COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE

Inter-Office Communication

Date: April 18, 2023

To: Marcelia Nicholson, Chairwoman, Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors

From: The Office of the County Executive

Subject: Report from the Office of the County Executive, providing information on current

COVID-19 mitigation procedures, and the actions Milwaukee County is continuing to

take to ensure it keeps its workforce and the people they serve safe.

File Type: Informational

BACKGROUND

Throughout the pandemic, the goal of Milwaukee County's COVID-19 pandemic management process has been to continue County government operations and critical services for its residents, while keeping its staff and participants, as well as the wider community, safe. Milwaukee County government has many public-facing operations, often interacts with particularly vulnerable individuals, and is responsible for several of the largest congregate facilities in the county.

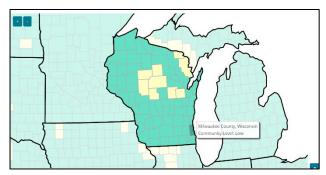
A comprehensive mitigation strategy is crucial to ensuring that Milwaukee County government can continue providing the critical services upon which many of our residents depend, while keeping employees and those service users as safe as possible from COVID-19.

The foundation of Milwaukee County's COVID-19 mitigation process is the CDC COVID-19 Community Level framework. This framework, released in late February 2022, classifies community risk into three levels - Low, Medium, and High. The CDC uses the combination of the three metrics referenced below to determine the COVID-19 community level.

- COVID-19 Cases per 100/k Residents
- COVID-19 Hospital Admissions per 100/k Residents
- COVID-19 Inpatient Bed Utilization

New COVID-19 admissions and the percent of staffed inpatient beds occupied represent the current potential for strain on the health system. Data on new cases acts as an early warning indicator of potential increases in health system strain in the event of a COVID-19 surge.

CURRENT STATE



As of Thursday, April 13, 2023, the CDC continues to classify Milwaukee County's COVID-19 community risk level as "**low**". The County moved to "low" on February 16, 2023, when the hospital admittance rate moved to less than 10 per 100,000 residents.

The table below indicates the County's most current data published by the CDC on April 13, 2023. The number of cases has steadily decreased since

December 15, 2022. Over that time the number of cases per 100,000 residents has fallen by approximately 74%. Similar favorable declines are evidenced in the other measures too, for example

Weekly Metrics Used to Determine the COVID-19 Community Level	
Case Rate per 100,000 population	45.47
New COVID-19 admissions per 100,000 population	6.3
% Staffed inpatient beds in use by patients with confirmed COVID-19	2.9%

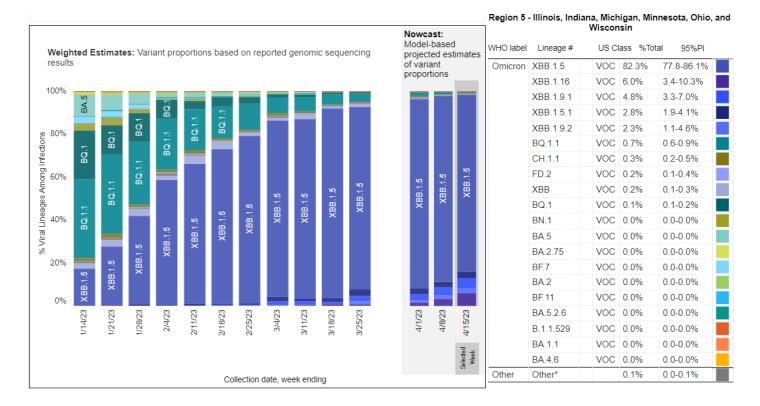
hospital admissions per 100,000 residents has decreased 60% over a similar timeframe and the percentage of hospital beds used by COVID-19 patients has decreased by 4.5 percentage points. In addition, 87.5% of Wisconsin counties are

classified as "low" risk and no Wisconsin counties are currently classified as high risk.

While the CDC Community Risk levels only use the three measures listed above to determine the level of risk, other measures can also be useful in assessing the level of COVID-19 risk in Milwaukee County. For example, the percentage of positive tests may provide a more accurate assessment than just reviewing the case rate. As of April 11, the seven-day average for the percentage of positive tests is 11% This too has been steadily declining since February.

Another key metric is the level of COVID-19 indicated in wastewater. Monitoring COVID in wastewater can be an early indicator of increases or decreases in the levels of COVID in the community. As of April 5, the 14-day average of Million Gene Copies (MGC) indicated in the Jones Island sewershed is 37.24 and 41.55 in the South Shore sewershed. Overall, this metric has been decreasing in both sewersheds since January.

The public health community closely monitors COVID-19 variants. The XBB.1.5 variant currently remains the predominate variant in the country and region, representing approximately 82.3% of the cases in the Great Lakes region. The table below indicates the percentage of COVID-19 variants in the Great Lakes region as of April 15, 2023. A new subvariant, XBB.1.16, has been designated as a "variant under monitoring" by the World Health Organization. It currently represents approximately 6% of the cases in the region but has contributed to significant disease spread in other parts of the world, primarily India. It is likely to become the predominate variant in the United States.



CURRENT MITIGATION STEPS

Masking

Masking guidelines were updated to the low risk level on February 16, 2023. At the low risk level masking is no longer required in all areas of the Courthouse and on MCTS buses. A link to the masking guidelines table is pasted below:

FaceMaskPolicySummaryTable (milwaukee.gov)

Capacity

Capacity guidelines were also updated to "low" status. The capacity guidelines format was significantly revised in May and is now more closely aligned with the CDC Community Risk Levels. Listed below are the current "low" classification guidelines:

- Follow departmental guidelines for in-person and telework options
- Ensure the availability of high-quality (N95 or KN95) masks**
- Maintain improved ventilation throughout public and private indoor spaces when possible
- Consider in-person participant vulnerability

OTHER UPDATES

With COVID-19 conditions relatively stable, the COVID-19 Workgroup now only meets on an as needed basis. The CDC community risk level is monitored weekly, and changes in the County's COVID mitigation guidelines will be implemented and adjusted as necessary.

On April 10, 2023, President Biden signed H.J Res.7, a bill that immediately ends the National Emergency (NE) declared in March 2020. The NE allowed the government to take sweeping steps to

respond to the virus and support the country's economic, health and welfare systems. Some of the emergency measures have already been successfully wound down, while others are still being phased out.

The Public Health Emergency (PHE) is set to expire on May 11, 2023. Among other impacts, the end of the PHE means that health plans will no longer be required to cover COVID-19 tests with no cost sharing. COVID-19 vaccines provided in-network are expected to continue to be covered without cost-sharing. Health plans may impost cost sharing and other measures for vaccines provided out of network.

NEXT STEPS

The COVID-19 Workgroup will continue to monitor the COVID-19 data, and under the advisement of Dr. Weston, take the appropriate steps continue to keep Milwaukee County employees, and the people they serve, safe.

ALIGNMENT TO STRATEGIC PLAN

Mitigating the spread of COVID-19, and thus preventing further death and long-term negative health effects, is one of the most meaningful steps that Milwaukee County government can take in service of our Vision to become the healthiest county in Wisconsin. While we must still address the disparities and negative health outcomes that are the result of decades of policy choices, COVID-19 is a clear and present danger to the health and well-being of our constituents and employees. This framework not only works to address the health aspects of our strategic plan, but also ensures that Milwaukee County is able to continue the work that our departments are undertaking to advance our strategic plan and work towards our Vision by providing critical services to our residents.

FISCAL EFFECT

Fiscal Note Not Required

TERMS

N/A

VIRTUAL MEETING INVITES

- kyle.caudill@milwaukeecountywi.gov
- beweston@mcw.edu
- peter.labonte@milwaukeecountywi.gov
- MaryJo.Meyers@milwaukeecountywi.gov

PREPARED BY:

Peter LaBonte, COVID-19 Workgroup Coordinator

APPROVED BY:

Mary Jo Meyers, Chief of Staff, Office of the County Executive

ATTACHMENTS:

cc: Kelly Bablitch, Chief of Staff, Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors
Janelle M. Jensen, Legislative Services Division Manager, Office of the County Clerk