,500
F N M A Gtd	5,221
First Amer Treas Oblig FD CI D	14,789
Foreign Corporate Bonds	5,525
Foreign Gov't Obligations	4,007
Futures Hedge	1,477
GNMAII	9,023
G N M A Gtd	1,019
LGIP	38,045
Marketable Certificates of Deposit	4,356
Money Market	12,206
Municipal Bonds	11,879
Ncua	3,014
S B A Gtd Dev	3,779
S B A Gtd Ln	6,291
Small Business	1,623
U.S. Treasury Obligations	 <u>54,608</u>
Total	\$ 299,700

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy states that all investment institution must enter into a "depository agreement" requiring the depository to pledge collateral to secure amounts over and above FDIC guaranteed amounts. All securities serving as collateral will be specifically pledged to the County and placed in a custodial account at a Federal Reserve Bank, the trust department of a commercial bank, or through another financial institution. The custodian may not be owned or controlled by the depository institution or its holding company unless it is a separately operated trust institution.

Amounts in excess of FDIC guaranteed amounts must be fully collateralized and held by a third party or fully insured by an insurance company with an A rating or better by A.M. Best. Acceptable collateral includes the following: Securities of the U.S. Treasury and/or Agency or GSE securities as long as they are fully guaranteed.

All securities purchased will be properly designated as an asset of Milwaukee County and will be evidenced by safekeeping receipts in Milwaukee County's name and held in safekeeping by a third-party custodial bank or other third-party custodial institution designated by Milwaukee County, and chartered by the U.S. Government or the State of Wisconsin. No withdrawal of such securities, in whole or in part, will be made from safekeeping except by the Milwaukee County Treasurer or a designee. All trades of marketable securities will be executed on a delivery versus payment basis to ensure that the securities are deposited in Milwaukee County's safekeeping institution prior to the release of funds.

The County does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements to the extent possible. Unless matched to a specific cash flow requirement, the County will not directly invest in securities maturing more than ten (10) years from the date of purchase. For adjustable rate securities, the time to coupon reset will be used as the effective maturity date.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

As of December 31, 2019, the County and Agency investments subject to interest rate risk are as follows:

			Years						
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Les	ss than 1		1 - 5	 6 - 10	Mor	<u>e than 10</u>
Commercial Paper- Discounted	\$	1,699	\$	1,699	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		13,746		1,635		12,111	-		-
Corporate Paydown Securities		2,462		-		2,462	-		-
F F C B Deb		7,999		7,999		-	-		-
F H L B Deb		3,643		1,503		2,140	-		-
FHLMC		55,714		7,080		23,535	6,461		18,638
FNMA		36,075		-		12,610	2,105		21,360
F N M A Deb		1,500		1,500		-	-		-
F N M A Gtd		5,221		-		2,189	1,988		1,044
First Amer Treas Oblig FD CI D		14,789		14,789		-	-		-
Foreign Corporate Bonds		5,525		-		5,525	-		-
Foreign Gov't Obligations		4,007		4,007		-	-		-
Futures Hedge		1,477		1,477		-	-		-
GNMAII		9,023		-		301	1,095		7,627
G N M A Gtd		1,019		-		-	-		1,019
Marketable Certificates of Depos		4,356		3,619		737	-		-
Money Market		12,206		12,206		-	-		-
Municipal Bonds		11,879		349		8,955	2,575		-
Ncua		3,014		3,014		-	-		-
S B A Gtd Dev		3,779		-		3,779	-		-
S B A Gtd Ln		6,291		-		400	273		5,618
Small Business		1,623		-		-	1,623		-
U.S. Treasury Obligations		54,608		26,673	_	27,935	 _		-
	\$	261,655	\$	87,550	\$	102,679	\$ 16,120	\$	55,306
Not subjected to interest rate risk									

Not subjected to interest rate risk LGIP <u>38,045</u>

Total investments	<u>\$</u>	299,700

#### Credit Risk - Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit quality rating of a security (rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investor Service) gives an indication of the degree of credit risk for that security. In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County will mitigate the credit risk using the following strategies: diversification, liquidity, investment rating downgrade and market risk.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

## Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

As of December 31, 2019, the County and Agency investments' credit quality ratings are as follows:

			Moody's Investor
Investment Type	Fair Value	Standard & Poor's	Services
Commercial Paper- Discounted	\$ 1,699	N/R	N/R
Corporate Bonds	1,015	A	A1
Corporate Bonds	1,016	A+	A1
Corporate Bonds	1,326	AA	Aa2
Corporate Bonds	1,207	AA-	A1
Corporate Bonds	2,715	AA-	Aa3
Corporate Bonds	1,423	AA+	Aa1
Corporate Bonds	2,655	AAA	Aaa
Corporate Bonds	1,139	AA	Aa2
Corporate Bonds	1,250	A-	A2
Corporate Paydown Securities	1,002	A+	A1
Corporate Paydown Securities	1,460	N/A	N/A
F F C B Deb	7,999	AA+	Aaa
F H L B Deb	3,643	AA+	Aaa
FHLMC	4,927	AA+	Aaa
FHLMC	206	AA+	N/A
FHLMC	1,009	AAA	N/A
FHLMC	7,443	N/A	Aaa
FHLMC	42,129	N/A	N/A
FNMA	1,083	AA+	Aaa
FNMA	34,603	N/A	N/A
FNMA	389	N/R	N/R
F N M A Deb	1,500	AA+	Aaa
F N M A Gtd	5,221	N/A	N/A
First Amer Treas Oblig FD CI D	14,789	N/R	N/R
Foreign Corporate Bonds	2,223	A+	Aa2
Foreign Corporate Bonds	887	AA-	Aa1
Foreign Corporate Bonds	1,210	AA-	Aa2
Foreign Corporate Bonds	1,205	A-	A2
Foreign Gov't Obligations	4,007	AAA	Aaa
Futures Hedge	1,477	N/A	N/A
GNMAII	9,023	N/A	N/A
G N M A Gtd	1,019	N/A	N/A
LGIP	38,045	N/A	N/A
Marketable Certificates of Deposit	4,356	N/R	N/R
Money Market	12,206	N/R	N/R
Municipal Bonds	997	AA	Aa3
Municipal Bonds	350	AA-	Aa2
Municipal Bonds	812	AA+	Aa1
Municipal Bonds	8,415	AAA	Aaa
Municipal Bonds	1,305	N/A	Aa1
Ncua	327	AA+	Aaa
	2,687	AA+	N/A
S B A Gtd Dev	3,779	N/A	N/A
S B A Gtd Ln	6,291	N/A	N/A
Small Business	1,623	N/A	N/A Aaa
U.S. Treasury Obligations Total	<u>54,608</u> \$ 200,700	N/A	Ada
IUIAI	<u>\$ 299,700</u>		

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

#### Fair Value Measurements - Investments

The GASB Board issued Statement 72 to update the existing standards on fair value (primarily Statement 31). A review of existing standards by the GASB Board, found opportunities to improve the measurement of resources available to governments, and to increase comparability and accountability.

Fair Value Hierarchy Valuation inputs are assumptions that market participant use in pricing an asset or liability. The standard establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value that prioritizes the inputs into three categories - Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 inputs - considering the relative reliability of the inputs. GASB chose to leverage the input hierarchy in FASB Statement 157, *Fair Value Measurement*. The level is determined based on the lowest level of input significant to the measurement in its entirety. Premiums or discounts based on the government's transaction size, i.e., "blockage factors", should not be a valuation or a price adjustment for any level of the hierarchy.

As of December 31, 2019, the County and Agency investments' fair value measurements are as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:			
Investments by Fair Value:	12/31/2019	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Corporate Bonds	\$ 13,746		\$ 13,746	\$-
F F C B Deb	7,999		7,999	-
F H L B Deb	3,643		3,643	-
FHLMC	55,714		55,714	-
FNMA	36,07		36,075	-
FNMA DEB	1,500		1,500	-
F N M A Gtd	5,22		5,221	-
Futures Hedge	1,47		-	1,477
GNMA II	9,023		9,023	-
G N M A Gtd	1,019		1,019	-
Money Market	12,200	,	-	-
S B A Gtd Ln	6,29		6,291	-
Commercial Paper- Discounted	1,699		1,699	-
U.S. Treasury Obligations	54,608		-	-
Corporate Paydown Securities	2,462		2,462	-
Foreign Corporate Bonds	5,52		5,525	-
Foreign Gov't Obligations	4,007		4,007	-
Municipal Bonds	11,879		11,879	-
S B A Gtd Dev	3,779		3,779	-
Small Business	1,623		1,623	-
Marketable Certificates of Deposit	4,356		4,356	-
Ncua	3,014		3,014	-
Total Investments by Fair Value Measurement	<u>\$ 246,86</u>	<u>\$66,814</u>	<u>\$ 178,575</u>	<u>\$ 1,477</u>
Short-term Investments Reported at Cost or Amortized Cost:				
First Amer Treas Oblig FD CI D	14,789	)		
LGIP	38,04			
Total Investments	\$ 299,700			
LGIP	38,04	5		

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The County's investment policy states that to mitigate risk of loss resulting from the over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities, assets in all of the County's funds will be diversified by maturity, issuer, and class of security. Diversification strategies will be determined, and revised periodically, by the Milwaukee County Treasurer.

As of December 31, 2019, the County is not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.

#### PENSION TRUST FUND

#### Cash Deposits

The carrying amount of Pension Trust Fund deposits at December 31, 2019 is \$47,513 and the bank balance is \$47,915. The carrying amount consists of \$2,670 of cash held in deposit at banks and \$44,843 of cash equivalents held by investment managers.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Pension Trust Fund will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to cover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside entity. All time and savings deposits (includes NOW accounts and money market deposits) held in an insured depository institution within the State of Wisconsin are added together and insured, by FDIC, up to \$250. Separately, all demand deposit accounts (includes interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits) held in an insured depository institution within the State of Wisconsin are added together and insured, by FDIC, up to \$250. In addition, if the depository institution is outside of the State of Wisconsin, both time and savings deposits and demand deposits are added together and insured up to \$250. The State Deposit Guarantee Fund insures deposits up to a total of \$400 per entity, not per banking institution. Of the \$2,670 of deposits with financial institutions, \$2,670 is covered by Federal depository insurance and State governmental insurance, subject to availability of funds in the State's Deposit Guarantee Fund, and there is no balance that is uninsured, uncollateralized, or exposed to custodial credit risk. All assets of the Pension Trust Fund are held in its name.

#### Investments

As provided by state legislative act and County Ordinance, the ERS Board has exclusive control and management responsibility of the Retirement System's funds and full power to invest the funds. In exercising its fiduciary responsibility, the ERS Board is governed by the "prudent person" rule in establishing investment policy. The "prudent person" rule, requires the exercise of that degree of judgment, skill and care under the circumstances then prevailing which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not in regard to speculation, but in regard to permanent disposition of their funds, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of the principal.

The ERS Board has adopted a Statement of Investment policy to formally document investment objectives and responsibilities. This policy establishes guidelines for permissible investments of the Retirement System. Investments, primarily stocks, bonds, certain government loans and

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

mortgage-backed certificates, are stated at quoted fair value. Temporary cash investments are valued at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in venture capital partnerships, real estate, long/short hedge and infrastructure are valued at estimated fair value, as provided by the Retirement System's investment managers. Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses are computed based on the average cost method. Unrealized gains and losses in the fair value of investments represent the net change in the fair value of the investments held during the period.

As of December 31, 2019, the Pension Trust Fund has the following investments:

Investment Type:	F	air Value
Domestic Common and Preferred Stocks	\$	407,506
Fixed Income		359,495
Futures		17
Infrastructure		165,992
International Common and Preferred Stocks		230,667
Long / Short Hedge Funds		146,555
Private Equity		205,052
Real Estate and REIT'S		179,776
Total	\$	1,695,060

#### Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event a financial institution or counterparty fails, the Retirement System will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or securities. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the Retirement System's name and are held by the counterparty. No formal policy exists on custodial risk. However, substantially all assets of the Retirement System are held in its name. The Retirement System did not own any repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2019. As of December 31, 2019, all deposits with banks are fully insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or the State Deposit Guarantee Fund.

#### Interest Rate Risk – Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Duration is a measure of an investment's sensitivity to changes in interest rates. The higher the duration, the greater the changes in fair value when interest rates change. The Option-Adjusted Duration for a security is the percentage price sensitivity to interest rate changes of 100 basis points (or 1.0%). For example, an Option-Adjusted Duration of 5.20 means that the price of the security should fall approximately 5.20% for a 1.0% rise in the level of interest rates. Conversely, the price of a security should rise approximately 5.20% for a 1.00% fall in the level of interest rates. Interest rate changes will affect securities with negative durations in the opposite direction. The Option-Adjusted Duration method of measuring duration takes into effect the embedded options on cash flows.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

The Retirement System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to losses arising from increasing interest rates with the exception of the cash equivalent portfolio. The investment policy limits the duration of individual securities held in the cash equivalent portfolio to 2.5 years. In addition, the duration of the entire cash equivalent portfolio should be between 1 and 2 years.

As of December 31, 2019, the Retirement System has the following Option-Adjusted Durations for the fixed income investments:

		Option Adjusted
Investment Type	 Fair Value	<b>Duration (In Years)</b>
Asset Backed Securities	\$ 8,085	5.46
Commercial Mortgage-Backed	13,990	2.83
Corporate Bonds	83,538	6.16
Government Agencies	5,426	7.29
Government Bonds	18,325	14.23
Government Mortgage Backed Securities	56,478	2.82
Government-issued Commercial Mortgage-Backed	776	5.74
Municipal/Provincial Bonds	4,828	10.72
Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s	137	3.29
Other:		
Municipal/Provincial Bonds	 13,326	N/A
	204,909	
NT Agg Bond Index Fund	103,257	
TCW Emerging Market Debt Fund	 51,329	
Total	\$ 359,495	

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of the Retirement System's investment in a single issuer, generally investments in any one issuer that represent five (5) percent or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this definition. The Retirement System has no investments in one issuer, other than the U.S. Government securities and mutual funds, that exceed five (5) percent of the total investments.

#### Foreign Currency Risk - Investment

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. As of December 31, 2019, the Retirement System did not own investments denominated in foreign currencies.

The Pension Trust Fund does not have a policy for foreign currency risk.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

#### Credit Risk - Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investors Services ("Moody's") and Standard and Poor's ("S&P"). With the exception of the Northern Trust Aggregate Bond Index Fund portfolio, bonds purchased and owned in each portfolio must have a minimum quality rating of "BAA3" (Moody's) or "BBB-" (S&P). The average quality of each portfolio must be "A" or better. The fixed income securities for the Northern Trust Aggregate Bond Index Fund portfolio should have a minimum quality rating of "A", with the exception of 15% of the portfolio which may have a minimum quality rating of "BBB". Moody's quality rating of "BAA3" or above is considered investment grade. Of the \$20.3 million not rated by Moody's as of December 31, 2019, \$16.7 million was rated by S&P as investment grade ("BBB-" or higher), and \$3.6 million was not rated by S&P or Moody's.

Moody's Quality Ratings	Fair Value	Moody's Quality Ratings	Fa	air Value	
AAA	\$ 36,941	BA2		3,724	
AA1	4,115	BA3		6,482	
AA2	4,506	B1		3,239	
AA3	2,983	B2		307	
A1	3,489	B3		-	
A2	6,944	CAA1		-	
A3	9,003	CAA2		-	
BAA1	14,995	CAA3		-	
BAA2	9,348	CA		-	
BAA3	8,238	NR		20,300	
BA1	4,498			-	
Subtotal	\$ 105,060	Subtotal	\$	34,052	
	Total Cree	dit Risk Fixed Income Securities		139,112	
U.S. Government and Agencies 65,79					
	NT Agg Bond Index Fund (Not Rated) 103				
		erging Market Debt (Not Rated)	<del>_</del>	51,329	
	Tota	al Investment in Fixed Income	<u>\$</u>	359,495	

The credit quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities by Moody's, a nationally recognized statistical rating agency, as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

#### Fair Value Measurements

The GASB Board issued Statement 72 to update the existing standards on fair value (primarily Statement 31). A review of existing standards by the GASB Board, found opportunities to improve the measurement of resources available to governments, and to increase comparability and accountability.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

Fair Value Hierarchy Valuation inputs are assumptions that market participant use in pricing an asset or liability. The standard establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value that prioritizes the inputs into three categories - Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 inputs - considering the relative reliability of the inputs. GASB chose to leverage the input hierarchy in FASB Statement 157, *Fair Value Measurement*. The level is determined based on the lowest level of input significant to the measurement in its entirety. Premiums or discounts based on the government's transaction size, i.e., "blockage factors", should not be a valuation or a price adjustment for any level of the hierarchy.

As of December 31, 2019, the Pension investments fair value measurements are as follows:

		Fa	air '	Value Mea	sur	ements Us	sing:	
Investments by Fair Value:		2/31/2019	F	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for dentical Assets Level 1)	Oł	gnificant Other oservable Inputs Level 2)	Uno	gnificant bservable Inputs -evel 3)
Equity Securities			-					
Common Stocks	\$	138,931	\$	138,931	\$	-	\$	-
Domestic Stock Funds		253,719		253,719		-		-
International Stock Funds		245,523		184,302		61,221		-
Subtotal		638,173		576,952		61,221		-
Fixed Income Securities								
Corporate Bonds / US Gov't		204,909		-		204,909		-
Corporate Bond Funds		103,257		103,257		-		-
International Bond Funds		51,329		-		51,329		-
Subtotal		359,495		103,257		256,238		-
Futures								
Futures Contracts	_	17	_	17	_	-		-
Subtotal	_	17		17		-		
Total Fair Value Level	\$	997,685	\$	680,226	\$	317,459	\$	-

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):	Net Asset Value	Unfunded Commitments		
Alternative Investments				
Hedge Funds				
ABS Investment Management	\$ 78,584	\$-	Quarterly	45 Days
Parametric Def Equity Fund LLC	67,971	-	Monthly	5 Days
Subtotal	146,555		-	-
Private Equity				
Venture Capital				
Adams Street	100,077	15,212	illiquid	
Mesirow Financial	44,950	31,650	illiquid	
Siguler Guff	60,025	16,590	illiquid	
Infrastructure			•	
IFM Infrastructure	88,122	10,000	Quarterly	90 Days

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):	Net Asset Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
JP Morgan Infrastructure	77,870	15,000	Semi-Annually	90 Days
Subtotal	371,044			
Real Estate				
American Realty Advisors	42,191	-	Quarterly	30 Days
Morgan Stanley Prime Prop Fund	100,199	-	Quarterly	90 Days
UBS Trumbull R/E	37,386	-	Quarterly	60 Days
Subtotal	179,776			
Total Investments measured at NAV	697,375			
Total Investments	\$ 1,695,060			

#### Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables, as of year-end, for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectibles accounts, are as follows:

Receivables	General	Debt Capital Service Projects		Nonmajor <u>Governmental</u>	Total
Accounts	\$ 38,295	\$ 16	\$ 948	\$-	\$ 39,259
Taxes:					
Current Levy	301,892	-	-	-	301,892
Delinquent	11,137	-	-	-	11,137
Interest	5,718	-	-	-	5,718
Other	7,249	-	-	62	7,311
Due from Other Governments	53,796	52	649_		54,497_
Gross Receivables	418,087	68	1,597	62	419,814
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	(16,890)				(16,890)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 401,197	\$68	\$ 1,597	\$ 62	\$ 402,924

\$4,361 of the \$11,137 delinquent taxes balance is not expected to be collected within one year.

Receivables, as of year-end, for the proprietary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Business-type Activities					Governmental Activities		
	Δ			Transit System So		nternal ice Funds		
Receivables:				yotom	0017			
Accounts	\$	5,420	\$	1,122	\$	6,801		
Other		79		1,113		-		
Due from Other Governments		5,970		2,013		21		
Gross Receivables		11,469		4,248		6,822		
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		-		-		(4,910)		
Net Total Receivables	\$	11,469	\$	4,248	\$	1,912		

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 4 - Receivables (cont'd)

All balances are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report unearned and deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

As of December 31, 2019, the various components of unearned revenue and deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds are as follows:

		Deferred	Unavailable	
	Unearned	Tax	Other	
	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Total
Property Taxes Receivable for Subsequent Year	\$-	\$ 302,020	\$ - \$	302,020
Delinquent Tax Receivables	-	6,103	-	6,103
Federal and State Receivables	-	-	5,989	5,989
Housing Loan Receivables	-	-	9,937	9,937
Other Receivables	1,336			1,336
Totals	\$ 1,336	\$ 308,123	<u>\$ 15,926</u> \$	325,385
Liabilities	\$ 1,336	\$-	\$-\$	1,336
Deferred Inflows	-	308,123	15,926	324,049
Totals	<u>\$ 1,336</u>	\$ 308,123	<u>\$ 15,926 </u> \$	325,385

Enterprise funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources received, but not yet earned. As of December 31, 2019, the unearned revenue balances for the Airports and Transit System are \$19,330 and \$6,617, respectively.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 5 - Capital Assets

#### **Primary Government**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Governmental Activities	•	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Capital Assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 59,4	147	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 59,447
Construction in progress	79,7	706		32,280	(10,907	')	101,079
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	139,7	53	_	32,280	(10,907	)	160,526
Capital Assets, being depreciated							
Land Improvements	295,8	309		1,769	(8,156	5)	289,422
Buildings	682,4	172		3,704	(750	))	685,426
Fixed Equipment Buildings	66,4	169		1,895	(2,704	Í)	65,660
Infrastructure	222,2	250		7,247	(13,728	Ś	215,769
Machinery and Equipment	95,6	684		2,466	(9,163	s)	88,987
Vehicles and Related Equipment	91,9	918		2,734	(2,570	))	92,082
Furniture and Fixtures	7,7	134		113	(9	))	7,238
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	1,461,7	/36		19,928	(37,080	)	1,444,584
Less: Accumulated Depreciation							
Land Improvements	(192,2	207)		(9,406)	1,908	3	(199,705)
Buildings	(450,9	950)́		(18,808)	410	)	(469,348)
Fixed Equipment Buildings	(45,3	388)		(2,866)	2,24		(46,013)
Infrastructure	(117,	576)		(10,789)	13,729	)	(114,636)
Machinery and Equipment	(75,3	399)		(5,381)	8,797	,	(71,983)
Vehicles and Related Equipment	(60,2	232)		(5,868)	2,500	)	(63,600)
Furniture and Fixtures	(3,9	962)́		(481)		,	(4,436)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(945,7	714)		(53,599)	29,592	,	(969,721)
Net Capital Assets being depreciated	516,0	<u> </u>	-	(33,671)	(7,488		474,863
Governmental Activities Capital Assets-Net	\$ 655,		\$	(1,391)	\$ (18,39	- ·	\$ 635,389

Governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of December 31, 2019 are comprised of the following:

General Capital Assets, Net	\$ 611,034
Internal Service Fund Capital Assets, Net	 24,355
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 635,389

Depreciation is charged to governmental functions as follows:

Legislative, Executive and Staff	\$ 4,669
Courts and Judiciary	193
General Governmental Services	69
Public Safety	6,542
Public Works and Highways	19,777
Human Services	3,289
Parks, Recreation and Culture	 19,060
Total	\$ 53,599

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 5 - Capital Assets (cont'd)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance		Increases						reases Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital Assets, not being depreciated											
Land	\$	22,091	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,091			
Construction in progress		30,245		14,477		(23,610)		21,112			
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated		52,336		14,477		(23,610)	_	43,203			
Capital Assets, being depreciated											
Land Improvements		242,297		10,901		(8,074)		245,124			
Buildings		148,044		11,903		(2,328)		157,619			
Fixed Equipment Buildings		304,718		163		(836)		304,045			
Machinery and Equipment		25,679		2,881		(4,285)		24,275			
Vehicles and Related Equipment		190,058		13,835		(13,861)		190,032			
Furniture and Fixtures		5,403		3		(148)		5,258			
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		916,199		39,686		(29,532)		926,353			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					_						
Land Improvements		(118,130)		(11,731)		8,065		(121,796)			
Buildings		(80,467)		(5,481)		2,328		(83,620)			
Fixed Equipment Buildings		(126,217)		(13,801)		836		(139,182)			
Machinery and Equipment		(17,163)		(2,712)		4,284		(15,591)			
Vehicles and Related Equipment		(106,231)		(14,419)		13,535		(107,115)			
Furniture and Fixtures		(3,994)		(371)		148		(4,217)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(452,202)		(48,515)		29,196	_	(471,521)			
Net Capital Assets, being depreciated		463,997	_	(8,829)		(336)	_	454,832			
Business-type Activities Capital Assets-Net	\$	516,333	\$	5,648	\$	(23,946)	\$	498,035			

Depreciation is charged to business-type activities as follows:

Airports	\$ 32,129
Transit System	 16,386
Total	\$ 48,515

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

All three of the County's component units have reportable capital assets.

The capital assets of the Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc. consist of the following:

Building additions and improvements	\$ 19,876
Furniture, equipment and exhibits improvements	12,922
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (21,860 <u>)</u>
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 10,938

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 5 - Capital Assets (cont'd)

The capital assets of the Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc. consist of the following:

Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment	\$ 12,918
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (1,114)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,804

The capital assets of the Marcus Center for the Performing Arts consist of the following:

Building and Improvements	\$ 32,701
Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment	2,090
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 <u>(22,471)</u>
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,320

#### **Construction Commitments**

The following is a list of **capital projects appropriations and transfers** that were approved by the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors per the 2019 Adopted Capital Improvements Budget. These reflect projects for both governmental and proprietary funds.

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

	Capital Assets (cont d)		0040				Expen	
Project Number	Project Description		2019 opriations			2019 ansfers	ہ Encum	k orances
Itambol	Airports (WA)	<u>, 1991</u>	opnationo				Liioaini	
WA096	Parking Structure Relighting	\$	-	*	\$	-	\$	7
WA125	Security & Wildlife Deter Peri	Ŧ	-	*	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	2
WA139	GMIA - Redundant Main Electric		-	*		-		-
WA158	GMIA - Deicer Pads		-	*		-		-
WA176	GMIA Master Plan AGIS/EALP		-	*		-		-
WA177	GMIA Parking Structure Repairs		-	*		-		6
WA187	GMIA 13-31 Pavement Resurface		-	*		-		-
WA195	GMIA Taxiway F Reconstruction		-	*		-		7
WA196	Replace Skywalk Glass		-	*		-		293
WA205	GMIA Firehouse Addition		-	*		-		382
WA206	Expan Taxicab Parking/Staging		-	*		-		20
WA207	GMIA Landside Roadway Rehab		-	*		-		-
WA209	GMIA Sustainability Mgt Plan		-	*		-		-
WA211	GMIA Physical Acess Cntrl Syst		5,462	***		-		1,916
WA213	Replacement Of Jet Bridges		-	*		(233)		-
WA215	GMIA Relight 19R-IL, 13-31 TW		-	*		-		-
WA217	GMIA Airfield Safety Improveme		-	*		-		-
WA218	GMIA Airfield Pavement Replace		-	*		-		49
WA220	GMIA Connector Taxiway Mods		-	*		-		82
WA221	International Terminal Redevel		-	*		-	7	7,099
WA224	LJT Airfield Pavmnt Repl/Rehab		-	*		-		-
WA240	LJT Sec-Wildlife Fence 2018		-	*		-		23
WA243	GMIA Replace Jet Bridges 2018		-	*		(636)		46
WA245	GMIA Airfield Safety Imp 2018		-	*		-		97
WA246	GMIA Airfield Pvmnt Repl 2018		-	*		-		1,886
WA248	LJT Pavement Replacement		-	*		-		22
WA251	GMIA Airfield Drainage Study		-	*		-		95
WA252	GMIA MKE Bus Park Elec Infra		-	*		-		171
WA254	GMIA Parking Lot Repl 2018		-	***		2		220
WA260	GMIA Parking Struc Rep 2018		-	*		-		673
WA261	GMIA Master Plan 2017		-	*		-		1,929
WA263	GMIA Howell Tunnel Rehab		2,664	**		-		2,482
WA264	GMIA Taxiways E & F Pavement		3,046	**		-	4	2,803
WA267	GMIA Taxiway P Pavement Rehab		301	**		-		281
WA268	GMIA Term Bldg Roof And Skylig		3,645	**		-		154
WA269	GMIA Terminal Fire Alrm System		939	**		-		573
WA270	GMIA Ticket Area Remodeling		3,459	**		-		367
WA271	GMIA Repl Jet Bridges 2019		2,280	**		869		1,665
WA272	GMIA Park Access & Rev Contri		2,940	**		-		19
WA273	GMIA Parking Struct Facade Reh		336	**		-		11
WA274	GMIA Park Struct Strm Wat Pipe		888	**		-		53
WA275	GMIA Park Struct Exp Jnt Repl		734	**		-		21
WA276	LJT Sup Pvmnt Rehab 2019		798	**		-		60 577
WA277 WA278	LJT Taxiway Pvmnt Rehab 2019		599 2 1 1 0	**		-		577
WA278 WA279	GMIA Heavy Equip Repl 2019 GMIA Employee P Lot Pvmnt Reha		2,110 997	**		-		- 16
WA279 WA296	GMIA Employee P Lot P Vinit Rena		991	*		-		199
VV AZ30			-			-		133

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

Note J -	Capital Assets (Cont d)						Ex	2019 penditures
Project			2019			2019		&
<u>Number</u>	Project Description	Appr	opriations			Transfers	Enc	umbrances
	Airport (WA) (cont'd)							
WA374	LJT Master Plan 2018	\$	-	*	\$	-	\$	-
WA375	LJT Rplace Runwy Indicator Lts		-	*		-		123
	Courthouse Complex (WC)	_						
WC027	Courthouse Lightcourt Windows		-	*		(1,333)		34
WC059	CH Complex Elec Infrastr Ph 1		-	***		3		1,349
WC062	CJF Bldg Roof Replacement		-	***		2		37
WC089	Courthouse Elevator Renov Ph 1		-	*		-		100
WC093	Courthouse Penthouse Masonry		-	*		-		-
WC094	Courthouse Ext Duct Repairs		-	*		-		-
WC095	Courthouse Basement Masonry		-	*		-		317
WC096	Courthouse Tuckpointing		-	*		-		-
WC102	CH HVAC Replacement		-	***		1		205
WC116	Courthouse Cooling Coil Replac		-	***		-		41
WC129	Safety Bldg Fire Pumps/Cntls		-	***		4		4
WC147	CH Complex Facde Insp/Repair		-	*		-		579
WC148	CH Complex Plan Phase 3		-	*		-		47
WC150	Coggs Fire System Replacement		-	*		-		10
WC154	CJF Elevators 1&2 Upgrade		-	***		11		457
WC164	Safety Bldg Elev Mod 3,4,6		-	***		30		134
WC166	Slab Replace MPM/Pioneer Vilag		-	***		13		1,012
WC191	CH Complx Imp- CJF Caulk Ph 1		766	**		60		786
WC193	Coggs Bsmnt Seal/P Lot Slab Re		513	**		-		-
WC199	CH Cmplx Facade Ins & Rep Ph 2		1,290	**		(1,289)		1
WC213	Courthouse HVAC Replacemt Ph 1		1,806	**		2		1,110
WC214	Forensic Science Cntr Ph 1		940	**		-		3
WC225	CH Comp Lc #3 Facade Insp Rpr		-	**		2,621		-
	Highways (WH)							
WH001	Traffic Hazard Elimination Program	- \$	-	*	\$	-	\$	308
WH002	Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality	Ŧ	-	***	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	22
WH010	Mill Rd. 43rd St. to Sydney Pl		3,700	***		518		6,405
WH020	Major Rehabilitation		-	*		(699)		145
WH030	Bridge Replacement Program		-	*		(150)		-
WH080	Bridge Rehabilitation Program		-	*		(54)		85
WH090	W Ryan Rd CTH H 96th to 112th		-	***		-		-
WH092	S 76th & W Layton Adapt Sig Sy		440	***		-		43
WH094	W. Rawson Int w/ 10th and 6th		-	*		-		402
WH095	W Rawson - S. 27th to S. 20th		460	***		-		1
WH097	E North Ave Bridge Over OLT		-	*		-		12
WH105	E North And OkInd Bridge Joint		-	***		80		11
WH108	W. College Ave Box Culver/Rail		-	**		170		169
WH109	Signal at W Gd Hope & Pierron		-	*		(311)		1
WH110	W Beloit Rd (CTH T)-S 124th St		125	**		-		12
WH111	W Forest Home Ave (CTH OO)-HI-V		200	**		(98)		-
WH112	Good Hope Bridge Over MKE Rive		-	**		200		6

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

					2019 Expenditures
Project		2019		2019	&
Number	Project Description	Appropriatio	ons	Transfers	Encumbrances
	Highways (WH) (cont'd)			 	
WH113	W Hampton Ave Bridge Over MKE	\$	- **	\$ 150	\$-
WH114	Mill Rd Bridge Over Oak Creek		- **	151	6
WH119	GHR Int Pierron And River Rds		- **	311	27
WH234	Highway Billing System		- *	-	42
WH240	W Rawson (CTH BB) USH 45 to Ha	450		198	378
WH242	North Shop Improvements		- ***	-	125
WH243	North Shop Major Maintenance		- **	150	100
	House of Correction (WJ)				
WJ074	HOC Master Control	_	- *	-	188
WJ083	HOC Security System Replacemen		- *	-	208
WJ086	HOC Visiting Center Improvemen		- *	-	2
WJ109	HOC N Bldg (G2) Roof Replacemt	368	B **	-	240
	Museum (WM)				
		_	***		115
WM003 WM027	Electrical Distribution Replac MPM North Wing AHU and Control		- ***	-	115 360
WM027 WM037	MPM Dome Planetarium Roof Repl	874	- 1 **	1 287	1,057
WM039	MPM Fire Panel Replacement	074	+ ***	84	150
WM049	MPM 4th Floor Roof Replacement		- **	140	46
WM563	Security/Fire/Life Safety Sys		- ***	-	152
	Other Agencies (WO)	_			
WO038	Marcus Center HVAC Upgrade		- ***	14	315
WO077	Oak Crk Parkway RR Trks to Chi		- ***	-	40
WO086	Milwaukee River Parkway Recons		- *	-	12
WO103	Fleet Mgt Cent Garage Roof Rep		- *	-	49
WO112	Fleet General Equipment Constru		- * ***	-	203
WO116	Vogel Hall Renovation		- *** ***	-	-
WO118	Historical Society Ext Renovat		- *** ***	-	31
WO136	Trimborn Farm Stone Barn Roof		- ***	1	2
WO141	Zoo Interchange			-	58
	Countywide ADA Repairs		- ^ ***	-	65
WO175	Fleet Central Garage Roof Repl		- ^^^	9	2,470
WO176	Mainframe Retirement		- ^	-	-
WO180	Information Technology Securit	1.62	- > **	-	471
WO193 WO198	Asset Prot Comput Replace Ph 1 Fuel Transaction Software	1,633	о *	-	1,653 183
WO198 WO217	Phone and Voicemail Replacemen	1,76	- ***	-	2,213
WO217 WO224	Zoo Inter Utilities Relocation	1,70	- N/A	-	2,213
WO224 WO229	Warehouse Facility Replacement		- IN/ <i>I</i> ~ *	-	-
WO229 WO240	Project Management Software		- *	-	- 17
WO240 WO247	MCHS Window Grates		- *	-	3
WO289	CJF Intercoms And Door Control		- - **	200	-
WO303	Comp Aided Dispatch Interop	193	- 3 **	200	897
WO311	Fleet General Equip 2018	10.	- *	_	1,202
		116			1,202

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

NOTE 5 -	Capital Assets (cont d)						2019	
							Expenditures	;
Project			2019			2019	&	
Number	Project Description	Appro	opriations		Т	ransfers	Encumbrance	S
	Other Agencies (WO) (cont'd)				_			-
WO312	Sheriff Fleet Equip 2018	\$	-	***	\$	-	\$ 375	
WO313	HOC Fleet Equip 2018		-	***		1	39	
WO314	Fleet Parks Equip 2018		-	***		1	223	
WO323	Fleet General Equipment 2019		586	**		2,585	3,129	
WO324	Sheriff Fleet Equipment 2019		1,042	**		(353)	648	
WO325	HOC Fleet Equipment 2019		150	**		(40)	49	
WO326	Fleet Parks Equipment 2019		2,190	**		(2,190)	-	
WO332	War Memorial Hall Renovations		-	**		200	200	
WO447	CCFC Camera System		-	*		-	20	
WO452	Train Acad. Firing Range Vent		-	***		2	60	
WO465	Training Academy Boiler System		-	***		36	66	
WO507	Charles Allis Ext Facade Repai		-	*		-	10	
WO517	Birdcage Stain Glass Curtainwa		-	***		32	1,545	
WO527	Charles Allis Ext Improvements		-	*		-	24	
WO532	Marcus Center Uihlein 4 Elevat		984	**		2	45	
WO535	War Memorial Grn Print Ph 1		-	***		1	283	
WO602	Mainframe Applications Migrati		6,886	***		(423)	10,591	
WO606	Countywide Wire/Wireless Infra		-	*		-	31	
WO614	Build Out Ten Sites to Digital		-	***		4	892	
WO619	Crit Data Prot and Backup		-	*		-	72	
WO632	Internet/Intranet Rebuild/Redi		-	*		-	20	
WO641	Bldg Retro-Commissioning Ph 1		-	**		190	-	
WO642	Mitchell Parks Domes Study		-	**		100	-	
WO870	County Special Assessments		-	*		-	40	
WO890	MCPA Uihlein Stage Lifts		-	***		34	117	
WO948	Master Real Prop Ind		-	*		-	42	
WO949	Inventory & Assess Cnty Bldgs		-	*		-	31	
	Parks (WP)	_						
WP050	Lincoln Park Baseball Lighting		43	**		-	17	
WP063	Estabrook Dam		-	*		-	24	
WP131	OLT Downtown Conn. Phase 4		-	*		-	(28)	
WP172	MLK Community Center Roof Repl		-	***		1	227	
WP192	Big Bay Pk Bluff Erosion Repair		-	**		76	152	
WP255	Sherman Park B&G HVAC Repl		-	*		-	5	
WP280	Menomonee River Prkwy Recon		-	*		-	61	
WP284	Clarke Square Park Improvement		-	*		-	141	
WP290	Kinnickinnic Parkway Phase 2		-	*		(494)	10	
WP298	South Shore Imp Phase 2		-	***		1	158	
WP323	Menomonee Rvr Streambank Stabi		-	***		-	28	
WP330	Cool Waters Slide		-	***		-	19	
WP368	Brown Deer Clubhouse Roof		-	***		1	1	
WP394	Bay View Dog Park		-	*		-	30	
WP484	Lake Park Ravine Bridge		-	***		1	441	
WP490	Mitchell Domes Long-Term Plan		-	***		180	193	
WP491	OLT Recon- Prospect To Bellvie		-	***		1	64	

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				2019 Expenditures
Project		2019		2019	&
Number	Project Description	Appropriations		Transfers	Encumbrances
	Parks (WP) (cont'd)				
WP492	Root River OLT Extension	\$-	***	\$1	\$ 66
WP498	Underwood Crk Prkwy Replace	134	**	-	4
WP512	Mckinley Marina Parking Lots	-	***	1	2,349
WP525	Parks POS System	-	*	-	95
WP529	OLT Bender Racine Connector	-	***	5	81
WP530	Storage Sheds	-	*	-	4
WP533	Cathedral Square Playground Re	-	***	-	105
WP538	Root Rvr Prkwy 92nd & P Lot	153	**	-	10
WP544	McCarty Elec Infra Replacement	1,017	***	1	986
WP548	Kletzsch Dam Repairs And Imrpv	-	***	3	432
WP552	Franklin Park Ryan Creek Bridge	-	*	-	58
WP553	Mitchell Park Conserv Planning	-	*	(277)	16
WP560	South Shore Water/Beach Improv	-	*	-	204
WP601	Brown Deer Clubhouse Maint.	-	*	-	41
WP603	Smith Pavilion Wall Imp/Maint.	-	*	-	3
WP604	South Shore Pavilion Maint	-	*	-	12
WP606	Systemwide- Hard Surface Asset	-	*	-	-
WP608	Systemwide- Demolitions	-	*	-	1
WP618	Boiler, Ramp, Dehumidifiers	-	*	-	38
WP620	Wahl Park Pavilion Improvement	-		45	219
WP628	Brown Deer Park Roadway	-	***	532	130
WP629	Boerner Comfort Station Renova	-	***	-	14
WP630	Pulaski Park Futsal Court	-		-	89
WP632	Washington Park Multi-Use Fiel	-	***	115	5
WP684	Mitchell Domes Materials Test	-	***	97	281
WP685	Lyons Bridge Replacements	-	*	7	122
WP686	Domes Annex HVAC	-	*	-	748
WP696	South Shore Restroom ADA Remod	-	**	-	157
WP697	Little Men River Prkwy OLT	-	**	150	4
WP698	Greenfield Park OLT Reconstruc	-	**	120	1
WP713	KK Parkway 43rd to 51st	-	**	141	-
WP714	KK - Jackson Park Drive	-	~~	249	-
	Human Services (WS)				
WS034	Washngtn Pk Sr Ctr - Roof Repl	-	*	_	4
WS044	Washington SC Restroom Rennov	_	*	(50)	185
WS117	Wilson SC Chiller Replacement	288	**	(00)	233
WS120	Washington SC Vnt/Unt Heat/Ch	413	**	51	381
WS124	Sec Youth Fac Phase 1	- 10	*	-	2,471
110121					2,171
	Transit (WT)	_			
WT076	KK Garage Maint Bldg HVAC	-	***	1	26
WT077	FDL Bus Storage Garage Roof	-	***	5	1,772
WT079	MCTS Fleet Maint Roof Repl	530	**	-	171
WT081	WI Ave Cooridor Transit Signal	-	*	-	1,275
WT082	BRT Planning And Design	-	*	-	207

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 5 - Capital Assets (cont'd)

Project	• • • •		2019			2019	2019 Expenditures &
Number	Project Description	Арр	ropriations			Transfers	Encumbrances
	Transit (WT) (cont'd)	_					
WT083	Bus Rapid Transit	\$	31,000	***	\$	29	\$ 111
WT086	FDL Garage Emp P Lot Light		1,069	**		-	819
WT087	Rebuild KK Maintenance Pits		-	*		-	39
WT104	Bus Replacement Prog - 2018		-	***		-	13,242
WT107	Bus Lifts - Maint/FDL Faciliti		897	**		(897)	-
WT121	Bus Replacement Prog 2019		11,400	**		(100)	11,277
WT124	Battery Electric Bus 2019		5,116	**		1,700	-
WT142	Bus Lifts - Maint/FDL Faciliti		-	**		999	780
	Environmental (WV)						
WV009	County-Wide Sanitary Sewers Re	_	-	*		-	35
WV027	Warnimont Park Remediation		-	*		-	87
WV046	Warnimont Park Gun Club Remed		241	**		-	76
WV049	CW Sanitary Sewer Repairs 2019		150	**		-	145
	-						
	<u>Zoo (WZ)</u>	_					
WZ057	Zoo Aviary Roof Replacement		-	***		4	116
WZ089	Zoo South End Hay Barn Roof		-	*		-	20
WZ114	Zoo Life Support Emergency Gen		-	***		7	1,047
WZ118	Underwater Hippo Exhibit		13,436	**		-	10,477
WZ119	African Plains Exhibit		-	***		2	479
WZ133	Flamingo Building AC Replaceme		-	***		-	-
WZ150	Entry Area Exhibit		-	*		-	730
WZ151	Aviary Boiler Replacement		-	*		(37)	108
WZ161	ARC Ozone Sys/Exch&Chil Valves		-	***		-	35
WZ163	ARC Heating		-	***		2	2
WZ173	CTC Otter Exhibit		-	*		-	209
WZ182	Animal Health Center Boiler	<u> </u>		**	<u> </u>	39	39
	Totals	\$	124,446		\$	4,373	\$ 124,325

\* Project has funding appropriation carryovers from 2018.

\*\* Project has additional funding appropriations in 2019.

\*\*\* Project has both funding carryovers from 2018 and additional funding in 2019.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 5 - Capital Assets (cont'd)

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and bond proceeds are reflected as revenue for projects built on behalf of the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets built for the governmental funds is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense, and the bond proceeds are no longer a revenue but an increase in the long-term liabilities. Similarly, the governmental funds also report the expenditures and associated revenues of building proprietary fund assets. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of building proprietary fund assets is reclassified as transfers between governmental and business-type activities.

2019 Funding Total Encumbrances and Carryovers from 2018 2019 Appropriations 2019 Transfers Total	\$ \$	157,117 124,445 <u>4,378</u> <u>285,940</u>
2019 Appropriations - Funding Source General Obligation Bonds/Notes PFC Revenue / Airport Reserve Private Funding Property Tax Levy Reimbursement Revenue Sales Tax Revenue Vehicle Registration Fees Total	\$	43,619 25,323 13,619 125 30,978 10,781 - 124,445
2019 Transfers - Funding Source Appropriation for Contingency Bonds/Notes Contribution from Reserves Levy From (To) Operations Miscellaneous Revenue Parking Fees PFC Revenue / Airport Reserve Private Contributions Reimbursement Revenue Total	\$	944 (8,250) 2,719 (274) 516 - 5 (1,469) <u>10,187</u> 4,378

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 6 - Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

Transfers In:	Transfers Out:	Purpose	Total
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service	\$ (2,720)
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Capital Projects	(15,813)
General Fund	Airports	Operating Transfer	(1,569)
General Fund	Transit	Operating Transfer	(15,939)
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - Parks	Operating Transfer	(146)
General Fund	Internal Service Fund - Info Mgmt Svcs	Operating Transfer	(5,961)
	Internal Service Fund - Public Works		
General Fund	Service	Operating Transfer	(689)
General Fund	Internal Service Fund - Risk Management	Operating Transfer	(1,595)
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	Debt Service	73,561
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	Capital Projects	19,201
Airports	General Fund	Operating Transfer	5,454
Transit	General Fund	Operating Transfer	25,618
Special Revenue Fund - Zoo	General Fund	Operating Transfer	24
Special Revenue Fund - Administrative Services	General Fund	Operating Transfer	91
Internal Service Fund - Info Mgmt Svcs	General Fund	Operating Transfer	13,882
Internal Service Fund - Public Works Service	General Fund	Operating Transfer	2,257
Internal Service Fund - Risk Management	General Fund	Operating Transfer	9,303
Subtotal - Fund Financial Statements			\$104,959
Less: Fund eliminations			(91,395)
Total Transfers - Government-wide Statemer	nt of Activities		\$ 13,564

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

No fund may have a reserve except for the Debt Service, Nonmajor and Airports funds. All funds that have a net increase at year-end must transfer that net increase to the General Fund. All funds that have a net decrease at year-end receive a transfer from the General Fund so that the fund breaks even for the year.

#### Note 7 - Leases

### **Capital Leases - Primary Government**

In 2010, the County entered into a Capital Lease Agreement in the amount of \$7,515 with Banc of America to improve the County's energy efficiency and to promote environmental sustainability. The County expended \$6,385 of these funds. In December 2015, the unspent balance of \$1,130 was returned to the Banc of America and the principal balance was reduced. The repayment schedule was modified to reflect the reduced principal balance.

All equipment acquired through the Capital Lease Agreements will transfer to the County at the end of the lease terms. The County is making lease payments over a period of 10 years and is required to make semi-annual payments during the term. Final payment is due on the 2010 lease on December 1, 2020. The gross amount of these assets under capital leases is \$11,227 and is presented in the governmental activities statement - capital assets.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 7 - Leases (cont'd)

In prior years, the County entered into capital lease agreements for various Airport vehicles and equipment. The gross amount of these assets under capital leases is \$3,087 and is presented in the business-type statement - capital assets.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Assets:	-	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Machinery & Equipment	\$	11,227	\$ -
Vehicles and Related Equipment		-	3,087
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(10,566)	 (2,974)
Total	\$	661	\$ 113

The future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these capital leases as of December 31, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	-	nmental /ities	E	Business-type Activities
2020	\$	680	\$	116
Less: Amount representing interest		(19)		(3)
Present Value of Future minimum Lease Payments	\$	661	\$	113

### **Operating Leases - Primary Government**

The County leases facilities, office equipment, and vehicles. Total costs for such leases are \$1,791 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Δ	mount
2020		1,503
2020	Ψ	1,381
2021		1,389
2022		1,350
2023		1,548
2024 2025 and beyond		237
•	¢	
Total	<u>Þ</u>	7,408

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

#### Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the governmental activities. At year-end, \$67,490 of the internal service funds long-term liabilities is included in the following tables. As claims and judgments expenditures are incurred, the general fund is used to liquidate the costs. Adjustments to short and long-term liabilities are made at year end based on a detailed reevaluation of the accounts.

Governmental Long-Term Liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 532,914	\$ 42,814	\$ (81,329) \$	\$ 494,399	\$ 62,667
Add (Subtract) Deferred Amounts for:					
Premium	7,744	2,936	(2,214)	8,466	-
Subtotal Bonds Payable	540,658	45,750	(83,543)	502,865	62,667
Other Liabilities:					
Unfunded Claims and Judgments	12,500	-	(7,500)	5,000	1,500
Landfill Post-Closure Costs	1,225	2,925	(1,225)	2,925	75
Pollution Remediation Costs	17,580	26,471	(17,580)	26,471	1,023
Compensated Absences	29,048	19,327	(20,520)	27,855	20,022
Risk Claims	23,320	4,079	(4,290)	23,109	8,488
Net Pension Liability	506,651	147,106	-	653,757	-
Other Post Employment Benefits	1,296,169	368	(105,713)	1,190,824	-
Capital Leases	1,298		(637)	661	661
Subtotal Other Liabilities	1,887,791	200,276	(157,465)	1,930,602	31,769
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,428,449	\$ 246,026	<u>\$ (241,008)</u>	2,433,467	<u>\$ 94,436</u>

Governmental Compensated Absences consist of the following:

Governmental Activities:	eginning Balance	Inc	reases	De	ecreases	 Ending Balance	Due in ne Year
Retirement sick pay payout	\$ 7,934	\$	-	\$	(1,238)	\$ 6,696	\$ 740
Vacation time earned	16,038		14,898		(14,607)	16,329	14,857
Overtime earned	1,856		1,925		(1,709)	2,072	1,895
Holiday pay	3,220		2,504		(2,966)	2,758	2,530
Total Compensated Absences	\$ 29,048	\$	19,327	\$	(20,520)	\$ 27,855	\$ 20,022

Unfunded claims and judgments include estimated costs for outstanding environmental, medical, and other claims. As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding amount of claims and judgments due within one year is \$1,500 and the long-term liability is \$3,500.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs*, the County has recorded a long-term liability for its estimated maintenance and monitoring costs for closed landfill sites. As of December 31, 2019, the estimated liability for costs due within one year is \$75 and the long-term liability is \$2,850. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, the County has recorded a long-term liability for its estimated pollution remediation costs. As of December 31, 2019, the estimated liability for costs due within one year is \$1,023 and the long-term liability is \$25,448. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Risk claims include accruals for workers compensation and other insurance claims of the Risk Management Fund and Transit System. As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding amount of risk claims due within one year for governmental activities is \$8,488 and the long-term liability is \$14,621. As of December 31,2019, the outstanding amount of risk claims due within one year for business-type activities is \$5,320 and the long-term liability is \$2,401.

Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB") and pension costs are accounted for through the General Fund of the County, except for Transit which maintains its own OPEB and pension trusts. The County, except Transit, is on a pay-as-you-go basis for OPEB costs and, therefore, contributes only the annual cost incurred, net of employee contributions. OPEB costs are allocated to departments on a prorated basis. The OPEB obligation represents the accumulated liability that has not been funded by the County based on current accounting rules. All funds contribute toward their specific share and plan related to pension liabilities. The County, except Transit, accounts for the cost and liquidation of annual pension costs through the General Fund and allocates these costs to all departments on a prorated basis. Transit accounts for cost and liquidation of OPEB and pension costs through its applicable trust.

Business-type Long-Term Liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

Business-type Activities:		eginning Balance	In	ncreases	De	creases	Ending Balance		Due in ne Year
Bonds Payable:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$	31,738	\$	17,201	\$	(10,873)	\$ 38,066	\$	4,360
Revenue Bonds		161,055		40,465		(65,735)	135,785		11,275
Add (Subtract) Deferred Amounts for:						· · ·			
Premium		11,195		8,298		(3,053)	16,440		-
Discount		(1,347)		(26)		938	(435)		-
Subtotal Bonds Payable	_	202,641	_	65,938		(78,723)	189,856	_	15,635
Other Liabilities:									
Compensated Absences		11,921		3,662		(2,845)	12,738		2,939
Risk Claims		8,382		553		(1,214)	7,721		5,320
Net Pension Liability - Airports		18,389		6,245		-	24,634		-
Net Pension Liability - Transit		26,517		50,607		-	77,124		-
Other Post Employment Benefits - Airports		49,508		1,341		(5,439)	45,410		-
Other Post Employment Benefits (Asset) - Transit		285,310		-		(33,570)	251,740		-
Capital Leases		326	_	-		(213)	113		113
Subtotal Other Liabilities		400,353	_	62,408	_	(43,281)	419,480	_	8,372
Total Business-type Activities	\$	602,994	\$	128,346	\$ (	122,004)	\$ 609,336	\$	24,007

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

Business-type Compensated Absences consist of the following:

	Begi	nning					Ending	_	)ue in
Business-type Activities:	Bala	ance	Inc	reases	De	creases	Balance	<u>Or</u>	ne Year
Retirement sick pay payout	\$	7,949	\$	1,744	\$	(1,702)	\$ 7,991	\$	1,797
Vacation time earned		3,733		1,700		(928)	4,505		924
Overtime earned		94		97		(84)	107		96
Holiday pay		145		121		(131)	 135		122
Total Compensated Absences	\$	11,921	\$	3,662	\$	(2,845)	\$ 12,738	\$	2,939

Additional information is provided in the following Notes for: Landfill Post-Closure Costs and Pollution Remediation Costs - Note 13, Risk Claims - Note 10, Pension Liability - Note 15, OPEB - Note 14 and Capital Leases - Note 7.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Proceeds from general obligation bonds issued are budgeted for and recorded within the Debt Service, Capital Projects, or Proprietary Funds, where appropriate. General obligation bonds are secured by the full faith, credit and unlimited taxing power of the County and are used to finance capital projects. General obligation bonds recorded in the Governmental Funds will be retired by future property tax levies and other resources accumulated in the Debt Service Fund.

The ratio of the aggregate indebtedness of all taxing authorities located within the County to equalized value of the taxable property is approximately 4.93% including 0.79% related to direct County indebtedness at December 31, 2019.

Wisconsin Statutes limit the County's direct general obligation borrowing to an amount equivalent to 5% of the equalized value of taxable property. As of December 31, 2019 under Wisconsin Statutes, the County could borrow an additional \$2,826,457.

At December 31, 2019, the Governmental Activities weighted average interest rate of general obligation bonds and notes outstanding is 4.30%.

The maturities of the outstanding principal and related interest requirements are as follows:

					otal Debt Service
December 31	P	rincipal	nterest	Ree	quirements
2020	\$	62,667	\$ 19,716	\$	82,383
2021		61,371	17,883		79,254
2022		58,019	15,820		73,839
2023		56,081	13,817		69,898
2024		38,544	11,766		50,310
2025-2029		187,603	32,018		219,621
2030-2031		30,114	 1,161		31,275
Total Debt Service	\$	494,399	\$ 112,181	\$	606,580

On October 2, 2019, the County issued \$14,780 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series, 2019A to current refund \$16,784 of outstanding General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2010C, which were callable as of October 14, 2019. Net proceeds of \$17,149

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

(par amount of bonds issue of \$14,780, plus net premium and underwriter's discount of \$2,369) were used to refund a portion of the Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010C on a taxexempt basis. The 2019A General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$14,780 are recorded in Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019A General Obligation Refunding Bonds have semi-annual interest payments on April 1 and October 1 through 2026. The interest rate is 5.0% for 2020 through 2026.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the refunding was \$19,376 from 2020 to 2026. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are 18,028, a savings of \$1,348. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment of the old and new debt less any cash on hand) of \$1,287.

On October 2, 2019, the County issued \$520 of Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B to current refund \$1,790 of outstanding Taxable General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2010C, which were callable as of October 14, 2019. Net proceeds of \$518 (par amount of bonds issue of \$520, less underwriter's discount of \$2) along with cash on hand of \$1,285 were used to refund a portion of the Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010C on a taxable basis. The 2019B General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$520 are recorded in Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019B General Obligation Refunding Bonds have semi-annual interest payments on April 1 and October 1 through 2020. The interest rate is 2.13% for 2020.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the current refunding was \$2,065 for 2020. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$531, a savings of \$1,534. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment of the old and new debt less any cash on hand) of \$144.

On October 2, 2019, the County issued \$7,424 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019C. Total proceeds of \$7,564 (par amount of \$7,424 plus net premium and underwriter's discount of \$140). The proceeds will be used for the public purpose of financing certain capital projects of the County consisting of highway improvements, building renovations, and other improvements to facilities and to pay the cost of issuance. The 2019C taxable notes of \$7,424 are recorded in the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019C Notes have semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 through 2029. The interest rate is 1.00% for 2020, 0.05% for 2021-2022, 2.00% for 2023-2025, 0.05% for 2026, 3.00% for 2027, 4.00% for 2028 and 3.00% for 2029.

On November 7, 2019, the County issued \$4,005 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019D. Total proceeds of \$4,085 (par amount of \$4,005, plus net premium and underwriter's discount of \$80). The proceeds will be used for the public purpose of financing certain capital projects of the County and to pay cost of issuing the obligations. The 2019D notes of \$4,005 are recorded in the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019D Notes have semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 through 2023. The interest rate of 4.00% for 2020, 3.00% for 2021 and 2.00% for 2022-2023.

On November 7, 2019, the County issued \$5,345 of Taxable General Obligation Promissory

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

Notes, Series 2019E. Total proceeds of \$5,331 (par mount of \$5,345, net of underwriter's discount of \$14). The proceeds will be used for the public purpose of financing certain capital projects of the County and to pay cost of issuing the obligations. The 2019E taxable notes of \$5,345 are recorded in the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019E Notes have semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 through 2024. The interest rate is 1.70% for 2020, 1.80% for 2021-2022, 1.85% for 2023 and 1.95% for 2024.

On November 7, 2019, the County issued \$10,740 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019F. Total proceeds of \$10,885 (par amount of \$10,740, plus net premium and underwriter's discount of \$145). The proceeds will be used for the public purpose of financing certain capital projects of the County and to pay the cost of issuing the obligations. The 2019F taxable notes of \$10,740 are recorded in the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019F Notes have semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 through 2024. The interest rate is 2% for 2020-2024.

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

# Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

Bond Issue	Date of Bond	Final Maturity Date	Average Interest Rate	Original Indebtedness	Principal Outstanding 12/31/2019	Interest to Maturity
Taxable Pension Obligation	Bona	Date	Trate	Indeptedness	12/31/2013	Maturity
Bonds, Series 2009A	04/02/09	12/01/28	6.36 %	\$ 265,000	\$ 111,060	\$ 47,962
General Obligation Promissory						
Notes, Series 2010D	12/21/10	10/01/20	2.82 %	9,770	1,775	71
General Obligation Refunding						
Bonds, Series 2012A	12/20/12	12/01/20	1.00 %	21,804	1,635	65
Taxable Pension Oblig						
Replacement Bonds, Series	00/40/40	40/04/00		400 700	400 405	00 540
2013A	02/12/13	12/01/30	3.28 %	138,730	108,125	30,542
Taxable Pension Oblig Tender	00/07/40	10/01/00		00.200	10 010	2 640
Refund Bonds, Series 2013B	06/27/13	12/01/23	2.76 %	99,300	42,610	3,610
General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series 2013A	08/14/13	09/01/23	2.43 %	26,935	0.425	629
General Obligation Corporate	00/14/13	09/01/23	2.43 70	20,955	9,425	029
Purpose Bonds, Series 2014A	11/06/14	12/01/29	2.60 %	39,209	26,127	4,435
General Obligation Refunding	11/00/14	12/01/29	2.00 /0	39,209	20,127	4,455
Bonds, Series 2015B	11/12/15	10/01/21	2.70 %	14,252	4,549	204
General Obligation Corporate	11/12/13	10/01/21	2.70 /0	14,202	7,070	204
Purpose Bonds, Series 2015A	11/12/15	10/01/30	2.73 %	31,415	25,912	4,424
General Obligation Corporate	11/12/10	10/01/00	2.10 /0	01,110	20,012	.,
Purpose QECB Bonds, Series						
2015D	11/12/15	10/01/25	2.30 %	100	60	5
General Obligation Corporate						
Purpose Bonds, Series 2016A	11/10/16	09/01/31	2.55 %	20,471	17,541	3,010
Taxable General Obligation						
Mass Transit QECB Bonds,						
Series 2016B	11/10/16	10/01/26	1.99 %	152	106	9
General Obligation Corporate						
Purpose Notes Series 2016D	11/10/16	09/01/20	2.00 %	6,576	1,643	33
General Obligation Corporate						
Purpose Refunding Bonds,			a =a a(			
Series 2016E	11/10/16	12/01/22	2.78 %	16,216	7,764	507
General Obligation Corporate	44/00/47	00/04/07	0.01.0/	40.000	45.050	4 555
Purpose Bonds, Series 2017A	11/08/17	09/01/27	2.21 %	19,202	15,358	1,555
General Obligation Corporate						
Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B	11/08/17	12/01/23	2.63 %	14,972	9,887	589
General Obligation Corporate	11/00/17	12/01/23	2.03 %	14,972	9,007	569
Purpose Notes Series 2017C	11/08/17	09/01/21	2.10 %	6,615	3,305	107
General Obligation Corporate	11/00/17	03/01/21	2.10 /0	0,010	0,000	107
Purpose Refunding Bonds,						
Series 2018A	10/11/18	08/01/24	5.00 %	40,718	37,388	6,103
Taxable General Obligation	10, 11, 10	00,01/21	0.00 /0	10,710	07,000	0,100
Refunding Bonds, Series 2018C	10/11/18	08/01/23	3.06 %	7,060	5,635	437
General Obligation Corporate				.,	-,- 30	
Purpose Bonds, Series 2018D	11/15/18	08/01/28	3.15 %	11,148	10,030	1,582
General Obligation Promissory						
Notes, Series 2018E	11/15/18	08/01/22	3.00 %	8,130	6,565	422

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

# Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

Bond Issue	Date of Bond	Final Maturity Date	Average Interest Rate	Original Indebtedness	Principal Outstanding 12/31/2019	Interest to Maturity
Taxable General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2018F General Obligation Corporate	11/15/18	08/01/23	3.10 %	\$ 6,360	\$ 5,085	\$ 398
Purpose Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A Taxable General Obligation	10/02/19	10/01/26	5.00 %	14,780	14,780	3,463
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B General Obligation Promissory	10/02/19	10/01/20	2.13 %	520	520	11
Notes, Series 2019C General Obligation Promissory	10/02/19	08/01/29	2.23 %	7,424	7,424	888
Notes, Series 2019D Taxable General Obligation	11/07/19	08/01/23	2.26 %	4,005	4,005	229
Promissory Notes, Series 2019E General Obligation Promissory	11/07/19	08/01/24	1.86 %	5,345	5,345	284
Notes, Series 2019F	11/07/19	08/01/24	2.00 %	10,740	10,740	605
Total Governmental Activities -	General Ob	ligation Debt			\$ 494,399	\$ 112,179
Premium					8,466	
Total Governmental Activities -	General Ob	ligation Debt	, Net		\$ 502,865	-
Bonds and Notes Payable - Gener	al Obligation	(Current Liab	ilities)		\$ 62,667	
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation (Non-current Liabilities)						
Total Debt per Statement of Ne	t Position - C	Governmenta	I Activities		\$ 502,865	_

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

#### **Business-type Activities**

The County has pledged future airport revenues generated from the ownership and operation of General Mitchell International Airport and Lawrence J. Timmerman Airport, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$135,785 of revenue bonds issued in previous years. Proceeds from the revenue bonds provided financing for capital improvements. The bonds are payable solely from net revenues and deposits made to the Coverage Fund, and are payable through December 1, 2037. The Coverage Fund is equal to 25% of the highest annual revenue bond debt service amount. Net revenues plus Coverage Fund assets are required to cover a minimum of 125% of annual debt service for the revenue bonds. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net revenues plus Coverage Fund assets are \$18,960 and \$35,778 respectively, resulting in net revenues plus Coverage Fund assets of 189% of annual debt service for 2019. The principal and interest payment of \$18,960 represents 20% of operating revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the revenue bonds is \$186,116.

The maturities of the outstanding principal and related interest requirements are as follows:

			Total Debt Service
December 31	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2020	\$ 15,635	\$ 8,130	\$ 23,765
2021	15,762	7,332	23,094
2022	16,660	6,633	23,293
2023	17,160	5,894	23,054
2024	14,236	5,118	19,354
2025-2029	61,547	16,720	78,267
2030-2034	24,566	5,044	29,610
2035-2037	8,285	850	9,135
Total Debt Service	<u>\$ 173,851</u>	\$ 55,721	\$ 229,572

On October 2, 2019, the County issued \$6,335 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A to current refund \$7,481 of outstanding Taxable General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds, Series, 2010C (Build America Bonds-Direct Payment) which were callable as of October 14, 2019. Net Proceeds of \$7,388 (par amount of bonds issue of \$6,335, plus premium of \$1,053) were used to refund a portion of the Series 2010C Build America Bonds on a tax-exempt basis. The 2019A General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$6,335 are recorded in Business-type Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

The 2019A General Obligation Refunding Bonds have semi-annual interest payments on April 1 and October 1 through 2026. The interest rate is 5.0% for 2020 through 2026

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the refunding was \$8,636 from 2020 to 2026. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$8,035, a savings of \$601. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment of the old and new debt less any cash on hand) of \$574.

On October 2, 2019, the County issued \$1,111 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019C. Total proceeds of \$1,142 (par amount of \$1,111 plus premium of \$31). The proceeds will be used for the public purpose of financing certain capital projects of the County consisting of highway improvements, building renovations, and other improvements to facilities and to pay the cost of issuance. The 2019C taxable notes of \$1,111 are recorded in the Business-type Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019C Notes have semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 through 2029. The interest rate is 1.00% for 2020, 0.05% for 2012-2022, 2.00% for 2023-2025, 0.05% for 2026, 3.00% for 2027, 4.00% for 2028 and 3.00% for 2029.

On November 7, 2019, the County issued \$9,755 of General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2019G. Total proceeds of \$9,883 (par amount of \$9,755, plus net premium and underwriter's discount of \$128) were used to purchase direct obligations of the United States of American or held in cash. The proceeds will be used for the public purpose of financing certain capital projects of the County and to pay cost of issuing the obligations. The 2019G taxable notes of \$9,755 are recorded in the Business-type Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019G Notes have semi-annual interest payments on February 1 and August 1 through 2029. The interest rate is 2.00% for 2020-2029.

On October 30, 2019, the County issued \$26,945 of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A to current refund \$36,890 of outstanding maturities of the 2009A and 2010A Airport Revenue Bonds, which were callable as of December 1, 2019. Net proceeds of \$32,664 (par amount of bonds issue of \$26,945, plus net premium and underwriter's discount of \$5,719) along with cash on hand, funds already received by Trustee and a release from the debt service reserve fund totaling \$5,301 were used to refund the stated Airport Revenue Bonds on December 1, 2019. The 2019A Airport Revenue Refunds Bonds of \$26,945 are recorded in Business-type Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019A Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds have semi-annual interest payments on June 1 and December 1 through 2031. The interest rate is 5.0% for 2020 through 2031.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the refunding was \$51,706 from 2020 to 2034. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$35,817 and other county payments of \$2,604, result in a savings of \$13,285. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment of the old and new debt less any cash on hand) of \$8,422.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

On October 30, 2019, the County issued \$13,520 of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B (AMT) to current refund \$19,455 of outstanding Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B (AMT) which were callable as of December 1, 2019. Net proceeds of \$14,710 (par amount of bonds issue of \$13,520, plus net premium and underwriter's discount of \$1,190) along with cash on hand, funds already received by Trustee and a release from the debt service reserve fund totaling of \$5,319 were used to refund the stated Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds on December 1, 2019. The 2019B Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds of \$13,520 are recorded in Business-type Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The 2019B Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds have semi-annual interest payments on June 1 and December 1 through 2023. The interest rate if 5.0% for 2020 through 2023.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the current refunding was \$21,773 from 2020 to 2034. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$15,268 and other county payments of \$4,409, result in a savings of \$2,096. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment of the old and new debt less any cash on hand) of \$1,109.

On July 22, 2019, the County partially defeased Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A. Cash on hand of \$4,603 was used to prepay the stated Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds on December 1, 2019. The 2013A Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds were reduced by \$3,980 in Business-type Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

# Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

Bond Issue	Date of Bond	Final Maturity Date	Average Interest Rate	Original Indebtedness	Principal Outstanding 12/31/2019	Interest to Maturity
General Obligation Refunding						<u></u>
Bonds, Series 2012A General Airport Revenue	12/20/12	12/01/20	1.00 %	\$ 1,301	\$ 100	\$ 4
Bonds, Series 2013A General Airport Revenue	08/14/13	12/01/37	4.88 %	47,095	37,345	20,835
Refunding Bonds, Series 2013B Taxable General Obligation Corporate Purpose Bonds,	08/14/13	12/01/22	2.81 %	3,330	1,035	70
Series 2014A General Airport Revenue	11/06/14	12/01/29	2.60 %	31	23	4
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A General Obligation Refunding	11/06/14	12/01/29	3.10 %	23,655	17,635	5,204
Bonds, Series 2015B General Obligation Corporate	11/12/15	10/01/21	2.70 %	428	136	6
Purpose Bonds, Series 2015A Taxable General Obligation Mass Transit QECB Bonds,	11/12/15	10/01/30	2.73 %	240	198	34
Series 2015D General Obligation Corporate	11/12/15	10/01/25	2.30 %	4,760	2,840	259
Purpose Bonds, Series 2016A Taxable General Obligation Mass Transit QECB Bonds,	11/10/16	09/01/31	2.55 %	5,034	4,314	740
Series 2016B General Obligation Corporate	11/10/16	10/01/26	1.99 %	6,968	4,869	414
Purpose Notes Series 2016D General Obligation Corporate Purpose Refunding Bonds,	11/10/16	09/01/20	2.00 %	889	222	4
Series 2016E General Airport Revenue	11/10/16	12/01/22	2.78 %	114	56	4
Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A General Obligation Corporate	11/10/16	12/01/32	5.00 %	46,165	39,305	13,602
Purpose Bonds, Series 2017A General Obligation Corporate Purpose Refunding Bonds,	11/08/17	09/01/21	2.21 %	1,553	1,242	126
Series 2017B General Obligation Corporate Purpose Refunding Bonds,	11/08/17	09/01/20	2.63 %	103	68	4
Series 2018A General Obligation Corporate	10/11/18	08/01/24	5.00 %	6,172	5,667	925
Purpose Bonds, Series 2018D General Obligation Corporate Purpose Refunding Bonds,	11/15/18	08/01/28	3.15 %	1,256	1,130	178
Series 2019A General Obligation Promissory	10/02/19	10/01/26	5.00 %	6,335	6,335	1,484
Notes, Series 2019C General Obligation Promissory	10/02/19	08/01/29	2.23 %	1,111	1,111	133
Notes, Series 2019G General Airport Revenue	11/07/19	08/01/29	2.00 %	9,755	9,755	1,070
Refunding Bonds, Series 2019A	10/30/19	12/01/31	5.00 %	26,945	26,945	8,872

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

# Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities (cont'd)

Bond Issue	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Interest Original		Original Indebtedness		•		U		Principal Outstanding 12/31/2019		Interest to Maturity	
General Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019B	10/30/19	12/01/23	5.00 %	\$ 13	,520	\$	13,520	\$	1,748					
Total Business-type - General	Obligation an	d Revenue B	ond Debt			\$	173,851	\$	55,720					
Premium							16,440							
Discount							(435)							
Total Business-type - General Obligation and Revenue Bond Debt				<u>\$</u>	189,856									
Bonds and Notes Payable - Gene	ral Obligation	Current Liabil	ities)			\$	4,360							
Bonds and Notes Payable - Revenue (Current Liabilities)					11,275									
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation (Non-current Liabilities)					35,469									
Bonds and Notes Payable - Reve	nue (Non-curre	ent Liabilities)					138,752							
Total General Obligation and I Business-type Activities	Revenue Bond	l Debt per Sta	atement of N	et Positior	1 -	\$	189,856							

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 9 - Net Position

The various components of the County's Restricted Net Position reported in the governmental and proprietary funds as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Туре	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities
2021 Appropriations	\$	5,000	\$	-
2020 Appropriations		5,000		-
Administrative Services		5,493		-
Airports - PFC and Debt		49,488		-
Behavioral Health Division		36,381		-
Capital Asset Needs		-		26,145
Capital Project Commitments		39,793		-
Commitments - Expendable		14,846		7,402
Debt Service		54,521		17,711
Delinquent Property Tax		9,632		-
Fleet and Facilities Divisions		9,394		-
Housing		526		-
Investment market Value in Excess of Book Value		1,805		-
Parks		1,337		-
Persons with Disabilities		107		-
Zoo		2,031		-
Total Net Position - Restricted	\$	235,354	\$	51,258

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The Restricted Net Position of the **Milwaukee Public Museum**, **Inc.** as of December 31, 2019 consists of the following:

Purpose and Time Restrictions:		2019
Capital Campaign - Debt	\$	485
Educational programs		1,143
Endowment Fund:		
Internship Programs		93
Purchase and Maintenance of Collections		489
Exhibits and Museum Renovations		39
Purchase and maintenance of Collections		508
Restricted for Time		552
Subtotal	\$	3,309
Restricted in Perpetuity:		
Operations	\$	2,587
Special Exhibits	•	1,127
Starr Adventure and Internship		79
Subtotal		3,793
Total Net Position - Restricted	\$	7,102

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 9 - Net Position (cont'd)

The Restricted Net Position of the **Milwaukee County War Memorial**, **Inc.** as of December 31, 2019 consists of the following:

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions:	2	019
9/11 Memorial Fund	\$	4
Congressional Medal of Honor Fund		1
Education Program		1
MIA/POW programs		18
Operation Renew Project Fund		41
Other		1
Purple Heart Memorial Fund		5
Restricted for Time - Pledges Receivable		38
Vet Fest Fund		11
Vietnam Veterans Memorial		14
Total Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$	134

The Restricted Net Position of the **Marcus Center for the Performing Arts** as of December 31, 2019 consists of the following:

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions:	 2019		
Renovation	\$ 2,995		

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 10 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employee(s) or natural disasters. The County uses a Risk Management Fund, which is presented as an internal service fund, to account for the financing of uninsured risks of loss. The County is self-insured for worker's compensation. In accordance with the State of Wisconsin Statutes, the County's overall exposure for general liability and automobile liability is limited to \$50 and \$250 per claim respectively. The County purchases commercial insurance to cover a substantial portion of the potential general liability, automobile liability and discrimination claims. The County also purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Risk Management Fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims from insured losses have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

All funds of the County, except for the Transit System, participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a claims reserve. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, a liability for claims is reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors.

The County has recognized \$23,109 of claims liabilities in the Risk Management Fund. The short-term portion is \$8,488 and is classified as a current liability.

Changes in the County's balances of claim liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

End of Year Liability	\$	23,109	\$	23,320	
Claims Payments		(4.290)		(5,664)	
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		4.079		5.594	
Beginning of Year Liability	\$	23,320	\$	23,390	
	_12	/31/2019	12/31/2018		
	Ye	ar Ended	Year Ended		

The Transit System has recognized \$7,721 of claims liabilities in the Transit System Fund. The short-term portion is \$5,320 and is classified as a current liability.

Changes in the Transit System balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		r Ended	Year Ended		
	12/31/2019		12/	/31/2018	
Beginning of Year Liability	\$	8,382	\$	8,526	
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		554		2,813	
Claims Payments		(1,215)		(2,957)	
End of Year Liability	\$	7,721	\$	8,382	

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 11 - Related Party Transactions

#### Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc.

Milwaukee County has legal title to the Milwaukee Public Museum, Inc. ("MPM") building, exhibits and artifacts, including any building additions and improvements and additions funded by the County or MPM. All such assets are leased to MPM under a long-term lease. MPM has not recorded the building and exhibits under the long-term lease in its consolidated financial statements, as the value cannot be determined. MPM capitalizes building additions, improvements and exhibit costs when MPM is obligated to pay for those capital items including the IMAX Theater, the Butterfly Wing, the Concourse, the garden gallery, gift shops and restaurants. These assets will revert to Milwaukee County if MPM were to vacate the facility. MPM amortizes these costs over their anticipated useful lives.

On August 15, 2013, Milwaukee County and MPM entered into a new Lease and Management Agreement ("New Agreement") to replace and supersede the original agreement and all subsequent amendments. The New Agreement provided for a \$3,000 County contribution to the MPM Pension Plan for former County employees that was paid in August 2013, extended annual MPM funding support to 2022, and provided additional capital spending up to \$4,000 on the facility through December 2017.

In September 2018, the County and MPM Inc. amended some of the terms. Based on the most current terms, MPM, Inc. is required to raise additional funds to eliminate its outstanding term debt which was extinguished on December 13, 2017 and raise \$5,000 by December 2020 to support additional capital spending related to site, building, exhibits or donor commitments for its relocation strategy. At August 31, 2019, MPM has raised \$4,252 towards the \$5,000 capital spending requirement. The new agreement is renewable every five years through December 31, 2042.

MPM received \$3,500 in annual support from the County, based upon MPM's fiscal year ending August 31, 2019.

#### Milwaukee County War Memorial, Inc.

On December 18, 2017, Milwaukee County, the War Memorial and the Milwaukee Art Museum, Inc. established Lakefront Cultural Center Condominium Association (the "Association"), with each party sharing an equal controlling interest. Under the terms of the Condominium Agreement, the County approved a transfer of ownership to the War Memorial of the portions of the War Memorial Center Facility occupied by the War Memorial at that time. The value of the property received by the War Memorial was appraised at \$11,400. The War Memorial is prohibited from conveying or mortgaging title to the transferred property without consent of the other members of the Association. Subject to annual approval, the County will continue to support the War Memorial at \$486 per year through 2023 and then at a diminishing level through 2033. The War Memorial has determined that the County's planned support constitutes a conditional promise to give and, accordingly recognizes the County's support as the conditions are satisfied.

The War Memorial, in cooperation with the County, applied for and received grants from the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, the Fund for Lake Michigan, and the Milwaukee Metropolitan Sewerage District for current and future projects focusing on renovating parking lots while incorporating pedestrian friendly pathways, bioretention, porous pavements, and

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 11 - Related Party Transactions (cont'd)

native plants to manage stormwater along Milwaukee's shoreline. The total project is budgeted at \$1,546 with the County responsible for overseeing construction and renovations. The County has also allocated \$580 of unspent 2017 appropriations for repairs to the War Memorial Center Facility parking lot. The War Memorial is responsible for reporting on project progress and outcomes and funding future plant replacement as needed at an estimated cost of \$5 annually. The project is expected to begin in 2020.

#### Marcus Center for the Performing Arts

The Marcus Center for the Performing Arts ("Marcus Center") has a lease with Milwaukee County ("County") which commenced on January 1, 2017 for occupancy. The initial term of the lease is through December 31, 2066 and the Marcus Center has rights to extend the lease to December 31, 2115. There is no base rent under the terms of the lease agreement. The Marcus Center is responsible for all the general administrative, operating, and mechanical functions of its occupied space. In conjunction with the lease, the County will continue to provide annual support for operations from County appropriations through December 31, 2025, and capital improvement support through December 31, 2026. Future support will be evaluated after the stated periods to determine continued financial support for the Marcus Center's function as a Milwaukee County War Memorial. The Marcus Center is required to establish a capital reserve and fund it annually to meet the annual capital obligations of the Marcus Center.

The County provided \$825 for the operation of the Marcus Center for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### Note 12 - Subsequent Events

#### Milwaukee County

As a result of the County's efforts to deal with the financial impact caused by the pandemic known as COVID-19 on the 2020 budget, the County has modeled different alternatives and taken various actions. These actions have included reductions in spending authority, furloughs, and delays in capital outlays. In addition, the County has received Federal funds under the Coronavirus Relief Funds under the CARES Act of \$62 million. The CARES Act funds come with restrictions and a deadline for expenditure, which the County is currently evaluaing. Any funds not spent by December 31, 2020 will be returned to the Federal government. Such funds will first be used to offset costs incurred by the County for COVID-19 mitigation, and secondarily for economic support for County residents. The funds cannot be used as an offset for the loss of revenues due to closures.

In addition to the \$62 million of federal funds under the CARES Act, the County has obtained grants related to COVID-19 from the following: State share of Federal CARES Act funding of \$15 million, CARES Act funding sponsored by the Federal Aviation Administration of \$29 million for operating support of the County Airports, and CARES Act funding sponsored by the Federal Transportation Administration of \$55 million for operating support of the Transit System. The County must make claims for these funds. For the CARES Act funds for the Airports claims can include general operating expenses and debt service payments. For the CARES Act funds for the Transit System, claims can include general operating expension and costs for the current and future budget years.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

#### Claims and Other Legal Proceedings

The County is subject to numerous claims and other legal proceedings incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. For claims and other legal proceedings that are open at the end of 2019 but may be resolved in early 2020, a current liability was established in the general fund. For the remaining open items, although the outcome of these claims and legal proceedings is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's Corporate Counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

#### Environmental

The County has sanitary sewer and storm sewer systems that it is responsible for on County land. The State Attorney General issued an order that requires monitoring, maintenance, and repair of these systems. The purpose of this order is to ensure that the metropolitan areas sanitary sewer systems receive only sanitary system flow, and not storm water, from the County. The order will require future capital and operating commitments. For 2019, the commitment is \$564.

The County has various environmental commitments that will require future capital and operating commitments that are not specifically court mandated. The 2019 commitments include: landfills: \$75; underground storage tank management: \$256; and soil contamination \$203.

#### Intergovernmental Awards

Intergovernmental awards are subject to audit and adjustment by the funding agency or their representatives. If grant revenues are received for expenditures, which are subsequently disallowed, the County may be required to repay the revenues to the funding agency. In the opinion of management, liabilities resulting from such disallowed expenditures, if any, would not be material to the accompanying government-wide and fund financial statements at December 31, 2019.

### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits

### COUNTYWIDE PROGRAMS (EXCLUDING TRANSIT SYSTEM)

### **Description and Provisions**

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare and life insurance plans for retired employees. The plans provide health and life insurance for eligible retirees and their eligible spouses through the County's self-insured health insurance plans and the County's group life insurance plan. The retiree healthcare and life insurance plans do not issue separate financial reports. The retiree healthcare benefits are authorized by County Ordinance 17.14. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

The retirement health insurance premium is non-contributory for retirees with 15 or more years of service who were hired before January 1, 1994, except for certain union groups which have a later cutoff date for this benefit. Retirees with non-contributory health insurance benefits who retired prior to January 1, 2012 (or January 1, 2013 for nurses) also receive reimbursement of

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (cont'd)

the Medicare Part B premium for themselves and their covered spouses. Employees eligible for non-contributory health insurance benefits who retire after December 31, 2011 (or December 31, 2012 for nurses) are not eligible for Medicare Part B reimbursement.

Retirees with less than 15 years of service and/or hired after January 2, 1994 are responsible for the full cost of the health insurance premiums upon retirement and are not eligible for Medicare Part B premium reimbursement. For these retirees, any unused eligible sick leave at retirement is converted to health credits for the purchase of retiree health insurance. The health credit is capped to the unused sick leave balance as of June 23, 2012 less any subsequent usage. See Note 1, section D and item 6 for additional information regarding the County's accrued sick leave liability as of December 31, 2019.

Retiree life insurance benefits are authorized by County Ordinance 62.02. A retiree is eligible if covered by life insurance at the time of the retirement and if retirement takes place at age: 60 or older, 55 or older with thirty or more years of service, or 57 or older in the case of deputy sheriffs. The life insurance benefit is equal to the retiree's annual salary at the time of retirement, rounded to the next highest \$1. Milwaukee County provides the first \$25 (\$20 for select bargaining units) for retirees under age 65. The retiree is responsible for the cost of additional coverage at the rate of \$0.34 per thousand. At age 65, the plan becomes non-contributory and the original life insurance benefit reduces by 8% per year beginning at age 65 to 25% at age 70 and over.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2019 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Medical	Life
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	5,900	5,285
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	196	-
Active employees	345	3,433
Total	6,441	8,718

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,236,234 was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial evaluation as of January 1, 2019.

#### Actuarial Assumptions and other input

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary increases Healthcare cost trend rates Actuarial cost method 3% 4% 0% for 2020, 5% for 2021 and later years Entry Age

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (cont'd)

The discount rate was based on the 20 year AA Municipal Bonds: 3.6%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Fully Generational using Projection Scale MP-2018.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at 12/31/2018	\$ 1,345,670
Changes for the Year	
Service Cost	8,032
Interest	42,262
Difference between expected and actual experience	(17,918)
Changes of assumptions	(75,697)
Benefit payments	(66,115)
Net Changes	(109,436)
Balances at 12/31/2019	\$ 1,236,234

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of Milwaukee County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.6%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.6%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(2.6%)	(3.6%)	(4.6%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,427,082	\$ 1,236,234	\$ 1,083,780

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of Milwaukee County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that is 1-percentage-point lower (-1% increasing to 4%) or 1-percentage-point higher (1% increasing to 6%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	
	Decrease	Rates	
	(-1% for	(0% for	1% Increase
	2019	2019	(1% for 2019
	increasing to	decreasing	increasing to
	4%)	to 5%)	6%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,100,830	\$ 1,236,234	\$ 1,400,015

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (cont'd)

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the county recognized OPEB expense of \$48,398. At December 31, 2019, the County reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 18,721
Changes in assumptions	-	75,696
Contributions made after measurement date	63,643	
Total	<u>\$63,643</u>	\$ 94,417

Deferred outflows of \$63,643 resulting from the County's OPEB Employer Contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 Total
Year ended December 31	
2020	\$ 21,270
2021	21,270
2022	21,270
2023	21,270
2024	9,337

#### TRANSIT SYSTEM PROGRAM

#### **Description and Provisions**

Milwaukee Transport Services, Inc. (the "Company") provides single-employer defined benefit healthcare and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and eligible surviving spouses. The retiree healthcare and life insurance benefits are provided pursuant to the general labor agreement between the Company and the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 998 and the Office and Professional Employees International Union Local 35. The same benefits are provided to non-represented employees and retirees.

Active employees with 14 years of service are eligible provided they satisfy one of the following conditions: 100% vested in retirement program at early retirement age of 57, reach age 62, rule of 85 (combined age and years of service equal 85), attain 25 years of service before December 1, 2013, attain 26 years of service before January 1, 2014, attain 27 years after January 1, 2015 or become disabled. Employees hired after July 16, 2007 are not eligible for retiree healthcare benefits.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (cont'd)

The Plan offers an HMO health insurance plan where the premium contribution is updated from time to time as set forth by the general labor agreement. Effective January 1, 2012, any employee whose combined age and years of service equal less than 75 will pay an additional 20% for coverage. Those whose combined age and years of service equal greater than or equal to 75, but less than 80, will pay an additional 12% for coverage.

Effective January 1, 2012, for surviving spouses not eligible for Medicare and dependent children, the Company will pay one-half  $(\frac{1}{2})$  of the health insurance premium until the spouse becomes eligible for Medicare or remarries, provided the employee has completed at least fourteen years of service.

The Company pays the full premiums on a term life insurance policy for all eligible retired employees at the face value in effect at the time of retirement. The face value of life insurance for employees who retired before April 1, 2001 range from \$500 (five hundred) to \$16,500 (sixteen thousand five hundred), who retired between April 1, 2001 and March 31, 2007 is \$8,500 (eight thousand five hundred), and retired after April 1, 2007 is \$9,000 (nine thousand).

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2019 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2019
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,020
Active employees	1,076
Total	2,096

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0%
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Healthcare cost trend	7.5% in 2019, 7.0% in 2020 grading down to 4.0% in 2074

Mortality Rates:

*Active Lives:* PubG-2010 Headcount-weighted Employee mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

*Inactive Lives:* PubG-2010 Headcount-weighted Healthy Retiree mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

*Beneficiaries:* PubG-2010 Headcount-weighted Survivor mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (cont'd)

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.5%.

#### <u>Investments</u>

For the plan year ended December 31, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (4.10)% percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the cha nging amounts actually invested

#### Net OPEB Liability

The Company's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018.

#### Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Plan			
	Total OPEB Fiduciary		Net OPEB	
	Liability	Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at 12/31/18	\$ 388,203	\$ 102,893	\$ 285,310	
Changes for the Year				
Service Cost	5,290	-	5,290	
Interest	13,566	-	13,566	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,401)	-	(6,401)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(38,910)	-	(38,910)	
Contributions-employer	-	13,671	(13,671)	
Net investment income	-	(4,368)	4,368	
Benefit payments	(11,760)	(14,171)	2,411	
Administrative expense	-	(16)	16	
Adjustment to reflect actual assets	_	239	(239)	
Net Changes	(38,215)	(4,645)	(33,570)	
Balances at 12/31/2019	\$ 349,988	\$ 98,248	\$ 251,740	

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Company, as well as what the Company's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.5%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		
	Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.5%)	Rate (3.5%)	(4.5%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 313,999	\$ 251,740	\$ 209,894

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (cont'd)

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Company, as well as what the Company's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5% for 2019 decreasing to 3%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5% for 2019 decreasing to 5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Net OPEB Liability	\$ 207,374	\$ 251,740	\$ 317,169
		4%)	to 5%)
	decreasing to	decreasing to	(8.5% decreasing
	(6.5% for 2019	(7.5%	1% Increase
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	
		Healthcare Cost	

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recognized OPEB expense of \$(6,342). At December 31, 2019, the Company reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Ir	eferred flow of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan	\$	-	\$	5,239 31,128
investments		13,491		-
Contributions made after the measurement date Total	\$	12,131 25,622	\$	- 36,367

Deferred outflows of \$12,131 resulting from the Company's OPEB Employer Contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follow:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (cont'd)

	 Total
Year ended December 31	
2020	\$ (5,386)
2021	(5,386)
2022	(5,392)
2023	(6,712)

#### Summary of Other Post-Employment Benefits Information

- OPEB liability \$1,487,974
- OPEB asset None
- Deferred outflows of resources \$89,265
- Deferred inflows of resources \$130,784
- OPEB expense \$61,906

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans

### COUNTYWIDE PROGRAM (EXCLUDING TRANSIT SYSTEM)

#### Plan Description and Provisions

The description of the provisions of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("ERS" or the "Retirement System"), has been extracted from the Annual Report of the Retirement System and is provided for financial reporting purposes only. Actuarial data presented here differs from the Annual Report of the Retirement System due to a one year lag for County financial reporting purposes. Additional narrative has been added to the plan descriptions and provisions section. Members should refer to Section 201.24 of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County and their respective bargaining agreements for more complete information. Requests for ERS financial information should be sent to: Milwaukee County ERS, 901 N. 9th Street, Room 210C, Milwaukee, WI 53233.

The Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit plan that was created to encourage qualified personnel to enter and remain in the service of the County of Milwaukee (the "County") by providing for a system of retirement, disability and death benefits to or on behalf of its employees. Under Chapter 201 of the Laws of Wisconsin for 1937, the County was mandated to create the Retirement System as a separate legal entity. The County did so by passing Section 201.24 of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County. The authority to manage and control the Retirement System is vested in the Pension Board. The Pension Board consists of ten members - three members appointed by the County Executive (subject to confirmation by the County Board of Supervisors), three employee members elected by active employee members, two members appointed by the County Board chairperson, one member appointed by the Milwaukee Deputy Sheriffs' Association and one retiree member elected by retirees.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

The Pension Board created two (2) committees to assist in the administration of the Pension Board's duties. The Investment Committee reviews the investment portfolio on a periodic basis, endorses strategies and submits investment recommendations to the full Pension Board. The Audit Committee reviews legal issues, Ordinance adherence, and submits recommendations to the full Pension Board regarding the annual audit and the Annual Report of the Pension Board. The Pension Board, with the assistance of its actuarial professionals, determines and recommends how much the County should contribute to ERS based on what the Pension Board believes is necessary to properly fund the current and future payment of benefits. The Pension Board oversees the tax qualifications of ERS and oversees the administration of ERS in accordance with adopted County Ordinances (the "Ordinances"), any amendments to the Ordinances, and ERS Rules. The Pension Board oversees the benefit payment process from ERS to determine whether these payments are made in accordance with the Ordinances and ERS Rules.

#### **Contributions**

The Retirement System had been substantially non-contributory. However, starting in 2011, selected members began making mandatory contributions. Most full-time, regularly-appointed employees were required to make contributions starting in 2012. In 2019, the employee contribution percentages range from 6.5% to 9.5% of compensation. These percentages may change from year to year based on an analysis performed by the Retirement System's actuary.

Employees who terminate County employment and are not eligible for an immediate pension payment may request a refund of all accumulated contributions made, with simple interest at 5% annum. Effective December 19, 2013, employees who terminate employment with the County must request a refund of accumulated contributions within one hundred eighty (180) days of terminating County employment. Prior to December 19, 2013, terminated employees had sixty (60) days to request a refund of their contributions. The Retirement System will send an employee who terminates a written notice of the refund option. Any employee receiving this refund will forfeit his or her service credit and will no longer be a member of ERS.

Contributions due from the County to the Retirement System consist of actuarially determined amounts sufficient to fund the annual service cost and interest on and amortization of the net pension liability less the expected contributions from the participants.

In 2012, the County started receiving contributions from the State of Wisconsin ("the State") for members who were transferred from Milwaukee County to the State for future service. As a result of the agreement between the State and the County, non-vested members of the Retirement System are able to continue to accrue pension benefits with the ERS, while they are employed with the State. Once the member is vested, they are transferred to the State retirement plan unless they remain in the same position and opt to remain in the Milwaukee County ERS plan. There are currently 2 employees that have opted to remain in the Milwaukee County ERS plan. The State employees are required to contribute 6.5% of their wages to ERS in 2019 and 6.5% in 2018; the State contributes the same percentages to the County.

The County makes contributions to the Retirement System based upon Actuarially Determined Contributions and legal requirements, at the discretion of the County Board. Data used in the determination of the contribution is based upon the prior fiscal year's demographics. The actual

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

contribution made to the pension plan is set during the County's budget process and may differ from the Actuarially Determined Contribution as a result of changes in plan provisions implemented subsequent to establishment of the Actuarially Determined Contribution and budgetary restraints. During the year, the Retirement System accrues those contributions that the County has included in its current year's budget. The County contribution recorded by the Retirement System is \$534 greater than and \$771 greater than, the Actuarially Determined Contribution in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Actuarially Determined Contribution is calculated by the Retirement System's actuary, hired by the Pension Board, using census data, following plan guidelines, and compared to current net assets. The objective is to calculate a contribution that allows the Retirement System to fulfill its obligations to its members.

#### Employee's Retirement System ("ERS")

ERS Pension Plan membership, which is open to new members, consists of the following:

	2019	2018
Retiree and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8,042	8,037
Vested and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	1,313	1,371
Current employees	3,425	3,502
Total participants	12,780	12,910

Membership data above is as of January 1, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the date of the actuary report used to determine the total pension liability for each year and reasonably approximates membership data through December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The normal retirement benefit is a monthly pension for the life of the member beginning at normal retirement age. The pension amount is determined by the following formula: <u>Applicable</u> <u>Multiplier(s) x Creditable Service x Final Average Salary</u>.

For most members, the normal retirement age is either 60 or 64 depending on ERS enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement. A few labor agreements require a minimum of 5 years creditable service in addition to the age requirement. For deputy sheriff members, the normal retirement age is 57 or age 55 with 15 years of creditable service. Depending on enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement, some active members are eligible to retire when their age added to their years of creditable service equals 75 (the "Rule of 75"). The multiplier is determined by Ordinance, collective bargaining agreement and ERS enrollment date. The applicable multiplier percentages are 1.5%, 1.6%, 2.0% and 2.5%. A member's three or five consecutive years of highest earnings are used to calculate their final average salary as defined by the Ordinance and labor agreements. Annually after retirement, the monthly benefit is increased by 2% of the benefit paid for the first full month of retirement, subject to IRS limits. By Ordinance, the maximum benefit (excluding post-retirement increases) payable to a member cannot exceed the sum of 80% of the member's final average salary.

For some members, depending on enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement, the member may elect to receive a backdrop benefit. This benefit permits an employee to receive a

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

lump-sum payment plus a monthly pension benefit upon retirement. The lump-sum payment is the total of the monthly pension amounts, adjusted for post retirement increases that a member would be entitled to from a prior date ("backdrop date") to the date that the member terminates employment plus compounded interest. The backdrop date must be at least one calendar year prior to the termination date and the member must have been eligible to retire as of that date. The member will be entitled to a post-retirement increase based on the backdrop date once the member terminates employment.

In 2012, the County Board passed an ordinance limiting the amount of backdrop benefit for most eligible employees who choose a backdrop date after April 1, 2013. If a member chooses a backdrop date after April 1, 2013, the monthly backdrop benefit is calculated using the member's final average salary, service credit, and applicable multipliers as of April 1, 2013. This plan change does not apply to Elected Officials, Skilled Trades, Machinists, Federated Nurses, and Firefighters.

A member who meets the requirements for an accidental disability retirement benefit is entitled to an amount computed in the same manner as a normal pension but not less than 60% of the member's final average salary (75% for a represented deputy sheriff). The ordinary disability pension benefit will not be less than 25% of the member's final average salary. A total of 15 years of creditable service is required to apply for ordinary disability.

Most members are immediately vested upon attaining age 60 or 64. A vested member is eligible for a deferred pension beginning as of the member's normal retirement date. A member who is 55 years of age and has 15 years of credited service may elect to receive early reduced retirement benefits. The member would be entitled to a benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit with a lifetime reduction of 5% for each year prior to the normal retirement date.

Upon the death of a member (generally after 1 year of service and depending on collective bargaining agreements), a spouse with a dependent child as defined by Ordinance will receive 40% of the deceased member's salary, reduced by Social Security benefits payable to the spouse. An additional 10% of salary, reduced by Social Security benefits, is paid for each dependent child. Generally, the total benefit, including Social Security benefits, cannot exceed 90% of the prior salary level of the member. At age 60, the spouse will receive 50% of the normal retirement benefit based on the member's projected service to age 60. If there is no spouse or child, the death benefit payable to a designated beneficiary is equal to 50% of the deceased member's final average salary, but not to exceed \$2,000 (two thousand dollars).

A member who becomes eligible for normal retirement, but continues to work may elect a Protective Survivorship Option ("PSO") designating a person to receive a pension (100% option) in the event of their death while in active service. Previously there had been a 50% option for PSO's; however, on December 17, 2015, the County Board amended Ordinance 201.24(7.1) and removed that option. The PSO election must be filed in writing on an approved form. In the absence of an election, a surviving spouse will be paid a 100% survivorship pension.

Members may choose among several benefit payment options when retiring. Currently, there are six options with different payouts depending upon if the member wants payments to cease upon member's death or if payments should continue to the member's beneficiary at different

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

levels. Benefits of \$193.7 million and \$200.2 million were paid in 2019 and 2018, respectively, including periodic pension payments of \$181.8 million and \$179.5 million, respectively, and backdrop lump sum pension payments of \$11.9 million and \$20.7 million in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("OBRA")

The County established the OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("OBRA") to cover seasonal and certain temporary employees who are not enrolled in the Retirement System. Assets of the OBRA plan are commingled for investment purposes with the assets of the Retirement System. The assets of the Retirement System are legally available to pay the benefits of either the ERS or OBRA plans and all assets have been commingled. The Retirement System and OBRA are considered a single plan for financial reporting purposes.

OBRA Pension Plan membership, which is open to new members, consists of the following:

	2019	2018
Retiree and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	52	53
Vested and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	5,370	5,371
Current employees	379_	288_
Total participants	5,801	5,712

Membership data above is as of January 1, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the date of the actuary report used to determine the total pension liability for each year and reasonably approximates membership data through December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Net position identified for OBRA benefits as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Assets:	
Cash	\$ 37
Assets held for Retirement System	2,912_
Total Assets	2,949
Liabilities:	
Taxes Payable	5
Net Position restricted for Pension Benefits	\$2,944

Changes in plan net position available for benefits for OBRA for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	2019	
Contributions from the County	\$	836
Contributions from the County-Admin		68
Investment Income		347
Investment and administrative expenses		(229)
Benefits Paid		(284)
Net decrease in net position restricted for pension benefits	\$	738

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of Accounting** – The ERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. Benefits payments to members are recognized in the period in which the payment was due to the member.

**Investments** – Investments, primarily stocks, bonds, certain government loans and mortgagebacked certificates, are stated at quoted fair value. Temporary cash investments are valued at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in venture capital partnerships, real estate, long/short hedge and infrastructure are valued at estimated fair value, as provided by the Retirement System's investment managers. Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Dividends and interest are recorded as earned. Realized gains and losses are computed based on the average cost method. Unrealized gains and losses in the fair value of investments represent the net change in the fair value of the investments held during the period.

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect amounts reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

**Valuation of International Securities** – Securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of securities and income items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts on the respective dates of such transactions.

**Software Development Costs** – Capitalized software developments costs represent direct costs related to the development and implementation of software programs utilized in the Retirement System. The amounts are being amortized over ten years using the straight-line method. Amortization expense is included in Administrative Expenses in the accompanying Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

**Expenses** - Effective January 1, 2019, Administrative expenses incurred by the County related to the Retirement System are paid as part of the tax levy. In 2018 the Administrative expenses incurred by the County related to the Retirement System were considered additional County contributions-administrative, paid in the month they were incurred, retroactively effective January 1, 2018. Prior to 2018, these expenses were payable by the Retirement System to the County. Such expenses totaled \$1,739 and \$1,703 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

**Income Taxes** - Management submitted a supplemental report to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) in 2014, followed by a revised submission in 2017, that details any new compliance issues as well as proposed corrections. The Retirement System is awaiting direction from the IRS.

#### Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure

Securities Lending - Section 201.24 (9.1) of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County and

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

Board policies permit ERS to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. ERS participates in such a security-lending program through its custodian, the Northern Trust, acting as ERS's securities lending agent. ERS requires collateral from the borrower in the form of cash or securities. Collateral for domestic issues is set at 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned at the time of the initial transaction. If the value falls to 100% of the fair value of the fair value of the securities loaned, additional collateral for international securities is maintained at a level of 105% of the fair value of securities loaned at all times. The securities lending program guidelines attempt to preserve capital while earning a moderate rate of return. Earnings from securities lending, after all fees are paid, are split on a percentage basis with the custodian. For 2019 and 2018, the net investment income realized from security lending is \$91 and \$89, respectively.

ERS also invests in several commingled funds managed by Northern Trust that participates in securities lending programs. The earnings and losses attributable to the commingled funds' securities lending programs are combined with the commingled funds' performance and are not reported separately in ERS's financial statements.

Securities loaned and the collateral held as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Securities				
		Lent	(	Collateral	
Securities Lent for Cash Collateral	\$	27,962	\$	28,598	
Securities Lent for Securities Collateral		3,959		4,089	
Grand Total	\$	31,921	\$	32,687	
Percent Collateral to Securities Loaned				102.40 %	

The collateral received from securities lending transactions are recorded as assets at quoted fair value of the financial statement date. The Retirement System records an identical amount as a liability, representing the obligation of the Retirement System to return the collateral at the time the borrower of the Retirement System's securities return those securities.

The collateral received from securities lending transactions includes cash of \$28,598 and \$33,534 for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Under the terms of the securities lending agreement, the Retirement System has the right to sell or pledge the cash collateral. The non-cash collateral in the amounts of \$4,089 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, is controlled by the custodian and, correspondingly, not reflected in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

At year-end, the Retirement System has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Retirement System owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Retirement System. The contract with the Retirement System's custodian requires it to indemnify the Retirement System if a borrower fails to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fails to pay the Retirement System for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

#### Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risks

A currency forward is a contractual agreement between two parties to pay or receive amounts of foreign currency at a future date in exchange for another currency at an agreed-upon exchange rate. Forward commitments are entered into with the foreign exchange department of a bank located in a major money market. These transactions are entered into in order to hedge risks from exposure to foreign currency rate fluctuations. Recognition of realized gain or loss depends on whether the currency exchange rate has moved favorably or unfavorably to the contract holder upon termination of the contract. Prior to termination of the contract, the Retirement System records the amount receivable or payable at fair value, with the unrealized gain or loss reported as a component of net appreciation in fair value. All contracts are short-term in duration and mature within 90 days.

The Retirement System did not hold any financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk as of December 31, 2019.

ERS invests in financial futures contracts in order to improve the performance of the fund. The Retirement System purchases contracts that approximate the amount of cash held by U.S. equity investment managers and cash used to pay benefits and expenses. Financial futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a specified amount at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed upon price.

The market values of the futures contracts vary from the original contract price. A gain or loss is recognized and paid to or received from the clearinghouse. Financial futures represent an off balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio. All contracts are short-term in duration and mature within 90 days.

ERS is subject to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counter parties to financial futures and forward contracts. ERS generally only enters into transactions with credit-worthy institutions. The Retirement System is exposed to market risk, the risk that future changes in market conditions may make an instrument less valuable. Exposure to market risk is managed in accordance with risk limits set by ERS management and by buying or selling futures or forward contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio.

The futures contracts held by the Retirement System as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Inv	S Equity /estment anagers	I	Cash Used to Pay Benefits nd Expenses	Total
Cash Held	\$	18,253	\$	26,590	\$ 44,843
Futures Purchased:					
Barclays AGG (Fixed Income)		-		10,171	10,171
MSCI EAFE (International Equity)		-		5,295	5,295
S&P 500 (US Equity)		15,348		10,662	 26,010
Total Futures Purchased		15,348	_	26,128	 41,476
Futures Above/(Below) Cash	\$	(2,905)	\$	(462)	\$ (3,367)
Market Value	\$	17	\$	-	\$ 17

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

#### **Contributions Required and Contributions Made**

The Retirement System's funding policy provides for periodic County contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Payroll contribution rates are determined using the Aggregate Entry Age Normal method of funding. The Retirement System also uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded liability over a 30-year period. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation.

County contributions totaling \$57,316 and \$61,178 are recorded in 2019 and 2018, respectively. The 2019 and 2018 contributions are \$534 above and \$771 above the Funding Contribution amount, respectively. The County contributions do not include contributions made by members. Member contributions are \$13,217 and \$12,652 for the years ended 2019 and 2018, respectively. The change in member contribution is due to the increase in the employee contribution percentages of pensionable compensation to 6.5% - 9.5% in 2019 from 6.5% - 8.3% in 2018. In 2019, Administrative expenses in the amount of \$1,739 (ERS of \$1,669 and OBRA of \$70) were paid by Milwaukee County tax levy. In 2018, Administrative expenses in the amount of \$1,703 (ERS of \$1,635, and OBRA of \$68) were paid by Milwaukee County as an additional contribution and is included in the County contributions total for 2018. See the Schedule of Employer and Other Contributions presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

County contributions to OBRA totaling \$519 and \$836 are recorded in 2019 and 2018, respectively. The 2019 and 2018 contributions are \$33 and \$259 above/(below) the Funding Contribution amount, respectively. There are no member contributions for OBRA.

The 2019 and 2018 contributions reflected in the Retirement System's financial statements are actuarially determined as of January 1, 2018 and 2017. These amounts are included in the County's 2019 and 2018 budgets. The Retirement System's financial statements as of December 31, 2019 reflects the 2019 contributions that were paid in 2019. The financial statements as of December 31, 2018 reflect the unpaid portion of the 2018 contribution as a contribution receivable.

#### Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019.

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75% (includes 2.5% inflation), compounded annually, (b) projected payroll growth increases per year, averaging 3.5% for ERS and 3.5% for OBRA compounded annually, attributed to inflation, seniority and merit, and (c) post-retirement benefit increases, per year, of 2.0% for ERS and 2.0% for OBRA.

Mortality rates for healthy pensioners are based on the sex-distinct RP-2006 Mortality Table

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

with generational projection using scale MP-2016. Active member's mortality rates are 70% of the rates applicable to healthy pensioners.

The actuarial assumptions used for ERS are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2016. The actual assumptions used for OBRA are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined by using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of position plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Policy	Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	23.0 %	0.3 %
Domestic common and preferred stocks	23.0 %	5.3 %
International common and preferred stocks	15.5 %	5.5 %
Long/Short hedge funds	8.5 %	3.5 %
Infrastructure	10.0 %	5.3 %
Real estate and REIT's	10.0 %	4.0 %
Private Equity	10.0 %	8.8 %
Estimated by ERS financial advisors	100.0 %	

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that the Retirement System's contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the Retirement System's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

#### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Increases (Decreases)			
	Total	Plan		
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension	
	Liability	Position	Liability	
Pension Plan:	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
ERS:				
Balances as of 12/31/2018	\$ 2,307,848	\$ 1,786,408	\$ 521,440	
Charges for the year:				
Service Cost	15,875	-	15,875	
Interest	172,255	-	172,255	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(751)	-	(751)	
Contributions: Employer	-	61,178	(61,178)	
Employee	-	12,652	(12,652)	

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

	Increases (Decreases)				
	Total	Total Plan			
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension		
	Liability	Position	Liability		
Pension Plan:	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Net investment income	-	(34,842)	34,842		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(202,163)		-		
Administrative expense		(4,922)	4,922		
Net changes	(14,784)	(168,097)	153,313		
Balances as of 12/31/2019	\$ 2,293,064	\$ 1,618,311	\$ 674,753		
OBRA:					
Balances as of 12/31/2018	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 2,207</u>	\$ 3,600		
Charges for the year:					
Service Cost	111	-	111		
Interest	448	-	448		
Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions:	502	-	502		
Employer	-	904	(904)		
Net investment income	-	347	(347)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(284)	(284)	-		
Administrative expense		(228)	228		
Net changes	777	739	38		
Balances as of 12/31/2019	\$ 6,584	\$ 2,946	\$ 3,638		

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate** – The following presents the net pension liability of the ERS and OBRA pension plans, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the ERS and OBRA's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is a 1-percentage point decrease (6.75%) or a 1-percentage point increase (8.75%) than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease		rrent Discount	1% Increase		
		(6.75%)		(6.75%) (7.75%)		(8.75%	
ERS' net pension liability	\$	897,269	\$	674,753	\$	486,918	
OBRA's net pension liability	\$	4,930	\$	3,638	\$	2,687	

# Pension Plan Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognizes pension expense of \$114,473 for ERS pension plan and \$1,004 for OBRA pension plan. At December 31, 2019, the County is reporting deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

Pension Plan	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of		Deferred nflows of esources
<b>ERS:</b> Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in Assumption Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	- 14,754	\$	1,084 -		
investments Contributions made after the measurement date Total	\$	86,790 57,316 158,860	\$	- - 1,084		
<b>OBRA:</b> Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$		\$	167		
Contributions made after the measurement date Total	\$	519 519	\$	- 167		

Deferred outflows of \$57,835 resulting from the County's Pension Employer contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total Pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	ERS	OBRA	Total
2020	\$ 46,082	\$ (33)	\$ 46,049
2021	12,359	(50)	12,309
2022	8,475	(52)	8,423
2023	33,544	(32)	33,512

### Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2019, the County has no outstanding payments due to the ERS or OBRA pension plans. The County has paid its pension contribution for the subsequent year and, therefore, has a deferred outflow of resources for pension contributions as of December 31, 2019 of \$57,317 for ERS and \$519 for OBRA. The current deferred outflow related to pension contributions will be recognized in the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2020.

### TRANSIT SYSTEM PROGRAM

#### Plan Description and Provisions

The Transit System issues a publicly available report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the Transport Employees' Pension Plan. The financial report may be obtained by writing to the Transport Employees' Pension Plan, 1942 North 17th Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53205.

The Transport Employees' Trust Plan (the "Trust Fund") was established by the Transport Employees' Pension Plan (the "Plan"). The Trust Fund comprises assets held for pension benefits. The plan is a single employer contributory defined benefit plan sponsored by

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

Milwaukee Transport Services, Inc (the "Sponsor"). The Sponsor is a quasi-government instrumentality of Milwaukee County that operates and manages the Milwaukee County Transit System. The plan is administered by an administration board (the "Board"), which consists of three members representing the Sponsor and three members representing the employees. The plan is not subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 as amended (ERISA), as it is a governmental plan exempted under Section 4(b)(1) of Title I of the Act. The Trust Fund's assets are held by US Bank, N.A. (the "Trustee"). The Board is responsible for investment decisions.

All regular full-time employees of the Company are eligible to participate in the plan. An employee's normal retirement date is the earlier of:

- the first day of the month coincident with, or the next following, the attainment of age sixty-two and the completion of five years of credited service, or
- the first day of any month where the sum of employee's age and credited service total 85 (eighty-five) or more years, or
- prior to January 1, 2014, the first day of the month following completion of twenty-five years of credited service, or
- after January 1, 2014 and prior to January 1, 2015, the first day of the month following completion of twenty-six years of credited service, or
- January 1, 2015 and thereafter, the first day of the month following completion of twenty-seven years of credited service.

Continuous service is equal to total years and completed months of unbroken service with the Sponsor; absences due to temporary layoffs followed by re-employment within three years and other periods of specifically approved leaves of absence are not considered breaks in continuous service. Credited service, not to exceed thirty-five years, is equal to total years and completed months of unbroken service with the Sponsor. Periods of leave of absence where the employee did not make the mandatory contributions, periods of absence due to unpaid sickness which accumulates in excess of thirteen days within any one calendar year, and other periods of absence are not included in credited service.

The amount of annual benefit to be paid in monthly installments for life is equal to the sum of:

- \$90 (ninety dollars) times year of credited service before April 1, 1966, plus
- 2.0% of the retiree's highest average salary times years of credited service after March 31, 1966 and prior to January 1, 2014, plus
- 1.8% of the retiree's highest average salary times years of credited service after December 31, 2013.

The minimum annual normal retirement benefit for an employee with at least ten years of service is \$3,000 (three thousand dollars). Employees who retired prior to April 1, 2002 receive a \$35 (thirty-five dollars) per month supplemental effective upon their attainment of age 65. The total number of years credited cannot exceed 35. Upon completion of five years of continuous service and the attainment of age fifty-seven, an employee may elect early retirement. The employee has two choices: begin collecting at age sixty-two and receive a monthly benefit for

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

#### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

life equal to the accrued benefit or begin collecting at the early retirement date and receive the accrued benefit reduced by 7/12 of 1% for each full month by which the payment date precedes age sixty-two.

An employee who has ten years of credited service and who becomes totally and permanently disabled before normal retirement date may retire and receive a disability retirement benefit calculated as their accrued benefit on the date of disability, payable immediately. The minimum annual disability benefit is \$3,000 (three thousand dollars).

Upon termination of employment before five years of credited service, an employee will receive a lump sum equal to their own employee contributions together with 2% simple interest from the January 1st following the date on which contribution were made up to the last day of the calendar year in which the termination of service occurs.

Upon termination of employment after five or more years of credited service, an employee may elect to receive the lump sum equal to the aggregate of their contributions with 2% simple interest or to leave their contributions in the trust fund and on or after age fifty-seven receive their accrued benefit.

If a disabled employee dies while receiving a disability retirement benefit, the surviving spouse will receive a monthly benefit of 50% of the disability retirement benefit for the remainder of their lifetime.

In the event of the death of an active employee with less than ten years of credited service, their beneficiary will receive the lump sum equivalent of the employee's contributions with 2% simple interest.

In the event of the death of an active employee who has ten or more years of credited service, the surviving spouse receives a pension benefit equal to 50% of the employee's accrued benefit payable immediately or the lump sum equivalent of the employee's contributions with 2% simple interest.

In the event of the death of a retired employee who has not elected an optional benefit, the employee's beneficiary recovers a lump sum equivalent of the employee's contribution with 2% simple interest to the end of the calendar year in which retirement occurred less the pension payments the retiree received up to the date of death. In lieu of the normal form of benefit and the death benefit based on employee contributions, a retiree may elect one of three optional forms of payments.

On January 1 of each year, the retirement benefit of each retiree (excluding beneficiaries and surviving spouses) is increased by 2%.

Transit Pension Plan membership, which is open to new members, consists of the following:

	2019	2018
Retiree and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,374	1,356
Vested and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	54	54
Current employees	969	967
Total participants	2,397	2,377

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

Membership data above is as of January 1, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the date of the actuary report used to determine the total pension liability for each year, and reasonably approximates membership data through December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of Accounting** - The financial information of the Plan has been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles within the United States of America.

**Investments** - In accordance with GASB 72, investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost using the market approach, which approximates fair value. Level 1 inputs such as securities traded on a national exchange are valued, unadjusted, at the last quoted price. Level 2 investments such as private equities that do not have an established observable market are reported at estimated value. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, the estimated values for the limited partnerships may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investments existed. Income and realized gains from investments are reinvested. Investment security transactions are the related gains and losses are recognized as of the trade date. The average cost basis is used in determining the cost of investments sold. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividend is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

**Income Taxes** - The Plan is exempt from Federal income taxes under section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

### Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Prior to 2012, employees covered under the plan contributed, in total, an amount equal to 15% of the actuarially determined contribution necessary to fund the plan. The Sponsor contributed the remaining 85% of the actuarial determined contribution necessary to fund the plan. In 2012, employees contributed 25% of the actuarially determined contribution and the Company contributed the remaining 75%. Beginning in 2013, and continuing through present, employees contribute 30% of the actuarially determined contribution and the Company contribute 30% of the actuarially determined contribution and the remaining 70%.

The Sponsor contributed \$12,988 and \$15,956 for 2019 and 2018, respectively, which includes contributions made by the members. Member contributions are \$3,886 and \$4,764 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. See the Schedule of Employer and Other Contributions presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

#### Net Pension Liability

The Transit System's net pension liability is measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability is determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Other Input

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation is determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.25%, net of investment expenses and administrative expenses of 0.35% and includes an inflation rate of 3.0%, compounded annually, (b) projected payroll growth increases averaging 3.75% per year compounded annually, attributed to inflation, seniority and merit, and (c) post-retirement benefit increases of 2.0% per year.

Mortality rates for healthy pensioners are based on the RP-2006 Blue Collar Employee Mortality Tables (sex district) projected generationally using MP-2016. Mortality rates for disabled pensioners are based on the RP-2006 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table (sex distinct) projected generationally using MP-2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of position plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	37.0 %	5.7 %
International Equity	18.0 %	6.2 %
Emerging Markets Equity	2.0 %	9.1 %
Global Equity	5.0 %	3.4 %
Corporate Fixed Income (Market Duration)	15.5 %	1.2 %
Hedge Funds	5.0 %	3.1 %
Private Equity	7.5 %	9.7 %
Real Estate	10.0 %	4.0 %
Estimated by Transit System financial advisors	100.0 %	

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that the Retirement System's contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the Transit Retirement System's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increases (Decreases)								
		Pension	Fic	luciary Net	Ne	t Pension			
		Liability		Position	L	_iability			
Transit System	_	(a)		(b)	(	(a) - (b)			
Balances as of 12/31/2018	\$	525,374	\$	498,857	\$	26,517			
Charges for the year:									
Service Cost		7,550		-		7,550			
Interest		37,308		-		37,308			
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,689		-		2,689			
Contributions:									
Employer		-		11,192		(11,192)			
Employee		-		4,764		(4,764)			
Benefit payments, incl refunds of employee contributions		(36,642)		(36,642)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(1,036)		1,036			
Net investment income		-		(17,980)		17,980			
Net changes		10,905		(39,702)		50,607			
Balances as of 12/31/2019	\$	536,279	\$	459,155	\$	77,124			

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate** – The following presents the net pension liability of the Transit System Retirement Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is a 1-percentage point decrease (6.25%) or a 1-percentage point increase (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease					C	urrent Discount	19	% Increase
	(	(6.25 %)		(7.25 %)		(8.25 %)			
Transit System's net pension liability	\$	137,127	\$	77,124	\$	26,785			

#### <u>Transit System Pension Plan Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Transit System recognizes pension expense of \$3,923. At December 31, 2019, the Transit System reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Transit System	Ou	eferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in Assumption or Other Inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	1,916 -	\$	6,886 509
investments		24,659		-
Contributions made after the measurement date		9,102		-
Total	\$	35,677	\$	7,395

#### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 15 - Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans (cont'd)

Deferred outflows of \$9,102 resulting from the Transit System Pension Employer Contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total Pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Tran	sit System
2020	\$	3,561
2021		1,172
2022		3,775
2023		10,672

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2019, the Transit System has no outstanding payments to the pension plan. The Transit System has paid its pension contribution for the subsequent year and therefore has a deferred outflow of resources for pension contributions as of December 31, 2019 of \$9,102. The current deferred outflow related to pension contributions will be recognized in the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### **Summary of Pension Information**

- Pension liability \$755,515
- Pension asset None
- Deferred outflows of resources \$195,057
- Deferred inflows of resources \$8,646
- Pension expense \$119,400

### Note 16 - Pending Governmental Accounting Standards

The County has not yet implemented the following GASB's into the CAFR presentation:

- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2020 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, 'Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance'. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.
- GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2020 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, '*Postponement of*

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 16 - Pending Governmental Accounting Standards (cont'd)

*Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*'. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported..

- GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, had its effective date postponed by one and a half years to June 1, 2021 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, 'Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance'. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflow of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contracts. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.
- GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2020 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, 'Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance'. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.
- GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the end of a Construction Period, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2021 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, 'Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance'. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and compatibility of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.
- GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 61, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2020 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, 'Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance'. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 16 - Pending Governmental Accounting Standards (cont'd)

statement information for certain component units.

- GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2022 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, 'Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance'. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.
- GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2022 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, '*Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*'. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements.
- GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, had its effective date postponed by one year to January 1, 2022 with the issuance of Statement No. 95, 'Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance'. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR.
- GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and publicpublic partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands, unless otherwise noted)

### Note 16 - Pending Governmental Accounting Standards (cont'd)

other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

• GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, will be effective for the County for the year beginning January 1, 2023. The objectives of this Statement are to define subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs); establish a right-to-use subscription asset and corresponding subscription liability; provide the capitalization criteria; and requires note disclosures.

Unless otherwise stated, the County's management has not yet determined the effect these GASB statements will have on the financial statements.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

- 1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information
- 2 Retirement Systems (Pension)
- 3 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

### **Required Supplementary Information**

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### Retirement Systems (Pension)

**Employee's Retirement System (ERS)** - Substantially all full-time employees of the County are participants in the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee (ERS), which is a single-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan.

The pension information is determined based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

**OBRA** - All seasonal and certain temporary employees who are not enrolled in ERS are participants in the OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee (OBRA), which is a single-employer non-contributory defined benefit pension plan.

The pension information is determined based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

**Transit System** - All regular full-time employees of Milwaukee Transport Services Inc., a quasi-governmental instrumentality of Milwaukee County, are eligible to participate in the Transport Employees' Pension Plan, which is a single-employer contributory defined benefit pension plan.

The pension information is determined based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

**Countywide Program** - The County administers single-employer defined benefit healthcare and life insurance plans for retired employees and eligible spouses. The plan provides health and life insurance for eligible retirees and their eligible spouses through the County's self-insured health insurance plans and the County's group life insurance plan.

The OPEB information is determined based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

**Transit System Program** - Milwaukee Transport Services, Inc. provides single-employer defined benefit healthcare and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and eligible surviving spouses. The retiree healthcare and life insurance benefits are provided pursuant to the general labor agreement between the Milwaukee Transport Services, Inc., the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 998 and the Office and Professional Employees International Union, Local 35. The same benefits are provided to non-represented employees and retirees.

The OPEB information is determined based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

See independent auditors' reports.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - ERS Last Ten Fiscal Years \* (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 15,875 \$	- , -			. ,
Interest	172,255	173,929	173,973	171,661	172,040
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(751)	(2,920)	16,052	41,649	(17,331)
Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	- (202,163)	63,931 (198,591)	- (212,662)	- (188,819)	- (177,366)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(14,784)	<u>51,540</u>	(6,543)	40,231	(7,358)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(14,704)	51,540	(0,545)	40,231	(7,330)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	2,307,848	2,256,308	2,262,851	2,222,620	2,229,978
Total Pension Liability - Ending	2,293,064	2,307,848	2,256,308	2,262,851	2,222,620
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	04 470	50.004	50,000	20.004	40.005
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee	61,178 12,652	53,661 12,330	50,626 12,144	39,081 9,325	19,005 10,052
Net Investment Income	(34,842)	252,828	12,144	9,325 39,451	96.721
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(202,163)	(198,591)	(212,662)	(188,819)	(177,366)
Administrative Expense	(4,922)	(5,502)	(4,914)	(5,465)	(5,067)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(168,097)	114,726	(44,470)	(106,427)	(56,655)
	4 = 0.0 40.0				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,786,408	1,671,682	1,716,152	1,822,579	1,879,234
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	1,618,311	1,786,408	1,671,682	1,716,152	1,822,579
Net Pension Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 674,753</u>	521,440	<u>\$ 584,626</u>	\$ 546,699	\$ 400,041
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.57 %	77.41 %	74.09 %	75.84 %	82.00 %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 189,451 \$	5 186,214			
Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	356.16 %	280.02 %	300.01 %	285.58 %	212.00 %

Starting in FYE 2019, the actuary views the tax levy received as a reduction of the administrative expenses.

The difference in reported administrative expenses and investment income in the 2018 actuary valuation report are flowing into 2019 numbers to balance ending total plan fiduciary net position.

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information. Measurement date is as of January 1 of current year.

\* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - OBRA Last Ten Fiscal Years \* (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 111 448 502 - (284) <b>777</b>	\$ 111 370 676 223 (179) <b>1,201</b>	\$ 96 \$ 320 406 (244) <b>578</b>	5 111 \$ 298 104 (206) <b>307</b>	97 298 (233) (127) <b>35</b>
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending	<u>5,807</u> 6,584	4,606 5,807	4,028 4,606	3,721 4,028	3,686 3,721
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Contributions - Employer Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	904 347 (284) (228) <b>739</b>	833 242 (179) (204) <b>692</b>	819 88 (244) (458) <b>205</b>	440 37 (206) (521) (250)	440 99 (127) (455) (43)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	2,207 2,946	1,515 2,207	1,310 1,515	1,560 1,310	1,603 1,560
Net Pension Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 3,638</u>	\$ 3,600	<u>\$    3,091  </u> \$	<u> </u>	2,161
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered Employee Payroll Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	44.74 % \$ 3,282 110.85 %	. ,	32.89 % \$ 3,926 \$ 78.73 %	32.52 % 3,925 \$ 69.25 %	41.92 % 3,478 62.13 %

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information. Measurement date is as of January 1 of current year.

\* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Transit System Last Ten Fiscal Years \* (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 7,550 37,308 2,689 (36,642) <b>10,905</b>	\$ 7,550 37,727 (15,246) - (34,964) (4,933)	\$ 7,788 37,817 (5,224) (6,619) (34,550) (788)	\$ 7,657 37,764 (3,489) (7,566) (33,000) <b>1,366</b>	\$ 6,885 36,673 2,899 (31,353) <b>15,104</b>
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	525,374	530,307	531,095	529,729	514,625
Total Pension Liability - Ending	536,279	525,374	530,307	531,095	529,729
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense	11,192 4,764 (17,980) (36,642) (1,036)	10,650 4,534 68,313 (34,964) (1,209)	10,833 4,650 35,414 (34,550) (1,205)	10,863 4,626 4,146 (33,000) (1,657)	11,087 4,721 37,409 (31,353) (1,544)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(39,702)		15,142	(15,022)	20,320
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	498,857 459,155	<u>451,533</u> <u>498,857</u>	436,391 451,533	451,413 436,391	431,093 451,413
Net Pension Liability - Ending	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 26,517</u>	\$ 78,774	<u>\$ 94,704</u>	<u>\$ 78,316</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered Employee Payroll Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	85.62 % \$ 61,370 125.67 %	\$ 58,399	85.15 % \$ 61,311 128.48 %		

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information. Measurement date is as of January 1 of current year.

\* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions - Single Employer Plans Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

		2019		2018		2017	:	2016	 2015		2014	 2013		2012	 2011	 2010
ERS Pension Plan:	_									_						
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	70,000	\$	71,423	\$	65,799 \$	\$	63,067	\$ 57,854	\$	29,565	\$ 32,137	\$	28,406	\$ 29,621	\$ 29,529
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined																
Contribution	_	70,534		72,194		65,991		62,769	48,405		29,057	30,953		27,408	 31,494	 31,291
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(534)	\$	(771)	\$	(192) \$	\$	298	\$ 9,449	\$	508	\$ 1,184	\$	998	\$ (1,873)	\$ (1,762)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	191,044	\$	189,451	\$	186,214 \$	\$1	94,872	\$ 191,433	\$	188,605	\$ 189,132	\$	190,748	\$ 221,647	\$ 237,040
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		36.92 %		38.11 %		35.44 %	3	32.21 %	25.29 %		15.41 %	16.37 %		14.37 %	14.21 %	13.20 %
OBRA Pension Plan:	_				-			'								
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	486	\$	577	\$	804 \$	\$	827	\$ 770	\$	374	\$ 389	\$	446	\$ 807	\$ 716
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined																
Contribution	_	519		836		833		819	440		440	360		880	2,022	 786
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(33)	\$	(259)	\$	(29) \$	\$	8	\$ 330	\$	(66)	\$ 29	\$	(434)	\$ (1,215)	\$ (70)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	3,388	\$	3,282	\$	3,940 \$	\$	3,926	\$ 3,925	\$	3,478	\$ 7,736	\$	8,939	\$ 8,936	\$ 6,901
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		15.32 %		25.47 %		21.14 %	2	20.86 %	11.21 %		12.65 %	4.65 %		9.84 %	22.63 %	11.39 %
Transit System Pension Plan:	_				-	·							_			
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	14,055	\$	12,989	\$	14,677 \$	\$	15,482	\$ 15,488	\$	15,809	\$ 11,018	\$	10,253	\$ 9,867	\$ 9,939
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined																
Contribution	_	12,988		15,956		15,187		15,483	15,488		15,809	11,018		10,253	9,867	 9,939
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	1,067	\$	(2,967)	\$	(510) \$	\$	(1)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	59,990	\$	61,370	\$	58,399 \$	5	59,548	\$ 59,571	\$	57,726	\$ 57,750	\$	56,200	\$ 57,300	\$ 60,000
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	·	21.65 %	Ĵ	26.00 %	•	26.01 %		26.00 %	26.00 %		27.39 %	19.08 %	•	18.24 %	17.22 %	16.57 %

Valuation date: Actuarially Determined Contributions (ADC) are calculated as of the January 1 of the fiscal year on which the contribution is made. That is, the contribution calculated for fiscal year ending December 31, 2019 is from the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation. The contributions related to the ADC are a combination of employee contributions made during the fiscal year and the lump sum employer contribution made for the years

ERS FYE December 31, 2018 had been updated based on an updated actuarial valuation report received June 12, 2019.

The methods and assumptions used to calculate the Actuarially Determined Contributions are in the respective January 1 actuarial valuation reports. Prior to fiscal year ending December 31, 2014 the ADC shown is calculated based upon GASB no 25.

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - County-Wide Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years In Thousands

	2019	2018
Total OBEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 8,032	2 \$ 7,483
Interest	42,262	42,715
Differences between expected and actual experience	(17,918	6) (989)
Change of assumptions	(75,697	·) -
Benefit payments	(66,115	<u>(61,790)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	(109,436	<u>(12,581)</u>
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,345,670	1,358,251
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,236,234	\$ 1,345,670
Covered employee payroll	\$ 202,603	\$ 199,479
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	610.18 %	674.59 %

Note to Schedule:

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to fiscal year 2018 is not available. Additional years will be added prospectively until 10 years are presented. Change in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: Reflects a change in the discount rate from 3.2% to 3.6%.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

### Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Transit System Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years

In Thousands

	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 5,290	\$ 4,784
Interest	13,566	13,320
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,401)	(192)
Changes in assumptions	(38,910)	-
Benefit payments	(11,760)	(10,981)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(38,215)	6,931
Total OPEB liability - beginning	388,203	381,272
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	349,988	388,203
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Employer contributions	13,671	16,948
Net investment income	(4,368)	13,120
Benefit payments	(14,171)	(10,981)
Administrative expense	(16)	(157)
Adjustment for actual assets	239	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(4,645)	18,930
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	102,893	83,963
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	98,248	102,893
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 251,740	\$ 285,310
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	28.07 %	26.50 %
Covered employee payroll	\$ 55,163	\$ 62,096
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	456.36 %	459.47 %

Note to Schedule:

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to fiscal year 2018 is not available. Additional years will be added prospectively until 10 years are presented.

Covered Employee Payroll includes payroll for all active employees eligible for either retiree medical or retiree life insurance benefits upon retirement.

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: Reflects updated projected claims and premiums; updated health care trend rates, and updated mortality rates.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions - Transit System Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years

In Thousands

	2019	2018
Actuarially contractual determined contribution	\$ 10,341 \$	5 12,307
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	12,131	11,260
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (1,790)</u>	5 1,047
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 56,818 \$ 21.35 %	,

# Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Healthcare cost trend rates Inflation Salary increases Entry Age Fair market value 7.0% in 2018, 7.5% in 2019 decreasing 0.5% for 2024 and later 2.5% 3.0% RP-2014 Mortality for Blue Collar Workers Fully Generational using Projection Scale MP-2016

#### Mortality

Notes to Schedule: Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, 2018.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to fiscal year 2018 is not available. Additional years will be added prospectively until 10 years are presented.

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

- 1 Budgetary Comparison Schedules
- 2 Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- 3 Internal Service Funds
- 4 Fiduciary Funds

**Budgetary Comparison Schedules** 

### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

Budgetary comparison schedules present the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual on a Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis. Information is provided for the original adopted budget, the final budget including appropriation transfers, actual revenue and expenditures, and variance with final budget.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

D	Orig	inal Budget	Final Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget
Revenues:	\$	241,761 \$	5 251,187	¢	240,826	¢	(10.261)
Intergovernmental Property Taxes	φ	298,812	298,812	φ	240,820	φ	(10,361) (842)
Sales Tax		68,015	68,015		71,501		3,486
Vehicle Registration Fee		1,062	1,062		1,062		5,400
Charges for Services		177,528	185,369		175,283		- (10,086)
Fines and Forfeits		2,456	2,456		2,408		(10,000) (48)
Licenses and Permits		1,044	1,044		1,093		49
Investment Income		4,621	3,882		9,733		5,851
Other		25,175	27,617		24,208		(3,409)
Total Revenues		820,474	839,444		824,084		(15,360)
Expenditures: Current:							
County Board		1,180	2,002		2,191		(189)
Veterans Service		322	322		319		3
County Executive Government Affairs		313	313		277		36
Office on African American Affairs		865	1,271		1,260		11
Community Development Business Partners		819	984		857		127
Procurement		915	956		951		5
Office for Persons with Disabilities		772	807		747		60
County Executive		1,125	1,125		1,078		47
Civil Service Commission		20	60		59		1
Personnel Review Board		362	445		402		43
Corporation Counsel		2,161	2,288		2,194		94
Department of Human Resources		6,843	7,157		6,968		189
Department of Administrative Services		109,211	12,799		13,184		(385)
Economic & Community Development		3,174	3,725		2,828		897
Other Executive and Staff		2,433	3,765		3,332		433
Legislative, Executive and Staff		130,515	38,019		36,647		1,372
County-funded State Court Services		25,486	37,999		35,870		2,129
Child Support Enforcement		17,535	15,926		15,767		159
Alternatives to Incarceration		5,203	5,295		5,647		(352)
Courts and Judiciary		48,224	59,220		57,284		1,936
Election Commission		562	575		620		(45)
County Treasurer		953	1,152		1,006		146
County Clerk		1,408	1,410		1,397		13
Register of Deeds		2,372	2,388		2,134		254
Office of the Comptroller		6,047	6,143		6,087		56
Other General Government		300	493		424		69
General Governmental Services		11,642	12,161		11,668		493
Sheriff		61,164	67,686		70,936		(3,250)
House of Correction		58,190	64,309		62,258		2,051
District Attorney		16,080	16,978		16,744		234
Medical Examiner		5,390	5,501		5,490		11
Emergency Management		9,052	9,880		9,375		505
Other Public Safety		12	12		9		3
Public Safety		149,888	164,366		164,812		(446)

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Origi	nal Budget	Final Budget	1	Actual		ance with I Budget
Highway Maintenance	\$	15,539	\$ 15,788	\$	14,637	\$	1,151
Fleet / Facilities Services		25,933	43,133		41,333	•	1,800
Administration		(16)	3,716		1,750		1,966
Public Works and Highways		41,456	62,637	_	57,720		4,917
Department on Aging		18,112	17,319		17,471		(152)
DHHS - Behavioral Health Division		208,692	213,791		212,609		1,182
Department of Human Services		43,430	123,950		110,405		13,545
Human Services		270,234	355,060	_	340,485		14,575
Department of Parks		41,717	43,904		43,936		(32)
Zoological Department		20,057	20,271		18,710		1,561
UW Extension Service		496	515		489		26
Other Cultural Organizations		448	448		448		-
Parks, Recreation and Culture		62,718	65,138	_	63,583		1,555
Total Expenditures		714,677	756,601		732,199		24,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures		105,797	82,843		91,885		9,042
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		400	400		170		(230)
Transfers In		47.389	48,096		44.432		(3,664)
Transfers Out		(151,797)	(146,164)		(149,391)		(3,227)
Transfers To Component Units		(6,586)	(6,591)		(6,591)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(110,594)	(104,259)	_	(111,380)		(7,121)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,797)	(21,416)		(19,495)		1,921
Fund Balances - Beginning		62,795	62,795		62,795		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	57,998		\$	43,300	\$	1,921

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(In Thousands)

-		Original Budget	Fir	nal Budget		Actual		ance with al Budget
Revenues:	\$	FEO	¢	550	ድ	624	¢	74
Intergovernmental Investment Income	Φ	550	Ф	550 11	Φ	024 11	Φ	74
Other		- 10,064		10,064		11,209		- 1,145
Total Revenues		10,614		10,625	-	11,844		1,219
		,		· · ·		,		,
Expenditures: Debt Service:								
Principal Retired		59,802		59,802		59,801		1
Interest and Other Charges		15,406		15,121		16,143		(1,022)
Principal Retired on Current Refunding		-		18,574		18,574		
Total Expenditures		75,208		93,497		94,518		(1,021)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(64,594)	)	(82,872)		(82,674)		198
Experiance		(01,001)	<u>/</u>	(02,012)		(02,011)		100
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
General Obligation Bonds Issued		-		283		377		94
Refunding Bonds Issued		-		15,300		15,300		-
Premium on Debt Issued		-		4,200		2,754		(1,446)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		141		141
Transfers In		61,246		54,189		73,561		19,372
Transfers Out		-		-		(2,720)		(2,720)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		61,246		73,972		89,413		15,441
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,348)	)	(8,900)		6,739		15,639
Fund Balances - Beginning		47,782		47,782		47,782		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	44,434	\$	38,882	\$	54,521	\$	15,639

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(In Thousands)

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	 iance with al Budget
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,903		\$	7,444	\$ 791
Sales Tax		10,781	10,781		10,781	-
Investment Income		-	776		388	(388)
Other		9,677	8,256		6,668	 (1,588)
Total Revenues		22,361	26,466		25,281	 (1,185)
Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay		40,234	40,010		39,874	136
Total Expenditures		40,234		_	39,874	 136
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(17,873)	) (13,544)	1	(14,593)	(1,049)
	-	(,	(,)		(1,000)	(1,212)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
General Obligation Bonds Issued		17,748	16,497		16,497	-
Transfers In		-	-		19,201	19,201
Transfers Out		-			(15,813)	 (15,813)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		17,748	16,497		19,885	 3,388
Net Change in Fund Balance		(125)	) 2,953		5,292	2,339
Fund Balances - Beginning		34,501	34,501		34,501	 
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$</u>	34,376	\$ 37,454	\$	39,793	\$ 2,339

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Airports Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

On arcting Revenues:	Origi	inal Budget_Fi	nal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	81,521 \$	84,317 \$	75,550	\$ (8,767)
Admissions and Concessions	φ	19,321 \$	19,321	19,166	(0,707) (155)
Total Charges for Services		100,842	103,638	94,716	(8,922)
Other Revenues		6	6	94,710 41	(0,922)
Total Operating Revenues		100,848	103,644	94,757	(8,887)
Total Operating Revenues		100,040	103,044	94,757	(0,007)
Operating Expanses					
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services		29,162	29,187	25,465	3,722
Contractual Services		25,781	27,747	24,649	3.098
Intra-County Services		11,733	11,733	11,020	713
Commodities		4,703	4,912	5,111	(199)
Depreciation and Amortization		28,612	28,612	32,129	(3,517)
Maintenance		585	813	4,329	(3,516)
Other		163	126	147	(21)
Total Operating Expenses		100,739	103,130	102,850	280
Operating Income (Loss)		109	514	(8,093)	(8,607)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Intergovernmental Revenues		180	180	202	22
Investment Income		350	350	1,192	842
Interest Expense		(8,165)	(8,570)	(7,417)	1,153
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		<b>10</b>	<b>1</b> 0	8	(2)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(7,625)	(8,030)	(6,015)	2,015
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(7,516)	(7,516)	(14,108)	(6,592)
Add Depreciation on Capital Assets Acquired by Capital Grants that Reduces					
Contributed Capital From Capital Grants		12,462	12,843	4,867	(7,976)
Transfers In		(4,946)	(5,327)	5,454	10,781
Transfers Out				(1,569)	(1,569)
Change in Net Position	\$	- \$	- \$	(5,356)	\$ (5,356)

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Transit Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

Operating Revenues	<u>Orig</u>	jinal Budget_F	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Operating Revenues: Transit Fares	\$	36.941 \$	36.941	\$ 35.340	\$ (1,601)
Other Revenues	Ŧ	4,431	4,431	3,905	(526)
Total Operating Revenues		41,372	41,372	39,245	(2,127)
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel Services		110,319	110,319	108,497	1,822
Contractual Services		23,550	23,550	23,215	335
Intra-County Services		1,514	1,514	1,291	223
Commodities		15,601	15,601	15,684	(83)
Depreciation and Amortization		16,645	16,645	16,386	259
Maintenance		145	774	1,225	(451)
Other		772	772	2,283	(1,511)
Total Operating Expenses		168,546	169,175	168,581	594
Operating Income (Loss)		(127,174)	(127,803)	(129,336)	(1,533)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Intergovernmental Revenues		89,854	89,917	89,635	(282)
Vehicle Registration Fee		15,731	15,731	16,186	455
Interest Expense		(1,140)	(1,140)	(861)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		104,445	104,508	104,960	452
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		104,445	104,000	104,900	402
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(22,729)	(23,295)	(24,376)	(1,081)
Add Depreciation on Capital Assets Acquired by Capital Grants that Reduces					
Contributed Capital From Capital Grants		13,316	13,316	13,478	162
Transfers In		9,413	10,835	25,618	14,783
Transfers Out		-	-	(15,939)	(15,939)
Change in Net Position	\$	- \$	856	\$ (1,219)	\$ (2,075)

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures of their designated operations. The specific purpose of each Special Revenue Fund is as follows:

**Zoo -** The Zoo Specimen Fund is used for the purchase of animals, the Zoo Railroad Fund is used for the repair and maintenance of the miniature passenger railroad as well as the Zoomobile, Zoo Library, and employee travel, and the Zoo Conservation Fund is used for various conservation projects.

**Parks -** Repair, restoration and enhancement of the various parks throughout Milwaukee County

**Persons with Disabilities -** Special projects to help free disabled persons from environmental and attitudinal barriers.

**Behavioral Health Division -** Mental health research, patient activities and special events, funding for youth and young adults with severe mental health needs and compensated absence payouts for retirees from the Behavioral Health Division.

**Airports** - Airport Passenger Facility Charge is used for the collection of Federal Aviation Administration approved passenger facility charges, which are to be used for capital projects at the Airports. In addition, a separate trust is maintained to secure a pledge by the County for repayment of certain debt of local airlines.

**Administrative Services** - Administered by Risk management for employee health and safety issues. Also includes a pension stabilization reserve per state statute.

**Public Works** - Compensated absence payouts and other post-employment benefit costs for retirees from the Fleet Maintenance and Facilities Management divisions.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

						S	pec	cial Rever	nue	Funds					-	
	_	Zoo		Parks		ersons with sabilities	_	ehavioral Health Division		Airports	ŀ	Administrative Services		<sup>⊃</sup> ublic Works	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS	۴	0.000	¢	4 0 4 0	¢	407	¢	40.004	۴		ሱ	F 402	¢	0.004	¢	20 574
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments -	\$	2,368	Ф	1,348	\$	107	\$	10,861	Ф	-	\$	5,493	\$	9,394	\$	29,571
Restricted		-		-		-		-		49,488		-		-		49,488
Receivables - Other	_	4		58		-	_	-		-	_	-		-		62
Total Assets	\$	2,372	\$	1,406	\$	107	\$	10,861	\$	49,488	\$	5,493	\$	9,394	\$	79,121
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	341	\$	69	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	410
Fund Balances: Restricted		2,031		1,337		107		10,861		49,488	_	5,493		9,394		78,711
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,372	\$	1,406	\$	107	\$	10,861	<u>\$</u>	49,488	\$	5,493	\$	9,394	\$	79,121

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

		_						
	Zoo	Parks	Persons with Disabilities	Behavioral Health Division	Airports	Administrative Services	Public Works	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	¢ 044	¢ 00	¢	¢	¢ 40 500	¢ 00	¢	¢ 44.500
Charges for Services Investment Income and Rents	\$ 844 58	\$ 96 2	\$ - 2	\$-	\$ 13,560 1,208	\$ 89	\$ -	\$ 14,589 1,270
Other	191	187	2		1,200	-		381
Total Revenues	1,093	285	5		14,768	89	-	16,240
Expenditures:								
Public Works and Highways	-	-	-		10,119	_	188	10,307
Human Services	-	-	6	182	-	-	-	188
Parks, Recreation and Culture	1,061	502		-				1,563
Total Expenditures	1,061	502	6	182	10,119		188	12,058
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	32	(217)	(1)	(182)	4,649		(188)	4,182
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In	24	-	-	-	-	91	-	115
Transfers Out		(146)				-		(146)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	24	(146)				91		(31)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	56	(363)	(1)	(182)	4,649	180	(188)	4,151
Fund Balances Beginning	1,975	1,700	108	11,043	44,839	5,313	9,582	74,560
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 2,031	\$ 1,337	\$ 107	\$ 10,861	\$ 49,488	\$ 5,493	\$ 9,394	\$ 78,711

### Internal Service Funds

### Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the County, or to other governmental entities, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The specific purpose of each Internal Service Fund is listed below.

**Information Management Services -** This fund is used to account for electronic data processing, graphics, and telecommunication services provided to County departments.

**Public Work Services -** This fund is used to account for various services provided to other County departments including the Water Utility which maintains the water distribution system that is located on the Milwaukee County Grounds.

**Risk Management -** This fund accounts for risk financing, loss control and insurancerelated activities for the County and its employees.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Internal Service Funds As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Mar	Information Management		Public Works Services		Risk		Total
Assets	- 5	ervices	_	Services	Ivia	nagement		Total
Current Assets:								
Current Assets: Cash and Investments	\$	10,601	\$	1.467	\$	24.741	\$	36.809
Accounts (Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts)	φ	10,001	φ	1,407	φ	116	φ	1,891
Due From Other Governments		20		1,774		-		21
Total Current Assets		10,622	-	3,242		24.857		38,721
Capital Assets:		10,022	-	0,212		21,001		00,721
Construction in Progress		16,064		-		-		16,064
Land Improvements		-		4,418		-		4,418
Building and Improvements		777		5,718		-		6,495
Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment		19,778	_	1,711		-		21,489
Total Capital Assets		36,619		11,847		-		48,466
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(16,738)		(7,373)		-		(24,111)
Net Capital Assets		19,881	_	4,474		-		24,355
Total Assets		30,503	_	7,716		24,857	_	63,076
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred Loss on Refunding of Debt		7		-		-		7
Deferred Outflow for Pension Contributions Subsequent to the								
Measurement Date		851		-		74		925
Deferred Outflow Net Difference Between Expected and Actual								
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		1,231		-		61		1,292
Deferred Outflow Pension Assumption Changes		223		-		25		248
Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB Contributions Made After Measurement Date		871		_		69		940
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,183				229		3,412
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	33,686	\$	7,716	\$	25,086	\$	66,488
	\$	,	\$	7,716	\$	-	\$	,

#### Combining Balance Sheet Internal Service Funds As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Information Management Services		Public Works Services		Risk Management			Total
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,414	\$	1,642	\$	739	\$	3,795
Accrued Liabilities		262		-		23		285
Accrued Interest Payable Due to Other Governments		98		6 113		-		104 113
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation		2,322		182				2.504
Compensated Absences		494		-		27		521
Risk Claims		-		-		8,488		8,488
Total Current Liabilities		4,590		1,943		9,277		15,810
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation		12,561		537		-		13,098
Compensated Absences		220		-		3		223
Risk Claims Net Pension Liability		- 9,363		-		14,621 766		14,621 10,129
Other Postemployment Benefits		16,566		-		1,340		17,906
Total Long-Term Liabilities		38,710	-	537	-	16,730	_	55,977
Total Liabilities		43,300		2,480		26,007	—	71,787
				_,			_	,
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred Inflow Pension Difference Between Actual and								
Expected Experience		15		-		1		16
Deferred Inflow OPEB Difference Between Actual and		054				00		074
Expected Experience Deferred Inflow OPEB Assumption Changes		251 1,032		-		20 83		271 1,115
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,032				104	_	1,402
		1,200				101		1,102
Net Position (Deficit)								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,005		3,755		-		8,760
Restricted for:								
Commitments		1,781		248		9		2,038
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(17,698)		1,233		(1,034)		(17,499)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		(10,912)		5,236		(1,025)		(6,701)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	33,686	\$	7,716	\$	25,086	\$	66,488
	<del>-</del>		Ŧ	.,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(In Thousands)

	Information Management Services	Public Works Services	Risk Management	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 1,773	\$ 3,253	\$ 1,587	\$ 6,613
Other	5			5
Total Operating Revenues	1,778	3,253	1,587	6,618
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel Services	5,121	-	529	5,650
Contractual Services	7,676	1,449	492	9,617
Intra-County Services	10	175	-	185
Commodities	183	3	1	187
Depreciation and Amortization	1,202	475	-	1,677
Maintenance	-	139	-	139
Insurance and Claims Other	-	- 1 400	8,340	8,340
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- 14 102	1,433	0.262	1,433
Total Operating Expenses	14,192	3,674	9,362	27,228
Operating Income (Loss)	(12,414)	(421)	(7,775)	(20,610)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Intergovernmental Revenues	350	-	-	350
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	(418)	234	(1)	(185)
Interest Expense	(152)	(40)		(192)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(220)	194	(1)	(27)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(12,634)	(227)	(7,776)	(20,637)
Capital Contributions	2,575	(243)		2,332
Transfers In	13,882	2,257	- 9,303	2,332 25,442
Transfers Out	(5,961)	(689)	(1,595)	(8,245)
	(0,001)	(003)	(1,000)	(0,2+0)
Change in Net Position	(2,138)	1,098	(68)	(1,108)
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning	(8,774)	4,138	(957)	(5,593)
Net Position (Deficit) Ending	<u>\$ (10,912)</u>	\$ 5,236	\$ (1,025)	\$ (6,701)

#### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		Man	rmation agement ervices	١	Public Norks ervices		isk gement	Total
Receipts from Customers and Users         \$         1,774         \$         2,990         \$         (64)         \$         4,700           Receipts from Interfund Services         -         -         -         -         1,587         1,587           Payments to Suppliers         (7.293)         (2,818)         (9,197)         (19,308)           Payments to Employees including Benefits         (5,121)         -         (529)         (5,650)           Payments for Interfund Services Used         -         (175)         -         (175)         (175)           Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by         Operating Activities:         (10,640)         (3)         (8,203)         (18,846)           Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities:         13,882         2,257         9,303         25,442           Transfers From Other Funds         (5,961)         (689)         (1,595)         (8,245)           Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by         8,271         1,568         7,708         17,547           Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities:         182         -         -         182           Proceeds on Bonds         (10,640         -         10,640         -         (2,953)           Interest								
Payments for Interfund Services Used Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(175)(175)Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities(10,640)(3)(8,203)(18,846)Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities: Intergovernmental Revenues350350Transfers From Other Funds13,8822,2579,30325,442Transfers From Other Funds(5,961)(689)(1,595)(8,245)Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities:8,2711,5687,70817,547Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities:182182Proceeds on Bonds(1,047)(1,906)-(2,953)Interest Paid on Bonds(1,72)(62)-(2,34)Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction Proceds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602	Receipts from Customers and Users Receipts from Interfund Services Payments to Suppliers	\$	(7,293)	\$	-	\$	1,587 <sup>´</sup> (9,197)	\$ 1,587 (19,308)
Operating Activities         (10,640)         (3)         (8,203)         (18,846)           Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities: Intergovernmental Revenues         350         -         -         350           Transfers From Other Funds         13,882         2,257         9,303         25,442           Transfers From Other Funds         (5,961)         (689)         (1,595)         (8,245)           Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities:         8,271         1,568         7,708         17,547           Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities:         182         -         -         182           Proceeds on Bonds         10,640         -         -         10,640           Principal Payment on Bonds         (17,2)         (62)         -         (2,953)           Interest Paid on Bonds         (172)         (62)         -         (2,354)           Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets         9,057)         -         -         (9,057)         -         -         (9,057)           Contributions Received/Paid for Construction         2,575         (243)         -         2,332         -         596         -         596         -         596         -         596	Payments for Interfund Services Used		(c, · _ · ) _		(175)		-	
Financing Activities: Intergovernmental Revenues350350Transfers From Other Funds13,8822,2579,30325,442Transfers (To) Other Funds(5,961)(689)(1,595)(8,245)Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities:8,2711,5687,70817,547Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities:8,2711,5687,70817,547Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities:182-182Proceeds on Bonds10,640-10,640Principal Payment on Bonds(1,047)(1,906)(2,953)Interest Paid on Bonds(172)(62)-(234)Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction2,575(243)-2,332Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602			(10,640)		(3)		(8,203)	 (18,846)
Intergovernmental Revenues350350Transfers From Other Funds13,8822,2579,30325,442Transfers (To) Other Funds(5,961)(689)(1,595)(8,245)Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities:8,2711,5687,70817,547Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities:8,2711,5687,70817,547Premium on Debt Issued182182Proceeds on Bonds10,640-10,640Principal Payment on Bonds(1,047)(1,906)-(2,953)Interest Paid on Bonds(172)(62)-(234)Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction2,575(243)-2,332Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602								
Noncapital Financing Activities:8,2711,5687,70817,547Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities: Premium on Debt Issued182182Proceeds on Bonds10,64010,640Principal Payment on Bonds(1,047)(1,906)-(2,953)Interest Paid on Bonds(172)(62)-(234)Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital 	Intergovernmental Revenues Transfers From Other Funds	_	13,882					25,442
Related Financing Activities:Premium on Debt Issued182182Proceeds on Bonds10,64010,640Principal Payment on Bonds(1,047)(1,906)-(2,953)Interest Paid on Bonds(172)(62)-(234)Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction2,575(243)-2,332Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602			8,271		1,568		7,708	 17,547
Premium on Debt Issued182182Proceeds on Bonds10,64010,640Principal Payment on Bonds(1,047)(1,906)-(2,953)Interest Paid on Bonds(172)(62)-(234)Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction2,575(243)-2,332Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602								
Principal Payment on Bonds(1,047)(1,906)-(2,953)Interest Paid on Bonds(172)(62)-(234)Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction2,575(243)-2,332Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602	Premium on Debt Issued		-		-		-	
Acquisition of Capital Assets(9,057)(9,057)Contributions Received/Paid for Construction2,575(243)-2,332Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets-596-596Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602					- (1,906)		-	
Contributions Received/Paid for Construction Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities2,575 					(62)		-	
and Related Financing Activities3,121(1,615)-1,506Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents752(50)(495)207Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year9,8491,51725,23636,602	Contributions Received/Paid for Construction Proceeds on Sale of Capital Assets				· · ·		-	 2,332
Equivalents         752         (50)         (495)         207           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         9,849         1,517         25,236         36,602			3,121		(1,615)	1		 1,506
			752		(50)		(495)	207
		\$		\$				\$

#### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Informa Manage Servio	ment	Public Works Services	<u>N</u>	Risk lanagement		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (12</u>	2,414)	\$ (42	<u>21) </u> \$	(7,775)	\$	(20,610)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation and Amortization	1	1,202	41	75	-		1,677
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments Deferred Outflow for Pension Contributions		2 (6)	(20	63) -	(64)		(325) (6)
Subsequent to the Measurement Date Deferred Outflow Difference Between		(5)		-	(2)		(7)
Expected and Actual Experience Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB Contributions Made After Measurement	(1	l,190)		-	(55)		(1,245)
Date Deferred Outflow Net Difference Between		28		-	4		32
Expected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		356		-	29		385
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Accounts Payable		(49)	9	93	(198)		(154)
Accrued Liabilities		30		-	-		30
Due to Other Governments		-	11	13	-		113
Risk Claims Other Past Employment Penefite	1	-		-	(216) (120)		(216)
Other Post Employment Benefits Compensated Absences	(	1,498) (47)		-	(120)		(1,618) (57)
Net Pension Liability	2	2,276		_	194		2,470
Deferred Inflow Pension Difference	2	.,210			104		2,470
Between Actual and Expected Experience Deferred Inflow Net Difference Between		(10)		-	(1)		(11)
Expected and Actual Earnings of Pension Plan Investments		(585)		-	(91)		(676)
Deferred Inflow OPEB Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience Deferred Inflow OPEB Assumption		238		-	20		258
Changes	1	1,032		-	82		1,114
Total Adjustments		,774	4	18	(428)		1,764
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating	<b>•</b>		¢	(0) <b>*</b>		¢	(40.040)
Activities	\$ (10	0,640)	\$	(3) \$	(8,203)	\$	(18,846)

### **Fiduciary Funds**

### Agency Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature and are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. Significant Agency Funds consist of Civil Court-ordered family support payments.

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Já	anuary 1, 2019	А	dditions	De	eductions	Dec	ember 31, 2019
AGENCY FUND:								
CIVIL COURT ORDERED FOR FAMILY								
SUPPORT/PAYMENTS								
Cash and Investments	\$	10,746	\$	63,769	\$	62,807	\$	11,708
Total Assets	\$	10,746		63,769	\$	62,807	-	11,708
	-	-) -	- <u>-</u>	,	-	- /	-	,
Accounts Payable	\$	317	\$	29	\$	44	\$	302
Agency Deposits		10,429		71,615		70,638		11,406
Total Liabilities	\$	10,746	\$	71,644	\$	70,682	\$	11,708
					_			
OTHER AGENCY FUNDS								
Cash and Investments	\$	7,057	\$	126,403	\$	126,370	\$	7,090
Other Receivables	-	1,113		1,115		1,119		1,109
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	8,170	<u>\$</u>	127,518	<u>\$</u>	127,489	\$	8,199
Accounts Payable	\$	425	\$	7,052	\$	7,263	\$	214
Agency Deposits		7,745		42,515		42,390		7,870
Due to Other Governments Total Liabilities	-	-	-	115	_	-		115
Total Liabilities	\$	8,170	\$	49,682	\$	49,653	\$	8,199
SUMMARY	¢	47 000	¢	100 170	ሱ	400 477	¢	40 700
Cash and Investments Other Receivables	\$	17,803 1,113	\$	190,172 1.115	\$	189,177 1.119	\$	18,798 1,109
Total Assets	\$	,	¢	, -	¢	/ -	¢	
	þ	18,916	<b>þ</b>	191,287	<u>ф</u>	190,296	<u>ф</u>	19,907
Accounts Payable	\$	742	\$	7,081	\$	7,307	\$	516
Agency Deposits	Ψ	18,174	Ψ	114,130	Ψ	113,028	¥	19,276
Due to Other Governments		-		115		-		115
Total Liabilities	\$	18,916	\$	121,326	\$	120,335	\$	19,907

### **Other Supplementary Information**

### **Other Supplementary Information**

The financial statement schedules provided in this section are required for outside parties. These are standalone schedules for the agency whose information is presented within the governmental activities financial statements. These schedules are presented on the full accrual basis, as requested.

Milwaukee County Behavioral Health Division Fund: Balance Sheet Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

#### Balance Sheet Behavioral Health Division Fund As of December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

<u>Assets</u>	
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 34,644
Patient Receivables	27,234
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(16,476)
Accounts Receivable - Other	12
Due from Other Governments	5,367
Prepaid Items	15
Total Current Assets	50,796
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Land Improvements	1,625
Construction in Progress	13
Buildings and Improvements	35,154
Machinery, Vehicles and Equipment	3,061
Total Capital Assets	39,853
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(35,652)
Total Capital Assets (Net)	4,201
Total Assets	54,997
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Loss on Refunding of Debt	3
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 55,000
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,984
Accrued Payroll	2,087
Due to Other Governments	2,001
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation	239
Compensated Absences Payable	2,886
Other Current Liabilities	1,337
Total Current Liabilities	17,539
	17,000
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Bonds and Notes Payable - General Obligation	567
Compensated Absences Payable	1,189
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,756
Total Liabilities	19,295
Total Liabilities	19,295
Net Position	
Net Investments in Capital Assets	3,398
Restricted for:	5,550
Commitments	1,593
Operational Reserve	19,075
Capital Reserve	5,155
Title XIX Capitation	9,080
Compensated Absences	9,080 1,479
Unrestricted (Deficit)	
Total Net Position	(4,075)
I UTAL MUSILIUTI	35,705
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 55,000
	φ <u>00,000</u>

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Behavioral Health Division Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

Operating Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$	109,457
Other Revenues		1,286
Total Operating Revenues		110,743
Operating Expenses:		
Personnel Services		65,392
Client Service Costs		43,391
Contractual Services		8,965
Intra-County Services		2,147
Commodities		3,319
Depreciation and Amortization		1,105
Maintenance		2
Provider Network Services		88,210
Total Operating Expenses		212,531
		(404 700)
Operating Income (Loss)		(101,788)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Intergovernmental Revenues		44,624
Interest Expense		(50)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		44,574
Total Nonoperating Nevendes (Expenses)		44,074
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(57,214)
Transfers In		56,250
Transfers Out		(2,359)
Changes in Nat Desition		(2,222)
Changes in Net Position		(3,323)
Net Position Beginning		39,028
Net Position Ending	\$	35,705
····· -·······························	<u>*</u>	

# STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

- Financial Trends
- Revenue Capacity
- Debt Capacity
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information

### **Statistical Section**

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report.

#### Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

### Net Position by Component Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

(a)         (b)         (c)         (d)         (e)           Governmental Activities:         Net Investment in Capital Assets         \$ 419,254         \$ 421,954         \$ 406,664         \$ 398,593         \$ 408,914         \$ 396,649         \$ 372,792         \$ 322,247         \$ 293,406         \$ 269,272           Restricted for:         Airport - PFC and Debt         49,488         44,839         38,237         28,779         28,737         27,398         26,352         29,369         27,199         26,9272           Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (d)         36,381         40,133         37,249         33,890         23,968         17,855         9,082         9,986         7,169         8,360           Commitments         54,639         50,162         60,686         56,717         640,238         34,964         27,063         11,577         7,332           Delinquent Property Tax         9,632         9,408         9,922         11,053         12,204         14,072         14,072         14,826         -           Department of Family Care (b)         -         -         -         -         31,691         35,558         35,57         27,754         25,092         12,182           Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)         9,394 </th <th></th> <th>2019</th> <th>2018</th> <th>2017</th> <th>2016</th> <th>2015</th> <th>2014</th> <th>2013</th> <th>2012</th> <th>2011</th> <th>2010</th>		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Net Investment in Capital Assets         \$ 419,254         \$ 421,954         \$ 406,664         \$ 398,593         \$ 408,914         \$ 396,649         \$ 372,792         \$ 322,247         \$ 293,406         \$ 269,272           Restricted for:         Airport - PFC and Debt         49,488         44,839         38,237         28,779         28,737         27,398         26,352         29,369         27,199         26,921           Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (d)         54,639         50,162         60,868         56,717         65,338         68,029         54,731         41,742         19,068         -           Debt Service         54,521         47,782         40,739         44,481         47,176         40,238         34,964         27,063         11,577         7,332           Department of Family Care (b)         -         -         -         31,691         35,358         35,357         27,754         25,092         12,182           Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)         9,394         9,582         9,630         9,692         9,782         9,851         10,192         10,270         5,781         6,183           Other         21,299         19,574         18,686         19,807         20,458         19,950         24,034			(a)		(b)	(c)		(d)	(e)		
Restricted for:       Airport - PFC and Debt       49,488       44,839       38,237       28,779       28,737       27,398       26,352       29,369       27,199       26,921         Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (d)       36,381       40,133       37,249       33,890       23,968       17,855       9,082       9,986       7,169       8,360         Commitments       54,639       50,162       60,868       56,717       65,338       68,029       54,731       41,742       19,068       -         Debt Service       54,521       47,782       40,739       44,481       47,176       40,238       34,964       27,063       11,577       7,332         Delinquent Property Tax       9,632       9,408       9,922       11,053       12,204       14,072       14,777       15,275       14,826       -       -       -       31,691       35,358       35,357       27,754       25,092       12,182         Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)       9,394       9,582       9,630       9,692       9,782       9,851       10,192       10,270       5,781       6,183         Other       21,299       19,574       18,686       19,807       20,458       19,950       24,032       (	Governmental Activities:										
Restricted for:         Airport - PFC and Debt       49,481       44,839       38,237       28,779       28,737       27,398       26,352       29,369       27,199       26,921         Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (d)       36,381       40,133       37,249       33,890       23,968       17,855       9,082       9,986       7,169       8,360         Commitments       54,639       50,162       60,868       56,717       65,338       68,029       54,731       41,742       19,068       -         Debt Service       54,521       47,782       40,739       44,481       47,176       40,238       34,964       27,063       11,577       7,332         Delinquent Property Tax       9,632       9,408       9,922       11,053       12,204       14,072       14,797       15,275       14,826       -       -       -       31,691       35,358       35,357       27,754       25,092       12,182       Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)       9,394       9,582       9,630       9,692       9,782       9,851       10,192       10,270       5,781       6,183         Other       21,299       19,574       18,686       19,807       20,458       19,950       24,034	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 419,254	\$ 421,954	\$ 406,664 \$	398,593	\$ 408,914 \$	\$ 396,649 \$	372,792 \$	322,247 \$	293,406 \$	269,272
Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (d)         36,381         40,133         37,249         33,890         23,968         17,855         9,082         9,986         7,169         8,360           Commitments         54,639         50,162         60,868         56,717         65,338         68,029         54,731         41,742         19,068         -           Debt Service         54,521         47,782         40,739         44,481         47,176         40,238         34,964         27,063         11,577         7,332           Delinquent Property Tax         9,632         9,408         9,922         11,053         12,204         14,072         14,797         15,275         14,826         -         -         -         -         31,691         35,358         35,357         27,754         25,092         12,182           Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)         9,394         9,582         9,630         9,692         9,782         9,851         10,192         10,270         5,781         6,183           Other         21,299         19,574         18,686         19,807         20,458         19,950         24,034         21,247         10,918         1,898           Unrestricted (Deficit)         (1,383,186)         <	•	. ,	. ,				. , .	, .	, ,	, ,	,
Commitments         54,639         50,162         60,868         56,717         65,338         68,029         54,731         41,742         19,068         -           Debt Service         54,521         47,782         40,739         44,481         47,176         40,238         34,964         27,063         11,577         7,332           Delinquent Property Tax         9,632         9,408         9,922         11,053         12,204         14,072         14,797         15,275         14,826         -           Department of Family Care (b)         -         -         -         31,691         35,358         35,357         27,754         25,092         12,182           Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)         9,394         9,582         9,630         9,692         9,782         9,851         10,192         10,270         5,781         6,183           Other         21,299         19,574         18,686         19,807         20,458         19,950         24,034         21,247         10,918         1,898           Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)         (2,037,794)         (2,017,858)         (1,129,482)         (1,049,925)         (1,042,553)         (316,659)         (321,623)         (316,075)         (241,327)         (193,380	Airport - PFC and Debt	49,488	44,839	38,237	28,779	28,737	27,398	26,352	29,369	27,199	26,921
Debt Service         54,521         47,782         40,739         44,481         47,176         40,238         34,964         27,063         11,577         7,332           Delinquent Property Tax         9,632         9,408         9,922         11,053         12,204         14,072         14,797         15,275         14,826         -           Department of Family Care (b)         -         -         -         -         31,691         35,358         35,357         27,754         25,092         12,182           Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)         9,394         9,582         9,630         9,692         9,782         9,851         10,192         10,270         5,781         6,183           Other         21,299         19,574         18,866         19,807         20,458         19,950         24,034         21,247         10,918         1,898           Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)         (2,037,794)         (2,017,858)         (1,129,482)         (1,042,553)         (316,659)         (321,623)         (316,075)         (241,327)         (193,380)           Subtotal Governmental Activities         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878	Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (d)	36,381	40,133	37,249	33,890	23,968	17,855	9,082	9,986	7,169	8,360
Delinquent Property Tax         9,632         9,408         9,922         11,053         12,204         14,072         14,797         15,275         14,826         -           Department of Family Care (b)         -         -         -         31,691         35,358         35,357         27,754         25,092         12,182           Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)         9,394         9,582         9,630         9,692         9,782         9,851         10,192         10,270         5,781         6,183           Other         21,299         19,574         18,686         19,807         20,458         19,950         24,034         21,247         10,918         1,898           Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)         (2,037,794)         (2,017,858)         (1,129,482)         (1,049,925)         (1,042,553)         (316,659)         (321,623)         (316,075)         (241,327)         (193,380)           Subtotal Governmental Activities:         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td>Commitments</td> <td>54,639</td> <td>50,162</td> <td>60,868</td> <td>56,717</td> <td>65,338</td> <td>68,029</td> <td>54,731</td> <td>41,742</td> <td>19,068</td> <td>-</td>	Commitments	54,639	50,162	60,868	56,717	65,338	68,029	54,731	41,742	19,068	-
Department of Family Care (b)         -         -         -         31,691         35,358         35,357         27,754         25,092         12,182           Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)         9,394         9,582         9,630         9,692         9,782         9,851         10,192         10,270         5,781         6,183           Other         21,299         19,574         18,686         19,807         20,458         19,950         24,034         21,247         10,918         1,898           Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)         (2,037,794)         (2,017,858)         (1,129,482)         (1,049,925)         (1,042,553)         (316,659)         (321,623)         (316,075)         (241,327)         (193,380)           Subtotal Governmental Activities         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (446,913)         (394,285)         345,437 <td>Debt Service</td> <td>54,521</td> <td>47,782</td> <td>40,739</td> <td>44,481</td> <td>47,176</td> <td>40,238</td> <td>34,964</td> <td>27,063</td> <td>11,577</td> <td>7,332</td>	Debt Service	54,521	47,782	40,739	44,481	47,176	40,238	34,964	27,063	11,577	7,332
Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)       9,394       9,582       9,630       9,692       9,782       9,851       10,192       10,270       5,781       6,183         Other       21,299       19,574       18,686       19,807       20,458       19,950       24,034       21,247       10,918       1,898         Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)       (2,037,794)       (2,017,858)       (1,129,482)       (1,049,925)       (1,042,553)       (316,659)       (321,623)       (316,075)       (241,327)       (193,380)         Subtotal Governmental Activities       (1,383,186)       (1,374,424)       (507,487)       (446,913)       (394,285)       312,741       260,678       188,878       173,709       138,768         Business-type Activities:       (1,383,186)       (1,374,424)       (507,487)       (446,913)       (394,285)       312,741       260,678       188,878       173,709       138,768         Business-type Activities:       (1,383,186)       (1,374,424)       (507,487)       (446,913)       (394,285)       312,741       260,678       188,878       173,709       138,768         Business-type Activities:       (1,383,186)       (1,374,424)       (507,487)       347,465       364,899       345,437       299,463       270,351	Delinquent Property Tax	9,632	9,408	9,922	11,053	12,204	14,072	14,797	15,275	14,826	-
Other         21,299         19,574         18,686         19,807         20,458         19,950         24,034         21,247         10,918         1,898           Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)         (2,037,794)         (2,017,858)         (1,129,482)         (1,049,925)         (1,042,553)         (316,659)         (321,623)         (316,075)         (241,327)         (193,380)           Subtotal Governmental Activities         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         (2,017,858)         (347,249)         347,465         364,899         345,437         299,463         270,351         242,984         206,417           Restricted For:         (2,014)         (2,024)         (2,1,713)         19,291<	Department of Family Care (b)	-	-	-	-	31,691	35,358	35,357	27,754	25,092	12,182
Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)       (2,037,794)       (2,017,858)       (1,129,482)       (1,049,925)       (1,042,553)       (316,659)       (321,623)       (316,075)       (241,327)       (193,380)         Subtotal Governmental Activities       (1,383,186)       (1,374,424)       (507,487)       (446,913)       (394,285)       312,741       260,678       188,878       173,709       138,768         Business-type Activities:       Net Investment in Capital Assets       325,138       336,651       347,249       347,465       364,899       345,437       299,463       270,351       242,984       206,417         Restricted For:       Capital Asset Needs       26,145       20,986       21,024       21,713       19,291       16,357       14,004       10,450       8,039       5,057         Commitments       7,402       4,855       3,211       3,259       3,812       4,432       2,769       3,619       -       -         Debt       17,711       17,777       16,910       16,758       17,597       19,044       17,680       15,288       15,161       14,836	Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)	9,394	9,582	9,630	9,692	9,782	9,851	10,192	10,270	5,781	6,183
Subtotal Governmental Activities           Net Position (Deficit)         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         Net Investment in Capital Assets         325,138         336,651         347,249         347,465         364,899         345,437         299,463         270,351         242,984         206,417           Restricted For:         Capital Asset Needs         26,145         20,986         21,024         21,713         19,291         16,357         14,004         10,450         8,039         5,057           Commitments         7,402         4,855         3,211         3,259         3,812         4,432         2,769         3,619         -         -           Debt         17,711         17,777         16,910         16,758         17,597         19,044         17,680         15,288         15,161         14,836	Other	21,299	19,574	18,686	19,807	20,458	19,950	24,034	21,247	10,918	1,898
Net Position (Deficit)         (1,383,186)         (1,374,424)         (507,487)         (446,913)         (394,285)         312,741         260,678         188,878         173,709         138,768           Business-type Activities:         Net Investment in Capital Assets         325,138         336,651         347,249         347,465         364,899         345,437         299,463         270,351         242,984         206,417           Restricted For:         Capital Asset Needs         26,145         20,986         21,024         21,713         19,291         16,357         14,004         10,450         8,039         5,057           Commitments         7,402         4,855         3,211         3,259         3,812         4,432         2,769         3,619         -         -           Debt         17,711         17,777         16,910         16,758         17,597         19,044         17,680         15,288         15,161         14,836	Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)	(2,037,794)	(2,017,858)	(1,129,482)	(1,049,925)	(1,042,553)	(316,659)	(321,623)	(316,075)	(241,327)	(193,380)
Business-type Activities:         325,138         336,651         347,249         347,465         364,899         345,437         299,463         270,351         242,984         206,417           Restricted For:         Capital Assets         26,145         20,986         21,024         21,713         19,291         16,357         14,004         10,450         8,039         5,057           Commitments         7,402         4,855         3,211         3,259         3,812         4,432         2,769         3,619         -         -           Debt         17,711         17,777         16,910         16,758         17,597         19,044         17,680         15,288         15,161         14,836	Subtotal Governmental Activities										
Business-type Activities:         325,138         336,651         347,249         347,465         364,899         345,437         299,463         270,351         242,984         206,417           Restricted For:         Capital Assets         26,145         20,986         21,024         21,713         19,291         16,357         14,004         10,450         8,039         5,057           Commitments         7,402         4,855         3,211         3,259         3,812         4,432         2,769         3,619         -         -           Debt         17,711         17,777         16,910         16,758         17,597         19,044         17,680         15,288         15,161         14,836	Net Position (Deficit)	(4 202 400)	(4 274 424)	(507 407)	(446.042)	(204 295)	242 744	260 679	400 070	473 700	420 700
Net Investment in Capital Assets         325,138         336,651         347,249         347,465         364,899         345,437         299,463         270,351         242,984         206,417           Restricted For:         Capital Asset Needs         26,145         20,986         21,024         21,713         19,291         16,357         14,004         10,450         8,039         5,057           Commitments         7,402         4,855         3,211         3,259         3,812         4,432         2,769         3,619         -         -           Debt         17,711         17,777         16,910         16,758         17,597         19,044         17,680         15,288         15,161         14,836		(1,303,100)	(1,3/4,424)	(507,467)	(446,913)	(394,205)	312,741	200,070	100,070	173,709	130,700
Restricted For:         26,145         20,986         21,024         21,713         19,291         16,357         14,004         10,450         8,039         5,057           Commitments         7,402         4,855         3,211         3,259         3,812         4,432         2,769         3,619         -         -           Debt         17,711         17,777         16,910         16,758         17,597         19,044         17,680         15,288         15,161         14,836	Business-type Activities:										
Capital Asset Needs26,14520,98621,02421,71319,29116,35714,00410,4508,0395,057Commitments7,4024,8553,2113,2593,8124,4322,7693,619Debt17,71117,77716,91016,75817,59719,04417,68015,28815,16114,836	Net Investment in Capital Assets	325,138	336,651	347,249	347,465	364,899	345,437	299,463	270,351	242,984	206,417
Commitments         7,402         4,855         3,211         3,259         3,812         4,432         2,769         3,619         -         -           Debt         17,711         17,777         16,910         16,758         17,597         19,044         17,680         15,288         15,161         14,836		,	,		,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Debt 17,711 17,777 16,910 16,758 17,597 19,044 17,680 15,288 15,161 14,836	Capital Asset Needs	26,145	20,986	21,024	21,713	19,291	16,357	14,004	10,450	8,039	5,057
	Commitments	7,402	4,855	3,211	3,259	3,812	4,432	2,769	3,619	-	-
Uprostricted (Deficit) (2.8 c) (256.068) (270.274) (83.541) (85.056) (85.022) 433 402 976 5.104 0.024	Debt	17,711	17,777	16,910	16,758	17,597	19,044	17,680	15,288	15,161	14,836
Uniesulueu (Dellui) (a a u) (JJU, 300) (JJ3,274) (JJ3,241) (JJ,030) (JJ,030) (JJ,030) (JJ,030) (JJ3,274)	Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)	(356,968)	(379,274)	(83,541)	(85,056)	(85,032)	433	492	876	5,104	9,924
Subtotal Business-type Activities	Subtotal Business-type Activities	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>`</u>	<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net Position (Deficit) \$ 19,428 \$ 995 \$ 304,853 \$ 304,139 \$ 320,567 \$ 385,703 \$ 334,408 \$ 300,584 \$ 271,288 \$ 236,234	Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 19,428	\$ 995	\$ 304,853 \$	<b>304,139</b>	\$ 320,567 \$	\$ 385,703 \$	334,408 \$	300,584 \$	271,288 \$	236,234

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
		(a)		(b)	(c)		(d)	(e)		
Primary Government:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 744,392	\$ 758,605 \$	753,913 \$	746,058 \$	773,813 \$	742,086 \$	672,255 \$	592,598 \$	536,390 \$	475,689
Restricted For:										
Airport - PFC and Debt	49,488	44,839	38,237	28,779	28,737	27,398	26,352	29,369	27,199	26,921
Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (d)	36,381	40,133	37,249	33,890	23,968	17,855	9,082	9,986	7,169	8,360
Capital Asset Needs	26,145	20,986	21,024	21,713	19,291	16,357	14,004	10,450	8,039	5,057
Commitments	62,041	55,017	64,079	59,976	69,150	72,461	57,500	45,361	19,068	-
Debt	72,232	65,559	57,649	61,239	64,773	59,282	52,644	42,351	26,738	22,168
Delinquent Property Tax	9,632	9,408	9,922	11,053	12,204	14,072	14,797	15,275	14,826	-
Department of Family Care (b)	-	-	-	-	31,691	35,358	35,357	27,754	25,092	12,182
Fleet and Facilities Divisions (e)	9,394	9,582	9,630	9,692	9,782	9,851	10,192	10,270	5,781	6,183
Other	21,299	19,574	18,686	19,807	20,458	19,950	24,034	21,247	10,918	1,898
Unrestricted (Deficit) (a & c)	(2,394,762)	(2,397,132)	(1,213,023)	(1,134,981)	(1,127,585)	(316,226)	(321,131)	(315,199)	(236,223)	(183,456)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>		· · ·	<u> </u>	· · · ·	· · · ·			i		<u> </u>
Activities Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$ (1,363,758)</u>	\$ (1,373,429) \$	(202,634) \$	<u>    (142,774)</u> \$	(73,718) \$	698,444 \$	595,086 \$	489,462 \$	444,997 \$	375,002

#### Notes:

Accounting standards require that Net Position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Net Position is considered restricted when externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

(a) In 2018, a restatement occurred due to the implementation of GASB 75.

(b) In 2016, Wisconsin Act 55 required Family Care to become organized as a non-governmental entity (IHA). Family Care separated from Milwaukee County in September 2016.

(c) In 2015, a restatement occurred due to the implementation of GASB 68.

(d) In 2013, Wisconsin Act 203 created the Mental Health Board. BHD surplus is now restricted. A new capital reserve was also created.

(e) In 2012, the County began reporting the activities of its Public Works - Professional Services Divisions as part of the General Fund. Prior to 2012, it had been reported as part of the Internal Service Funds.

#### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
			(a)	(b)			(C)	(d)		
Expenses (by Function):										
Governmental Activities:										
5,	\$ 52,597				. ,			*, -		
Courts and Judiciary	60,038	59,360	59,827	60,318	54,296	51,904	50,502	56,516	53,132	57,121
General Governmental Services Public Safety	12,533 181.721	12,602 174,702	13,089 194,000	13,374 178,807	13,989 154,830	12,980 143,774	12,165 147,637	10,969 156.162	6,668 162,316	4,077 164,447
Public Salety Public Works and Highways (d)	101,721	87,701	194,000	91,630	82,848	143,774	79,849	90,974	89,559	66,641
Human Services (b & c)	335,475	323,540	319,930	494,362	572,031	551,239	556,149	563,378	597,078	616,717
Parks, Recreation and Culture	94,253	90,315	113,016	86,233	87,639	76,644	76,960	80,553	79,709	77,221
Interest and Other Charges	16,218	18,281	19,783	21,180	22,439	23,294	34,545	35,503	29,448	39,472
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	861,317	812,598	902,909	1,001,967	1,039,541	1,010,180	1,007,639	1,050,287	1,069,796	1,077,036
Business-type Activities:										
Airports	103.673	92.641	103.736	99,394	94.951	98,006	89,720	87,901	90.183	82,692
Transit	144,982	154,766	163,714	173,506	161,761	166,953	163,844	169,061	175,880	174,960
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	248,655	247,407	267,450	272,900	256,712	264,959	253,564	256,962	266,063	257,652
Total Primary Government Expenses	1,109,972	1,060,005	1,170,359	1,274,867	1,296,253	1,275,139	1,261,203	1,307,249	1,335,859	1,334,688
Program Revenues (by Function):										
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>										
Charges for Services:										
Legislative, Executive and Staff	5,355	5,825	14,776	4,841	4,479	3,750	3,270	4,048	198	1,786
Courts and Judiciary	4,018	3,920	3,824	3,814	3,695	3,666	3,923	3,994	4,431	4,622
General Governmental Services	5,297	4,988	5,039	5,038	4,650	4,791	5,377	5,407	4,571	4,243
Public Safety Public Works and Highways (d)	12,980 28,980	13,426 29.854	12,320 41,469	12,213 29,218	12,002 23,819	9,598 30,261	11,698 27,931	10,153 25,216	9,986 30,260	9,992 29,537
Human Services (b & c)	118,259	112,172	97,363	292,544	368,906	354,424	359,331	343,742	347,018	328,101
Parks, Recreation and Culture	29,240	28,703	31,133	35,764	36,584	32,619	33,007	32,304	29,491	31,381
Operating Grants and Contributions:										
Legislative, Executive and Staff	363	611	622	413	641	1,183	921	1,394	3,635	1,530
Courts and Judiciary	25,134	25,263	25,632	25,826	25,802	24,889	23,398	24,084	23,212	26,626
General Governmental Services	51 13,913	77 12,905	74 12,587	55 12 221	52 14,283	88 14,056	70 14,325	53 15,941	50 18,543	43 18,015
Public Safety Public Works and Highways (d)	21.724	21,121	20,954	13,321 19,631	14,203	14,056	14,325	18,859	37,853	17,526
Human Services (b & c)	124,969	126,301	122,673	119,991	139,378	133,066	133,770	131,452	169,911	202,219
Parks, Recreation and Culture	495	413	433	279	398	248	218	316	2,105	1,382

#### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
			(a)	(b)			(c)	(d)		
Program Revenues (by Function) (cont'd)										
Governmental Activities (cont):										
Capital Grants and Contributions:										
Public Works and Highways (d)	\$ 5,464 \$	\$7,736 \$	16,633 \$	73 \$	6,287 \$	5 2,085 \$	2,157 \$	6 - 9	5 71 9	\$ 160
Human Services (b & c)	-	-	-	1,094	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, Recreation and Culture	1,971	1,872	1,952	1,615	3,402	505	1,822	-		-
Total Governmental Activities - Program Revenues	200.042	205 407	407 404	F0F 700	CC2 002	004.070	000 504	040.000	004 005	077 400
	398,213	395,187	407,484	565,730	663,883	634,370	639,564	616,963	681,335	677,163
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Airports	94,757	84,136	95,323	91,293	89,989	86,560	85,520	83,306	87,254	79,644
Transit	39,245	40,884	39,704	39,292	43,132	47,790	48,867	50,521	56,606	57,624
Operating Grants and Contributions:										
Airports	202	346	244	253	183	193	235	579	159	309
Transit	89,635	92,122	89,484	94,168	87,851	91,587	88,107	91,776	89,670	89,186
Capital Grants and Contributions:	4.007	0.044	7 007	0.450	00 545	50 247	45 474	00.007	35.767	05 00 4
Airports Transit	4,867 7,432	6,311 (312)	7,087 10,794	8,158 3,927	26,545 12,125	59,317 11,797	15,171 22,191	23,037 24,450	35,767 15,816	25,284 24,205
Total Business-type Activities - Program Revenues			· · · · ·					· · · · · ·	,	
	236,138	223,487	242,636	237,091	259,825	297,244	260,091	273,669	285,272	276,252
Total Primary Government - Program Revenues	634,351	618,674	650,120	802,821	923,708	931,614	899,655	890,632	966,607	953,415
<u>Net (Expense)/Revenue:</u>										
Governmental Activities	(463,104)	(417,411)	(495,425)	(436,237)	(375,658)	(375,810)	(368,075)	(433,324)	(388,461)	(399,873)
Business-type Activities	(12,517)	(23,920)	(24,814)	(35,809)	3,113	32,285	6,527	16,707	19,209	18,600
Total Primary Net (Expense)/Revenue	(475,621)	(441,331)	(520,239)	(472,046)	(372,545)	(343,525)	(361,548)	(416,617)	(369,252)	(381,273)

#### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

(a)(b)(c)(d)General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities: Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets\$ 184 \$ - \$ 8,597 \$ 1,874 \$ - \$ 12,696 \$ 36,315 \$ - \$	-\$-
Governmental Activities:	
Intergovernmental Revenues Not Related to Specific	
Programs 33,117 34,174 34,082 33,559 37,271 36,797 34,443 44,402 45,2	38 44,952
Vehicle Registration Fee (a)         1,062         1,340         -	
Investment Income 11,400 6,395 2,870 2,531 2,246 777 478 6,186 3,5	54 4,476
Other Revenue 41,891 38,604 36,273 26,768 40,212 43,597 46,362 66,356 52,4	97 43,339
Taxes:	
Property Taxes 297,970 294,488 291,370 289,631 285,494 284,461 283,631 279,179 273,2	
Sales Taxes         82,282         79,226         74,603         73,009         70,838         67,826         65,488         64,740         64,33	48 61,534
Special Item - Separation of Family Care (b) (24,722)	
Transfers (13,564) (13,438) (12,944) (19,041) (17,040) (18,281) (26,842) (12,370) (15,5	32) (14,260)
Total Governmental Activities 454,342 440,789 434,851 383,609 419,021 427,873 439,875 448,493 423,4	02 407,014
Business-type Activities:	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets 8 63 (7) - (86) - 123 -	
	13 162
Other Revenue	
Transfers 13,564 13,438 12,944 19,041 17,040 18,281 26,842 12,370 15,5	32 14,260
Vehicle Registration Fee (a) 16,186 15,822 12,229	
Total Business-type Activities         30,950         30,431         25,528         19,381         17,260         19,010         27,297         12,589         15,8	45 14,422
Total Primary Government 485 202 471 220 460 370 402 000 436 281 446 883 467 172 461 082 430 2	
Total Primary Government         485,292         471,220         460,379         402,990         436,281         446,883         467,172         461,082         439,2	47 421,436
Change in Net Position:	
Governmental Activities (8,762) 23,378 (60,574) (52,628) 43,363 52,063 71,800 15,169 34,9	41 7,141
Business-type Activities 18,433 6,511 714 (16,428) 20,373 51,295 33,824 29,296 35,0	
	<u>95 \$ 40,163</u>

#### Notes:

(a) In 2017, Milwaukee County enacted a Vehicle Registration Fee for all vehicles titled in Milwaukee County.

(b) In 2016, Wisconsin Act 55 required Family Care to become organized as a non-governmental entity (IHA). Family Care separated from Milwaukee County in September 2016.

(c) In 2013, Wisconsin Act 203 created the Mental Health Board. BHD surplus is now restricted. A new capital reserve was also created.

(d) In 2012, the County began reporting the activities of its Public Works - Professional Services Divisions as part of the General Fund. Prior to 2012, it had been reported as part of the Internal Service Funds.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (in Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
				(a & b)			(c)	(d)		
<u>General Fund (Per GASB 54): ^</u>										
Non-spendable:										
Deposits (a)	\$ - 9	5 - 5	- \$	3,173 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Inventories	2,139	1,503	1,849	2,205	2,364	2,722	2,696	2,815	2,085	
Prepaids (a)	475	608	868	1,071	-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted:										
2021 Appropriations	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2020 Appropriations	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2019 Appropriations	-	4,798	4,798	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2018 Appropriations	-	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	
2017 Appropriations	-	-	· -	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	-	
2016 Appropriations	-	-	-	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	
2015 Appropriations	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	
2014 Appropriations	-	-	-	-	-	· -	5,000	5,000	-	
2013 Appropriations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,539	5,539	
2012 Appropriations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	
Behavioral Health Division (BHD) (c)	25,520	29,090	26,923	24,583	14,899	8,483	-	-	-	
Commitments	12,807	11,069	16,172	11,325	14,081	7,734	10,181	9,284	9,021	
Delinguent Property Tax	9,632	9,408	9,922	11,053	12,204	14,072	14,797	15,275	14,826	
Department of Family Care - Excess Reserves (b)	-,	-	-	-	19,460	23,138	23,149	16,322	12,910	
Department of Family Care - State Restricted (b)	-	-	-	-	12,231	12,220	12,208	11,432	12,182	
Housing	526	680	456	794	-	185	835	627	1,369	
Investment Fair Value in Excess of Book Value	1.805	-	-	-	-	-	-	999	1,850	
Committed:	.,								.,	
Economic Development	639	639	639	2,439	2,939	2,739	1,196	1,196	196	
Workforce Development	-	-	-	2,100	2,000	2,700	-	722	-	
	62 642	62,795	66 607	66,643	00 470	81,293	75.062		50.096	
General Fund (Prior to GASB 54): ^	63,543	62,795	66,627	00,043	88,178	01,293	75,062	69,211	59,986	
Reserved for 2012 Appropriations									9	
Reserved for 2011 Appropriations										4,144
Reserved for Delinquent Property Tax										14,826
Reserved for Encumbrances										5,092
Reserved for Inventories										2,070
Reserved for Milwaukee County Family Care										12,182
Unreserved:										
Designated for Economic Development										196

Designated for Family Care Designated for Housing Designated for Investments

Subtotal General Fund

3,233

45,175

948 2,476

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (in Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
				(a & b)			(c)	(d)		
All Other Governmental Funds (Per GASB 54): ^										
Restricted:										
Administrative Services	\$ 5,493	\$ 5,313	\$ 5,186	\$ 5,647	\$ 7,016	\$ 7,016	\$ 7,016	\$ 6,984	\$ 136	
Airports - Passenger Facilities Charges and Debt	49,488	44,839		28,779	28,737	27,398	26,352	29,369	27,199	
Behavioral Health Division (c)	10,861	11,043	10,326	9,307	9,068	9,372	9,082	9,986	7,169	
Commitments	39,793	34,501	43,253	43,641	50,512	59,387	48,276	31,737	67,872	
Debt Service	54,521	47,782	40,739	44,481	47,176	40,238	34,964	27,063	11,577	
Fleet and Facilities Divisions (d)	9,394	9,582	9,630	9,692	9,782	9,851	10,192	10,270	5,781	
Parks	1,337	1,700		1,540	1,593	1,532	1,240	1,074	1,027	
Persons with Disabilities	107	108		100	97	99	101	110	115	
Zoo	2,031	1,975	1,853	1,726	1,751	1,118	950	914	874	
Subtotal All Other Governmental Funds	173,025	156,843	150,617	144,913	155,732	156,011	138,173	117,507	121,750	
Total Governmental Funds Balance						• • • • • •				
Total Governmental Funds Dalance	\$ 236,568	\$ 219,638	\$ 217,244	<u>\$ 211,556</u>	\$ 243,910	\$ 237,304	\$ 213,235	<u>\$ 186,718</u>	\$ 181,736	
All Other Governmental Funds (Prior to GASB 54):	•									
Reserved For:	-									
Reserved for Administrative Services										\$ 136
Reserved for Airports - PFC and Debt										26,921
Reserved for Behavioral Health Division										8,360
Reserved for Debt Service										7,332
Reserved for Encumbrances										98,216
Reserved for Fleet and Facilities Divisions										6.183
Reserved for Parks										930
Reserved for Persons with Disabilities										121
Reserved for Zoo										711
Subtotal All Other Governmental Funds										148,910
Total Governmental Funds Balance										· · · · ·
										<u>\$ 194,085</u>

#### Notes:

<sup>^</sup> Under GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions,* fund balances are classified as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed or Unassigned. Prior to 2011 and the implementation of GASB No. 54, fund balances were classified as Reserved or Unreserved.

(a) In 2016, deposits and prepaid items are reported as nonspendable fund balances. Prior to 2016, these balances were not reported as nonspendable fund balances.

(b) In 2016, Wisconsin Act 55 required Family Care to become organized as a non-governmental entity (IHA). Family Care separated from Milwaukee County in September 2016. (c) In 2013, Wisconsin Act 203 created the Mental Health Board. BHD surplus is now restricted. A new capital reserve was also created.

(d) In 2012, the County began reporting the activities of its Public Works - Professional Services Divisions as part of the General Fund. Prior to 2012, it had been reported as part of the Internal Service Funds.

### Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
				(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$ 248,894 \$	254,046	\$ 249,949	\$ 234,486	\$ 244,760	\$ 230,904	\$ 233,696	\$ 254,672	\$ 318,776	\$ 335,573
Property Taxes	297,970	294,488	291,370	289,631	285,494	284,462	283,632	279,179	273,297	266,973
Sales Taxes	82,282	79,227	74,603	73,009	70,838	67,826	65,488	64,740	64,348	61,534
Vehicle Registration Fee	1,062	1,340	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services (a & b)	189,872	178,508	192,999	377,451	443,611	429,945	420,623	414,039	405,138	388,274
Fines and Forfeits	2,408	2,653	2,199	2,089	1,734	1,680	2,172	2,621	2,932	3,284
Licenses and Permits	1,093	1,087	1,017	968	885	932	642	577	453	640
Investment Income (b)	11,402	6,397	2,871	2,530	2,245	777	10,260	9,069	10,730	11,540
Other	42,466	33,423	37,713	29,602	39,031	39,716	41,846	63,690	53,147	46,903
Total Revenues	877,449	851,169	852,721	1,009,766	1,088,598	1,056,242	1,058,359	1,088,587	1,128,821	1,114,721
Expenditures:										
Legislative, Executive and Staff	29,502	19,227	32,180	28,233	25,093	17,995	20,053	23,382	21,433	21,309
Courts and Judiciary	56,423	57,004	56,624	58,324	54,749	51,435	50,229	53,383	52,699	55,384
General Governmental Services	11,400	11,797	11,982	13,247	12,996	13,261	11,070	9,939	6,746	6,747
Public Safety	163,033	160,726	164,875	163,549	152,835	144,219	146,410	145,119	159,708	154,196
Public Works and Highways (d)	65,841	63,901	77,018	66,313	59,537	66,768	63,591	54,629	57,549	50,676
Human Services (a & c)	334,547	326,635	306,630	496,863	567,749	554,581	553,866	554,697	591,802	611,136
Parks, Recreation and Culture	69,859	68,682	73,096	69,995	70,964	64,258	64,231	65,212	65,271	64,062
Capital Outlay	39,874	55,781	63,058	48,696	75,123	58,199	66,908	68,446	72,549	80,584
Debt Service:										
Interest	16,143	18,346	18,976	20,236	21,663	22,704	50,700	36,993	36,894	38,036
Principal Retired	59,801	58,003	65,596	59,514	57,700	69,942	56,761	63,913	61,626	60,202
Principal Retired on Refunding	18,574	51,620	15,338	16,055	14,738		227,004		-	-
Subtotal Debt Service	94,518	127,969	99,910	95,805	94,101	92,646	334,465	100,906	98,520	98,238
Total Expenditures	864,997	891,722	885,373	1,041,025	1,113,147	1,063,362	1,310,823	1,075,713	1,126,277	1,142,332
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over/(Under) Expenditures	12,452	(40,553)	(32,652)	(31,259)	(24,549)	(7,120)	(252,464)	12,874	2,544	(27,611)

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
				(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
General Obligation Bonds Issued	\$ 16,874 \$	25,639 \$	29,998 \$	37,799 \$	49,367 \$	\$ 39,209 \$	259,248 \$	\$ 20,301 \$	31,757 \$	82,985
Refunding Bonds Issued	15,300	47,942	14,248	15,490	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium/(Discount) on Debt Issued	2,754	4,165	1,176	1,574	1,570	1,106	839	3,053	4,176	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,145)	(35,756)	-
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	2,046	13,000	-	-	-
Payments on Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	93	324	1,383	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	311	375	15,559	2,141	-	12,696	36,315	-	-	-
Transfers In	137,309	82,295	69,767	168,511	140,941	111,970	113,594	128,310	104,061	212,816
Transfers Out	(168,070)	(117,469)	(92,408)	(190,478)	(160,816)	(136,162)	(145,398)	(136,411)	(119,131)	(228,265)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,478	42,947	38,340	35,037	31,155	31,189	278,981	(7,892)	(14,893)	67,536
Special Items										
Payment on Guaranteed Loan	_	-	-	(11,410)	-	_	_	-	_	-
Separation of Family Care (a)	-	-	-	(24,722)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Special Items				(36,132)	_					-
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ 16,930 </u> \$	2,394 \$	5,688 \$	(32,354) \$	6,606	<u>\$                                    </u>	26,517 \$	<u> </u>	(12,349) \$	39,925
Debt Services as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	<u> </u>	15.31 %	12.15 %	9.65 %	9.07 %	9.22 %	26.89 %	10.02 %	9.35 %	9.25 %

Notes:

(a) In 2016, Wisconsin Act 55 required Family Care to become organized as a non-governmental entity (IHA). Family Care separated from Milwaukee County in September 2016.

(b) In 2014, the County separated Investment Income and Rents to report Investment Income separately and Rents with Charges for Services. Prior to 2014, Investment Income and Rents were reported together.

(c) In 2013, Wisconsin Act 203 created the Mental Health Board. BHD surplus is now restricted. A new capital reserve was also created.

(d) In 2012, the County began reporting the activities of its Public Works - Professional Services Divisions as part of the General Fund. Prior to 2012, it had been reported as part of the Internal Service Funds.

#### Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

Tax Levy Year	Tax Budget Year	Total Property Tax Levy	Collections in Budget Year	Percent of Tax Collections in Budget Year	Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	Percent of Tax Collections to Date	Total Delinquent Taxes	
2019	2020	\$ 301,892		In	formation not avai	lable at print time	9		
2018	2019	295,180	\$ 288,124	97.61 % \$	-	\$ 290,769	98.51 %	\$ 4,411	
2017	2018	293,626	288,913	98.39 %	-	288,913	98.39 %	4,713	
2016	2017	291,878	286,938	98.31 %	2,309	289,247	99.10 %	2,631	
2015	2016	287,795	279,265	97.04 %	6,706	285,971	99.37 %	1,824	
2014	2015	283,799	274,868	96.85 %	8,095	282,963	99.71 %	836	
2013	2014	280,130	270,472	96.55 %	9,190	279,662	99.83 %	468	
2012	2013	280,134	267,487	95.49 %	12,479	279,966	99.94 %	168	
2011	2012	276,194	261,959	94.85 %	14,118	276,077	99.96 %	117	
2010	2011	270,386	256,180	94.75 %	14,128	270,308	99.97 %	78	

#### Note:

In November, the Certification of Apportionment of State and County Property Taxes and Charges is filed with the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. This certification provides the State's and County's levies for each of the municipalities. In accordance with State Statute 74.30, each municipality will pay the County its proportionate share, along with the State's share, of the property taxes collected by the 15th of the month following their installment schedule. During the settlement month of August, State Statute 74.29(2) requires all municipalities to pay each taxing jurisdiction their remaining uncollected portions. State Statute 74.29(1) has the County paying all real property and special taxes that remain uncollected along with special assessments and special charges as adopted by the County Board to all municipalities located in the County except the City of Milwaukee which is responsible for collecting property taxes within the boundaries of the City.

#### Source:

County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin - Treasurer's Office - Tax Collection Records

#### Equalized Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

	Real Property					-					
Tax Levy Year	Tax Budget Year	Residential	Commercial	Manufacturing	Other	Personal Property	Equalized Value	Less: Tax Incremental District	Taxable Equalized Value	Direct Tax Rate	Aggregate Assessed Value
		(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a,b)	(b)		(c)	(c)
2019	2020	\$41,784,152	\$22,391,120	\$ 1,563,996	\$ 36,701	\$ 1,402,481	\$ 67,178,450	\$ (4,089,212) \$	63,089,238	\$ 4.78	\$65,578,826
2018	2019	39,154,908	21,998,519	1,516,648	34,097	1,361,444	64,065,616	(3,872,098)	60,193,518	4.90	62,246,892
2017	2017	37,879,640	20,245,941	1,517,746	33,229	1,736,741	61,413,297	(3,295,500)	58,117,797	5.05	60,309,505
2016	2015	36,885,566	20,136,822	1,519,121	32,044	1,719,007	60,292,560	(3,018,194)	57,274,366	5.10	58,636,179
2015	2014	36,320,315	19,071,770	1,483,307	31,800	1,645,987	58,553,179	(2,491,590)	56,061,589	5.14	57,193,142
2014	2013	36,173,659	18,648,195	1,460,158	31,809	1,940,102	58,253,923	(2,600,473)	55,653,450	5.10	57,051,144
2013	2012	35,671,139	18,154,823	1,478,209	32,814	1,790,540	57,127,525	(2,518,176)	54,609,349	5.13	57,209,236
2012	2011	36,872,973	17,678,403	1,493,276	32,712	1,704,938	57,782,302	(2,252,219)	55,530,083	5.05	58,280,360
2011	2010	39,498,360	18,265,539	1,503,698	29,309	1,802,123	61,099,029	(2,547,465)	58,551,564	4.72	61,277,079
2010	2009	40,952,804	18,922,989	1,520,372	27,242	1,980,103	63,403,510	(2,673,043)	60,730,467	4.46	62,221,937

#### Note:

Equalized value is the State of Wisconsin's estimated value of property in a defined jurisdiction and is used to apportion County property tax levies among municipalities. Each municipality assesses their own property values which are sent to the State of Wisconsin on the Statement of Assessment form.

#### Sources:

(a) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Equalized Value - Statement of Changes in Equalized Value.

(b) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Equalized Value - Report Used for Apportionment of County Levy.

(c) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Assessments - Statement of Assessments.

#### Property Tax Rates per \$1,000 of Equalized Value Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

Tax Levy Year	Tax Budget Year	Equalized Value	Less: Tax Incremental District	Taxable Equalized Value	Property Taxes Operating Levy	Property Taxes Debt Levy	Property Taxes Total Levy	Property Taxes Operating Rate	Property Taxes Debt Rate	Property Taxes Total <u>Direct Rate</u>
		(a)	(b)	(b)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(c)
2019	2020	\$ 67,178,450	\$ (4,089,212) \$	63,089,238	\$ 268,326	\$ 33,566	\$ 301,892	\$ 4.25	\$ 0.53	\$ 4.78
2018	2019	64,065,616	(3,872,098)	60,193,518	260,847	34,333	295,180	4.33	0.57	4.90
2017	2018	61,413,297	(3,295,500)	58,117,797	262,954	30,672	293,626	4.52	0.53	5.05
2016	2017	60,292,560	(3,018,194)	57,274,366	258,262	33,616	291,878	4.51	0.59	5.10
2015	2016	58,553,179	(2,491,590)	56,061,589	258,346	29,450	287,795	4.61	0.53	5.14
2014	2015	58,253,923	(2,600,473)	55,653,450	249,844	33,957	283,799	4.49	0.61	5.10
2013	2014	57,127,525	(2,518,176)	54,609,349	237,940	42,190	280,130	4.36	0.77	5.13
2012	2013	57,782,302	(2,252,219)	55,530,083	228,571	51,563	280,134	4.12	0.93	5.05
2011	2012	61,099,029	(2,547,465)	58,551,564	219,641	56,553	276,194	3.75	0.97	4.72
2010	2011	63,403,510	(2,673,043)	60,730,467	217,126	53,260	270,386	3.58	0.88	4.46

#### Note:

In November, the Certification of Apportionment of State and County Property Taxes and Charges is filed with the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. This certification provides the State's and County's levies for each of the municipalities. The Property Taxes Total Levy includes State Charitable and Penal Charges as well as Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWPC) charges. The property tax rates are based on the Taxable Equalized Value. The property tax rates do not include State Forestry charges which are based on the Equalized Value. The Property Taxes Total Levy amount may vary slightly from the actual tax levy amount billed in December of the tax levy year.

#### Sources:

(a) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Equalized Value - Statement of Changes in Equalized Value.

(b) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Equalized Value - Report Used for Apportionment of County Levy.

(c) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Property Tax - Rates - County Property Tax Rates.

#### Property Tax Rates by Municipality - per \$1,000 of Assessed Value Last Ten Years Ended December 31

	Taxable Equalized	Taxable Equalized										
	Value	Value %					Gross I					
	(a)	(a)					(b	)				
Tax Levy Year	2019	2019	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Tax Budget Year	2020	2020	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Milwaukee County	\$ 63,089,238	100.00 % \$	26.29	26.55	27.69	26.13	28.64	28.53	29.64	29.15	27.31	26.20
<u>Villages</u>												
Bayside (1)	647,585	1.03 %	26.99	27.01	27.12	25.56	28.27	28.40	29.59	28.89	26.84	26.31
Brown Deer	953,601	1.51 %	30.49	30.33	31.26	29.81	33.35	31.70	33.00	31.86	29.67	28.23
Fox Point (1)	1,221,306	1.94 %	26.04	26.56	26.65	25.05	27.87	27.74	29.16	28.46	26.64	26.22
Greendale	1,433,099	2.27 %	25.82	25.14	26.49	25.18	27.51	27.77	29.64	28.45	28.15	27.17
Hales Corners	719,639	1.14 %	24.23	25.67	26.19	24.48	26.33	27.04	27.23	27.00	25.30	25.67
River Hills (1)	466,253	0.74 %	27.26	26.99	26.68	24.34	26.98	27.31	28.21	27.21	25.03	24.49
Shorewood	1,593,244	2.53 %	28.99	29.06	29.52	27.74	29.97	30.07	31.02	32.08	29.13	28.40
West Milwaukee	290,829	0.46 %	31.39	31.76	33.70	30.65	32.32	31.07	32.22	32.15	31.80	30.57
Whitefish Bay	2,368,875	3.75 %	21.87	22.72	23.41	21.99	24.24	24.34	25.80	25.56	24.51	24.14
Total Villages	\$ 9,694,431	15.37 % \$	26.15	26.45	27.07	25.45	27.92	27.88	29.15	28.74	27.15	26.52
<u>Cities</u>												
Cudahy	1,032,520	1.64 %	27.41	28.59	29.00	28.21	30.33	27.44	28.99	27.66	26.77	27.09
Franklin (2)	4,211,999	6.68 %	22.97	23.94	24.53	23.31	25.86	25.77	27.38	26.44	24.89	25.45
Glendale (1)	1,958,816	3.10 %	25.10	26.11	27.38	25.94	27.89	27.87	28.43	28.65	26.14	24.12
Greenfield (1)	3,084,489	4.89 %	25.59	26.96	27.76	25.95	27.97	27.76	28.52	28.80	26.41	26.33
Milwaukee	27,724,144	43.94 %	27.59	27.86	29.53	27.57	30.71	30.59	31.27	30.59	28.67	26.96
Oak Creek	3,501,006	5.55 %	22.63	22.63	23.07	22.24	24.84	24.08	25.14	25.12	23.32	23.07
St. Francis	627,762	1.00 %	29.30	30.35	30.62	30.10	29.42	30.47	31.26	29.39	27.82	26.99
South Milwaukee	1,241,339	1.97 %	26.17	26.83	27.61	25.28	28.65	28.12	30.31	29.32	27.32	26.03
Wauwatosa	6,166,168	9.77 %	24.11	22.67	23.07	22.98	23.98	24.34	26.67	26.44	24.18	23.43
West Allis	3,846,564	6.10 %	28.04	28.56	30.36	27.42	28.88	28.89	30.10	30.12	28.96	27.50
Total Cities	\$ 53,394,807	84.63 % \$	26.31	26.57	27.81	26.25	28.77	28.64	29.72	29.22	27.33	26.14

#### Notes:

(1) Municipalities have multiple property tax rates depending upon which school district the property is located within.(2) Municipality has multiple property tax rates depending upon which school district the property is located within and/or if sewer is included.

#### Sources:

(a) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Governments - County Officials - Report Used for Apportionment of County Levy

(b) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Property Tax - Rates - Town, Village and City Taxes

#### Weighted Average of Property Taxes to Taxable Equalized Value For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

	2019 Taxable Equalized Value	2019 Property Tax after State Credit	2019 Weighted Average
Villages:			
Bayside (1)	\$ 647,585	\$ 16.022	0.00025396
Brown Deer	953,601	28.244	0.00044768
Fox Point (1)	1,221,306	29,109	0.00046139
Greendale	1,433,099	37,747	0.00059831
Hales Corners	719,639	16,381	0.00025965
River Hills (1)	466,253	11,638	0.00018447
Shorewood	1,593,244	46,907	0.00074350
West Milwaukee	290,829	11,254	0.00017838
Whitefish Bay	2,368,875	48,429	0.00076763
Total Villages	9,694,431	245,731	0.00389497
<u>Cities:</u>			
Cudahy	1,032,520	31,763	0.00050346
Franklin (2)	4,211,999	92,233	0.00146195
Glendale (1)	1,958,816	47,526	0.00075331
Greenfield (1)	3.084.489	78,128	0.00123837
Milwaukee	27,724,144	768,317	0.01217826
Oak Creek	3,501,006	81,461	0.00129120
St. Francis	627,762	17,762	0.00028154
South Milwaukee	1,241,339	31,804	0.00050411
Wauwatosa	6,166,168	148,879	0.00235982
West Allis	3,846,564	105,425	0.00167105
Total Cities	53,394,807	1,403,298	0.02224306
Milwaukee County	\$ 63,089,238	\$ 1,649,029	0.02613804

Notes:

(1) Municipalities have multiple property tax rates depending upon which school district the property is located within.(2) Municipality has multiple property tax rates depending upon which school district the property is located within and/or if sewer is included.

#### Source:

Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Property Tax - Rates - Town, Village and City Taxes

#### Top Fifteen Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (In Thousands)

			2019		2010			
				Percent of Total		Evel Marchaet	Percent of Total	
Company	Type of Business	Rank	Full Market Value	Equalized Value	Rank	Full Market Value	Equalized Value	
Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance	Insurance	1 \$		0.93 %		\$ 328,872	- %	
Mayfair Mall	Shopping Mall	2	448.346	0.67 %		286.820	- %	
Mandel Group	Real Estate	3	361.543	0.54 %	-	70.131	- %	
US Bank Corp	Banking	4	238.570	0.36 %	-	261,663	- %	
Aurora Health	Health Care	5	208,139	0.31 %		- ,		
Irgens	Real Estate	6	159.288	0.24 %		-		
Southridge Mall	Shopping Mall	7	154,624	0.23 %		132,880	- %	
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club	Retailer	8	140,361	0.21 %		85,974	- %	
Metropolitan Associates	Real Estate	9	139,552	0.21 %	7			
Juneau Village/Prospect Tower/Katz	Real Estate	10	139,532	0.21 %		-		
Forest County Potowatomi Community	Hotel, Parking Structure	11	128,939	0.19 %		-	- %	
411 East Wisconsin-Middleton Milwaukee LLC	Real Estate	12	120,764	0.18 %	11			
Marcus Corp/Milw City Center/Pfister	Hotels, Theaters	13	117,738	0.18 %	8	111,318		
Jackson Street Holdings	Hotels	14	116,836	0.17 %		-	- %	
Wanguard Partners	Real Estate	15	102,241	0.15 %		-	- %	
Bayshore Town Center LLC	Shopping Mall				1	336,640	- %	
Columbia St. Mary's	Health Care				6	132,468	- %	
Wheaton Franciscan Services	Health Care				9	109,329	- %	
Town Realty	Real Estate				10	96,597	- %	
Centerpoint Properties	Real Estate				13	72,685	- %	
M&I Marshall & Isley Bank	Banking				14	71,355	- %	
Total Milwaukee County Equalized Value		\$	67,178,450	100.00 %		\$63,403,510	100.00 %	

#### Sources:

Wisconsin Department of Revenue

#### Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

	Governr Activi		Busine	ss-type Ac	tivities					
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	General Obligation Bonds		Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Total Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Population	Debt Per Capita
							(a)		(b)	
2019	\$ 502,865	\$ 661	\$ 39,829	\$ 150,027	\$ 113	\$ 693,495	Info not available		946	0.73
2018	540,658	1,298	32,497	170,144	326	744,923	\$ 45,123,754	1.65 %	948	0.78
2017	576,821	1,999	35,231	182,575	626	797,252	42,937,677	1.86 %	945	0.84
2016	615,916	3,151	37,580	194,679	935	852,261	41,268,719	2.07 %	949	0.90
2015	639,952	4,262	27,488	207,986	694	880,382	41,201,661	2.14 %	950	0.93
2014	665,313	5,282	25,001	221,036	436	917,068	39,697,233	2.31 %	950	0.97
2013*	699,153	6,053	28,558	230,481	245	964,490	39,213,035	2.46 %	950	1.02
2012	720,066	5,856	29,213	190,887	385	946,407	38,808,170	2.44 %	948	1.00
2011	786,394	5,593	32,315	199,884	534	1,024,720	37,496,095	2.73 %	948	1.08
2010	849,805	4,774	35,374	208,588	390	1,098,931	36,453,170	3.01 %	948	1.16

#### Note:

\* GASB 65 was implemented in 2013 which removed the unamortized loss on refunding out of liabilities. Prior to 2013, losses were netted against outstanding obligations.

#### Sources:

(a) U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Income Division, Local Area Personal Income and Employment, CA04 - Personal Income and Employment Summary Report.

(b) State of Wisconsin - Department of Administration - Intergovernmental Relations - per Milwaukee County final population preliminary estimates.

#### Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Equalized Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

Year	Population	Equalized Value	Ge Obli	nmental neral gation ed Debt	G Ob	ness-type eneral ligation ded Debt	Ob	l General ligation ded Debt	Restri	ess: icted for Service	Obli ("N€	General gation et GO") ed Debt	GO Ec	ent of Net Bonded Debt to qualized Value	N B D(	let GO onded ebt Per Capita
	(a)	(b)														
2019	946	\$ 67,178,450	\$	502,865	\$	39,829	\$	542,694	\$	(54,521) \$	\$	488,173		0.73%	\$	0.52
2018	950	64,065,616		540,658		32,497		573,155		(47,782)		525,373		0.82%		0.55
2017	945	61,413,297		576,821		35,231		612,052		(40,739)		571,313		0.93%		0.60
2016	949	60,292,560		615,916		37,580		653,496		(44,481)		609,015		1.01%		0.64
2015	950	58,553,179		639,952		27,488		667,440		(47,176)		620,264		1.06%		0.65
2014	950	58,253,923		665,313		25,001		690,314		(40,238)		650,076		1.12%		0.68
2013	950	57,127,525		699,153		28,558		727,711		(34,964)		692,747		1.21%		0.73
2012	948	57,782,302		720,066		29,213		749,279		(27,063)		722,216		1.25%		0.76
2011	948	61,099,029		786,394		32,315		818,709		(11,577)		807,132		1.32%		0.85
2010	948	63,403,510		849,805		35,374		885,179		(7,332)		877,847		1.38%		0.93

Sources:

(a) State of Wisconsin - Department of Administration - Intergovernmental Relations - per Milwaukee County final population preliminary estimates.

(b) Wisconsin Department of Revenue - Reports - Equalized Value - Statement of Changes in Equalized Value.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin For the Years Ended December 31 (In Thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Equalized Value of Taxable Property (1)	\$ 67,178,450	\$ 64,065,616	\$ 61,413,297	\$ 60,292,560	\$ 58,553,179
Debt Limit Rate - (statutory limitation) (2)	5 %	5 %	5 %	5 %	5 %
Statutory Debt Limit	3,358,923	3,203,281	3,070,665	3,014,628	2,927,659
Bonds and Notes Outstanding:					
General Obligation Bonds and Notes	542,694	573,155	612.052	653,496	667,440
Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	(54,521)	(47,782)	(40,739)	(44,481)	(47,176)
Total Net Debt Applied to Debt Limit	488,173	525,373	571,313	609,015	620,264
	400,170	020,010	0/1,010	000,010	020,204
Legal Debt Margin Remaining at 12/31	<u>\$ 2,870,750</u>	<u>\$ 2,677,908</u>	<u>\$ 2,499,352</u>	<u>\$ 2,405,613</u>	<u>\$ 2,307,395</u>
Tatal Nat Daht Applied to Daht Limit on a paragraphic of the					
Total Net Debt Applied to Debt Limit as a percentage of the Statutory Debt Limit	14.5 %	16.4 %	18.6 %	20.2 %	21.2 %
	14.0 %	10.4 /0	10.0 //	20.2 /0	21.2 /0
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Equalized Value of Taxable Property (1)	\$ 58,253,923	\$ 57,127,525	\$ 57,782,302	\$ 61,099,029	\$ 63,403,510
Debt Limit Rate - (statutory limitation) (2)	5 %	5 %	5 %	5 %	5 %
Statutory Debt Limit	2,912,696	2,856,376	2,889,115	3,054,951	3,170,176
Bonds and Notes Outstanding:					
General Obligation Bonds and Notes	690,314	727,711	749,279	818,709	885,179
Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	(40,238)	(34,964)	(27,063)	(11,577)	(7,332)
Total Net Debt Applied to Debt Limit	650,076	692,747	722,216	807,132	877,847
Level Deht Mennie Demoining at 40/04	¢ 0.000.000	¢ 0.400.000	¢ 0.400.000	¢ 0.047.040	¢ 0.000.000
Legal Debt Margin Remaining at 12/31	<u>\$ 2,262,620</u>	<u>\$ 2,163,629</u>	<u>\$ 2,166,899</u>	<u>\$ 2,247,819</u>	<u>\$ 2,292,329</u>
Total Net Debt Applied to Debt Limit as a percentage of the					
Statutory Debt Limit	22.3 %	24.3 %	25.0 %	26.4 %	27.7 %

#### Sources:

(1) Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Reports, Municipal Debt Limit.

(2) Wisconsin State Statute 67.03

#### Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt & Capital Leases For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (In Thousands)

Directo						Net Del Outstand		
Direct:								
Milwaukee County - Net Debt Outs						\$ 502,8		
Milwaukee County - Net Capital Le						(	<u>661</u> 100.00	% 661
Total Direct Debt - Milwaukee C	ounty					\$ 503,	526 100.00	% <u>\$ 503,526</u>
(Governmental-activities only)								
		Percent	Amount				Percent	Amount
Overlapping:	Net Debt	Applicable	Applicable	Overlapping:		Debt	Applicable	Applicable
	Outstanding	within County	within County		Outs	tanding	within County	within County
<u>Villages:</u>				School Districts:				
Bayside	\$ 10,208	96.00 % 3		Brown Deer	\$	46,646		
Brown Deer	32,870	100.00 %	32,870	Cudahy		18,734	100.00 %	18,734
Fox Point	12,430	100.00 %	12,430	Fox Point / Bayside (a)		2,865		2,807
Greendale	22,675	100.00 %	22,675	Franklin		63,700		63,700
Hales Corners	12,900	100.00 %	12,900	Glendale / River Hills		1,682		1,682
River Hills	3,630	100.00 %	3,630	Greendale		39,230		39,230
Shorewood	47,995	100.00 %	47,995	Greenfield		51,675		51,675
West Milwaukee	2,395	100.00 %	2,395	Maple Dale / Indian Hill		18,282		18,282
Whitefish Bay	50,383	100.00 %	50,383	Milwaukee Area Technical College		101,965		81,651
				Milwaukee Public		65,262		65,259
				Nicolet High School		4,310	99.40 %	4,284
<u>Cities:</u>								
Cudahy	22,940	100.00 %	22,940	Oak Creek / Franklin		159,750	100.00 %	159,750
Franklin	58,390	100.00 %	58,390	St. Francis		8,870	100.00 %	8,870
Glendale	39,370	100.00 %	39,370	Shorewood		46,490		46,490
Greenfield	79,395	100.00 %	79,395	South Milwaukee		20,780	100.00 %	20,780
Milwaukee	1,002,140	100.00 %	1,002,140	Wauwatosa		124,900	100.00 %	124,900
Oak Creek	98,780	100.00 %	98,780	West Allis / West Milwaukee		52,214	92.76 %	48,436
South Milwaukee	26,300	100.00 %	26,300	Whitefish Bay		9,190	100.00 %	9,190
St. Francis	13,313	100.00 %	13,313	Whitnall		14,365	100.00 %	14,365
Wauwatosa	123,625	100.00 %	123,625					
West Allis	79,473	100.00 %	79,473	Metropolitan Sewerage District	_	749,233	99.94 %	748,763
Subtotal Overlapping	1,739,212		1,738,804	Subtotal Overlapping		,600,143	-	1,575,494
		•		Total Overlapping Debt	:	8,339,355	99.25 %	3,314,298
				Total Debt	<u>\$</u>	8,842,881	99.35 % \$	3,817,824

(a) Data presented is as of 12/31/2018, as 12/31/2019 was not available at print time.

#### Source:

Milwaukee County Comptrollers Office - Capital Section

Demographic and Economic Statistics For the Year Ended December 31

					_	Un	Rate	_		
Year	Population	Total Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Public School Enrollment	Private School Enrollment	County	Wisconsin	United States	Total County Labor Force	Total Unemployed Workers in County
	(a)	(b)	(b)	(c)	(c)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)
2019	946,296	Info not available		134,436	40,807	3.7%	3.1%	3.7%	472,858	17,705
2018	948,201	\$ 45,123,754 3		135,205	41,454	3.6%	3.0%	3.9%	472,701	17,157
2017	945,416	43,098,050		136,672	41,145	4.0%	3.3%	4.4%	478,333	19,351
2016	948,930	41,763,657		138,460	41,017	5.0%	4.0%	4.9%	478,435	23,735
2015	949,795	41.639,116		139,914	41,045	5.7%	4.6%	5.3%	477,410	27,436
2014	949,741	40,371,667	42,118	140,739	38,818	6.9%	5.4%	6.2%	478,784	32,902
2013	950,410	38,994,026	40,724	139,533	40,415	8.4%	6.7%	7.4%	479,059	40,217
2012	948,322	39,413,180	41,287	139.393	39,894	8.6%	7.0%	8.1%	476,458	41,046
2011	948,369	37,568,920	39,494	140,704	39,408	9.3%	7.8%	8.9%	477,600	44,336
2010	947,735	35,776,970	37,727	140,241	39,996	10.0%	8.7%	9.6%	476,449	47,615

#### Sources:

(a) State of Wisconsin - Dept. of Administration - Intergovernmental Relations Per County Final Populations Estimates - calculated as of January 1st of the respective year. The 2010 population is the actual U.S. Census Bureau amount released July 28, 2011 which replaced the previously reported State estimate of 928,449.

(b) The U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Income Division, Local Area Personal Income and Employment, CA04 - Personal Income and Employment Summary Report.

(c) The Wisconsin Dept. of Public Instruction - Data - Demographics / Enrollment Reports. Enrollment is a headcount of students who are physically attending schools or receiving homebound instructions as of the third Friday in September.

(d) WORKnet - Wisconsin- Data Analyst - Data Table - Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Results. The Unemployment Rate listed is the annual rate and is not seasonally adjusted.

Principal Private Sector Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2019		2010			
			(a)			(b)		
				% of Total			% of Total	
			Number of	County		Number of	County	
Private Sector Employers	Type of Business or Service	Rank	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employees	Employment [contemp]	
Aurora Health Care Inc	Health Care System	1	28,539	6.0 %	1	21,570	4.53 %	
Froedtert & Community Health	Health Care System	2	12,647	2.7 %	4			
Ascension Wisconsin	Health Care System	3	10,600	2.2 %	2	8,377	1.76 %	
Roundy's Supermarkets Inc.	Retail Supermarkets	4	8,601	1.8 %	3	6,800	1.43 %	
Quad Graphics Inc	Marketing Solutions	5	8,000	1.7 %		-	- %	
Kohl's Corporation	Retailer	6	7,000	1.5 %		-	- %	
Medical College of Wisconsin	Private Medical School	7	6,400	1.4 %	7	4,800	1.01 %	
GE Healthcare	Health Care Technologies	8	6,000	1.3 %		-	- %	
Children's Hospital	Health Care System	9	5,322	1.1 %	6			
Northwestern Mutual	Insurance, Investment Products	10	5,000	1.1 %	5	5,000	1.05 %	
AT&T	Telecommunications Services				8	4,200	0.88 %	
Columbia St. Mary's Health System	Health Care System				9	4,127	0.87 %	
	Electrical and Natural Gas							
Wisconsin Energy Corp.	Utilities				10	4,060	0.85 %	
Total Employment within County of Milwaukee (c)			472,858	100.0 %		476,449	100.0 %	

Sources:

(a) Milwaukee Business Journal, as of August 17, 2018.
(b) The Business Journal's Book of Lists 2009, December 25, 2009.
(c) WORKnet - Wisconsin- Data Analyst - Data Table - Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Results.

County Employees by Function (Actual to Budgeted) For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	1 &2	1	1, 3-5	1, 6-7, 31	1, 8-13	1, 14-18	1 & 19	1, 20-24	1 & 25	1, 26-30
Actual Number (Headcount) of Employees:										
Legislative, Executive and Staff	360	348	339	350	324	350	374	371	251	254
Courts and Judiciary	398	403	405	410	425	414	431	411	408	427
General Governmental Services	105	110	113	114	110	109	102	87	50	63
Public Safety	1,316	1,250	1,233	1,241	1,259	1,175	1,253	1,265	1,409	1,430
Public Works and Highways	405	406	423	426	434	427	442	427	561	546
Health and Human Services	881	895	920	877	977	1,127	1,239	1,296	1,487	1,647
Parks, Recreation and Culture	654	571	563	628	599	574	551	533	563	643
Total Actual Number of Employees	4,119	3,983	3,996	4,046	4,128	4,176	4,392	4,390	4,729	5,010
% Increase (Decrease) from Previous Year	3.41 %	(0.33)%	(1.24)%	(1.99)%	(1.15)%	(4.92)%	0.05 %	(7.17)%	(5.61)%	(3.99)%
Budgeted Number (FTE) of Employees:										
Legislative, Executive and Staff:										
County Board - Audit Department (23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0	18.0
County Board (18)	29.5	29.0	29.0	31.0	30.0	31.0	56.4	56.9	58.5	60.2
County Executive - General Office	9.0	6.6	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.5	9.5	9.0	10.0
County Executive - Intergovernmental										
Relations (18)	1.1	1.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	-	-	-	-
County Executive - Veterans Service	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.0	5.0
Office on African American Affairs (4)	5.9	5.9	4.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporation Counsel	22.5	22.5	19.9	20.0	20.0	19.0	19.0	18.8	19.7	20.0
DAS - Economic Development (13,22)	-	-	-	-	-	8.0	8.0	9.0	-	-
DAS - Facilities Management (13,20)	-	-	-	-	-	176.7	163.9	154.5	-	-
DAS - Fiscal Affairs (12,13,23)	-	-	-	-	-	11.5	13.2	19.7	42.7	46.4
DAS - General Fund (7,13)	182.2	178.2	195.6	180.3	169.6	-	-	-	-	-
DAS - Information Mgmt Services (10,30)	51.0	45.1	46.0	44.6	44.9	52.9	58.9	58.0	61.3	62.6
DAS - Office for Persons with Disabilities										
13)	-	-	-	-	-	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
DAS - Office of Community Business										
Development Partners (13)	-	-	-	-	-	8.0	7.7	6.0	6.0	6.0
DAS - Procurement (13)	-	-	-	-	-	6.7	7.5	7.5	5.5	5.8
DAS - Risk Management	6.9	6.9	7.0	5.4	5.0	5.0	7.0	5.0	5.1	5.0
Dept. of Human Resources (17,21)	60.4	57.5	54.9	55.0	55.2	54.3	55.8	50.6	-	-
Dept. of Labor Relations (17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0	3.5	2.8	3.4
Employee Benefits (21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23.0	21.9
Human Resources (21,29)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.2	13.5
Civil Service Commission (11)	-	-	-	-	-	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Ethics Board (28)	-	-	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6
Personnel Review Board (11,28)	12.8	12.8	13.0	13.0	12.2	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.3	6.9
Total Legislative, Executive and Staff	386.2	370.5	385.4	366.1	353.7	407.7	432.6	422.2	287.0	294.4

County Employees by Function (Actual to Budgeted) For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	1 &2	1	1, 3-5	1, 6-7, 31	1, 8-13	1, 14-18	1 & 19	1, 20-24	1 & 25	1, 26-30
Budgeted Number (FTE) of Employees:										
Courts and Judiciary:										
Combined Court Related Operations (24)	281.1	278.9	284.1	293.0	289.2	288.8	284.2	285.8	284.9	280.6
Department of Child Support	142.0	144.5	147.0	145.0	148.8	150.5	140.7	137.8	150.5	133.3
Courts - Pre-Trial Services (24)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-
Total Courts and Judiciary	425.1	425.4	433.1	440.0	439.0	440.3	425.9	424.6	435.4	413.9
General Governmental Services:										
Election Commission (6)	-	-	-	-	8.1	6.5	6.7	7.4	6.5	8.0
County Treasurer	8.4	8.4	8.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.5	8.5	9.5
County Clerk (6,18)	19.5	19.6	21.5	20.5	12.0	12.0	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1
Register of Deeds	27.1	29.0	31.0	30.2	30.0	31.9	32.9	34.9	35.7	35.8
Office of the Comptroller (16,18,23)	55.5	54.2	55.9	57.1	58.7	57.0	43.0	40.4		
Total General Governmental Services	110.5	111.2	116.9	115.3	116.3	114.9	97.1	98.2	57.8	60.4
Public Safety:										
Office of the Sheriff (3,10,12,19,27)	735.0	723.5	705.1	779.7	769.8	744.1	777.3	1,265.9	1,385.9	1,434.2
House of Correction (9,19,27)	396.3	394.6	402.3	386.2	386.6	452.2	482.7	-	-	-
District Attorney (1)	160.9	160.3	165.4	165.3	160.9	158.6	150.0	148.2	155.1	157.5
Emergency Management (10)	62.6	60.1	66.0	65.5	66.2	-	-	-	-	-
Medical Examiner	32.6	31.6	29.9	31.2	28.8	28.2	28.3	27.6	27.5	27.2
Total Public Safety	1,387.4	1,370.1	1,368.7	1,427.9	1,412.3	1,383.1	1,438.3	1,441.7	1,568.5	1,618.9
Public Works and Highways:										
Airports (20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	271.7	275.7
Transportation Service (20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.5	11.8
Architectural, Eng and Environ Svcs (20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.2	36.4
Highway Maintenance (20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125.1	125.6
Fleet Management (20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.6	38.0
Facilities Management (20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85.0	133.1
Director's Office (20,22)		-	-				-		13.2	13.0
Total Public Works and Highways			-				-		579.3	633.6

County Employees by Function (Actual to Budgeted) For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	1 &2	1	1, 3-5	1, 6-7, 31	1, 8-13	1, 14-18	1 & 19	1, 20-24	1 & 25	1, 26-30
Budgeted Number (FTE) of Employees:										
Department of Transportation:										
Airports (20)	287.6	290.1	284.3	283.2	284.3	288.3	289.1	290.5	-	-
Highway Maintenance (2,20)	122.5	131.0	135.6	139.4	138.4	135.3	136.6	128.1	-	-
Fleet Management (20)	33.2	33.9	34.3	34.5	35.1	34.1	34.1	35.0	-	-
Director's Office (20)	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	-	-
Transportation Services (2)	9.9				-		-		-	
Total Department of Transportation	461.2	463.0	462.2	465.1	464.8	463.7	466.8	460.6	-	-
Health and Human Services:										
Behavioral Health Division (8,14,15,26)	484.8	514.1	542.8	545.9	607.1	577.1	801.0	837.4	843.7	827.7
Department on Aging (25)	75.8	73.3	76.4	77.1	75.7	76.0	73.0	77.2	77.0	79.6
Department of Family Care (7,25)	-	-	-	71.3	73.2	72.2	64.6	64.4	79.1	90.1
Department of Health and Human Services										
(8,10,15)	323.5	329.1	315.1	291.4	293.1	448.8	315.6	313.8	663.1	672.1
Total Health and Human Services	884.1	916.5	934.3	985.7	1,049.1	1,174.1	1,254.2	1,292.8	1,662.9	1,669.5
Parks, Recreation and Culture:										
Parks Division	469.2	459.6	439.2	375.3	371.3	363.6	391.1	431.3	487.2	509.5
Zoological Department	202.3	200.5	252.0	253.1	254.4	252.7	254.7	254.3	257.5	256.1
University Extension	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Total Parks, Recreation and Culture	672.3	660.9	692.0	629.2	626.5	617.1	646.6	686.4	745.5	766.4
Totals - Budgeted - All Operating										
• • •					=					
Departments	4,326.8	4,317.6	4,392.6	4,429.3	4,461.7	4,600.9	4,761.5	4,826.5	5,336.4	5,457.1
% Increase (Decrease) from Previous Year	0.21 %	(1.71)%	(0.83)%	(0.73)%	(3.03)%	(3.37)%	(1.35)%	(9.56)%	(2.21)%	(3.41)%
Actual Employees (Headcount) Under										
Budgeted (FTE) Employees	207.8	334.6	396.6	383.3	333.7	424.9	369.5	436.5	607.4	447.1

Sources:

County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin Payroll System County of Milwaukee, Wisconsin Adopted Operating Budgets

County Employees by Function (Actual to Budgeted) For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31

#### **Department Notes:**

1. FTE Counts for the District Attorney include Deputy District Attorneys and Senior Assistant District Attorneys whose positions transferred to the State of Wisconsin on January 1, 1990 but chose to retain County pension benefits. The FTE counts are: 2019 - 0, 2018 - 2, 2017 - 4, 2016 - 5, 2015 - 6, 2014 - 6, 2013 - 7, 2012 - 7, 2011 - 8, and 2010 - 12.

2. In 2019, Transportation Services was separated into its own agency. Transportation Services was previously a part of the Highway Maintenance Department.

3. The 2017 Budget did not eliminate positions in the Office of the Sheriff. The decrease is due to a reduction in overtime hours due to new hires and an anticipated reduction of command staff through attrition.

4. The 2017 Budget created the Office on African American Affairs.

5. The 2017 Budget includes employees providing service to My Choice Family Care through a temporary Memorandum of Understanding.

6. The 2016 Budget abolished the Election Commission and transferred the function to the Office of the County Clerk due to a change in state statute.

7. The 2016 Budget includes employees who had previously worked for the Department of Family Care. These positions were abolished in September 2016 due to the privatization of My Choice Family Care ("MCFC") on August 31, 2016. MCFC reimburses the County for their costs.

8. The 2015 Budget returned the Community Services Branch, Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse program and Wraparound to the Behavioral Health Division from the Department of Health and Human Services.

9. The 2015 Budget abolished positions in the House of Corrections.

10. The 2015 Budget created the Department of Emergency Management. Positions were transferred out of Dept. of Admin. Services - Information Management Services (Radio), Office of the Sheriff (Communications) and the Department of Health and Human Services (EMS).

11. The 2015 Budget merged the Civil Service Commission with the Personnel Review Board.

12. The 2015 Budget transferred the Courthouse Security function to the Office of the Sheriff from the Dept. of Admin. Services - Fiscal Affairs.

13. The 2015 Budget merged the General Fund divisions (Community Business Development Partners, Economic Development, Facilities Management, Fiscal Affairs, Persons with Disabilities and Procurement) of the Dept. of Admin. Services into a single agency.

14. The 2014 Budget abolished positions in the Behavioral Health Division due to the closing of the Center for Independence and Development.

15. The 2014 Budget transferred the Community Services Branch, Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse, Wraparound, and Emergency Medical Services to the Department of Health and Human Services from the Behavioral Health Division.

16. The 2014 Budget transferred all payroll positions from individual departments to the Office of the Comptroller.

17. The 2014 Budget merged the Dept. of Labor Relations with the Dept. of Human Resources.

18. The 2014 Budget contained several position changes to comply with 2013 Wisconsin Act 14 which provided a tax levy cap related to the structure and duties of the County Board. Positions were transferred to the newly created County Executive - Intergovernmental Relations, support positions were transferred to County Clerk, and Research Services positions were transferred to the Office of the Comptroller.

19. The 2013 Budget reestablished the House of Corrections separate from the Office of the Sheriff.

20. The 2012 Budget abolished Public Works and Highways and created the Department of Transportation. A Dept. of Admin. Services - Facilities Management was created by merging the Facilities Management and Architectural, Engineering and Environmental Services from the Department of Public Works and Highways. Transportation Services merged with Airport.

21. The 2012 Budget created the Department of Human Resources which was a merger of Employee Benefits and Human Resources.

22. The 2012 Budget reestablished the Dept. of Admin. Services - Economic Development and returned Real Estate Services and the Development Office from the Director's Office.

23. The 2012 Budget created the Office of the Comptroller to comply with 2011 Wisconsin Act 62 which required a separate, independent department with an elected Comptroller. Positions were transferred from County Board - Audit Department and Dept. of Admin. Services - Fiscal Affairs.

24. The 2012 Budget transferred a funded position to Courts - Pre-Trial Services from Combined Court Related Operations.

25. The 2011 Budget separated the Department of Family Care from the Department on Aging.

26. The 2010 Budget transferred the County Health Programs to the Behavioral Health Division.

27. The 2010 Budget consolidated the Office of the Sheriff and the House of Corrections; the consolidation started in 2009 when the Office of the Sheriff took over responsibility for the House of Corrections.

28. The 2010 Budget separated the Ethics Board and the Personnel Review Board.

29. The 2010 Budget transferred Human Resources field staff to the departments in which they worked.

30. The 2010 Budget abolished the mainframe functions positions in DAS-Information Management Services. These positions were outsourced to a private entity.

31. In 2019 the 2016 budgeted employee counts were updated to be consistent with those reported in the 2019 budget.

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND										
STAFF										
Procurement:										
Purchase Orders	4.860	4,784	4,686	2,958	1,890	2.008	1.789	1.623	1,404	1,824
Formal bids	46	48	54	89	18	22	17	6	35	33
Informal Bids and Quotes	-	-	-	-	14	24	28	40	32	44
Requests for Proposals	24	38	19	31	23	5	3	6	-	1
General Awards	3,526	3,510	2,353	2,313	1,432	1,499	1,364	1,245	1,340	991
	0,020	0,010	2,000	2,010	1,402	1,400	1,004	1,240	1,040	001
Human Resources:										
Tuition Loans Processed	-	-	-	-	14	29	35	52	46	63
Tuition Reimbursement	285	245	301	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
On-Line Applications Processed	32,185	30,006	23,049	19,982	21,581	27,526	18,935	14,982	26,461	26,356
Job Requisitions Requested	469	439	373	419	542	493	505	475	504	414
Certification Requests Processed	469	542	412	439	487	478	450	475	504	414
Current Positions Studied for Proper	100	012		100	101		100		001	
Classification	713	390	33	83	291	1,131	1,493	74	32	32
New Positions Studied for Proper	710	000	55	00	201	1,101	1,400	74	52	52
Classification	32	34	99	19	75	15	38	52	31	25
OldSSilledion	52	04	55	15	10	10	50	52	51	20
COURTS AND JUDICIARY										
Register in Probate:										
Civil Commitments - Adults	1,322	1,503	1,516	1,761	2,474	3,003	3,700	4,659	5,280	5,673
Civil Commitments - Juvenile	662	591	685	687	985	1,008	982	1,157	1,121	972
Guardianship / Conservatorship	267	415	311	276	284	261	308	319	299	278
Protective Placement	310	335	373	363	334	324	294	226	326	290
Annual Review of Protective	510	555	575	505	554	524	234	220	520	230
Placement	1,579	1,297	1,341	1,391	1,226	1,259	1,288	1,389	1,499	1,462
Informal Administration	959	1,297	974	897	964	879	990	931	975	1,402
Formal Administration		286	112	80	904 89	90	111	90	142	,
	123 33	∠00 20	22	29	68 68	90 29		90 30	27	147 39
Trusts	33	20	22	29	00	29	46	30	21	39
Special Administration, Summary	000	000	040	000	074	000	110	000	000	045
Proceedings	309	330	310	332	371	333	410	388	386	315
Descent/Life Estate	4	4	2	5	-	-	-	4	5	6
Adult Adoption	24	25	28	21	19	11	25	10	17	8
Wills Deposited for Safekeeping	52	79	123	125	67	85	165	75	83	150
Temporary Guardianships	23	91	157	159	103	82	62	53	69	63
Ancillary Proceedings	-	6	12	10	3	14	4	4	-	3
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL										
SERVICES										
Election Commission:										
Elections	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
	Z	4	2	4	2 4	4	2	4	2	
Special Elections	-	Ĩ	1	- 1	4	2	8	-	/	2 2
Recount Elections	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2
State/County/Municipal / School	4	47	0	4	~	10	1		4	
Board Referendums	4	17	2	4	5	13		14	4	1
Campaign Finance Statements	91	145	90	144	101	97	150	199	194	182

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Election Commission (cont'd)										
Nomination Papers Received		35	1	36	3	7	8	45	13	11
Election Ballot Set-up / Proofing	- 2	4	3	4	4	4	8	45	5	6
Challenges to Nomination	2	4	5	4	4	4	0	0	5	0
Papers/Recall Petitions				3				4		
Recall Elections / Petitions /	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	4	-	-
								2	2	
Hearings	- 1	- 4	- 2	-	- 2	- 6	- 2	2		-
Elections Requiring Braille Ballots	2	4	2	4	2				4	3 3
Election Commission Meetings	2	4	2	-	3	20	14	6	3	3
Treasurer:										
Checks Issued	69,655	67,337	71,197	69,752	70,409	73,988	74,648	78,045	77,880	78,045
Lost Checks/Stop Payments	361	455	479	640	270	357	271	373	370	373
Property Tax Receipts Issued	4,627	4,804	6,493	6,611	5,415	6,662	7,143	7,348	6,401	7,348
Delinquent Tax Notices Processed	8,709	7,827	7,655	7,637	11,469	3,762	5,979	3,564	1,556	3,564
Tax Forms Furnished	339,915	320,750	351,150	190,000	331,500	280,200	439,516	901,850	589,724	901,850
	,	,	,		<b>,</b>	,	,	,	,	,
Register of Deeds:										
With Transfer Fee	16,678	16,705	16,435	15,855	14,021	12,842	12,806	10,563	9,123	10,134
Without Transfer Fee	8,011	8,764	9,228	9,028	7,643	7,686	8,370	8,491	8,096	7,845
Total Transfer Fees	12,504,559	12,767,806	11,759,852	10,706,366	9,584,634	7,622,493	7,146,392	6,743,946	5,035,715	5,556,137
Average Real Estate Sale Price	267,885	261,549	239,282	223,746	289,880	211,421	186,017	212,817	183,993	192,240
Foreclosures (Lis Pendens)	1,876	2,287	2,258	2,415	3,061	3,328	4,086	6,285	6,152	7,167
Wisc Commerce Department										
Stipulations	-	-	464	627	511	732	1,032	1,088	755	757
Total Mortgages	26,898	23,508	42,632	26,692	25,817	22,712	30,539	32,604	27,184	30,978
Assignments	7,286	7,030	7,228	6,480	6,891	6,851	10,207	11,656	7,649	8,015
Partial Release	558	505	592	438	686	559	518	562	1,263	780
Release	29,510	28,033	29,914	30,432	30,528	26,824	36,769	38,128	33,027	35,677
Land Contracts	184	161	167	181	207	172	210	170	185	122
Sheriff Deeds	903	1,097	1,209	1,445	1,702	2,257	3,037	3,457	3,168	3,053
Joint Tenancy Survivorship	1,450	1,510	1,395	1,412	1,511	1,528	1,508	1,534	1,452	1,431
Federal Tax Liens	1,620	1,456	1,472	1,536	1,648	1,700	1,697	1,988	2,628	3,225
Financing Statements	908	878	750	868	824	844	799	1,044	920	880
Military Discharge	7	3	8	12	21	14	16	24	18	40
Electronic Recording	79,285	73,592	75,192	73,439	67,957	56,033	66,256	67,107	48,745	43,816
E-Docs % of Total Documents	79.51	75.95	73.81	69.05	65.77	59.41	52.92	51.03	42.71	35.66
Total Records	101,165	97,437	104,358	107,410	105,305	98,929	125,206	131,502	114,141	123,084
Births	14,459	15,446	14,734	14,977	14,841	15,094	15,107	15,144	15,209	15.615
Marriages	4,220	4,592	4,652	4,779	4,983	4,880	4,377	4,454	4,641	4,247
Domestic Partnerships	, 1	16	41	30	7	50	46	55	56	67
, Deaths	9,938	10,911	9,799	9,725	9,389	9,294	9,966	9,246	9,817	9,266
Copies Issued - Paid	74,785	74,949	74,733	98,662	95,209	97,047	98,758	94,690	91,399	91,564
Copies issued - Free	446	270	229	193	149	192	170	228	523	207
Subdivision Plats No.1	4	5	1	1	1	28	1	2	3	1
Subdivision Plats Lots	119	90	73	12	12	18	6	16	45	7
Condominium Plats No	23	16	38	14	6	12	15	16	14	15
Condominium Plats Units	66	50	8	28	12	53	30	25	21	86
Copies and Images - Revenue	355,334	361,486	426,610	356,252	374,504	435,251	463,255	536,157	376,957	406,563
	000,004	001,100	0,010	007	0. 1,00 P		,200	000,101	0.0,007	,

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Register of Deeds (cont'd)										
Recorded Documents - Revenue Vital Statistics - Revenue	1,517,295 339,692	1,461,015 335,225	1,565,195 324,770	1,614,800 418,584	1,592,285 408,345	1,512,955 405,584	1,903,590 411,201	1,996,870 398,096	1,730,490 387,479	1,541,419 395,530
County Share Transfer Fees - Revenues	2,499,820	2,553,579	2,354,526	2,158,641	1,916,927	1,611,600	1,429,278	1,348,789	992,767	1,112,513
County Clerk:										
Marriage Licenses Issued Domestic Partnerships Declarations	4,632	4,912	5,175	5,355	5,306	5,295	4,684	4,842	4,618	4,607
Issued Domestic Partnership Terminations	-	15	41	28	7	43	64	53	55	74
Processed Marriage License/Domestic	3	5	3	4	6	3	10	5	5	1
Partnership Waivers Duplicate Marriage License /	379	369	412	360	435	643	354	334	276	255
Domestic Partnerships	37	46	38	34	49	82	81	89	64	75
Civil Marriage Ceremonies Performed	1,337	1,424	1,498	1,380	1,331	1,490	1,093	1,076	1,000	1,012
County Board Files Maintained County Ordinances Published	954 8	737 13	848 16	743 28	795 19	954 18	962 14	1,018 24	875 21	472 10
County Board Proceedings Published	11	13	14	12	15	13	15	12	15	1,128
Contractor Lien Notices / Vendor Tax Levies Processed	16	19	26		12	14	29	21	48	56
Contractor Qualification Statements	10	19	20							
Approved Claims Processed	- 251	230	- 270	38 304	89 214	107 233	93 226	125 260	127 281	117 314
Summons and Complaints Processed	56	90	104	171	165	143	182	189	180	184
Construction Bid Notices Processed Legal Documents Assigned to	30	85	93	97	93	94	89	112	84	104
Central Files	-	-	-	-	58	14	55	50	111	93
Lobbying Registrations Processed Passport Applications Processed	17 1,713	26 1,429	33 1,908	59 2,044	49 1,836	58 1,385	50 1,247	52 962	54 778	52 778
Passport Photos Taken Oaths of Office Administered	1,307 57	1,068 55	1,452 55	1,524 48	1,182 52	738 67	735 145	570 146	352 67	367 65
DNR Licenses Sold	108	40	64	195	251	384	387	410	325	222
Documents Notarized Milwaukee County Transit System	4,444	5,397	5,816	5,850	5,722	5,818	5,256	5,369	5,053	4,876
Tickets Sold	1,066	1,209	2,136	2,767	1,746	1,514	2,063	3,419	3,545	3,880
Office of the Comptroller: Accounts Reconciled	757	728	721	781	781	744	744	768	723	732
UBLIC SAFETY										
Medical Examiner: Autopsies	1,180	1,736	1,458	1,399	1,348	1,318	1,294	1,280	1,158	1,056
Death Certificates Cremation Permits	1,982 5,420	1,927 5,214	1,894 4,889	1,813 4,679	1,703 4,364	1,656 4,219	1,635 4,035	1,639 3,834	1,526 3,457	1,623 3,591
	0,120	0,214	1,000	4,010	1,004	1,210	1,000	0,004	0,107	0,001

-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Medical Examiner (cont'd):										
Autopsy Referrals	607	686	459	348	360	367	305	312	172	67
Death Investigated	7,597	7,512	7,003	6,675	6,266	6,089	5,975	5,098	5,389	5,380
District Attorney:										
Felony Cases Filed	5,534	5,718	5,680	5,532	5,514	5,550	5,695	6,140	6,109	6,194
Misdemeanor Cases Filed	4,294	4,172	4,437	4,078	4,489	5,179	5,510	6,713	762	7,590
Criminal Traffic Cases Filed	2,270	2,314	2,233	2,460	2,490	2,577	2,724	2,792	2,796	3,446
CHIPS Cases Filed	1,014	1,060	1,179	1,035	1,132	1,266	1,343	1,127	1,597	1,500
Juvenile Delinquency Cases Filed	895	1,012	1,224	1,282	1,253	1,343	1,476	1,725	1,632	1,555
Termination of Parental Rights		.,	-,	-,	-,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,
Cases Filed	252	226	312	380	359	266	346	278	312	281
Sheriff:										
Traffic Citations	34,206	32,099	31,831	28,178	21,738	21,353	27,752	35,597	37,710	33,064
Auto Accidents Reported and	54,200	52,055	51,051	20,170	21,750	21,555	21,152	55,557	57,710	55,004
Investigated	5,040	5,125	4,989	4,796	4,898	4,516	4,740	3,970	4,602	4,275
Background Checks (Criminal	3,040	5,125	4,909	4,790	4,090	4,510	4,740	5,970	4,002	4,275
	541	397	462	504	450	436	385	698	493	287
Investigations Division) Criminal Complaints Issued	4.072	3,895	3,813		456 1,133	436 977		1,626	3.017	4,032
	, -		,	3,659	,		1,190		- ) -	
Writs of Restitution (Evictions)	3,889	3,927	3,887	3,733	3,674	3,773	3,174	3,261	3,078	2,821
Writs of Assistance (Foreclosures)	218	293	285	373	509	706	899	947	792	736
Temporary Restraining Orders										
Received	4,558	5,013	4,912	4,613	4,580	4,402	4,557	4,649	5,216	5,651
911 Phone Calls	91,415	93,835	92,888	100,198	105,716	111,221	215,283	323,903	378,196	551,280
Bookings	30,027	31,245	31,939	31,221	33,500	32,302	34,541	37,225	42,617	39,887
Number of Bailiff Posts	81	98	99	90	74	78	81	84	79	79
Open Records Requests	3,554	3,615	3,797	3,185	2,912	5,717	5,544	7,052	7,333	3,347
Civil Process Papers Served	13,271	14,107	13,624	13,848	14,264	18,278	20,107	21,437	21,592	22,418
House of Correction:										
Avg Daily Population - Milwaukee										
County Jail Overflow	520	517	411	434	455	461	575	409	401	696
Huber/Work Release Inmates	127	120	290	190	198	203	794	202	177	172
Probation and Parolees (3)	-	-	69	72	67	103	269	129	98	118
Municipal Commitments (Ave Daily										
Number)	3	15	39	42	41	38	208	26	40	64
Sentenced Inmates	773	654	663	778	884	876	984	1,102	964	1,004
County Correctional Facility Central	892	922	934	965	945	935	881	817	874	909
Total Inmate Population (can be in	002				0.10			• • •	0.1	
more than one category above)	2.108	2,220	2,137	2,293	2,352	2.274	2,505	2.516	2.554	2,963
Electronic Surveillance	102	107	108	122	135	177	2,000	2,010	185	198
	102	107	100	122	100		200	20	100	100
PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS County Trunk Highways Maintained										
	202	202	207	200	402	402	242	242	242	242
(Lane Miles) State Trunk Highwaya Maintainad	303	303	397	399	403	403	343	343	343	343
State Trunk Highways Maintained	710	710	705	705	705	770	770	620	620	625
(Lane Miles)	719	719	785	785	785	779	772	639	639	635

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS										
Expressways Maintained (Lane										
Miles)	1,240	1,240	1,129	1,126	1,112	1,109	1,104	1,116	1,116	1,150
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES										
Emergency Medical System:		77.045	74.000	70.000			CO 004	F4 470	50.007	40 404
Dispatches (3) Doctor Calls	- 1,026	77,915 1.011	71,962 1,214	78,936 1,420	75,585 1,380	65,105 1,364	62,291 1,656	54,478 1,325	52,087 1,235	49,491 1,398
Medical Transports	24.739	24.287	24,496	26,753	28.053	27,080	26,310	25.344	22.743	21,073
•	24,739 42.675	24,207 44,208	24,496 41,078	20,755 45.806	28,053 46.167	27,080 43,041	20,310 41.012	25,344 39,788	22,743 33,720	21,073
Reports	42,075	44,200	41,076	45,606	40,107	43,041	41,012	39,700	33,720	31,014
Aging Programs and Services: Senior Meals Program:										
Congregate	226,768	233.007	242,167	256,384	252,274	264,536	281,763	289,059	264,144	325,354
Home Delivered	360,288	366,205	369,071	356,529	344,956	308,288	313,243	308,070	251,254	248,838
Volunteer Hours	39,964	46,142	47,452	49,520	50,469	54,180	60,303	66,270	65,958	74,409
Specialized Transportation Services	55,504	40,142	47,452	43,320	50,403	54,100	00,000	00,270	05,550	74,403
One-Way Rides	91,307	92,729	89,910	103,462	110,204	118,943	122,765	120,379	119,378	123,222
Participants - Senior Centers /	51,007	52,125	05,510	100,402	110,204	110,040	122,100	120,010	115,570	120,222
Senior Home Delivery	6,811	6,751	6,569	6,045	6,493	6,695	8,960	9,103	8,449	6,610
Participants - Wellness Works	0,011	0,701	0,000	0,040	0,400	0,000	0,000	0,100	0,440	0,010
Program	1,308	1,448	1,398	572	1.676	2,471	2,916	2,467	2,836	2,124
Benefit Specialist / Legal Services	1,000	1,110	1,000	012	1,010	2,	2,010	2,101	2,000	<b>_</b> , <b>. _ .</b>
(In Hours)	6,497	7,061	11,885	10,945	9,295	10,461	9,385	13,695	13,389	13,058
Employment Training and	-,	.,	.,	,	- ,	,	-,	,	,	,
Placement Svcs (Hours)	242	4,938	2,564	2,790	2,147	125	135	88	95	85
Information and Assistance Contact		.,	_,	_,	_,					
Calls 24 Hours	1,104	1,384	1,266	707	588	882	781	757	615	520
Information Inquiries	52,406	30,135	26,003	29,209	30,962	26,150	24,163	22,925	24,825	26,605
Long Term Care Referrals /										
Applications Processed	2,214	2,578	2,738	2,367	7,789	6,754	6,494	5,571	5,536	5,872
Functional Screens Performed	3,356	3,501	3,362	3,148	3,242	3,580	3,368	3,161	2,812	3,178
Care and Management										
Organization (CMO):										
Family Care New Enrollees	-	-	-	1,320	1,691	1,780	1,812	1,447	1,510	1,895
Family Care Continual Enrollees	-	-	-	7,396	6,958	6,478	6,666	6,459	6,375	5,864
Family Care Dis-enrolled Clients	-	-	-	1,168	1,725	1,564	1,553	1,482	1,329	1,368
Economic Support Division:										
Interim Disability Assistance										
Program	734	1,245	1,751	1,675	1,241	947	1,083	1,165	1,237	1,187
Home Energy Assistance - Total	734	1,245	1,751	1,075	1,241	947	1,005	1,105	1,237	1,107
households applied	63,416	65,272	64,638	68,057	63,472	64,562	62,191	61,363	64,103	63,843
Crisis Assistance - Total	00,410	00,212	0-0,000	00,007	00,472	07,002	02,131	01,000	07,100	00,040
households applied	_	_	_	_	_	_	21,440	20,836	17,482	22,137
Crisis Assistance - Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	21,440	20,000	17,402	22,107
households estimated	9,179	12.606	12,441	12,524	21.580	21,951	-	_	_	_
	0,170	12,000	12,771	12,024	21,000	21,001	_	_	_	_

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
elinquency and Court Services										
Division:										
Detention Center:										
Staffed Capacity of Juvenile										
Delinquents	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	10
Average Daily Population	72	85	107	110	85	91	96	89	88	8
Detention Admissions (Annual)	1,168	1,180	1,518	1,876	1,879	2,158	2,518	2,855	2,773	2,75
Health Assessments/MH										
Screens in Detention	2,235	3,749	3,094	4,932	4,852	4,126	4,849	4,397	4,040	4,02
Court Intake and Probation										
Supervision:										
Annual Delinquency / JIPS										
Referrals	1,332	1,521	1,893	1,975	1,862	1,981	2,175	2,485	2,514	2,47
Average Monthly Intake /										
Probation / Diversion Cases	598	793	1,245	1,210	1,315	1,345	1,428	1,581	1,678	1,82
POSIT / Drug / Alcohol Screens	327	413	419	608	704	3,920	-	2,573	2,530	2,68
AODA Assessments	134	74	89	110	95	-	199	209	229	30
Victim Notifications	1,224	1,598	2,179	2,266	1,943	156	2,042	2,224	2,380	2,24
Diversion Restitution Payments										
Processed	5	8	13	9	19	2,011	19	29	24	3
Administrative Review Panels	-	-	-	-	990	19	12	70	88	18
Warrants Issued	434	417	804	728	185	66	751	839	686	68
Probation Orientation	-	-	-	-	-	805	183	618	610	54
Avg Monthly Youth - Delinquency										
and Courts Svcs	921	1,213	1,409	1,210	1,315	1,345	1,482	1,581	1,678	1,82
Juveniles Served by Dept. of										
Corrections:										
Juvenile Commitments (Annual)	48	56	67	70	110	139	130	150	166	15
Average Daily Youth under Dept.										
of Corrections	49	65	61	80	132	148	140	160	151	18
Juveniles Served in Community										
Programs:										
Temporary Shelter Care	248	261	240	466	453	619	784	862	780	74
Level II Monitoring	1,016	908	969	1,091	957	854	868	910	820	
First Time Juvenile Offenders	1,010			1,001				0.0	020	
Program	_	92	166	232	118	158	187	243	251	27
Probation Network Services	871	616	458	373	359	540	533	365	357	38
Sex Offender Program	-	-			-	45	45	42	41	4
Day Treatment Program	93	95	109	89	76	140	138	187	174	16
Foster Care	1	1	2	2	2	2	100	2	3	
Group Home Care	30	12	10	6	28	60	77	69	73	ç
RADS		12	-	U _	20	00		- 09	1	1
Wraparound	313	- 349	- 424	- 524	- 570	- 577	- 630	- 627	682	71
Serious Chronic Offender	313	349	424	524	570	511	030	021	002	1
Program	244	238	253	225	128	241	272	140	118	10
Firearm Project Program	244	230	200	220	44	241	212	58	91	10
Sibling/Graduate Engagement	-	- 88	- 129	- 97	44 55	- 88	- 89	50 91	101	10
Sibility/Graduate Engagement	-	00	129	97	55	00	09	91	101	10

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Delinguency and Court Services										
Division (cont'd)										
Juveniles Served by Dept. of										
Corrections (cont'd):										
Focus Program	-	22	42	66	72	69	59	72	71	76
ACE - Alternatives to Corrections										
through Education	-	-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-	1
Milwaukee County Accountability	00	74	05	07	00	00	00	10		
Program Reentry Coordination and	68	71	85	67	39	36	28	13	-	-
Services	-	-	85	116	80	87	68	63	55	27
Disabilities Services Division:	4 055	4 000	700	700	774	000	000	005	0.40	0.000
Adults Served by Service Bureau	1,055	1,022	790	702	771	890	306	285	348	2,039
Children Served by Service Bureau Resource Center Services	11,249 36,496	12,800 35,887	12,001 35,380	11,885 30,282	15,061 30,118	7,744 35,573	9,692 35,186	9,831 33,866	10,603 20,839	5,223 24,487
Court Related Services	631	35,887 894	939	1,062	684	35,573 771	719	33,800 802	20,839	730
Special Needs - Safe Haven	001	034	303	1,002	004		715	002	015	750
(Persons / Year)	-	-	44	85	82	64	78	81	66	63
Special Needs - Shelter Plus Care				00	02	01	10	01	00	00
(Persons/Year)	680	739	709	603	543	454	484	538	558	553
HOME / Home Repair - Number of										
New Loans	15	11	20	33	22	28	33	11	35	43
Behavioral Health Division:										
Inpatient Services Branch:										
Acute Adult Inpatient:										
Average Daily Census	41	41	43	46	47	47	59	67	80	84
Patients Served	538	602	518	545	731	882	1,009	1,124	1,361	1,696
Admissions	693	770	656	683	961	1,093	1,456	1,650	1,846	2,254
Patient Days	14,793	15,272	15,648	16,688	17,209	16,991	21,363	24,586	29,098	30,805
Average Length of Stay	21	23	23	23	18	16	15	16	15	15
CAIS Inpatient:				_		_		_		
Average Daily Census	8	8	9	8	10	9	8	6	8	10
Patients Served	456	473	517	453	611	683	606	798	950	1,241
Admissions Patient Days	660 2.731	644 2.734	709 3.146	617 2,984	919 3.601	953 3.305	829 2.930	1,152 2.311	1,343 3,077	1,601 3.781
Average Length of Stay	2,731	2,734	3,140 4	2,904	3,601	3,305	2,930	2,311	3,077	3,761
Average Length of Stay	4	4	4	5	4	5	4	2	Z	Z
Nursing Home Services -										
Rehabilitation Centers:										
Average Daily Census	-	-	-	-	15	36	111	130	131	132
Patients Served	-	-	-	-	15	100	110	157	165	150
Admissions	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	23	31	16
Patient Days	-	-	-	-	3,044	26,037	40,350	47,489	47,719	48,098
Community Services:										
Community Support Program:										
Patients Served	1,536	1,543	1,498	1,447	1,290	1,090	1,353	333	356	361
		-					-			

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Behavioral Health Division (cont'd):										
Community Services Support										
Program (cont'd):										
Admissions	269	325	296	251	224	137	133	14	35	29
	350,353	421,290	357,484	329,985	294,753	157,031	345,159	46,957	47,453	46,657
Contacts (Visits)	350,353	421,290	557,464	329,900	294,755	157,051	545,159	40,957	47,455	40,037
Targeted Case Management: Patients Served	1,974	2 109	0 101	1 960	1 7 2 0	1 500	1 4 2 0	159	219	276
		2,198	2,121	1,862	1,738	1,509	1,439	159		
Admissions	636	724	783	548	364	344	364	-	11	42
Contacts (Visits)	127,570	172,486	192,851	149,977	129,158	88,407	165,105	623	8,299	8,965
Adult Day Treatment:				10	10					10
Average Daily Census	-	-	6	10	12	10	11	17	14	13
Patients Served	-	-	42	42	56	39	63	64	62	67
Admissions	-	-	42	31	36	40	42	44	46	46
Appointments (hrs.)	-	-	7,215	6,480	9,567	13,274	-	14,576	13,008	12,031
Visits	-	-	2,720	2,442	2,558	2,926	10,328	4,497	3,582	3,479
Crisis Services:										
Psychiatric Crisis Services -										
Admissions (1)	7,492	7,375	8,001	8,286	10,153	10,690	11,460	12,124	12,812	13,104
Psychiatric Crisis Services -										
Unique Patients Served (2)	4,359	4,460	4,889	4,911	5,987	6,332	6,971	7,425	7,931	8,240
Access Clinic:										
Patients Served (1)	843	828	516	603	546	1,175	2,389	2,406	1,652	1,680
Admissions (1)	901	862	521	606	549	1,197	2,559	2,325	1,426	1,479
Appointments	3,166	2,467	944	1,182	1,249	4,064	6,310	6,674	5,573	5,233
Crisis Response (Mobile):	,	,		,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Patients Served (1)	3.898	3.888	2,447	2.017	1.982	1.718	1.426	1.155	990	934
Admissions (1)	4,979	4,989	3,493	2.688	2,496	2,096	1,665	1,324	1.141	1.058
Appointments	-	-	2,827	2,467	2,362	2,010	2,211	1,517	1,405	1,473
Crisis Respite:			2,021	_,	2,002	2,010	_,_ · · ·	1,011	.,	.,
Patients Served (1)	190	203	261	254	274	329	329	298	330	328
Admissions (1)	216	249	313	296	309	385	398	345	386	381
Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse										
Services:										
Methadone Detox	_	_	_	_	_	159	232	143	148	74
Inpatient Care (Detox)	6,218	6,698	6,483	6,316	5,409	5,556	1,918	3,162	2,813	3,360
Intake Assessments	5,474	4,972	4,854	4,760	6,256	4,443	3,973	6,334	4,860	5,153
Outpatient	799	4,972	796	853	836	2,084	2,574	3,734	3,331	3,171
Day Treatment	39	60	67	78	68	2,004	458	557	688	683
Day Treatment - Residential	779	781	769	78	673	243 591	438	656	711	708
	119	101	709	710	073	591	490	000	711	100
Community Living Support Services	1,483	870	926	1,053	2,276	2,526		0.004	C 000	6,341
	,			,	,	,	-	6,604	6,069	,
Recovery House Plus OP/PT	55	77	78	76	89	169	162	360	321	334
Wraparound Milwaukee:		4.450	4.00-	4 00-	4 470		1.010	4.050	0.4-	0.45
Average Census	1,145	1,159	1,205	1,227	1,179	967	1,212	1,059	945	942
Patients Served	2,827	2,952	3,404	3,495	3,458	3,347	2,627	3,246	3,400	3,521

# Operating Indicators by Function For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Behavioral Health Division (cont'd)										
Wraparound Milwaukee (cont'd):										
Admissions	763	766	841	869	945	1,029	993	1,171	874	898
Patient Contacts	10,250	9,499	12,358	13,649	12,124	10,895	9,975	9,490	9,239	9,115
Hospital Diversions	1,698	1,932	2,202	2,189	1,364	809	754	961	1,404	1,511
PARKS, RECREATION, AND CULTURE										
Zoo:										
Zoo Attendance - Adults	367,226	344,643	344,966	346,759	369,036	380,478	372,548	387,308	367,234	379,418
Zoo Attendance - Junior	158,069	168,821	168,570	150,688	171,087	163,298	173,960	159,736	168,637	185,729
Zoo Attendance - Free	716,867	632,581	686,367	831,914	838,881	723,580	686,391	785,351	697,348	701,168
Zoo Attendance - Total	1,242,162	1,146,045	1,199,903	1,329,361	1,379,004	1,267,356	1,232,899	1,332,395	1,233,219	1,266,315
Parks: Facilities Rentals:										
Picnic with/without Shelters	2,715	3.024	3,243	2,583	2,548	3,217	3,202	3,178	3,029	2,960
Buildings	2,715	2,194	2,234	2,383	2,540	2,109	2,202	1.872	1.744	2,900
Lodges	2,035	79	2,234	65	2,203	92	2,204	83	53	2,005
Pools Rentals	41	52	54	56	44	52 70	56	40	39	43
Marina Slip Rentals	619	613	624	620	649	641	638	635	664	659
Special Event Permits	714	952	920	949	873	634	571	360	339	272
Rounds of Golf	240.179	235.786	261.609	283.275	297,475	273,443	278.353	314.715	288.953	315.455
Pool Attendance	155,587	207,853	211,334	264,846	219,062	206,336	261,371	352,134	321,749	348,547
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Transit / Para Transit:										
Buses Assigned	369	391	401	401	401	405	396	415	416	415
Max Buses Operated	300	337	332	337	343	331	333	333	341	333
Bus Miles Traveled	17,965,803	18,306,996	18,219,946	18,579,208	18,437,783	17,457,798	17,244,868	17,369,735	17,107,116	17,369,735
Bus Hours Driven	1,371,441	1,394,808	1,387,358	1,407,840	1,396,012	1,345,689	1,328,033	1,331,216	1,298,644	1,331,216
Revenue - Passengers	19,475,635	21,650,627	20,415,104	18,901,527	22,887,923	33,222,519	36,451,283	37,372,333	38,075,651	37,372,333
Transit Plus Ridership	513,609	527,941	526,411	530,989	523,406	557,272	544,357	572,146	876,494	572,146
<u>Airports:</u>										
Passengers Served	6,894,894	7,097,627	6,904,670	6,757,357	6,549,353	6,554,152	6,521,027	7,515,070	9,522,456	9,848,377
Carriers - Commercial	8	8	8	8	8	7	8	8	9	10
Runways	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Acreage	2,386	2,386	2,386	2,386	2,386	2,386	2,386	2,386	2,386	2,386
Daily Departures/Arrivals	256	270	264	270	265	269	282	320	431	479
Aircraft Operations	106,551	111,690	111,215	113,530	111,501	113,248	119,549	133,366	173,017	191,553
Revenue Landing Weight (in 1,000										
	4,582,582	4,692,553	4,639,744	4,629,896	4,429,448	4,389,521	4,522,926	5,024,172	6,237,622	6,550,879
Air Freight (in 1,000 lbs.)	164,352	167,941	162,782	158,859	146,993	143,884	148,876	156,582	165,583	171,123

Notes:

(1) 2018 - Prior year data has been updated to correct prior inconsistencies and provide accurate statistical data that is reported on other published documents.
 (2) 2018 - New statistical data added.
 (3) Discontinued tracking of statistic in 2018 or 2019.

For the Last						2044	0040	2042	2044	2040
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND STAFF										
County Board: Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Office for Boroone with Dischilition										
Office for Persons with Disabilities: Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks		1			1	1	1	1	1	1
Venicies - Cars, Vans, SOVS, Fickup Trucks	-		-	-	1	1	1	'	1	
Information Management Services:										
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
<u>General (1):</u>										
Buildings (11)	-	-	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4
Correctional Services Buildings (11)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
County Services Buildings (11)	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities Management (1,2):										
Buildings (12)	-	-	-	-	7	6	6	6	-	-
Electrical Substation (12)	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	-	-
Electrical Distribution (12,30)	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guard Station (12)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maintenance Buildings (12,30)	1	1	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loaders and Attachments	1	1	1	1	3	3	2	3	-	-
Mowers and Attachments	10	14	14	16	16	13	9	7	-	-
Not in Use Buildings (30)	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pump House (12)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
Snow Plows and Attachments	8	11	9	10	11	10	11	12	-	-
Spreaders and Attachments	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	-	-
Storage Buildings (12)	3	3	3	3 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sweepers, Cleaners and Attachments	-2	1 2	3 2		3	3	3	3	-	-
Tanks (21) Tractors	2	2	2	- 1	- 1	-	- 1	-2	-	-
Tractors Trucks-over 13,000 lb. gross vehicle weight	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-
Utilities Building (30)	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	2	-	-
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	29	32	30	35	- 39	- 34	- 34	- 34	-	-
Water Supply Storage Tanks (12)	29 5	5	5	5	- 59	54	54	54	-	-
Water Towers and Reservoirs (12)	-	-	-	-	6	6	-	-	-	-
					Ŭ	Ŭ	0	Ũ		
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Medical Examiner:										
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5
County Services Buildings (11)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
District Attorney:										
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	20	21	19	18	19	17	12	11	16	19
Office of Emergency Management (10):	0	2	4	4	0					
Ambulances	2 1	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
Storage Buildings (31) Trailer	1	1 1	- 1	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities Buildings (31)	6	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Sheriff (10):</u>										
Ambulances	-	-	1	2	-	3	2	2	2	1
Animal Holding Building (13)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bomb Trucks	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
Generator	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Hangar (13)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jet Skis	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheriff Service Building (13)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

For the Last						2014	2012	2012	2011	2010
DUDUC SAFETY (confid)	2019	2018	2017	2010	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
PUBLIC SAFETY (cont'd)										
<u>Sheriff (10) (cont'd):</u>									~~~	
Squad Cars	78	79	70	72	72	77	86	84	93	80
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	82	86	89	91	92	92	91	99	99	98
Have of Corrections.										
House of Corrections:								4	4	4
Barn - (note silos below, 6)	-	-	-	-	- 7	- 10	- 11	1 12	1 12	1 12
Buildings (14)	-	-	-	-		10	11		12	
Chicken Coop (6) Correctional Dormitory Buildings (14,30)	- 2	- 2	-	-3	-	-	-	1		1
Correctional Services Buildings (14,22,30)	4	2 4	3 4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Creamery (6)	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel Storage Tanks (14)	-	-	-	-	2	-2	- 2	2	2	2
Garages (14)	1	-	1	-	1	1	1	2	2	2
Greenhouses		_	-	_				1	1	1
Guard Station (14)	1	1	1	1	_	_	_	-	-	-
Kennels (6)	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Loaders and Attachments	4	4	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Maintenance Buildings (14)	2	2	2	2	-	_	_	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Equipment	2	2	2	4	5	5	3	3	3	3
Mowers and Attachments	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Pump Houses (14)	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2	2	2
Silos - (attached to Barn above, 6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	4
Snow Plows	4	5	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spreaders	2	2	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1
, Storage Buildings (14,22)	16	16	16	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tanks (14,22)	4	5	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Toll Booths and Sheriff Check-In (14)	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	2	2	2
Tractors	4	4	4	4	5	5	6	6	6	6
Trailers	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	36	36	34	39	39	39	36	35	40	40
Warehouses, Storage Bldgs, & Sheds (14)	-	-	-	-	3	4	4	12	12	12
Water Towers (9)	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS (2)										
Aerial Lifts and Buckets	7	8	8	8	7	6	8	7	9	6
Air Compressors	12	12	10	12	12	12	11	11	11	11
Asphalting Equipment	15	15	12	16	14	14	13	13	16	16
Brine Making Machine	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buildings (15)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	9	9
Catch Basin Cleaners (37)	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cranes and Attachments	10	11	10	9	9	9	6	6	5	5
Fleet Services Building (15)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fork Lifts and Attachments	12	15	10	9	9	9	9	9	8	8
Garages (15)	-	-	-	-	7	7	7	7	7	7
Liquid Calcium Applicators	28	31	36	37	37	40	41	49	54	63
Loaders and Attachments	15	14	15	13	12	12	12	11	17	20
Maintenance Buildings (15,32)	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mowers and Attachments	37	31	36	33	30	27	27	27	40	39
Other Miscellaneous Road Working	40	10	~~~		10				10	4.0
Equipment	42	42	32	41	40	41	41	17	16	16
Scooters	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Shelters (38)	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Plows and Attachments (29)	189	182	153	180	179	174	175	187	186	213
Spreaders and Attachments	69	71	79	72	73	74	76	91	99	133
Storage Buildings (15,32,39)	10	14	17	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sweepers, Cleaners and Attachments (37)	16	18	13	17	16	15	15	16	21	20
Tanks (23) Tractors	12 10	12	12	- 12	- 12	- 10	-	-	-	-
Tractors Trailers	10	11 16	12 13	12 14	12 11	13 10	13 10	12	18	17
Trucks-over 13,000 lb. gross vehicle weight	112	110	106	105	97	93	93	- 100	- 119	- 113
Tradita aver 10,000 ib. gross verilde weight	112	110	100	100	31	30	30	100	113	115

For the Last						2044	0040	2042	2044	2040
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS (2)										
<u>(cont'd)</u>										
Utilities Buildings (32,39)	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	50	49	53	52	36	29	35	29	72	140
Warehouses, Storage Buildings and Sheds										
(15)	-	-	-	-	15	14	14	14	14	14
Water Pumps and Tanks	6	6	3	7	7	6	7	8	8	8
HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES:										
Buildings (4,16)	-	-	-	-	12	12	13	13	8	8
Community Services Buildings (16)	8	8	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Correctional Services Building (16)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
County Services Buildings (16,32)	1	1	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical - Hospital (16)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not in Use Buildings (16,24,32)	9	9	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreational Centers (16)	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Senior Centers (16)	-	-	-	-	6	5	6	6	6	6
Sheds (12,16)	-	-	-	-	4	3	3	3	3	3
Show Stages (40)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storage Buildings (16)	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	26	25	22	18	13	19	22	24	29	33
Wading Pools (24)	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wheelchair Accessible Vans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE										
Parks:										
Air Compressors	4	4	4	4	4	2	1	-	-	-
Asphalting Equipment	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	-
Band Shells and Amphitheater (17)	-	-	-	-	4	4	3	3	3	3
Barns (6,17)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
Barns and Silos (6,17)	-	-	-	-	6	6	6	5	5	5
Bathhouse / Pavilions (17)	-	-	-	-	28	29	29	27	27	27
Bathhouses (17)	-	-	-	-	15	15	15	15	15	15
Boat Launches (17)	4	4	4	4	1	1 3	1	1 3	3 4	3 3
Boathouses (17)	-	-	-	-	3 14	3 14	3 14		4 14	3 14
Booths (17) Buildings (8,17)	-	-	-	-	119	134	133	14 132	131	131
Chicken Coop (6)	-	-	-	-	-	134	133	-	-	131
Comfort Stations (17)	-	-	-	-	- 28	28	28	- 27	- 27	- 27
Community Centers (17)	_	_		_	3	20	20	3	- 27	3
Community Services Buildings (25)	1	1	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Concession Buildings (17,33)	10	11	11	11	_	_	_	_	_	_
Concession Stands (17)	-			-	7	7	7	4	4	4
Creamery (6,17)	-	-	-	-	1		1	-	-	-
Dam and Dam Dugouts (17)	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fork Lifts and Attachments	2	2	1	1	1	_	-	-	_	-
Gazebos (17)	_	-	-	-	4	4	4	3	3	3
Golf Clubhouses (17)	-	-	-	-	13	13	13	14	15	15
Golf Courses	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Golf Dome (17)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Greenhouses (17)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
Guard Stations (41)	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harvesters	3	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
Hoppers (17)	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	5
Houses and Lodges (17)	-	-	-	-	11	11	11	11	11	11
HTF Services Buildings (25,33)	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indoor Baseball Facilities (17)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Jet Ski	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kennels (6,17)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
Lighthouse (17)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Loaders and Attachments	19	20	18	18	15	15	20	21	24	25

For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE										
Parks (cont'd):	00	00	40	45						
Maintenance Buildings (17,25,33)	26	26	43	45	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Equipment	41 456	40 475	42 524	38 457	37 452	41 450	38 134	41 107	51 72	54 78
Mowers and Attachments (7)	450	475	19	457	-	450	134	107		10
Museum / Art Centers (17) Nature Preserves and Gardens (17)	19	19	- 19	- 19	-	-	-	-	- 4	4
Not in Use Buildings (25,33)	- 15	- 12	- 7	-	4	4	4	4	4	4
Park Services Buildings (17,25,33)	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parking Structures (17,25)	-	-	-	1	_	_	_	_	_	-
Parking Structures & Garages (17)	-	_	-	-	7	9	8	8	8	8
Parks and Parkways (3)	157	157	158	158	157	156	157	156	147	147
Pavilions (17)	-	-	-	-	33	32	32	30	30	30
Public Shelters (17,25,33)	35	36	35	37	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Houses (17)	-	-	-	-	13	13	12	11	11	11
Recreation Buildings (17,25,33)	124	127	133	134	4	4	4	4	4	4
Restroom / Concession Buildings (17,33)	4	4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restroom / Maintenance Buildings (17,33)	7	6	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restroom / Public Shelters (17,25,33)	19	19	18	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restroom Buildings (17,25,33)	28	30	31	35	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scooters	1	4	10	10	12	14	14	14	17	17
Self Dumping cart (17)	9	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shelters (17)	-	-	-	-	34	34	34	32	32	32
Show Stages (17,40)	5	5	5	5	- 1	- 1	-	-	- 1	-
Ski Chalet (17) Snow Plows, Equipment and Attachments	- 116	- 118	- 124	- 119	ı 118	י 118	131	1 130	129	1 113
Splash Pads (17,25,33)	7	7	6	5	-	110	131	-	129	115
Spreaders and Attachments	62	64	68	66	66	- 65	- 65	- 67	- 67	- 58
Storage Buildings (17,25,33)	132	136	145	148	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storage Containers (17)	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	5	5	5
Storage Sheds (17)	-	_	-	-	105	105	103	106	107	107
Sweepers	7	7	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Swimming Pools (17,25)	14	13	13	13	13	14	14	15	15	15
Tanks (25,33)	53	54	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ticket Booths (17,25)	4	6	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tractors	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	18	16
Trailers	16	10	10	8	10	10	10	10	8	8
Trucks-over 13,000 lb. gross vehicle weight	26	26	24	25	27	29	28	29	29	24
Utilities Buildings (33)	21	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	145	148	152	140	133	135	136	136	138	147
Wading Pools (17,25)	32	32	32	33	35	36	36	36	36	36
Walkway Bridge (17) Warehouses (6,17)	150	150	167	167	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	1
Water Playgrounds & Splash Pads (17)	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	- 5	-	- 5
Weed Sprayers and Attachments	21	23	- 25	- 23	23	24	24	24	24	24
Zamboni	1	1	- 20	- 20	- 20	-	-	-	-	-
		•								
<u>Zoo:</u>										
Animal Dens (18)	-	-	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4
Animal Exhibits (18)	-	-	-	-	7	6	6	6	6	6
Animal Exhibits Buildings (18,34)	16	17	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal Exhibits Yards (18,34)	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal Holding Buildings (18,34)	27	26	23	23	-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal Islands (18)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal Medical Hospital (18)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal Overlooks (18)	-	- 1	- 1	-	2 1	2 1	2 1	2	2 1	2 1
Animal Petting Rings (18) Aviaries and Pheasantries (18)	I	1	-	1	5	5	5	1 5	5	5
Barns (18)	-	-	-	-	5 12	5 12	5 12	5 12	5 12	5 12
Bleachers (18,34)	-	-	3	- 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boat Landings (18)	- -	- -	-	-	1	- 1	1	1	1	1
					•	•		•	•	•

Capital Asset Statistics by Function For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE										
<u>Zoo (cont'd):</u>										
Booths (18)	-	-	-	-	16	16	16	16	16	16
Brine Making Machine	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buildings (18)	-	-	-	-	36	35	36	36	36	36
Carousels	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Catch Basin Cleaner	1	1	1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Chick Hatchery (18) Clubhouse (18)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Comfort / Concession Stations (18)	_	-	_	_	8	8	8	8	8	8
Concession Buildings (18,34)	7	7	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Distribution (18)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Entrance Kiosks (18)	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3
Exterior Animal Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Farm Entry Structures (18)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Garages (18)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gazebos (18)	-	-	-	-	3 3	3 3	3 2	3	3 4	3
Loaders and Attachments Maintenance Buildings (18,34)	4 1	4 1	3 3	2 3		3	-	2	4	3
Mowers and Attachments	9	9	6	6	-	2	-	-	-	-
Observation Decks	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parking Lot	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Photovoltaic Solar Systems (18)	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	2	2
Pools (18)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Shelters (18,34)	6	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Houses (18)	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Restroom / Concession Building (18)	6	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roadway Sweeper	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheds (18) Shelters (18)	-	-	-	-	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4
Snow Plows	- 8	- 8	- 9	- 9	4 9	4 10	4	4	4	4 8
Spreaders and Attachments	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Stages (18)	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2
Standalone Bleachers (18)	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Storage Buildings (18)	22	22	22	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storage Containers (18)	-	-	-	-	7	7	7	7	7	7
Tanks (26)	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Theaters with Bleachers (18)	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ticket Booths (18,26)	17	17	17	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
Train Crossing Shack (34) Train Depot (34)	1 1	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Train Depot and Crossing Shacks (18,34)	-	-	- 5	- 5	-	-	-	-	-	4
Train Locomotive Engines	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Trucks-over 13,000 lb. gross vehicle weight	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Utilities Buildings (34)	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	20	23	24	24	22	22	21	22	18	22
Wishing Well (18)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Zoo Services Buildings (18,34)	17	17	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>BUSINESS - TYPE ACTIVITIES</b>										
Transit / Para Transit:										
Buildings (19)	_	_	_	_	16	16	16	16	16	16
Bus Waiting Stations (19,27)	_	_	_	1	3	3	3	3	3	3
Maintenance Buildings (19,35)	5	5	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not in Use Buildings (35)	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restroom Buildings (19)	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sheds (19)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shelters (19)	-	-	-	-	2	11	-	2	2	2
Storage Buildings (19,35)	4	4	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tanks (27,35) Transit Sanitasa Building (10,25)	41	41 3	20 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transit Services Building (19,35)	3	3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Capital Asset Statistics by Function For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010

BUSINESS - TYPE ACTIVITIES (cont'd)										
Airports:										
Air Traffic Control Towers (20)	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Airport Services Building (20,28,36)	20	20	23	34	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asphalting Equipment	1			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Buildings (5,20)	-	-	-	-	73	73	72	73	73	46
Bus / Lot Shelters (20)	-	-	_	-	8	8	8	8	8	8
Cargo Carriers (20)	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3
Combo Units	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Crash and Rescue Facility (20)	-	-	_	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Electrical Distribution (20,28)	2	2	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entrance / Exit Helix (20)	-	_	_	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire Trucks	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Flood Lights	3	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Fuel Distribution (20)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ground Run-up Enclosures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Guard Shack and Check Station	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Guard Stations (20,28)	15	15	15	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hangars (20,28,36)	13	13	15	26	16	16	12	16	16	25
HTF Service Building (42)	1	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Kennels (20)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	2
Liquid Calcium Applicators	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Loaders and Attachments	19	19	19	21	21	21	21	21	22	22
Maintenance Buildings (20,28,36)	18	18	30	28	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing Buildings (28)	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Equipment	37	38	34	33	34	34	32	33	20	15
Mowers and Attachments	19	19	17	35	33	33	32	28	26	26
Not in Use Buildings	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office Buildings (28,36)	7	7	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parking Structure	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Shelters (20,28,36)	13	13	16	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pump Houses (20)	-	-	-	-	2	2	4	2	2	2
Recreation Building (28,36)	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remote Transmitter (20)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Restroom Buildings (20)	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Runway Brooms, Sweepers and										
Attachments	14	14	8	16	14	15	14	13	11	10
Shelters (28,36)	5	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Plows and Attachments	51	51	31	50	52	53	53	51	52	54
Spreaders, Deicers, Salters and										
Attachments	16	16	2	18	18	18	18	18	18	19
Storage Buildings (20,28,36,42)	54	55	56	39	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surface Friction Tester	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tanks (28,36)	62	61	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxi Stop Boxes (20)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Teller Boxes (20)	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3
Terminals - Passengers (20,36)	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Ticket Booths (20)	15	15	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Toll Booths (20)	-	-	-	-	12	12	12	12	12	12
Tractors	8	8	9	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
Trailers	4	4	6	3	3	3	4	4	2	1
Trucks-over 13,000 lb. gross vehicle weight	47	47	12	36	35	36	36	36	32	32
Utilities Buildings (36)	13	13	-			-		-	-	-
Vehicles - Cars, Vans, SUVs, Pickup Trucks	91	84	91	76	76	77	71	69	70	63
Warehouses, Storage Bldgs & Sheds (5,20)	-	-	-	-	53	53	52	52	52	19

#### Capital Asset Statistics by Function

For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31

Notes:

- (1) 2012 Inventory shows these items under Public Safety, however, these buildings are owned and operated under Facilities Management. They are highlighted separately to maintain inventory tracking.
- (2) 2012 Facilities Management transferred from the Department of Transportation to the Department of Administrative Services in 2012. Facilities Management's 2012 balances are being shown as per the appropriate documents; however, 2008-2011 data is being presented as per previous statistical sections in Public Works. The actual inventory numbers still reside in Public Works data.
- (3) 2012 Increase due to updated data from Department.
- (4) 2011 Reclass of CATC Buildings from 1 to 6 separate buildings and reclass of City Campus from 1 to 4 buildings and recognition that Gamex buildings were sold to UWM.
- (5) 2012 Increase due to buildings available for use from the 440th Air Force Reserve Station. Acquisition made in 2010
- (6) 2013 Reclass of farm items from House of Correction to Parks.
- (7) 2014 Mowers and Attachments increased for Parks due to new purchases from bonds issuance.
- (8) 2015 All Landscape Services buildings and Grant Park Life Station are destroyed.
- (9) 2015 Water Tower was destroyed.
- (10) 2015 Office of Emergency Management became a separate department. Previously, was a part of Human Services and Sheriff departments.
- (11) 2016 Reclassified within the department and 1 transferred to Public Safety Medical Examiner.
- (12) 2016 Reclassified within the department, 2 new, 2 transferred from DHHS, and 5 sold.
- (13) 2016 1 new, 1 transferred from Airport, and 1 previously excluded.
- (14) 2016 Reclassified within the department.
- (15) 2016 Reclassified within the department, 9 new, 1 transferred to Airport, 6 transferred from Airport, and 1 demolished.
- (16) 2016 Reclassified within the department, 2 transferred to Facilities Management, 1 transferred from Parks, and 1 previously excluded.
- (17) 2016 Reclassified within the department, 12 new, 6 demolished, and 1 sold.
- (18) 2016 Reclassified within the department, 30 new and 31 demolished, and 1 under construction.
- (19) 2016 Reclassified within the department and 3 demolished.
- (20) 2016 Reclassified within the department, 14 new, 19 demolished, 6 transferred to Public Works, 1 transferred from Public Works, and 1 transferred to Sheriff.
- (21) 2017 2 new and 1 demolished.
- (22) 2017 17 new, and 1 demolished.
- (23) 2017 12 new.
- (24) 2017 1 new and 1 sold.
- (25) 2017 Reclassified within the department, 68 new, 18 demolished, and 2 sold.
- (26) 2017 3 new and 1 demolished.
- (27) 2017 20 new and 1 demolished.
- (28) 2017 Reclassified within the department, 70 new, 19 sold, and 1 demolished.
- (29) 2017 18 snow plows disposed.
- (30) 2018 Reclassified within the department and 1 transferred to Office of Emergency Management.
- (31) 2018 3 new, 2 transferred from Parks, 1 transferred from Facilities Management, and 1 transferred from
- House of Corrections.
- (32) 2018 Reclassified within the department.
- (33) 2018 Reclassified within the department, 11 new, 8 demolished, 2 transferred to Office of Emergency Management and 1 transferred to Public Schools.
- (34) 2018 Reclassified within the department, 8 new, and 5 demolished.
- (35) 2018 Reclassified within the department and 21 new.
- (36) 2018 Reclassified within the department, 45 new, 1 demolished, 1 sold, and 1 combined with another building.
- (37) 2019 Reclassified catch basin cleaners within the department from sweepers, cleaners and attachments.
- (38) 2019 4 fueling shelters from 2000 not previously listed.
- (39) 2019 Reclassified 2 storage buildings to utilities buildings and 2 demolished.
- (40) 2019 Transferred 1 show stage from Parks to H&HS, reclassified 1 Parks restroom building to Parks show stages.
- (41) 2019 4 new.
- (42) 2019 Reclassified 1 storage building to HTF service building.