1 2 3	Supervisor Eddie Cullen, Chairperson, From the Committee on Intergovernmental Relations, reporting on:
4 5	File No. 16-430
6 7 8 9	(ITEM ) A resolution by Supervisors West, Nicholson, Sartori, and Cullen, opposing the Improving Child Nutrition and Education Act of 2016 (H.R. 5003) and urging the United States Congress to expand access to nutritious meals to end child hunger in America, by recommending adoption of the following:
11 12	A RESOLUTION
13 14 15 16 17	WHEREAS, the Child Nutrition and Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) Reauthorization Act (Child Nutrition Act) authorizes all of the Federal school meal and child nutrition programs, including the School Breakfast, National School Lunch, Child and Adult Care Food, Summer Food Service, the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Programs, and WIC; and
19 20 21 22	WHEREAS, although the Child Nutrition Act is permanently authorized, Congress must review the child nutrition programs through the reauthorization process every five years; and
23 24 25	WHEREAS, the reauthorization process allows Congress to debate new funding levels, find ways to strengthen and improve programs, and develop new policies to make sure children have access to healthy, nutritious food; and
26 27 28 29	WHEREAS, the House of Representatives has developed its recommendations for reauthorization in the Improving Child Nutrition and Education Act of 2016 (the Act), and released it from committee on May 18, 2016; and
30 31 32 33 34	WHEREAS, the Food Research and Action Center (FRAC), a national non-profit organization working to address hunger, has released a statement opposing the Act because provisions of the bill would:
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<ul> <li>Significantly weaken the Community Eligibility Provision affecting the eligibility of 7,000-18,0000 high-poverty schools currently in the program, and another 11,000 schools that qualify, but are not yet in the program</li> <li>Increase verification requirements, causing eligible students to lose access to free or reduced-priced meals</li> <li>Interfere with school districts' ability to conduct effective outreach to enroll families eligible for free and reduced-price meals</li> <li>Neglect to meet the needs of children in aftercare for extended hours by taking away the option for an evening snack</li> <li>Fail to address shortfalls in the summer food program</li> <li>Fail to take the opportunity to expand access to the WIC program</li> </ul>

- Significantly curtail United States Department of Agriculture's autonomy to promote child nutrition programs
  - Significantly weaken evidence-based school nutrition standards for meals
  - Diminish new rules around snacks and beverages

; and

WHEREAS, the First Focus Campaign for Children, a non-profit bipartisan children's advocacy organization, opposes the Act because it puts many essential children's food programs at risk and reduces nutritional standards; and

WHEREAS, the American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network is also voicing its opposition to the Act due to the rollbacks of nutrition standards; and

WHEREAS, an analysis from the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, a nonpartisan research and policy institute with a focus on how budget choices affect low-income Americans, reports that the Act could increase food insecurity in high-poverty neighborhoods; and

 WHEREAS, FRAC noted in a letter dated May 17, 2016, and signed by over 750 national, state, and local organizations, that the Act will have a disproportionate impact on the most vulnerable families, such as those who are homeless, migrant, immigrant, or have limited English proficiency; and

WHEREAS, the Hunger Task Force reports that the Community Eligibility Provision is working for Milwaukee County (the County), and that Milwaukee Public Schools reported 10,000 more meals served every day during the 2014-15 school year and that the West Allis/West Milwaukee School District doubled their breakfast participation; and

WHEREAS, the County has an interest in reducing hunger and improving the health and academic outcomes of its most vulnerable children; and

WHERES, the Committee on Intergovernmental Relations, at its meeting of September 16, 2016, recommended adoption of this resolution (vote 3-0-1); now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, Milwaukee County (the County) opposes the Improving Child Nutrition and Education Act of 2016 (H.R. 5003) in its current form because it reduces child nutrition programs, increases food insecurity among children, and harms children's health and academic success; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the County urges the United States Congress to legislate improvements to the child nutrition program that will expand access to nutritious meals, which supports children's development, health, and academic performance; and

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94	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, upon adoption, the County Office of Government
95	Affairs is authorized and directed to deliver a copy of this resolution to the President of
96	the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the
97	Senate, and the Wisconsin Congressional delegation.
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