A resolution by Supervisors Shea, Logsdon, Johnson, Jr., Ortiz-Velez, and Alexander, in opposition to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources granting a Mercury Effluent Discharge Variance Permit to WE Energies' Oak Creek powerplant, by recommending adoption of the following:

A RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, WE Energies is the trade name of Wisconsin Electric Power Company and Wisconsin Gas, LLC (WE Energies), and operates power plants for more than two million customers throughout Wisconsin and Michigan, including one located in the City of Oak Creek (the City) on 1,000 acres of land on the shore of Lake Michigan; and

WHEREAS, the WE Energies electrical utility plant in the City is coal-based, and the utility reports burning at least 6,000 tons of coal per day; and

WHEREAS, according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the element mercury occurs naturally in coal, and is emitted from coal-based power plants into the ambient environment, where it is absorbed by soils and plants, and then up the food chain as the methylmercury chemical compound; and

WHEREAS, according to the EPA, methylmercury is a powerful neurotoxin which can cause pain, weaken muscles, and impair vision, speech, hearing, muscle movement, and walking, and can permanently disrupt the development of unborn children, particularly from excessive fish consumption; and

WHEREAS, the City's power plant uses up to 1.56 million gallons of water per minute for cooling purposes, and for removing mercury-laden coal ash from its boilers, which is returned to Lake Michigan; and

WHEREAS, WE Energies proposed to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) that its Oak Creek power plant should receive a variance, raising its daily maximum discharge of mercury into Lake Michigan to 4.1 nanograms per liter of water; and

WHEREAS, the DNR has previously determined that a *limit* of 1.3 nanograms per liter of mercury discharge into Lake Michigan is necessary to protect wildlife and human health, but has granted a preliminary approval for WE Energies' variance request; and

WHEREAS, the DNR publishes a guide encouraging limited consumption of fish species in Wisconsin's waterways due to their absorption of methylmercury and polychlorinated biphenyls; and

WHEREAS, Milwaukee County (the County) borders Lake Michigan, and three major river tributaries flow through the County, and fishing in and around County waterways is an important source of jobs, recreation, sustenance, and tourism income; and

WHEREAS, the City of Milwaukee has nurtured a reputation as a "water city," receiving accolades as a leader and innovator in conservation and water technology, including from the United Nations Global Compact Cities Programme; and

WHEREAS, efforts should be made to reduce, not increase, the amount of harmful substances deposited into our air and waterways; and

WHEREAS, the Committee on Intergovernmental Relations, at its meeting of April 11, 2019, recommended adoption of File No. 19-293 (vote 5-0); now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, Milwaukee County calls on the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to deny We Energies' request for a Mercury Effluent Variance Permit exceeding 1.3 nanograms per liter, the limit previously established by the DNR as the limit to protect wildlife and human health; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the Office of Government Affairs staff is authorized and requested to communicate the contents of this resolution to the State of Wisconsin (the State) Governor, the State Legislature, and the DNR.

kae 04/11/19

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