

Transit Funding and Fares Compared to Peer Metro Areas

Fair Deal for Milwaukee County Workgroup January 3, 2019



Outline

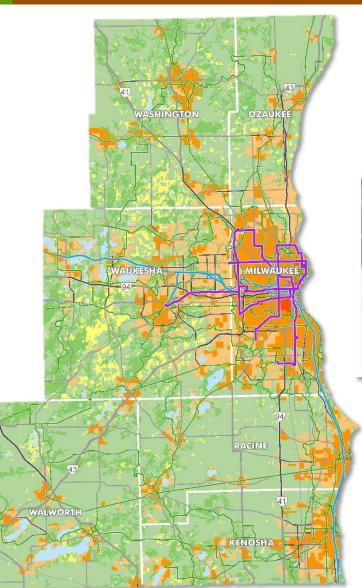
- Overview of VISION 2050 and transit recommendations
- Review of levels of service, funding, and fares for peer transit agencies to MCTS



VISION 2050











Comparing to Other Metro Areas

- The Region ranks as one of the:
 - Slowest growing in employment, population, and income
 - Highest in racial disparities in education, income, poverty
 - Lowest in levels of highway congestion and travel delay
 - Highest in transit service decline
- The Region is one of the few metro areas without rapid transit

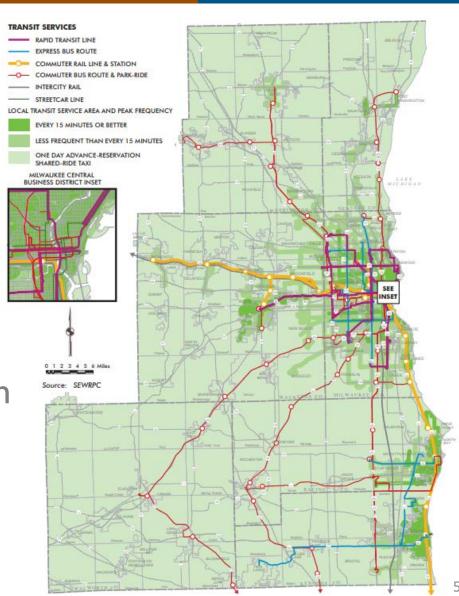






Key Transit Service Recommendations

- Develop rapid transit network
- Develop commuter rail
- Increase frequency and expand service area of express, commuter, and local transit
- Provide access to suburban business parks, including through flexible and ondemand service options





Comparing MCTS to Peer Agencies

- Serving urbanized areas with population between 0.9 and 2.4 million (Milwaukee is 1.4 million)
- Includes systems providing only bus service, but also systems with other modes (commuter rail, light rail, ferries, streetcars)
- Annual Revenue Hours of service between 0.4 and 3.1 million (Milwaukee is 1.3 million)
- Operating Budgets between \$45 million and \$660 million (Milwaukee is \$150 million)



Peer Agencies

Denver

St. Louis

Las Vegas

Portland

Cleveland

San Antonio

Pittsburgh

Sacramento

San Jose

Cincinnati

Kansas City

Indianapolis

Norfolk

Milwaukee

Columbus

Austin

Charlotte

Providence

Jacksonville

Memphis

Salt Lake City

Louisville

Nashville

Richmond

Buffalo



Dedicated Funding (21 of 25 peers)

Denver

St. Louis

Las Vegas

Portland

Cleveland

San Antonio

Pittsburgh

Sacramento

San Jose

Cincinnati

Kansas City

Indianapolis

Norfolk

Milwaukee

Columbus

Austin

Charlotte

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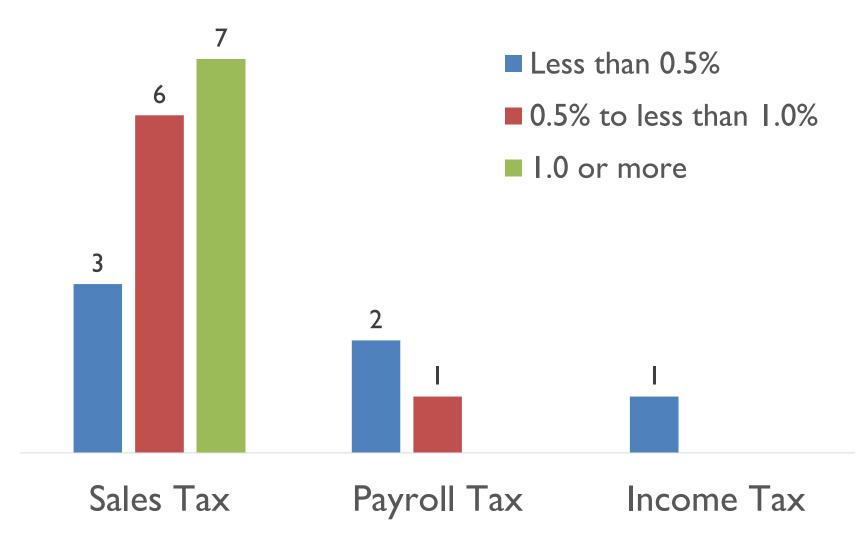
Nashville

Richmond

Buffalo



Dedicated funding source types and rates (2018)



Note: Providence utilizes a dedicated portion of the statewide motor fuel tax



Comparing MCTS to Peer Agencies

- MCTS provides 50% more service than the next largest agencies without some form of dedicated funding source (Detroit and Norfolk)
- MCTS' operating cost per revenue hour of service is the lowest in the peer group
- Only Pittsburgh is more reliant on non-local funds
- Only Pittsburgh, Buffalo, and Milwaukee generate less than 50 percent of operating assistance locally



Fares - Adult, One-Ride, Cash Fare

Denver

St. Louis

Las Vegas

Portland

Cleveland

San Antonio

Pittsburgh

Sacramento

San Jose

Cincinnati

Kansas City

Indianapolis

Norfolk

Milwaukee

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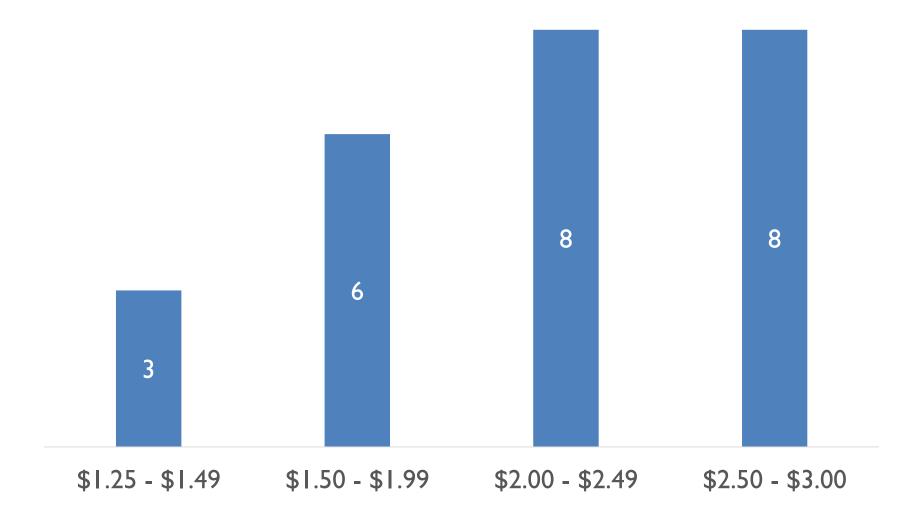
Nashville

Richmond

Buffalo



Fares – Adult, One-Ride, Cash Fare





Fares – Adult, One-Ride, M-Card/App Equivalent

Denver

St. Louis

Las Vegas

Portland

Cleveland

San Antonio

Pittsburgh

Sacramento

San Jose

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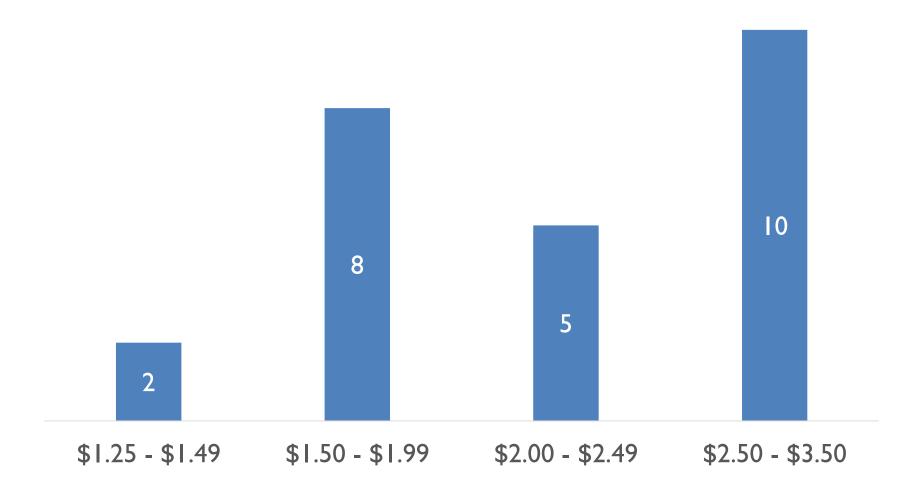
Nashville

Richmond

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Fares – Adult, One-Ride, M-Card/App Equivalent





Comparing MCTS to Peer Agencies

- Although MCTS fares were generally higher than peer transit systems in 2010, after a decade of raising fares faster than inflation, the general lack of fare increases since 2010 means fares are about average when compared to industry peers
- MCTS Adult, One-Ride, Cash fares are slightly higher than the peer group average (\$2.04)
- A 90-minute fare for an Adult using the M-Card or the App on MCTS is slightly cheaper than the peer group average (\$2.18)



Thank You

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