### 2021 MHSIP Survey for CCS Adult Consumers – Milwaukee County.

#### What is the Mental Health Statistics Improvement Program (MHSIP) Survey?

The Mental Health Statistics Improvement Program (MHSIP) survey is a nationally used survey and measures concerns that are important to consumers of publicly funded mental health services.

#### **CCS Consumers**

- In CCS for at least 6 months
- Currently receiving CCS services or discharge is within the last 3 months.

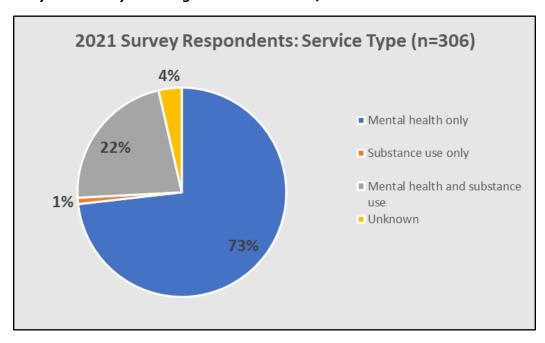
#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents - Agency Distributions:**

The survey was administered by a contracted client advocacy agency, "Vital Voices". BHS CARS provided Vital Voices with a list of consumers who received services during a 3 month period in 2021.

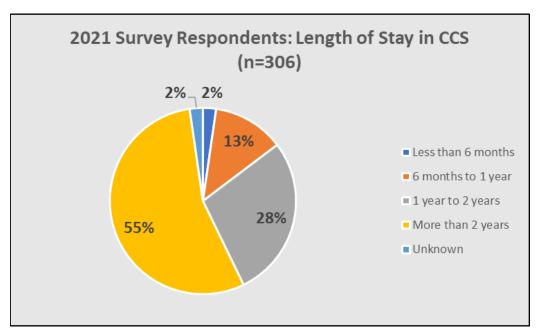
			Response
Agency	# Distributed	#Completed	Rate
TOTAL	1282	306	23.9%

#### <u>2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Service Type/Length of CCS Participation:</u>

Are you currently receiving mental health and/or substance use services?

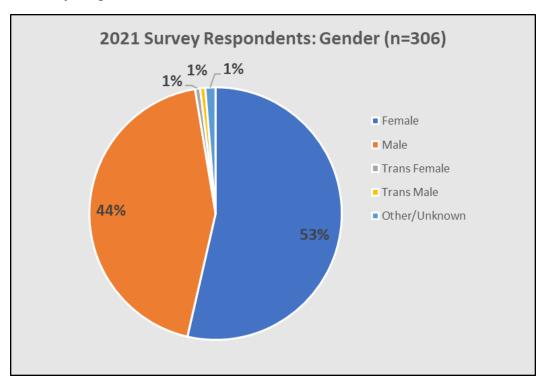


#### How long have you received these services?

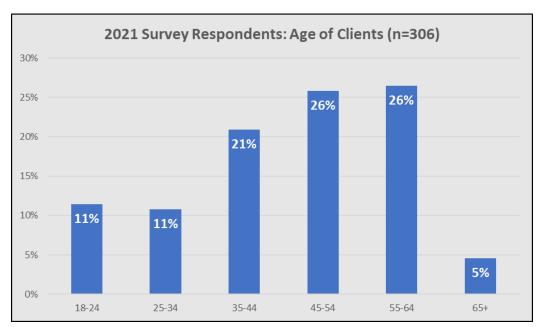


#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Demographics**

#### What is your gender?

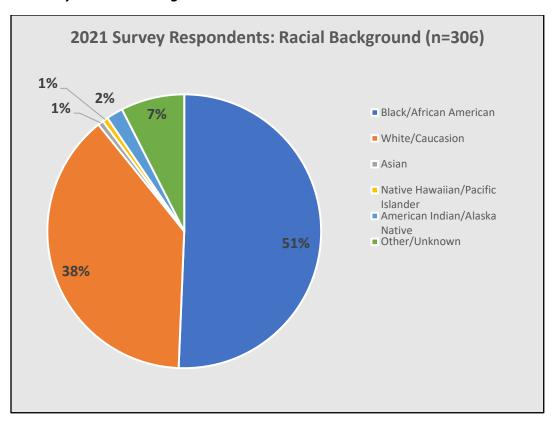


#### What is your age? (in years)

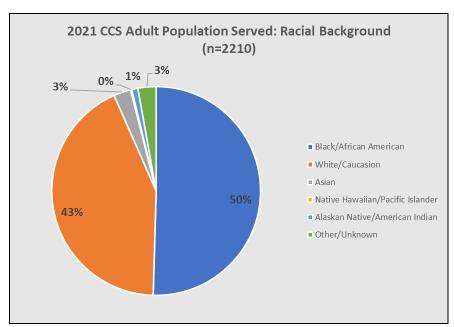


#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Demographics (cont.)**

#### What is your racial background?

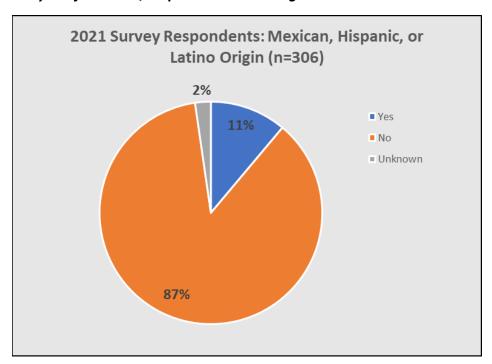


#### For Comparison: Racial background of 2021 CCS Adult population served:

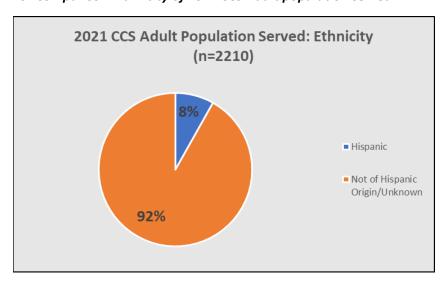


#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Demographics (cont.)**

Are you of Mexican, Hispanic or Latino origin?



#### For Comparison: Ethnicity of 2021 CCS Adult population served:



#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents - RESULTS:**

Participants were asked to respond to 36 unique statements using the following scale:

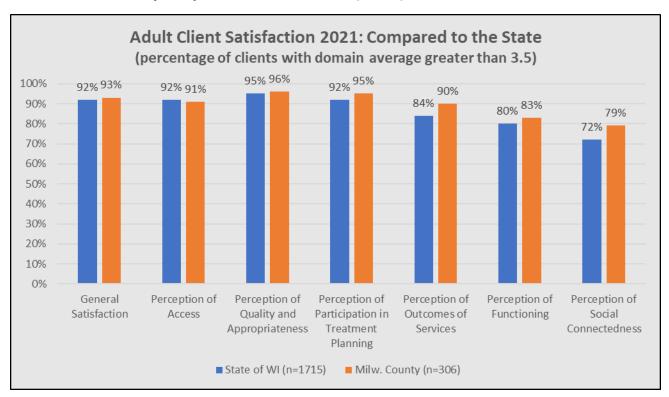
- 1-Strongly Disagree
- 2-Disagree
- 3-Undecided
- 4-Agree
- 5-Strongly Agree

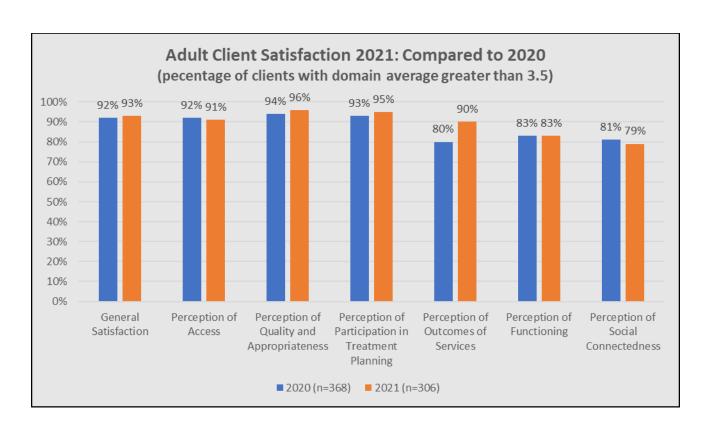
Results were calculated by taking the average score of responses within the same "Domain". The statements and their correlating domain are as follows:

#### DOMAIN STATEMENTS

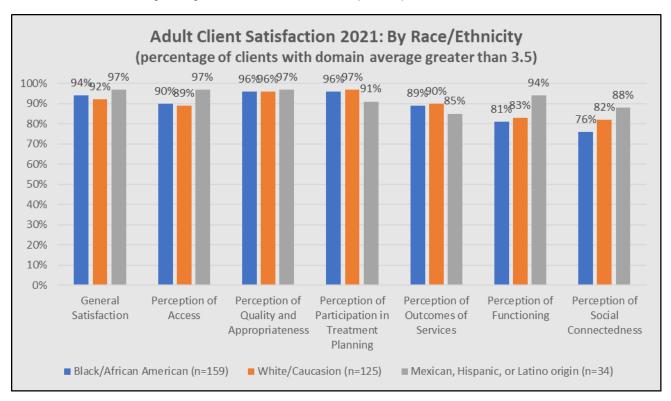
DOMAIN	STATEMENTS
General Satisfaction	I like the services that I received.
	If I had other choices, I would still get services from the same agency.
	I would recommend the same agency to a friend or family member.
	The location of services was convenient (parking, public transportation, distance, etc.).
	Staff were willing to see me as often as I felt it was necessary.
Doverntion of Access	Staff returned my calls within 24 hours.
Perception of Access	Services were available at times that were good for me.
	I was able to get all the services I thought I needed.
	I was able to see a psychiatrist when I wanted to.
	Staff believed that I can grow, change, and recover.
	I felt free to complain.
	I was given information about my rights.
	Staff encouraged me to take responsibility for how I live my life.
Perception of Quality and	Staff told me what side effects to watch out for.
Appropriateness	Staff respected my wishes about who is, and who is not to be given information about my treatment.
	Staff were sensitive to my cultural background (race, religion, language, etc.).
	Staff helped me obtain the information I needed so that I could take charge of managing my mental
	health and/or substance use condition.
	I was encouraged to use consumer-run programs (support groups, drop-in centers, warm line, etc.).
Perception of Participation in	I felt comfortable asking questions about my treatment and medication.
Treatment Planning	I, not staff, decided my treatment goals.
	I deal more effectively with daily problems.
	I am better able to control my life.
	I am better to deal with crisis.
Perception of Outcomes of	I am getting along better with my family.
Services	I do better in social situations.
	I do better in school and / or work.
	My housing situation has improved.
	My symptoms are not bothering me as much.
	My symptoms are not bothering me as much.
	I do things that are more meaningful to me.
Perception of Functioning	I am better able to take care of my needs.
	I am better able to handle things when they go wrong.
	I am better able to do things that I want to do.
	I am happy with the friendships I have.
Perception of Social Connectedness	I have people with whom I can do enjoyable things.
	In a crisis, I would have the support I need from family or friends.
	I feel I belong in my community.

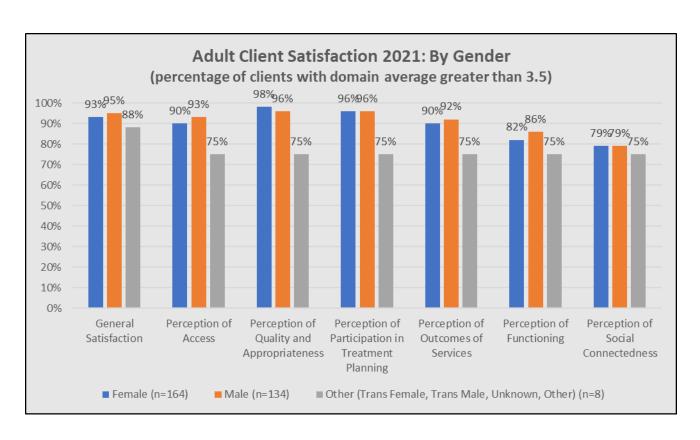
#### 2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents - RESULTS (cont.):





#### 2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents - RESULTS (cont.):





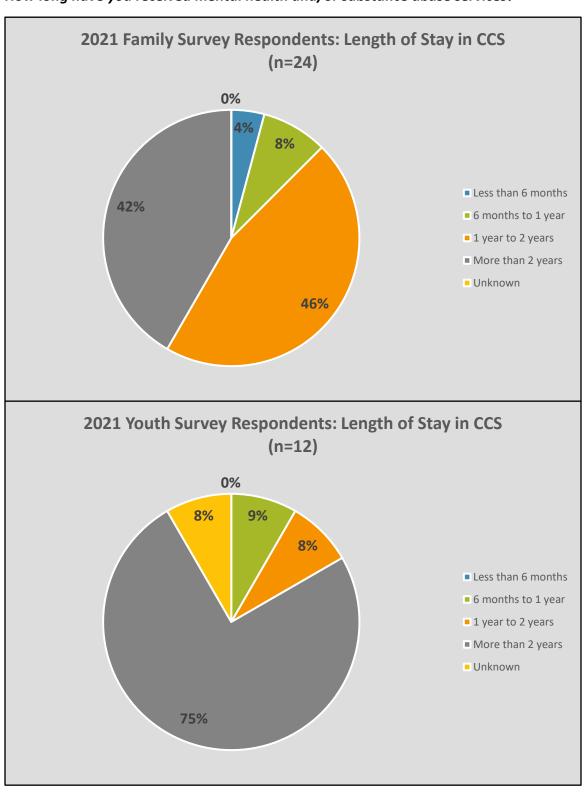
#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents:**

The survey was administered by a contracted client advocacy agency, "Vital Voices". Children's Community Mental Health Services and Wraparound Milwaukee provided Vital Voices with a list of consumers who received services during a 3 month period in 2021.

MHSIP Survey	# Distributed	#Completed	Response Rate
Family	55	24	43.6%
Youth	142	12	8.4%
TOTAL	197	36	18.3%

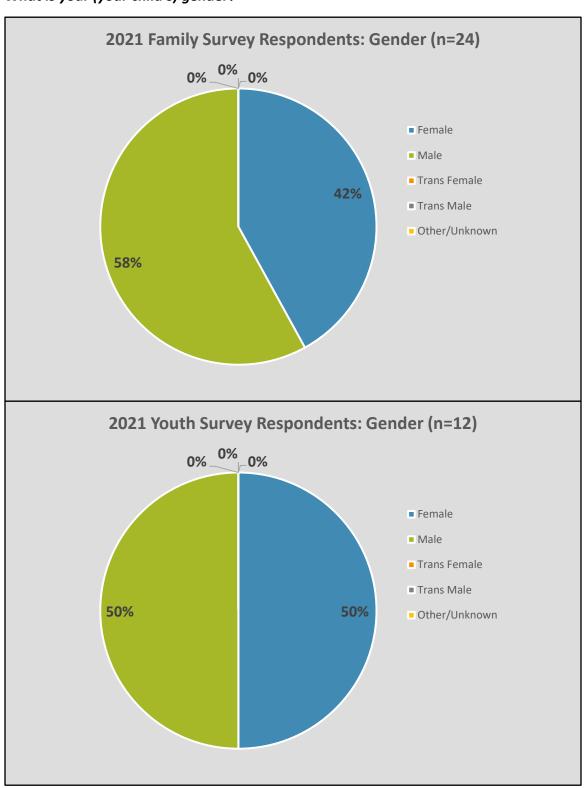
#### <u>2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Service Type/Length of CCS Participation:</u>

How long have you received mental health and/or substance abuse services?

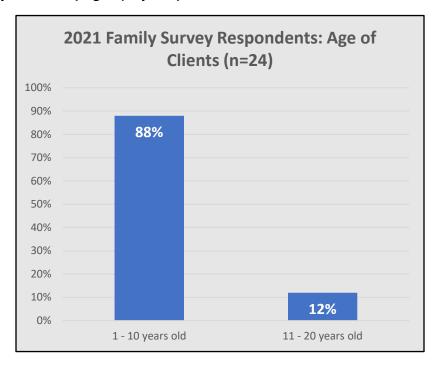


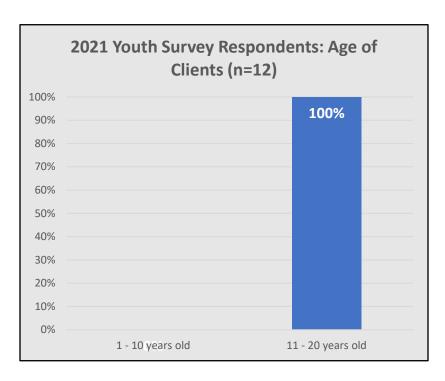
#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Demographics**

What is your (your child's) gender?



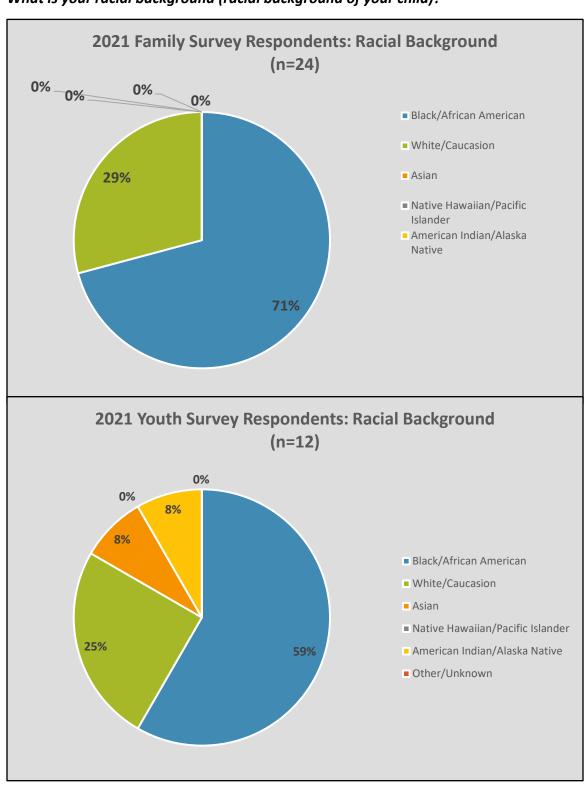
#### What is your (your child's) age? (in years)





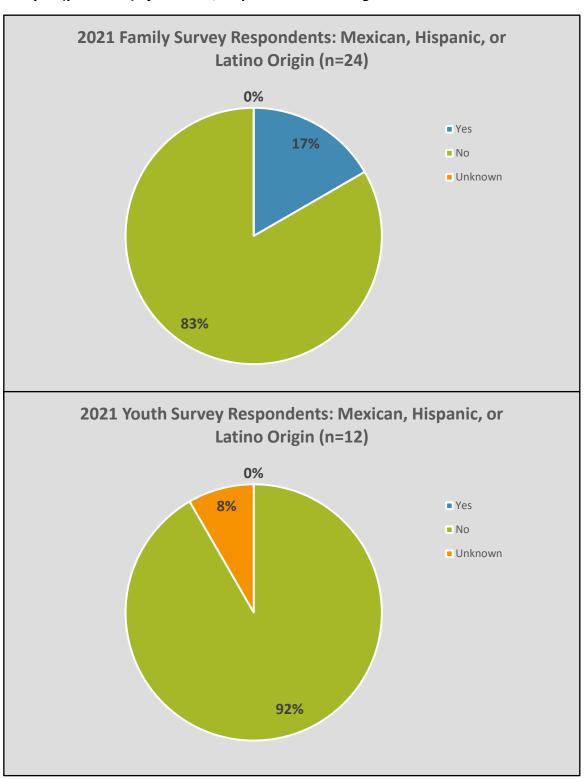
#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Demographics (cont.)**

What is your racial background (racial background of your child)?



#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Demographics (cont.)**

Are you (your child) of Mexican, Hispanic or Latino origin?



#### **2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents - RESULTS:**

Participants were asked to respond to 26 unique statements using the following scale:

- 1-Strongly Disagree
- 2-Disagree
- 3-Undecided
- 4-Agree
- 5-Strongly Agree

Results were calculated by taking the average score of responses within the same "Domain". The statements and their correlating domain are as follows:

**Family MHSIP:** The family survey asks the caregiver (parent or guardian) a series of 26 questions about their satisfaction with the mental health and/or substance use services their child has received in the past six months. The caregiver's responses can be summarized across six satisfaction domains.

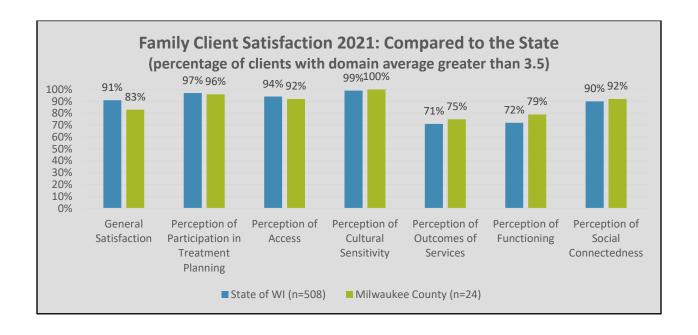
MENTS

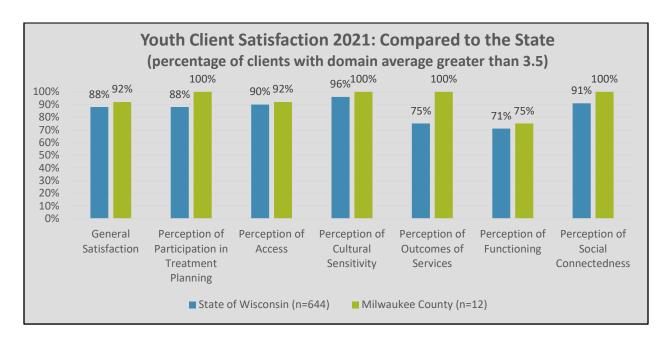
2 0	•
General Satisfaction	Overall, I am satisfied with the services my child received. The people helping my child stuck with us no matter what. I felt my child had someone to talk to when he or she was troubled. The services my child and/or family received were right for us. My family got the help we wanted for my child. My family got as much help as we needed for my child
Perception of	I helped to choose my child's services.
Participation in	I helped to choose my child's treatment goals.
Treatment Planning	I participated in my child's treatment.
Perception of Access	The location of services was convenient for us. Services were available at times that
	were convenient for us.
	Staff treated me with respect.
Perception of Cultural	Staff respected my family's religious or spiritual beliefs.
Sensitivity	Staff spoke with me in a way that I understood. Staff were sensitive to my cultural or
	ethnic background.
	My child is better at handling daily life.
	My child gets along better with family members.
Perception of Outcomes of Services	My child gets along better with friends and other people.
	My child is doing better in school and/or work.
	My child is better able to cope when things go wrong.
	I am satisfied with our family life right now.
	My child gets along better with family members.
Perception of	My child gets along better with friends and other people.
Functioning	My child is better able to cope when things go wrong.
	My child is better able to do things he or she wants to do.
	I know people who will listen and understand me when I need to talk.
Perception of Social	I have people that I am comfortable talking with about my child's problems.
Connectedness	In a crisis, I would have the support I need from family or friends.
	I have people with whom I can do enjoyable things

**Youth MHSIP:** The youth survey asks the same series of 26 questions about participant satisfaction as the family survey, but from the perspective of the adolescent participant. Again, all of the questions on the youth survey fall into one of these six domains.

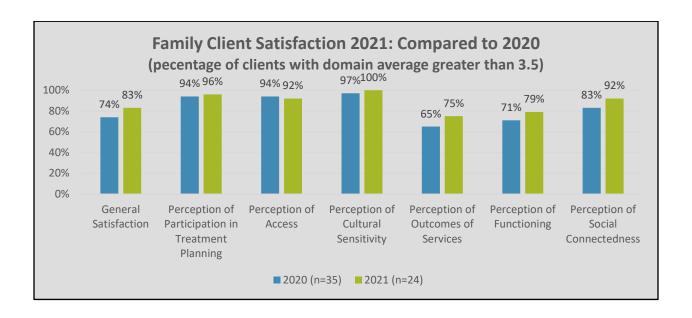
General Satisfaction	Overall, I am satisfied with the services I received. The people helping me stuck with		
	me no matter what.		
	I felt I had someone to talk to when I was troubled.		
	The services I received were right for me.		
	I got the help I wanted.		
	I got as much help as I needed.		
Perception of	I helped to choose my services.		
Participation in	I helped to choose my treatment goals.		
Treatment Planning	I participated in my own treatment.		
Perception of Access	The location of services was convenient for me. Services were available at times that		
	were convenient for me.		
	Staff treated me with respect.		
Perception of Cultural	Staff respected my family's religious or spiritual beliefs.		
Sensitivity	Staff spoke with me in a way that I understood. Staff were sensitive to my cultural or		
	ethnic background.		
	I am better at handling daily life.		
	I get along better with family members.		
Perception of Outcomes	I get along better with friends and other people.		
of Services	I am better able to cope when things go wrong.		
	I am doing better in school and/or work.		
	I am satisfied with my family life right now.		
	I am better at handling daily life.		
Danis attack of	I get along better with family members.		
Perception of	I get along better with friends and other people.		
Functioning	I am better able to cope when things go wrong.		
	I am better able to do things I want to do.		
Perception of Social	I know people who will listen and understand me when I need to talk.		
Connectedness	I have people that I am comfortable talking with about my problems.		
	In a crisis, I would have the support I need from family or friends.		
	I have people with whom I can do enjoyable things		

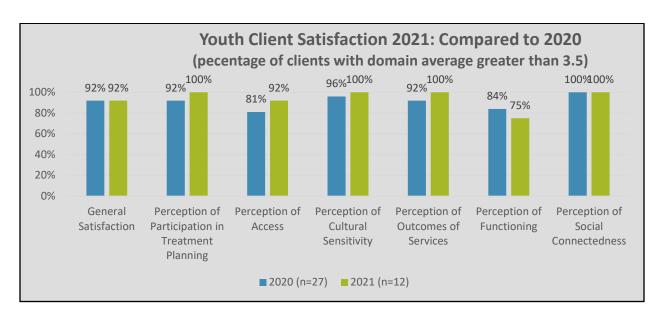
#### 2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents - Results Compared to the State



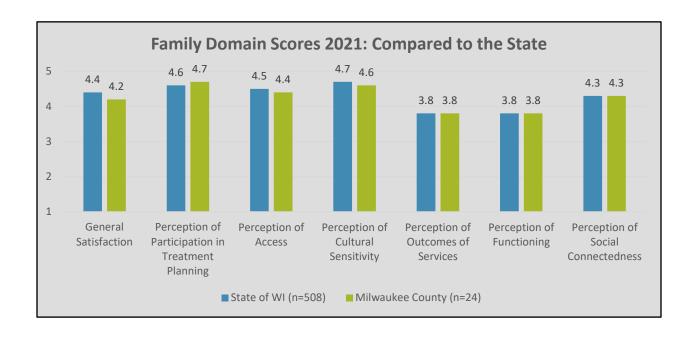


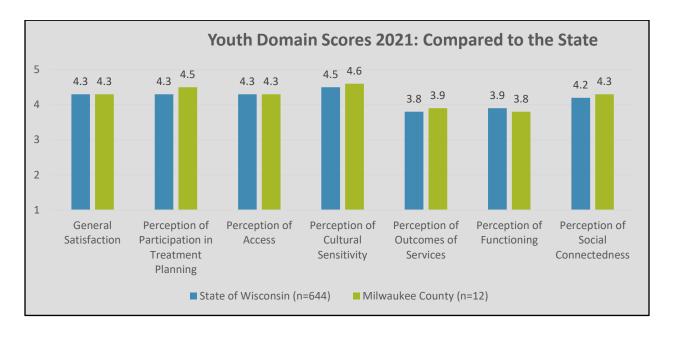
#### <u>2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Results Compared Over Time</u>





#### <u>2021 MHSIP Survey Respondents – Domain Results Compared to the State</u>







# CARS Quarterly Report

#### **CARS Quality Report Summary – Q2 2022**

#### POPULATION HEALTH

Among the key findings, our quality of life (QOL) data suggested that although our Black clients entered services with lower QOL relative to white clients (31.28% vs. 36.56.63%, respectively), their greater rate of improvement (64.71%) relative to white clients (57.28%) resulted in a greater proportion of Black clients experiencing "Good" or "Very Good" quality of life as of their last assessment.

We are continuing to focus our population health efforts on the high needs zip codes we identified in our prior report. The proportion of consumers in these five zip codes remains similar this quarter to what it has been over the past 7 quarters.

Finally, we hope to have a new assessment implemented by the end of 2022 that expands upon our existing, Statemandated data collection requirements (PPS) to include measures related to population health and social determinants of health. We believe this data will be invaluable to engage in better risk stratification, outcome measurement, and help us to more effectively meet the needs of our clients.

#### CLIENT EXPERIENCE

We have moved forward with our focus group study to meet with providers and consumers of some of our contracted CBRFs. We first had a group call with the providers, and received a lot of encouraging feedback regarding what makes these programs run as smoothly as they do. The staff took a lot of pride in how they treat the consumers as individuals and in the priority they put in making the consumers feel like they are part of a family. We will be wrapping up meeting with the consumers this month, and are looking forward to hearing first hand what the participants are finding helpful within our CBRFs, along with identifying areas we can work on to improve their overall experiences.

Our CSP program has moved into full incentivization of their client experience scores, making it our fourth program to do so (with Crisis Case Management and 75.07-Residential withdrawal management service and 75.09-Residential intoxication monitoring service being the first three).

#### COST OF CARE

We note a small increase (.029%) in the cost per client per month from the prior quarter. We are also currently focusing our efforts on analyzing the deployment of our TANF funds. In particular, we are looking to explore alternate or enhanced ways of meeting the TANF AODA population needs and finding different ways to spend the TANF dollars to address the social determinants of health (such as housing and IPS services).

#### STAFF QUALITY OF LIFE

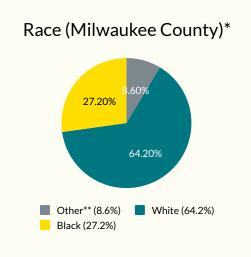
While our turnover rate is up this quarter from the prior quarter, we are still below the national average. We are also happy to note that there has been a fair amount of positive movement within CARS, with three employees accepting promotions within CARS over the last quarter. CARS staff also engaged in Part 1 of their DiSC assessment review as a team, in which we learned how our work styles and emotional intelligence could impact how we work with each other. Part 2 of this review will occur later this year.

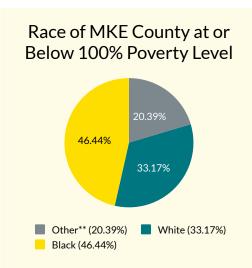
#### **NEXT STEPS**

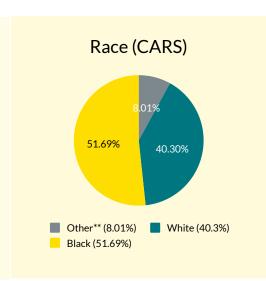
Future iterations of this Quarterly Report will include several changes, the first of which will be a transition to a new data visualization and analysis platform (PowerBI) that will allow for more efficient generation and manipulation of this report. It is our hope that we expand the use of this tool throughout BHS over the course of the next year. As noted above, please look for the implementation of our new PPS assessment module by the end of 2022.

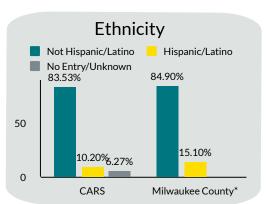
#### Demographic Information of the Population We Serve

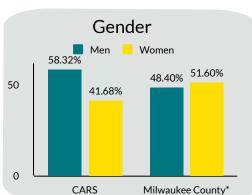
This section outlines demographics of the consumers CARS served last quarter compared to the County population.

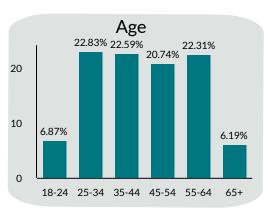








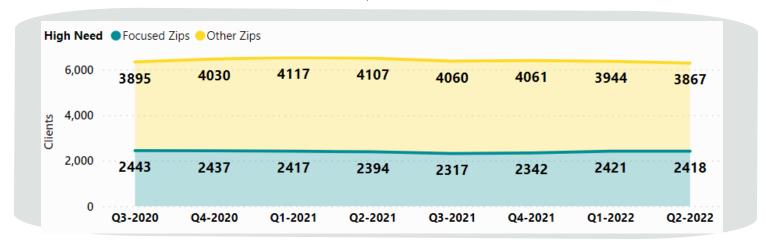




Note, there are instances where a person may have moved from one age category to another during the course of the quarter, resulting in them being double counted and the sum of the percentages adding up to slightly over 100%.

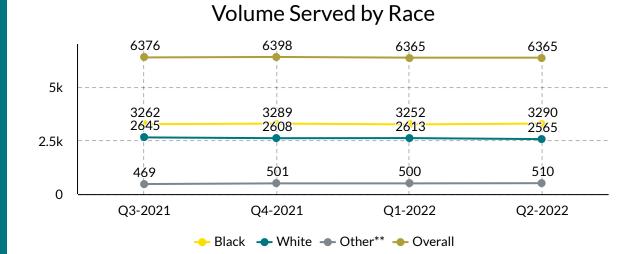
#### CARS Focus on High Need Zip Codes

The Focused Zip Codes include 53215, 53205, 53206, 53204, 53233, 53209 and 53218. These zip codes were selected by CARS because of their significant social and economic needs, and because they have a significant portion of their population in the category of less than 200% of the poverty level. Identifying these high need areas is the first step in our efforts to target and concentrate our community outreach and investment initiatives.



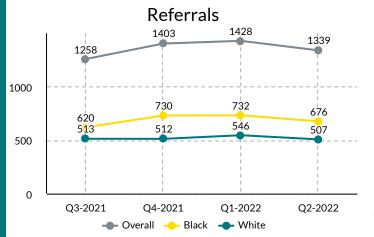
<sup>\*</sup>Comparable data from United States Census Bureau, which can be found at: https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/milwaukeecountywisconsin/PST045217#qf-flag-Z
\*\*"Other" encompasses small percentages of indicated racial identity including "Alaskan Native/American Indian", "Asian", "Biracial", "Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander", and "Other"





Referrals

Time to First Service



#### Access to Service

**28.78% > -12.55**%

Increase from previous quarter

Percentage\* of clients who began their enrollment at a CARS Access Point who received a CARS community service within the first 30 days (179/622)

\* Please note that not all clients who are assessed need or are eligible to receive CARS community services, therefore the expectation is not 100%. CARS R&E Team is working to develop access targets for future reports.

Average Consumer Satisfaction Score (Range from 1-5) 4.45
average for all consumers (n=911)

4.49
average for Black consumers

(n=516)

4.38
average for White consumers (n=252)

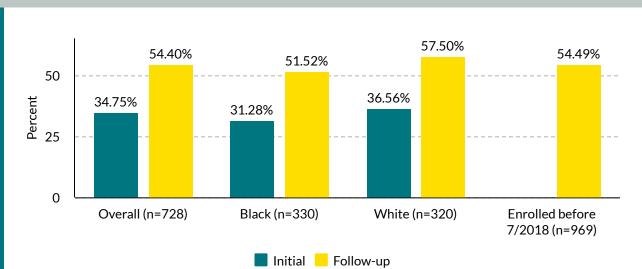
average for "other" consumers (n=143)

#### **Population Health**

#### Change Over Time -Client Enrollment

Percent of clients selecting "Good" or "Very Good" Quality of Life Overall and by Race

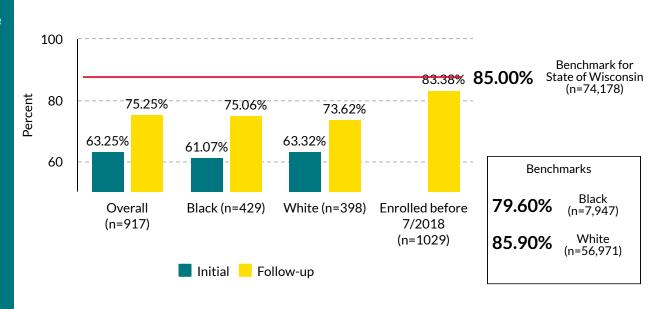
Average duration of enrollment: 522.85 days



#### Domain: Population Health (cont.)

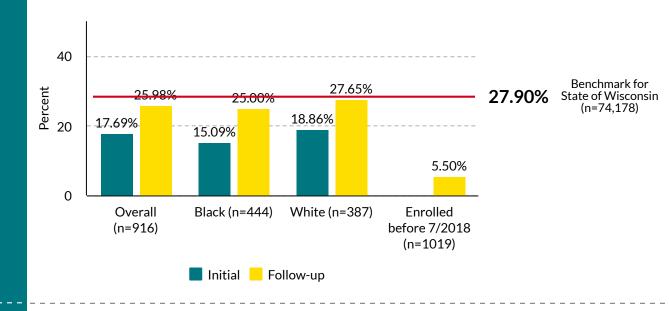
Percent with a Private Residence Overall and by Race

Average duration of enrollment: 503.73 days



Percent Employed Overall and by Race

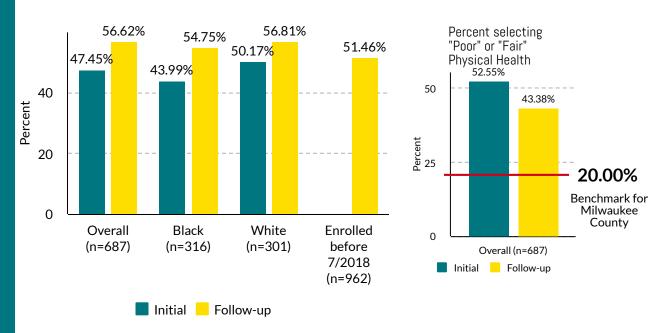
Average duration of enrollment: 487.49 days



Percent selecting "Good", "Very Good" or "Excellent" Physical Health Overall and by Race

Average duration of enrollment: 518.10 days

Percent selecting "Poor" or "Fair" Physical Health



#### **Domain: Population Health (cont.)**

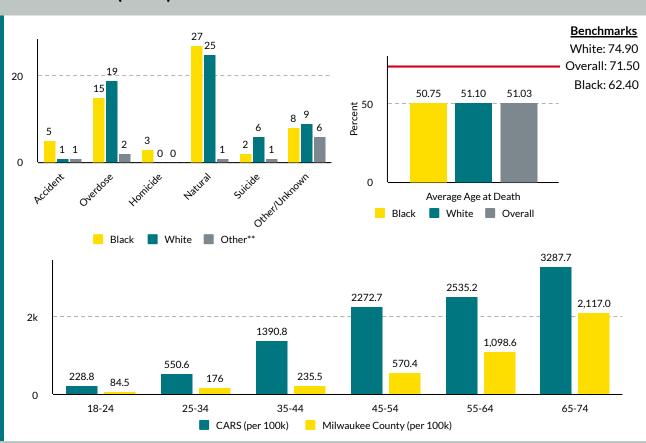
#### Cause of Death by Race

One quarter lag in reporting. For deaths between Q2-2021 and **01-2022** 

Average Age at Death

#### Death Rate (per 100,000) by Age Range

CARS number adjusted for comparison against Milwaukee County'

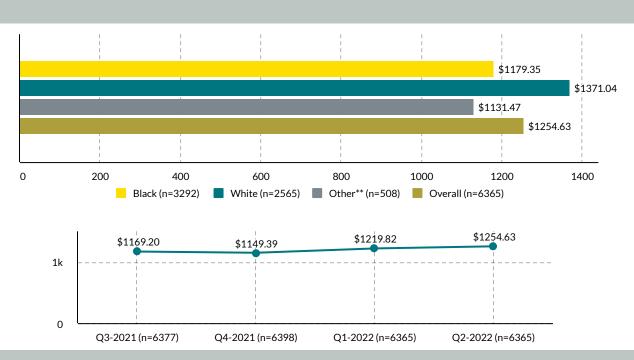


#### **Domain: Cost of Care**

Average Cost per Consumer per Month for Q1 by Race

"n" refers to an average of the number of unique consumers served per month for the quarter

Average Cost per Consumer per Month by Quarter



#### **Domain: Staff Well-Being**

Turnover

Staff Quality of Life

19.39%

CARS turnover rate

employees (per year)^^

achieve this, we are creating a bank of questions to be used in interviews to help identify candidates that best align with these goals and values. Turnover rate for government

It is a priority of CARS to ensure we are hiring a diverse talent pool with a focus

on candidates that have a commitment to equity, diversity and inclusion. To

#### **Metric Definitions**

Turnover

This measure examines the number of clients who received their first service at a CARS Access Point and then received a CARS Access to Services community service within 30 days, divided by the total clients who received their first service at a CARS Access Point. Average Age at Death Death data is reported as an aggregate of the past four quarters, with a one-quarter lag. Average age at death for all causes of death Benchmarks from 2019 Milwaukee County Mortality Data - Wisconsin Interactive Statistics on Health (WISH) Cause of Death Death data is reported as an aggregate of the past four quarters, with a one-quarter lag. Causes reported by the Milwaukee County Examiner when available. For those without an examiner report, cause of death reported by CARS is used. Change over time, through client enrollment, looks at clients who had their initial PPS within 60 days of enrollment and Change Over Time their follow-up PPS during the observation quarter. Some metrics are broken down by cohorts, which are determined by length of enrollment between their initial PPS and their latest PPS during the observation quarter. Implementation of the new, more succinct Client Experience has begun. The survey ranges from 4-10 questions, depending on Client Experience the program, and all questions range from 1="strongly disagree" to 5="strongly agree". The survey is currently being utilized in all CARS programs with the exception of CCS, CBRF, Adult Family Home, and Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT). The average cost per consumer per month within each quarter for CARS services received by CARS consumers (not including Cost of Care inpatient and crisis). This is not separated out by funding stream or limited to those dollars spent by Milwaukee County on these services. The "n" is an average of the unique number of consumers served per month for the 3 months in the observation quarter. Death Rate The CARS death rate has been adjusted to a rate per 100,000 to compare with Milwaukee County death data. ^^Comparison death data from Wisconsin Interactive Statistics on Health (WISH) data query system, 2019 mortality data Percent of current employment status of unique clients reported as "full or part time employment" or "supported competitive **Employment** employment" ^^Benchmark data from the SAMHSA Uniform Reporting System - Mental Health Community Services Block Grant 2020 State Summary Report Private Residence Percent of clients who reported their current living situation as a private residence. ^^Benchmark data from the SAMHSA Uniform Reporting System - Mental Health Community Services Block Grant 2020 State Summary Report Quality of Life This is a self-reported measure based on the question on the Comprehensive Assessment. Graphs shows the percentage of people that stated that their quality of life was "good" or "very good". Referrals Total number of referrals at community-based and internal Access Points per quarter. This is a self-reported measure based on the question on the Comprehensive Assessment. The graph shows the percentage of people Self-Rated Health that said that their physical health was "good", "very good" or "excellent". Benchmark from County Health Rankings

Turnover is calculated by looking at the total number of staff who have left over the previous four quarters, divided by the average number of employees per month, for the previous four quarters

^^Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

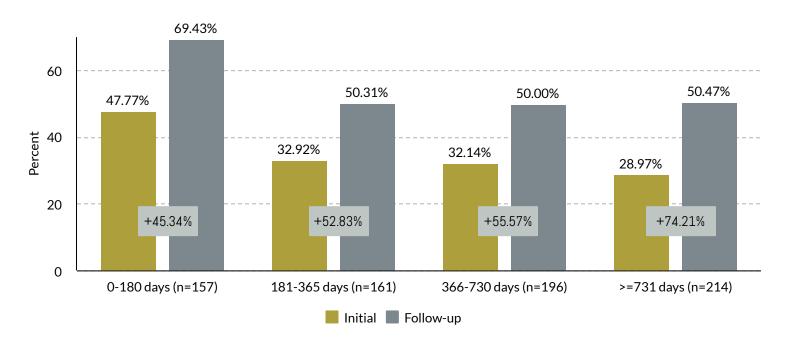
(https://www.bls.gov/news.release/jolts.t16.htm)

Volume Served Service volume has been consolidated into one category to avoid potential duplication of client counts due to involvement in both MH and AODA programs.

<sup>\*\*\*&</sup>quot;Other" encompasses small percentages of indicated racial identity including "Alaskan Native/American Indian", "Asian", "Biracial", "Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander", and "Other"

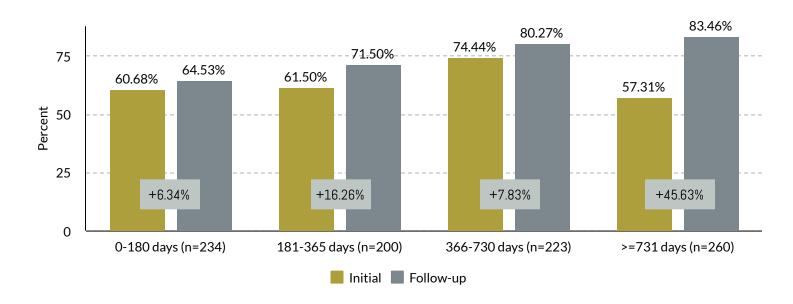
Percent of Clients selecting "Good" or "Very Good" Quality of Life by Length of Enrollment

The rates of improvement are relatively similar across the various cohorts with the exception of the longest term cohort experiencing the greatest levels of improvement.



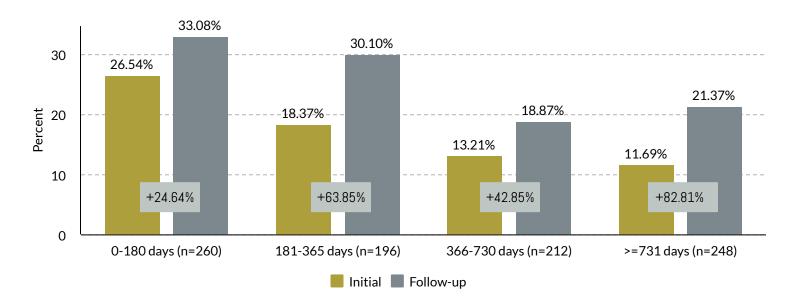
Percent of Clients with a Private Residence

Consistent with previous reports, clients enrolled longer appear to have higher rates of private residence than clients enrolled for shorter lengths of time.



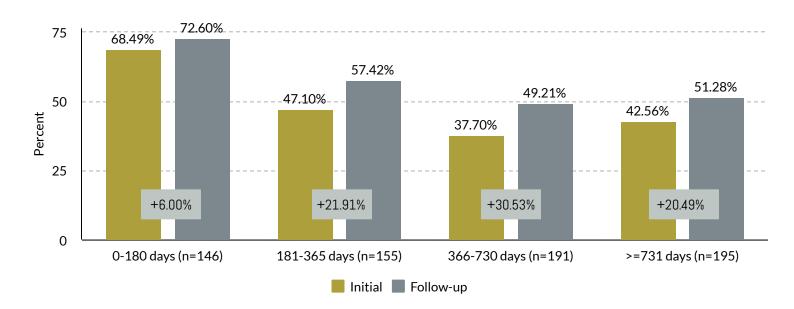
#### Percent of Clients Employed

Although the rates of change are higher in longer lengths of enrollment, this is likely due to a larger proportion of individuals in longer enrollment cohorts beginning their enrollments with lower rates of employment.



Percent of Clients selecting "Good", "Very Good" or "Excellent" Physical Health

This graph shows no clear trend in terms of rate of change between cohorts. Cohorts with longer enrollments did start with lower ratings of physical health, likely influencing their higher rates of change.



# BHSKPI Report Q2 2022

Children's Community Mental Health Services and Wraparound Milwaukee

## Report Overview



Unique Youth Served 1,946 Children's Community Mental Health Services and Wraparound Milwaukee is a unique system of care for children with serious emotional, behavioral, and mental health needs and their families.

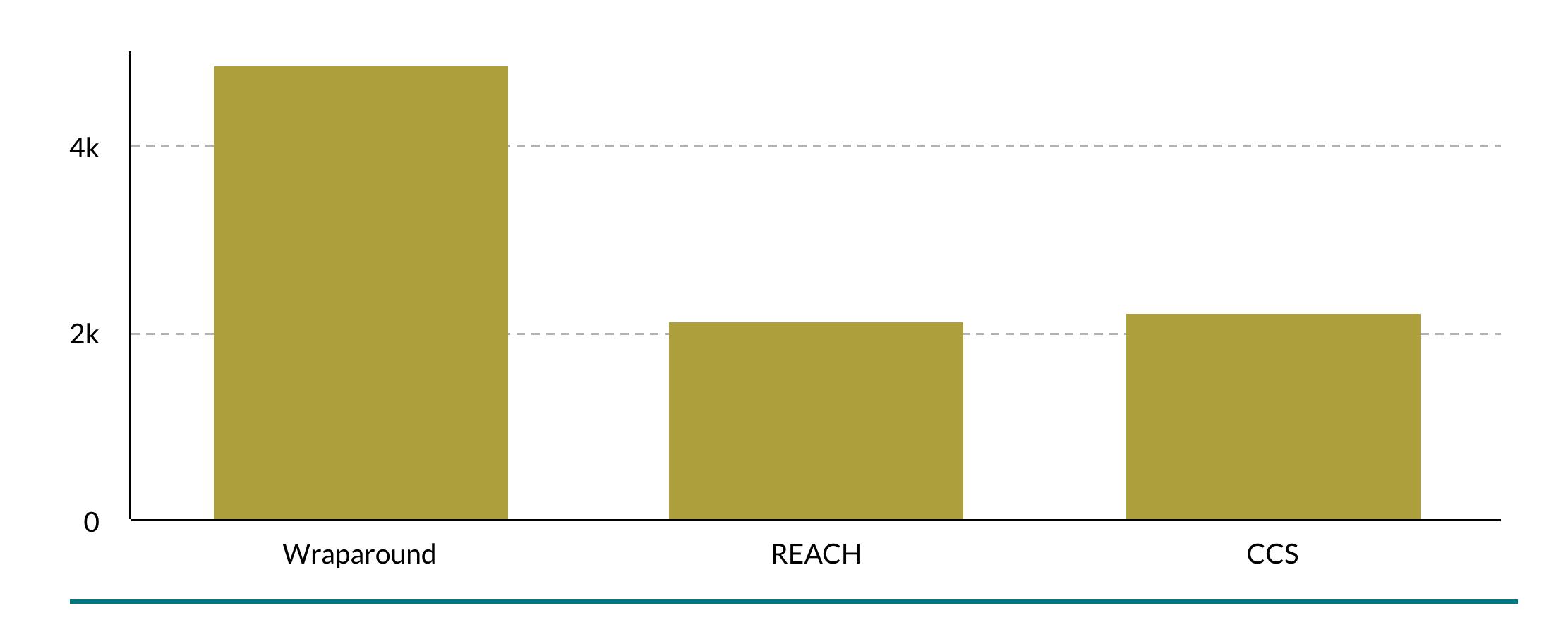
This report seeks to present information about quality care, costs, and outcomes framed by Wraparound values and DHHS values.

Average Cost of Care - average cost of care per family per month by program in the past quarter

**Population Health Metrics** - social support and out-of-home recidivism

Outcomes - overall satisfaction, permanency at discharge, natural supports, and how well youth/caregiver is doing at discharge, discharge dispositions

### Average Cost Per Youth



Wraparound **4,873** 

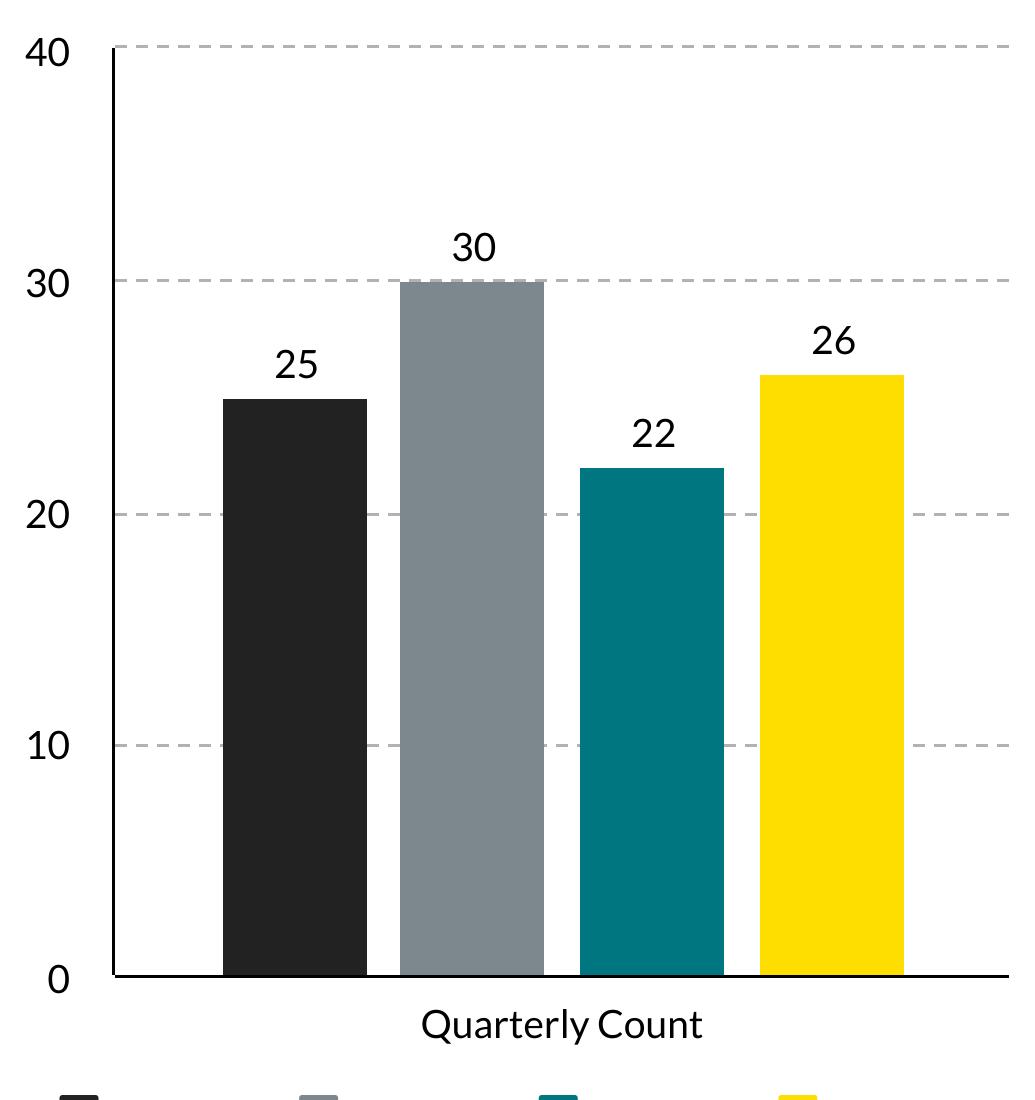
REACH
2,118

**2,226** 

Children's Community Mental Health Services and Wraparound Milwaukee BHD KPI Report

### Population Health

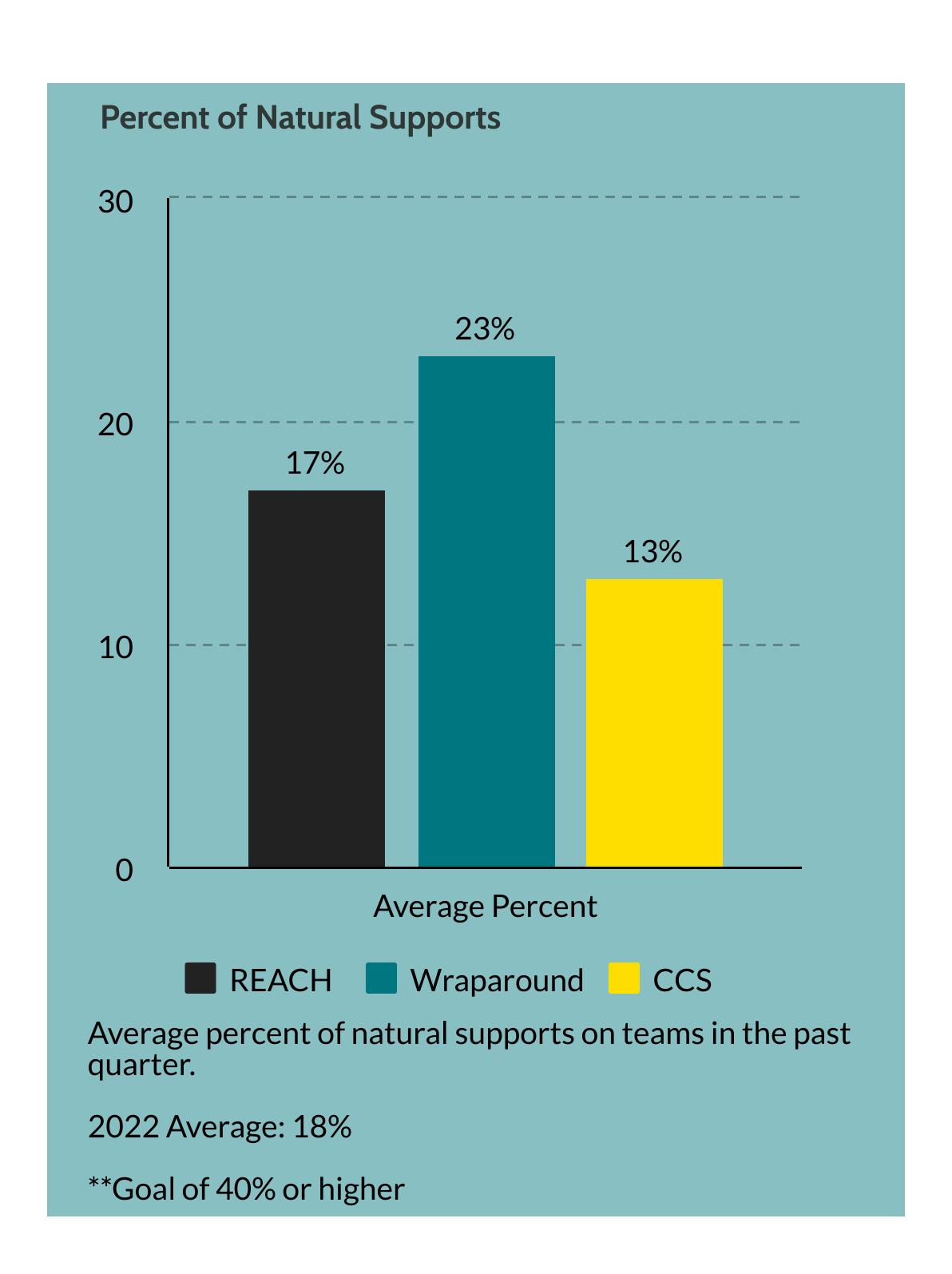
**Out of Home Recidivism Rate** 



Q3 2021 Q4 2021 Q1 2022 Q2 2022 Number of youth in Wraparound and REACH who moved from a home-type setting to an out of home type setting within each

quarter displayed.

2022 Average: 24 per quarter

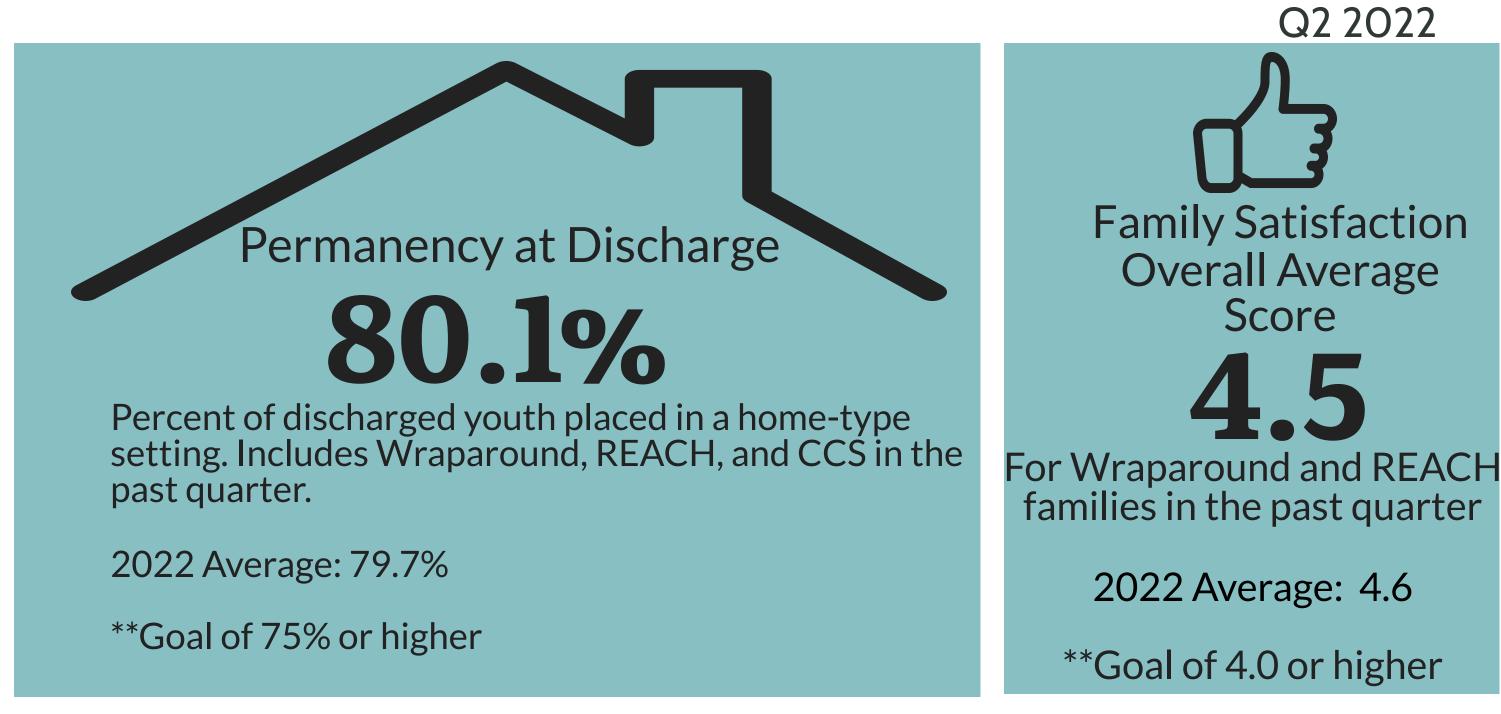


<sup>\*\*</sup>Goal of 30 or under per quarter

Children's Community Mental Health Services and Wraparound Milwaukee BHD KPI Report

### Outcomes





### Youth and Caregiver Perceptions

Q2 2022

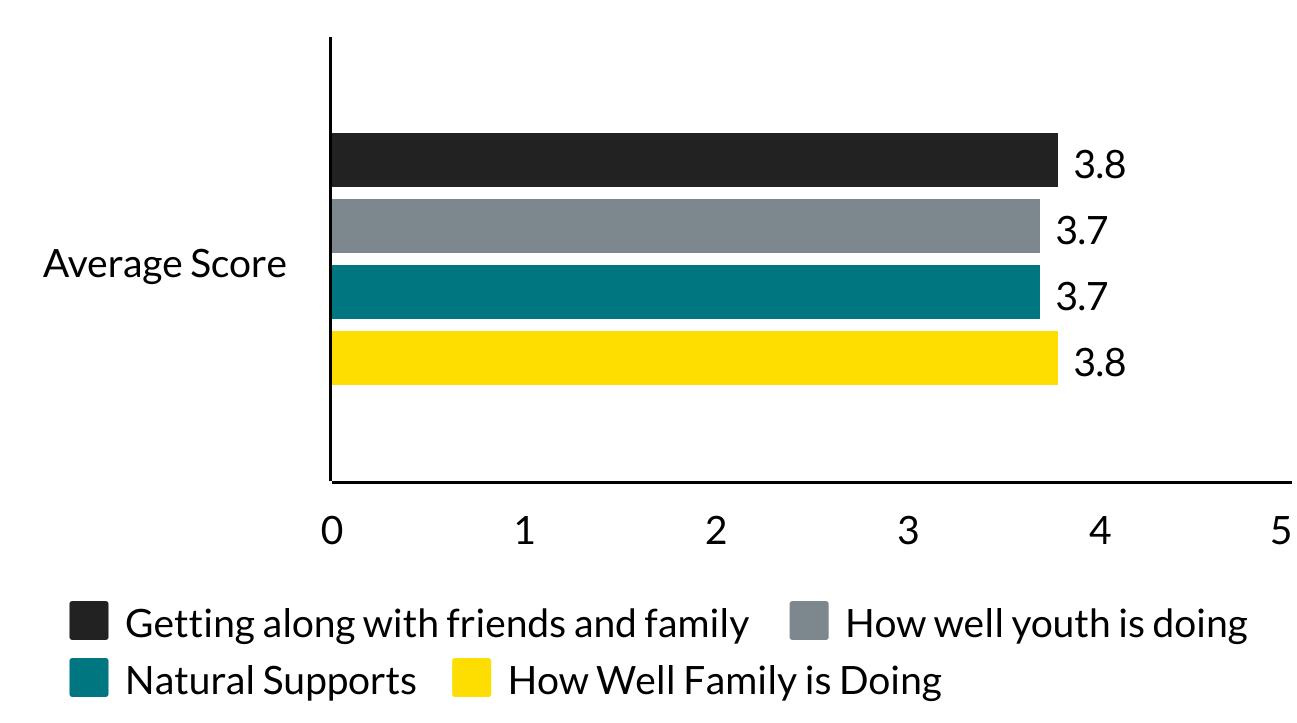
Family Satisfaction

Overall Average

Score

2022 Average: 4.6

\*\*Goal of 4.0 or higher

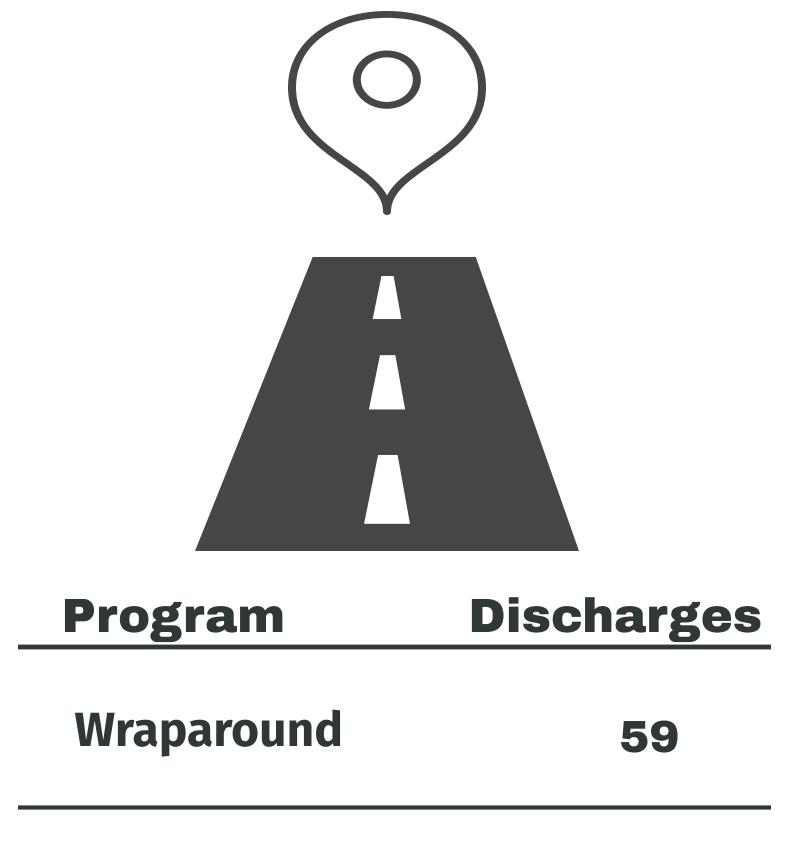


<sup>\*</sup>Scores are from voluntary disenrollment surveys given to caregivers and youth in Wraparound and REACH programs in the past quarter.

2022 Average: 4.0

<sup>\*\*</sup>Goal of 4.0 or higher for 'how well youth and family are doing'

## Discharge Outcomes

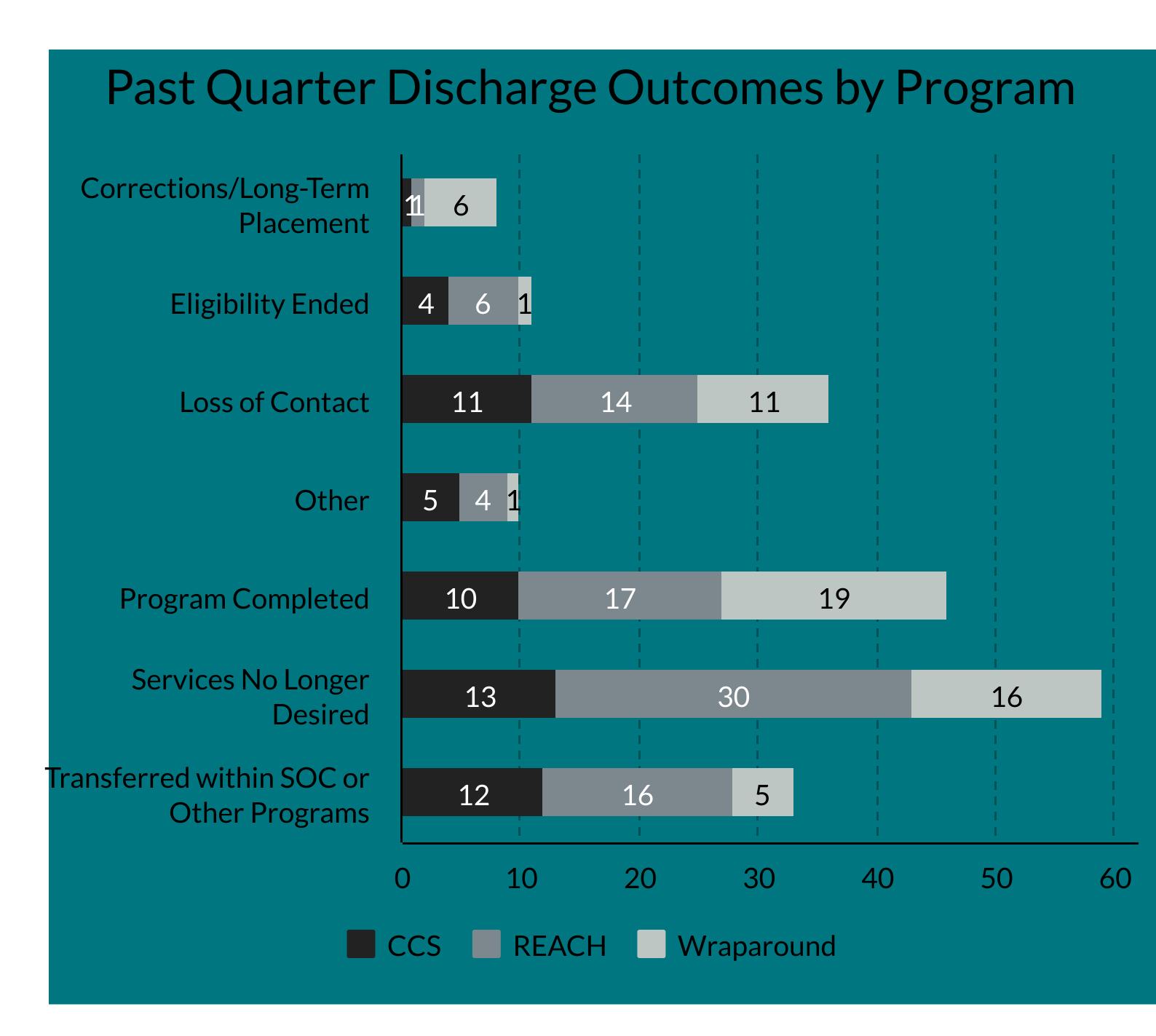


88

**56** 

**REACH** 

CCS



# The Community Access to Recovery Services – Assisted Outpatient Treatment (AOT) Program Using the Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) Fidelity Model

BY:

MELODY N. JOINER, AOT PROJECT DIRECTOR/MONITOR

### The Foundation of Assisted Outpatient Treatment

#### CONCEPT

- A way for civil courts and mental health systems to collaborate to service individuals with SMI caught in a repeated cycle of a psychiatric crisis
- AOT consumers have a history of inconsistent engagement with treatment, often due to diminished awareness of the need for treatment
- Aims to motivate and assist this population to engage in treatment and ensure the mental health system is attentive to their needs

#### **ESSENTIALS**

- Collaboration
  - Working relationship between civil court and treatment systems
- Establishing
  - Targeting a specific Participant Base
- Formalizing
  - Developing a specific legal process
- Provision of Care
  - Providing person-centered care

## The Assertive Community Treatment Fidelity Model

#### The Foundation

An evidence-based practice that uses a person-centered, recovery-based approach to offer:

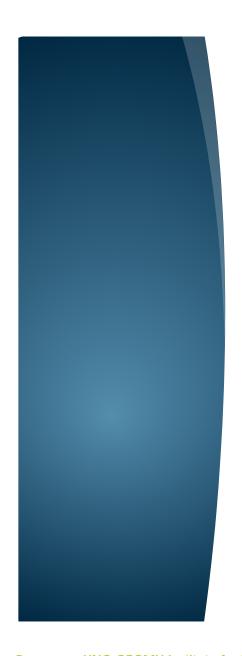
- Treatment
- Rehabilitation
- Support services

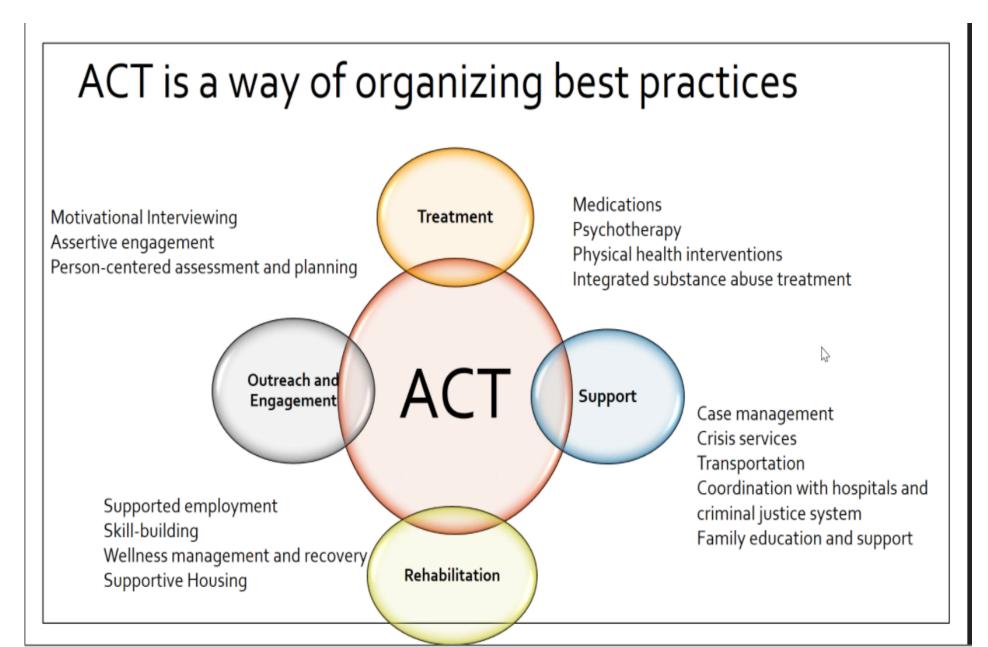
#### Key Principles

- Outreach
- Delivery of services in the community, holistic and integrated services
- Continuity of care

#### Characteristics

- A multidisciplinary team to provide a robust array of communitybased services
- Low client to staff ratios, no more than 10:1
- Providing intensive behavioral health services in the community
- Shared caseloads among team members
- 24/7/365 team availability to clients
- Direct provision of all services by team members vs. outsourcing services





## The Benefits of AOT/ACT That Could Impact Milwaukee County

Reduces hospitalizations

Reduces homelessness Reduces
violence, crime
and
victimization

Improves treatment compliance

Improves substance abuse treatment outcomes

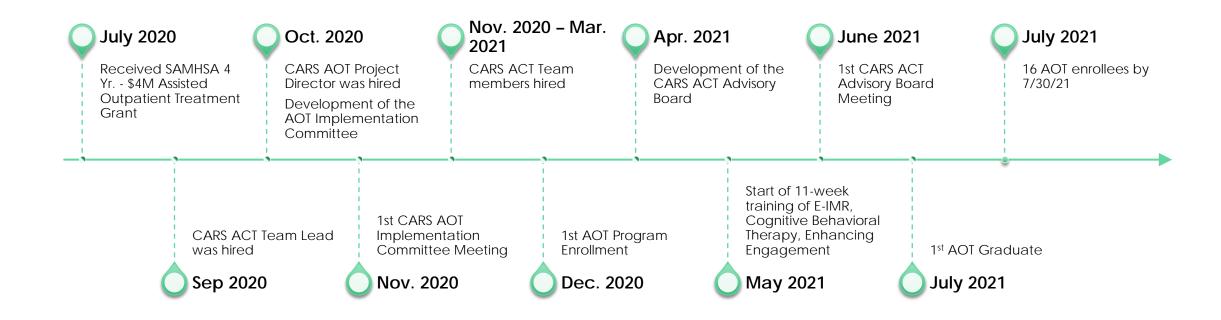
Reduces caregiver stress

Higher quality of life

Stigma reduction

**SAVE LIVES** 

## Milwaukee County's AOT/ACT Implementation Timeline - Year I



### CARS Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) TEAM

#### **ACT**

• ACT Team Lead - Kaelin Deprez

#### **ACT**

ACT Psychiatrist – Dr. M. Zincke

#### ACT

ACT RN – Gina Strehlow

#### **ACT**

 ACT Peer Specialist – Janine Schandel

#### **ACT**

ACT Co-Occurring
 Specialist – Yvette Mason

#### ACT

- ACT MH Clinicians -
- Maria Altadonna
- Amber Morris
- Sarah Nesbitt

#### **ACT**

 ACT Employment Specialist – Taylor Whitlow

#### **ACT**

 ACT Program Assistant – Monique Thomas

#### **ACT**

 ACT Clinical Intern Student (Master's level) – Jenna Acker

#### Uniqueness of the AOT/ACT Program

- An internal provider of BHS
- Targeting a specific population
- A dedicated full-fidelity ACT Team, who <u>ONLY</u> serves the AOT consumers
- Application of a high-fidelity treatment model embedded within the AOT/ACT Program
- A dedicated Crisis Line for AOT consumers monitored by the ACT Team that operates 24/7/365
- Oversight committees to identify, address and resolve programmatic/systematic issues in real time
  - AOT Implementation Committee
  - ACT Advisory Board

#### PROGRAM ENHANCEMENTS



Application of full-fidelity Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) Services Model



Implementation of Measurement-Based Care

Collecting consumer experience data on a monthly basis

Ability to run various reports to capture specific consumer and clinician data



**Expansion of ACT Team** 

2 additional MH Clinicians Master's level Clinical Intern RN (Year III)



Implementing evidencebased practices within treatment services

Cognitive Strategies
Enhancing Engagement
Enhanced Illness Management &
Recovery
Individual Placement Support

#### PROGRAM STATISTICS

- 40 unduplicated individuals have been enrolled in AOT since December 2020
  - 27 Active AOT Participants
  - ▶ 13 Program Graduates
    - Completion of court-ordered conditions without requesting a continued order extension
    - ▶ 7 consumers continue to work with the ACT Team voluntarily (54% of graduation rate)
    - ▶ 2 consumers were transferred to a different level of care (15%)
    - 2 consumers moved out of state (15%)
    - ▶ 2 consumers were later re-enrolled into AOT due to receiving a new involuntary court order (15%)

#### PRESENTATION CLOSEOUT

#### The implementation of AOT has allowed CARS to:

- Provide direct, intensive community-based behavioral health and supportive services to this targeted population
- Develop a high-fidelity service model for all community CSP agencies to adopt in the future.
  - Offer a series of evidenced-based practices training to the Milwaukee County CSP network
- Strengthen the communication and relationships among stakeholders of the civil court and behavioral health systems to address local issues and barriers regarding this level of service
- Hold the treatment team accountable to ensure participant engagement and respond to nonengagement
- Maximize the safety and well-being of both the participant and community by averting, or at least diminishing, the consequences of treatment non-adherence

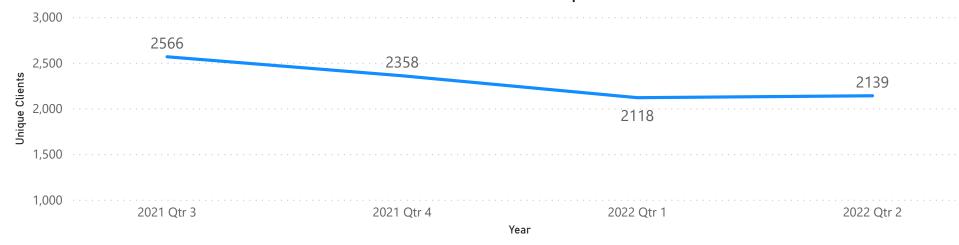


### QUESTIONS?



#### **Community Crisis Dashboard 2022 Q2**

#### 2021 Q3-2022 Q2 Crisis Service Unique Clients Served



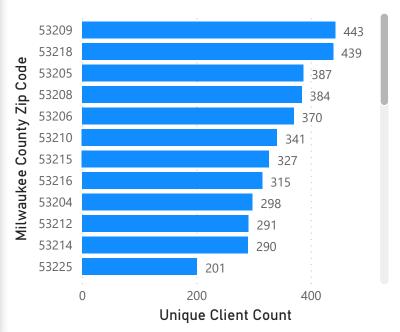
#### **Summary**

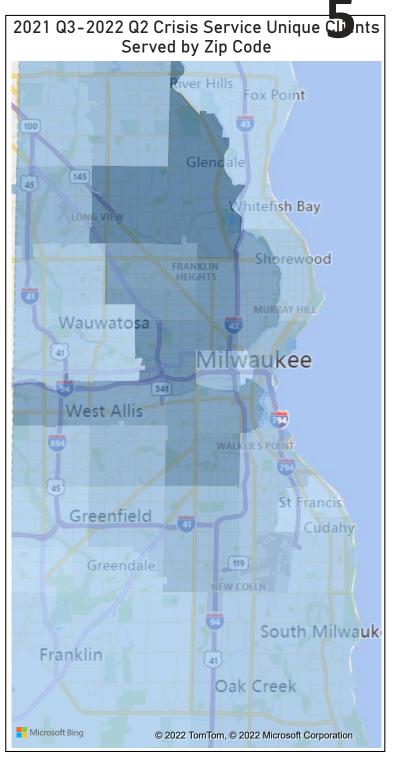
The Community Crisis Dashboard currently displays the volume of unique clients who received a community crisis service by zip code, race, gender, and ethnicity, along with average client experience scores (OCA, CLASP, CMT). This iteration of the dashboard includes an enhanced longitudinal view of the number of unique clients served over the last four quarters, disaggregated by race, gender, and ethnicity, as well as client experience scores over time, disaggregated by race. The department dashboard will expand over time to include additional process and outcome metrics. In particular, the next version of the dashboard will include data on rates of suicide ideation and behavior over time for a subset of the clients receiving community crisis services. We believe this will be a powerful and meaningful measure of the impact of crisis services on the safety and well being of the clients we serve.

\*This iteration of the Community Crisis Dashboard does not include hospital-based services (PCS/Observation), anonymous crisis line callers, or services provided by Impact Inc. on the Crisis Line.

\*\*Program dashboards are in development that will reflect service level information, including external crisis line services as provided by Impact, Inc. These should be available by the winter of 2022.

#### 2021 Q3-2022 Q2 Crisis Service Unique Clients Served by Zip Code - Top 12 Zip Codes



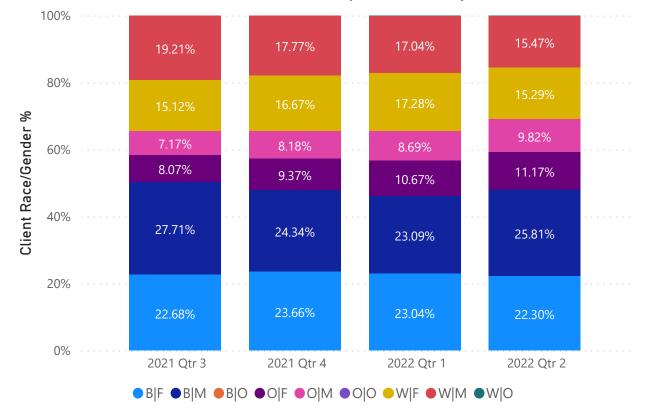


# 2021 Q3-2022 Q2 Crisis Service Client Experience Survey Scores Race Total Black Other White 4.8 4.8 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.7 4.4 4.43 4.45 4.41 4.48 4.41 4.2 4.0 2021 Q3 2021 Q3 2021 Q4 2022 Q1 2022 Q2

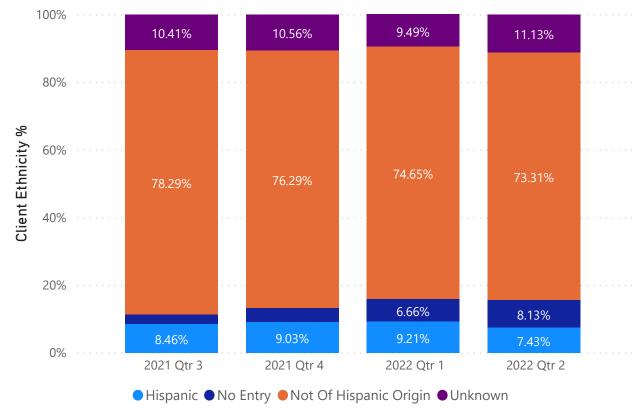
2021 Q3-2022 Q2 Crisis Service - Completed Client Experience Survey Count

Race	2021 Q3	2021 Q4	2022 Q1	2022 Q2
Total	78	92	49	55
Black	37	53	28	33
Other	12	12	8	9
White	29	27	13	13





#### 2021 Q3-2022 Q2 Crisis Service Unique Clients by Ethnicity





Good quality management aims to unite an organization's stakeholders in a common goal, improving processes, products, and services to achieve consistent success.





## Quality Management Strategy





## Quality Management Strategy

A well-functioning quality management system **prioritizes monitoring, evaluation and learning functions for accountability**. A centralized, structured, and reliable system will give means to:

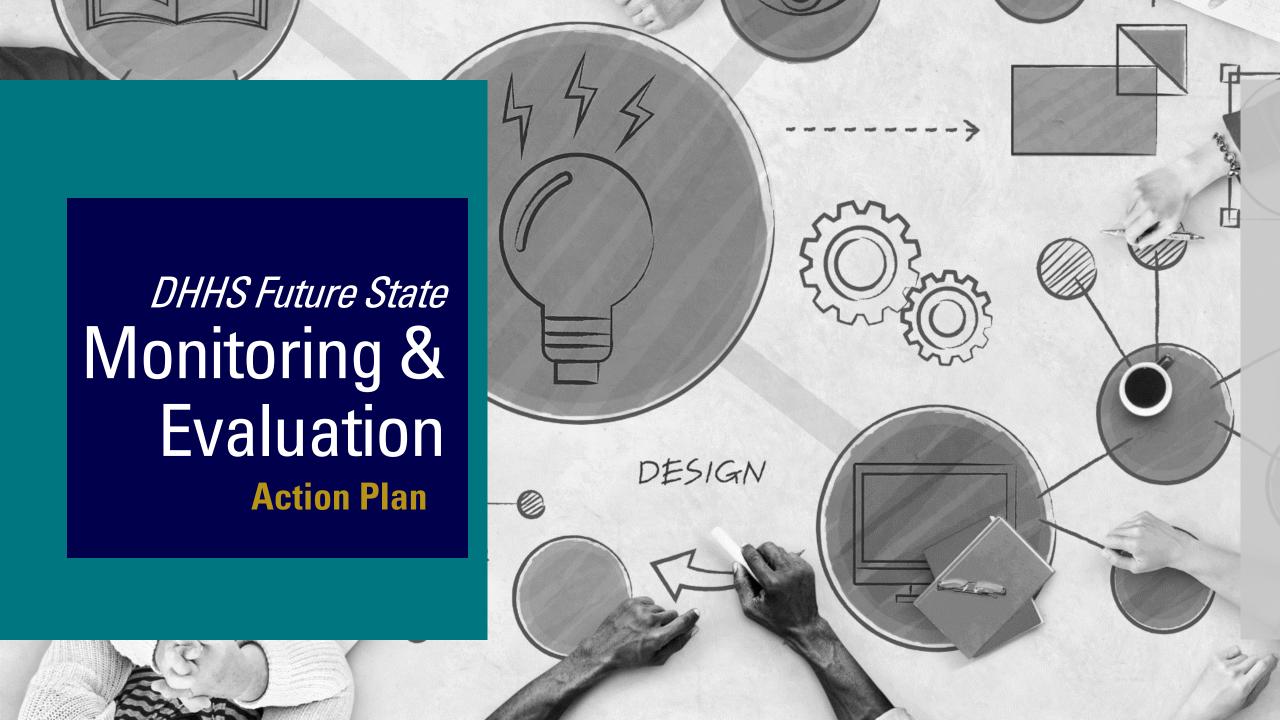
- Support program implementation
- Contribute to an organizational learning climate
- Ensure compliance and accountability
- Increase transparency and opportunity for organization transformation
- Promote and recognize accomplishments



## Successful quality management was never intended to be only one individual's responsibility.







#### M&E Action Plan | Phase 1: Building Infrastructure

Strengthen coordination across service areas

Execute frequent performance reviews

Enforce data quality management mechanism

**Build capacity** 







Psychiatric Crisis Service (PCS)

Target Key: Better Than Expected Expected Worse Than Expected

Quarter			Description	
Q1: Rate=7.5% Q2: Rate=10.1% Q3: Q4:	Rate=8.9%	Percent of patients returning to PCS within 3 days	Rate X < 7.8% X = 7.8% X > 7.8%	Rate=Count of client visits within 3 days of prior visit/Total client visits Q1: 110 readmissions within 3 days by 84 unique individuals Q2: 165 readmissions within 3 days by 91 unique individuals Q3: Q4:
Q1: Rate=20.8% Q2: Rate=27.5% Q3: Q4:	Rate=24.3%	Percent of patients returning to PCS within 30 days	Rate	Rate=Count of client visits within 30 days of prior visit/Total client visits Q1: 307 readmissions within 30 days by 180 unique individuals Q2: 448 readmissions within 30 days by 203 unique individuals Q3: Q4:
Q1: Rate=1.4 (n=2) Q2: Rate=0.6 (n=1) Q3: Q4:	Rate=1.0 (n=3)	Behavioral Codes (Code 1)	Rate	Rate=Behavioral codes per 1,000 PCS visits The objective of this metric is to not only to monitor the quantity/rate of codes called resulting in further treatment (Restraint and Seclusion).
Q1: Rate=0.7 (n=1) Q2: Rate=0.0 (n=0) Q3: Q4:	Rate=0.3 (n=1)	Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient	Incidents Zero 2 or Less > 2	Rate=Pt/Pt physical aggression incidents per 1,000 PCS visits.
Q1: Rate=0.7 (n=1) Q2: Rate=1.8 (n=3) Q3: Q4:	Rate=1.3 (n=4)	Physical Aggression - Patient/Staff	Incidents Zero 2 or Less > 2	Rate=Pt/Staff physical aggression incidents per 1,000 PCS visits.
Q1: Rate=0.0 (n=0) Q2: Rate=0.0 (n=0) Q3: Q4:	Rate=0.0 (n=0)	Patient Elopement	Incidents Zero 2 or Less > 2	Rate = Patient elopements per 1,000 PCS visits  BHD's current Elopement definition: Patient eloped from locked unit and returned within the building or patient eloped from locked unit and exited the building.

				Joint Commission's elopement definition = unauthorized departure, of a patient from an around-the-clock care setting.
Q1: Rate=0.6 (n=1) Q2: Rate=1.2 (n=2) Q3: Q4:	Rate=1.0 (n=3)	Patient Self Injurious Behavior	Incidents Zero  1 2 2	Rate=Patient Self Injurious Behavior Incidents per 1,000 PCS visits
Q1: Rate=27.2 (n=3) Q2: Rate=8.2 (n=1) Q3: Q4:	Rate=17.2 (n=4)	Medication Errors	Rate	Rate=Medication Errors per 10,000 Doses Dispensed In 2022, PCS had (3) omitted doses, and (1) Incorrect administration protocol.



Acute Adult
Inpatient Service

Target Key: Better Than Expected Expected Worse Than Expected

Quarter	YTD	Quality Indicator	Threshold	Description
Q1: Rate=2.2% (n=3) Q2: Rate=3.2% (n=4) Q3: Q4:	2.7% (n=7)	Percent of patients returning to Acute Adult within 7 days	Rate	Rate=Percent of patient admissions occurring within 7 days of patient's prior discharge from the program
Q1: Rate=5.9% (n=8) Q2: Rate=10.4% (n=13) Q3: Q4:	8.1% (n=21)	Percent of patients returning to Acute Adult within 30 days	Rate X < 9.6% X = 9.6% X > 9.6%	Rate=Percent of patient admissions occurring within 30 days of patient's prior discharge from the program
Q1: 61.6% positive Q2: 81.1% positive Q3: Q4:	70.2%	Percent of patients responding positively to MHSIP satisfaction survey	Rate	Rate=Percent of patients selecting "Agree" or "Strongly Agree" to all survey items Q1: 39 completed surveys (29% response rate) Q2: 30 completed surveys (24% response rate) Q3: Q4:
Q1: 41.7% positive Q2: 62.1% positive Q3: Q4:	50.8%	If I had a choice of hospitals, I would still choose this one. (MHSIP Survey)	Rate X > 65% X = 65% X < 65%	Rate=Percent of patients selecting "Agree" or "Strongly Agree" to survey item Q1: 39 completed surveys (29% response rate) Q2: 30 completed surveys (24% response rate) Q3: Q4:
Q1: Rate=5.4 (n=10) Q2: Rate=20.9 (n=38) Q3: Q4:	Rate=13.1 (n=48)	Behavioral Codes	Rate X < 9.2 X = 9.2 X > 9.2	Rate=Behavioral codes per 1,000 patient days The objective of this metric is to not only to monitor the quantity/rate of codes called resulting in further treatment (Restraint and Seclusion).  43A Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0 43B Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0 43C Incidents - Q1: 3 Q2: 29
Q1: Rate=5.4 (n=10) Q2: Rate=6.1 (n=11) Q3: Q4:	Rate=5.7 (n=21)	Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient	Rate X < 2.9 X = 2.9 X > 2.9	43D Incidents - Q1: 7 Q2: 9  Rate=Pt/Pt physical aggression incidents per 1,000 patient days  43A Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0  43B Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0  43C Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 5  43D Incidents - Q1: 10 Q2: 6
Q1: Rate=6.5 (n=12) Q2: Rate=4.4 (n=8) Q3: Q4:	Rate=5.5 (n=20)	Physical Aggression - Patient/Staff	Rate X < 2.9 X = 2.9 X > 2.9	Rate=Pt/Staff physical aggression incidents per 1,000 patient days 43A Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0 43B Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0 43C Incidents - Q1: 7 Q2: 3 43D Incidents - Q1: 5 Q2: 5

	_		Incidents	Rate=Patient elopements per 1,000 patient days
		Patient Elopement	Zero	43A Incidents - Q1: 0
Q1: Rate=1.1 (n=2)	Rate=0.5			43B Incidents - Q1: 0
Q2: Rate=0.0 (n=0)	(n=2)		1	43C Incidents - Q1: (1) patient eloped after staff
Q3:			. 2	entered through unit door, brought back safely by
Q4:			> 2	staff.
Q4.				43D Incidents - Q1: (1) patient broke dining room
				door, eloped from building, found by nearby police
				and brought back safely.
			Incidents	Rate=Patient Self Injurious Behavior Incidents per
		Patient Self Injurious	Zero	1,000 patient days
O1: Pata 0 0 (n 0)	Rate=0.5	Behavior		43A Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0
Q1: Rate=0.0 (n=0)		Dellavioi	1	
Q2: Rate=1.1 (n=2)	(n=2)			43B Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0
Q3:			> 2	43C Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 1
Q4:			_	43D Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 1
_	_		Rate	Rate=Medication errors per 10,000 administered
		Medication Errors	X < 1.1	doses
Q1: Rate=17.6 (n=26)	Rate=12.8			43A Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0
Q2: Rate=8.3 (n=13)	(n=39)		X = 1.1	43B Incidents - Q1: 0 Q2: 0
Q3:			V. 4.4	43C Incidents - Q1: 11 Q2: 3
Q4:			X > 1.1	43D Incidents - Q1: 15 Q2: 10
Q4.				In 2022, Acute Adult's medication errors were:
				Omitted dose (29), Incorrect dose (4), Incorrect
				patient (3), Incorrect medications (1), Therapeutic
				duplication (1), Medication known allergen to
			Data	patient (1).
_			Rate	Rate=Hours that patients spent in physical restraints
_		HBIPS 2 - Hours of	X < .26	for every 1,000 hours of patient care
Q1: Rate=.41 (18.3 hrs)	.60	Physical Restraint	X = .26	43A - Q1: 0.0 hrs Q2: 0.0 hrs
Q2: Rate=.80 (34.7 hrs)	(53.0 hrs)	Rate	X = .20	43B - Q1: 0.0 hrs Q2: 0.0 hrs
Q3:			X > .26	43C - Q1: 7.1 hrs Q2: 18.0 hrs
Q4:			X > .20	
				43D - Q1: 11.2 hrs Q2: 16.7 hrs
			Rate	Rate=Hours that patients spent in seclusion for
_		HBIPS 3 - Hours of	X < .25	every 1,000 hours of patient care
	24		X 1.23	every 1,000 flours of patient care
Q1: Rate=.20 (8.8 hrs)	.34	Locked Seclusion Rate	X = .25	43A - Q1: 0.0 hrs Q2: 0.0 hrs
Q2: Rate=.49 (21.2 hrs)	(30.0 hrs)			43B - Q1: 0.0 hrs Q2: 0.0 hrs
Q3:			X > .25	43C - Q1: 4.4 hrs Q2: 20.9 hrs
Q4:				43D - Q1: 4.3 hrs Q2: 0.4 hrs
			Pato	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
_		LIDIDG 4 D .:	Rate X < 9.5%	Rate=Percent of patients discharged from an
_	99.50	HBIPS 4 - Patients	A < 9.5%	inpatient psychiatric facility on 2 or more
Q1: Rate=16% (n=22)	23.5%	discharged on	X = 9.5%	antipsychotic medications
Q2: Rate=31% (n=39)	(n=61)	multiple antipsychotic	A - 9.5%	
Q3:		medications	X > 9.5%	
Q4:			N > 3.3/0	
1				
		HBIPS 5 - Patients	Rate	Pato-Parcent of nationts discharged from an
			X > 65%	Rate=Percent of patients discharged from an
	9.5.5	discharged on	A > 03%	inpatient psychiatric facility on 2 or more
Q1: Rate=95% (n=21)	86.9%	multiple antipsychotic	X = 65%	antipsychotic medications with appropriate
Q2: Rate=82% (n=32)	(n=53)	medications with	X = 03/0	justification
Q3:		appropriate	X < 65%	
Q4:		justification		
	1	1	<u> </u>	



 Child Adolescent Inpatient Service (CAIS)

 Quarter
 YTD
 Quality Indicator
 Threshold
 Description

 Percent of patients
 Rate
 X < 5.0%</td>
 Rate=Percent of patient admissions occurring within

Quarter	YIV	Quality indicator	Inresnoia	Description
Q1: 3.7% (n=3) Q2: 0.0% (n=0) Q3: Q4:	Rate=1.7% (n=3)	Percent of patients returning to CAIS within 7 days	Rate X < 5.0% X = 5.0% X > 5.0%	Rate=Percent of patient admissions occurring within 7 days of patient's prior discharge from the program
Q1: 6.2% (n=5) Q2: 5.4% (n=5) Q3: Q4:	Rate=5.8% (n=10)	Percent of patients returning to CAIS within 30 days	Rate	Rate=Percent of patient admissions occurring within 30 days of patient's prior discharge from the program
Q1: 72.0% positive Q2: 76.8% positive Q3: Q4:	74.3%	Percent of patients responding positively to satisfaction survey	Rate	Rate=Percent of patients selecting "Agree" and "Strongly Agree" to all survey items Q1: 17 completed surveys (28% response rate) Q2: 15 completed surveys (22% response rate) Q3: Q4:
Q1: 70.6% positive Q2: 73.3% positive Q3: Q4:	71.9%	Overall, I am satisfied with the services I received. (CAIS Youth Survey)	Rate	Rate=Percent of patients selecting "Agree" and "Strongly Agree" to survey item Q1: 17 completed surveys (28% response rate) Q2: 15 completed surveys (22% response rate) Q3: Q4:
Q1: Rate=4.8 (n=2) Q2: Rate=2.2 (n=1) Q3: Q4:	Rate=3.5 (n=3)	Behavioral Codes (Code 1)	Rate	The objective of this metric is to not only to monitor the quantity of codes but of the codes called and how many of them resulted in further treatment with restraint and/or seclusion.
Q1: Rate=2.4 (n=1) Q2: Rate=0.0 (n=0) Q3: Q4:	Rate=1.2 (n=1)	Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient	Incidents Zero 2 or Less > 2	Rate=Pt/Pt physical aggression incidents per 1,000 patient days
Q1: Rate=9.6 (n=4) Q2: Rate=2.2 (n=1) Q3: Q4:	Rate=5.8 (n=5)	Physical Aggression - Patient/Staff	Incidents Zero 2 or Less > 2	Rate=Pt/Staff physical aggression incidents per 1,000 patient days

Q1: Rate=0.0 (n=0) Q2: Rate=0.0 (n=0) Q3:	Rate=0.0 (n=0)	Patient Elopement	Incidents Zero  1 2	Rate=Patient elopements per 1,000 patient days
Q4: Q1: Rate=4.8 (n=2) Q2: Rate=9.0 (n=4) Q3: Q4:	Rate=7.0 (n=6)	Patient Self Injurious Behavior	Incidents Zero  1 2 2	Rate=Patient self-injurious behavior Incidents per 1,000 patient days
Q1: Rate=5.0 (n=1) Q2: Rate=5.3 (n=1) Q3: Q4:	Rate=5.1 (n=2)	Medication Errors	Rate X < 1.1 X = 1.1 X > 1.1	Rate=Medication errors per 10,000 doses administered In 2022, CAIS had (2) Omitted doses.
Q1: Rate=.78 (7.8 hrs) Q2: Rate=.54 (5.8 hrs) Q3: Q4:	.66 (13.6 hrs)	HBIPS 2 - Hours of Physical Restraint Rate	Rate X < .26 X = .26 X > .26	Rate=Hours that patients spent in physical restraints for every 1,000 hours of patient care
Q1: Rate=.07 (0.8 hrs) Q2: Rate=.26 (2.8 hrs) Q3: Q4:	.17 (3.5 hrs)	HBIPS 3 - Hours of Locked Seclusion Rate	Rate	Rate=Hours that patients spent in seclusion for every 1,000 hours of patient care
Q1: Rate=0.0% (n=0) Q2: Rate=2.2% (n=2) Q3: Q4:	1.2% (n=2)	HBIPS 4 - Patients discharged on multiple antipsychotic medications	Rate	Rate=Percent of patients discharged from an inpatient psychiatric facility on 2 or more antipsychotic medications
Q1: Q2: 100.0% (n=2) Q3: Q4:	100.0% (n=2)	HBIPS 5 - Patients discharged on multiple antipsychotic medications with appropriate justification	Rate	Rate=Percent of patients discharged from an inpatient psychiatric facility on 2 or more antipsychotic medications with appropriate justification



Acute Inpatient
Performance Measures
Reported to CMS

Target Key: Better Than Expected Expected Worse Than Expected

Quarter	YTD	Quality Indicator	Threshold	Description
Q1: Rate=.48 (26.1 hrs) Q2: Rate=.75 (40.5 hrs) Q3: Q4:	.61 (66.6 hrs)	HBIPS 2 - Hours of Physical Restraint Rate	X < .26 X = .26 X > .26	Rate=Hours that patients spent in physical restraints for every 1,000 hours of patient care
Q1: Rate=.17 (9.5 hrs) Q2: Rate=.44 (24.0 hrs) Q3: Q4:	.31 (33.5 hrs)	HBIPS 3 - Hours of Locked Seclusion Rate	Rate X < .25 X = .25 X > .25	Rate=Hours that patients spent in seclusion for every 1,000 hours of patient care
Q1: 95% (n=21) Q2: 82% (n=32) Q3: Q4:	87% (n=53)	HBIPS 5 - Patients discharged on multiple antipsychotic medications with appropriate justification	Rate	Rate=Patients discharged from an inpatient psychiatric facility on 2 or more antipsychotic medications with appropriate justification
Q1: 87% (n=137) Q2: 86% (n=128) Q3: Q4:	87% (n=265)	Screening for metabolic disorders	Rate	Rate=Patients discharged on antipsychotic medications who had a body mass index, blood pressure, blood sugar, and cholesterol level screenings in the past year
Q1: 51% (n=110) Q2: N/A Q3: Q4:	51% (n=110)	Patient influenza immunization	Rate	Rate=Patients assessed and given influenza vaccination (flu season time period 10/1 – 3/31)
Q1: 100% (n=29) Q2: 100% (n=18) Q3: Q4:	100% (n=47)	SUB 2 - Alcohol use brief intervention provided or offered	Rate	Rate=Patients with alcohol abuse who received or refused a brief intervention during their inpatient stay.
Q1: 83% (n=24) Q2: 83% (n=15) Q3: Q4:	83% (n=39)	SUB 2a - Alcohol use brief intervention provided	Rate	Rate=Patients with alcohol abuse who received a brief intervention during their inpatient stay.

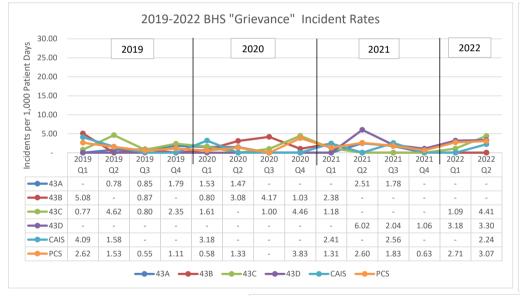
			Rate	Rate=Patients who screened positive for an alcohol
		SUB 3 - Alcohol and	X > 75%	or substance abuse disorder during their inpatient
Q1: 95% (n=80)	96%	other drug use	X = 75%	stay who, at discharge, either; received or refused a
Q2: 97% (n=57)	(n=137)	disorder treatment provided or offered at	X = 7370	prescription for medications to treat their alcohol or drug use disorder, or received or refused a referral
Q3: Q4:		discharge	X < 75%	for addiction treatment
Q4.		a.soa.ge	Rate	Rate=Patients who screened positive for an alcohol
		SUB 3a - Alcohol and	X > 63%	or substance abuse disorder during their inpatient
Q1: 39% (n=33)	46%	other drug use		stay who, at discharge, either; received a
Q2: 56% (n=33)	(n=66)	disorder treatment at	X = 63%	prescription for medications to treat their alcohol or
Q3:		discharge	X < 63%	drug use disorder, or received a referral for addiction treatment
Q4:			Rate	addiction treatment
		TOB 2 - Tobacco use	X > 81%	Rate=Patients who use tobacco and who received or
Q1: 98% (n=54)	94%	treatment provided or		refused counseling to quit and received or refused
Q2: 90% (n=54)	(n=108)	offered	X = 81%	medications to help them quit tobacco during their
Q3:			X < 81%	hospital stay
Q4:				
		TOD 3- T-b	Rate X > 45%	Rate=Patients who use tobacco and who received
01.050//- 47\	83%	TOB 2a - Tobacco use treatment (during the	X > 43/0	counseling to quit and received medications to help them quit tobacco during their hospital stay
Q1: 85% (n=47) Q2: 82% (n=49)	(n=96)	hospital stay)	X = 45%	them quit tobacco during their nospital stay
Q3:	, ,	, ,,	X < 45%	
Q4:			X \ 4370	
		TOD 3. Tabasas usa	Rate X > 61%	Rate=Patients who use tobacco and at discharge
O1: 180/ (n. 10)	14%	TOB 3 - Tobacco use treatment provided or	X > 0170	received or refused a referral for outpatient counseling AND received or refused a prescription
Q1: 18% (n=10) Q2: 10% (n=6)	(n=16)	offered at discharge	X = 61%	for medications to help them quit.
Q3:	, ,		X < 61%	
Q4:			X 10170	
			Rate	Rate=Patients who use tobacco and at discharge
		TOB 3a - Tobacco use	X > 22%	received a referral for outpatient counseling AND
Q1: 3% (n=2)	2% (n=2)	treatment provided at discharge	X = 22%	received a prescription for medications to help them
Q2: 0% (n=0) Q3:	(11–2)	discharge		quit
Q4:			X < 22%	
			Rate	Rate=Patients hospitalized for mental illness who
		FUH 30 - Follow-up	X > 49.5%	received follow-up care from an outpatient mental
2018: 29.4%		after hospitalization	X = 49.5%	healthcare provider within 30 days of discharge.
2019: 27.9%		for mental illness		CMS calculates this measure based on Medicare
2020: 27.3%			X < 49.5%	claims data and reports BHD's performance on the https://data.medicare.gov/data/hospital-compare
				website annually.
			Rate	Rate=Patients hospitalized for mental illness who
		FUH 7 - Follow-up	X > 27.9%	received follow-up care from an outpatient mental
2018: 5.9%		after hospitalization	X = 27.9%	healthcare provider within 7 days of discharge.
		for mental illness		
2020. 0.1/0			X < 27.9%	
				website annually.
2019: 8.1% 2020: 6.1%		for mental illness	X < 27.9%	CMS calculates this measure based on Medicare claims data and reports BHD's performance on the <a href="https://data.medicare.gov/data/hospital-compare">https://data.medicare.gov/data/hospital-compare</a> website annually.

2018: 19.4% 2019: 18.6% 2020: 17.5% CMS reports BHD is "no different than the national rate"	READMN 30 IPF - 30 day all cause unplanned readmission following psychiatric hospitalization in an inpatient psychiatric facility (IPF)	X < 20.2%  X = 20.2%  X > 20.2%	Rate=Patients readmitted to any hospital within 30 days of discharge from the inpatient psychiatric facility CMS calculates this measure based on Medicare claims data and reports BHD's performance on the <a href="https://data.medicare.gov/data/hospital-compare">https://data.medicare.gov/data/hospital-compare</a> website annually.
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#### **2022 BHS Reported Incidents** Time Period: 1/1/22-6/30/22 Unit Total 43D Other Areas **Incident Category** 43C CAIS PCS Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Total % Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Total % % % % % % % 3.1% 9.6% 5.1% Behavior 0.0% 0.0% 2 4 3.5% 5.1% 7 1 2 5.1% 6 12 18 12.3% 10.8% 16 6.8% 0.0% 13 14.0% 22.0% 5 5.1% 30 13 43 0.0% 7 7 13 Device, Equipment or Supply 2 2 0.0% 0.0% Diagnostic tests (labs/radiology/EKG) 0.0% O 0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1.5% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% 20.5% 2.8% Elopement 0.0% 5 10 1 1 1 3 8 7 3 7.7% 10 8.8% 1.4% 0.0% 4 13 17 4.8% Falls 0.0% 0.0% 3 1.7% 1 2 1 1 1 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% Fire O 0% 0.0% 0.0% 0 0% 12.3% 100.0% 7.7% 5.3% 1.7% 9 25.6% 12 20 9.1% Grievances 1 0.0% 5 3 10 32 1 4 3 6 1 1 4 Medical Emergency 0.0% 0.9% 2 2.7% 0.9% 0.09 n n% 1 0.0% 1 0.0% 2 1 3 1 1 21.5% 25 3.4% 4 5.5% 5.1% 13.4% Medication 0.0% 0.0% 11 14 15 21.9% 1 32 15 47 3 10 2 1 2 2 Other 0.0% 0.0% 2 12.3% 9 7.9% 3 10 16.9% 19 21 28.8% 8 15 38.5% 20 43 63 17.9% 5 6 2 0.0% 15.4% 10 8.8% 8.5% 4 5.5% 0.0% 17 12 29 8.3% Physical Aggression - Patient/Employee 0.0% 7 10 4 5 3 3 16 1 1.4% 0.0% 12 11 6.6% Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient 0.0% 7.7% 14.0% 1 1.7% 23 0.0% 5 10 1 4 0.0% 7.7% 8 7.0% 6 5.5% 0.0% 16 9 25 7.1% 0.0% 8 13.6% Property Damage 2 3 5 2 3 3.1% 2.6% 3 0.0% 3 8.5% 4.1% 0.0% 3.7% Search and seizure 0.0% 3 7 6 13 2 2 2 5 2 1 0.0% 0.0% 2.6% 6.8% 7 9.6% 0.0% 10 4.0% Security/Property 0.0% 3 4 4 4 14 1.5% 0.9% 3 4.1% 3.1% Self Injurious Behavior 0.0% 0.0% 1 2 6 10.2% 2 0.0% 3 8 11 1 1 Sexual Contact 0.0% O 0% 0.0% 0.0% O 09 0 0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.9% 0.0% 1.4% 0.0% 0.6% Sexually Inappropriate Behavior n n% 1 1 2 2 0.3% Suicide Attempt 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 1 1.4% 0.0% 1 1 59 100.0%

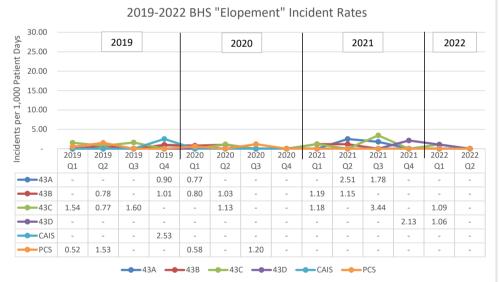
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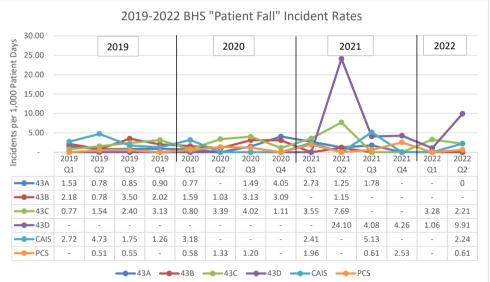
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Total



114 100.0%

31 28



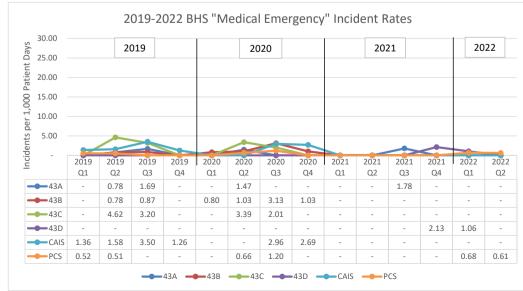
39 100.0%

175 176

351 100.0%

73 100.0%

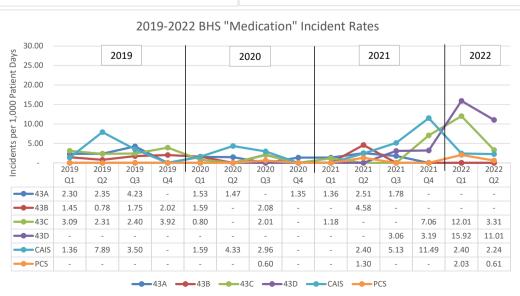
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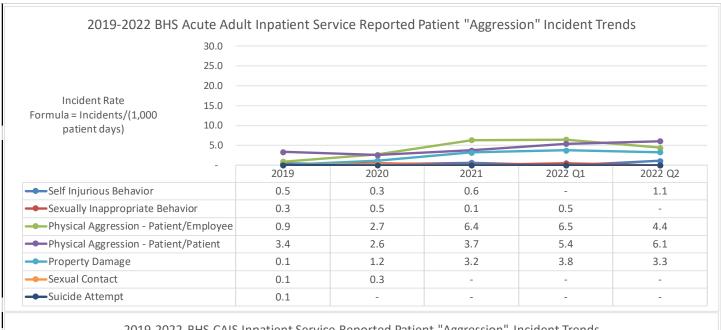
29 -

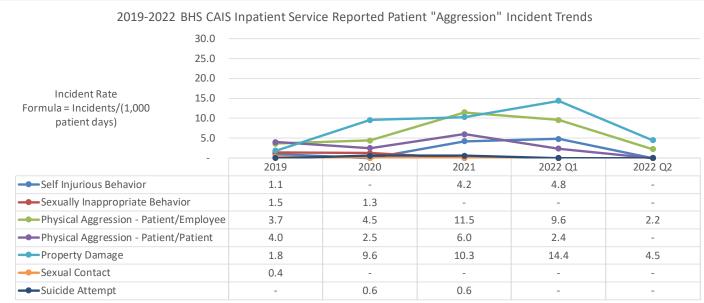
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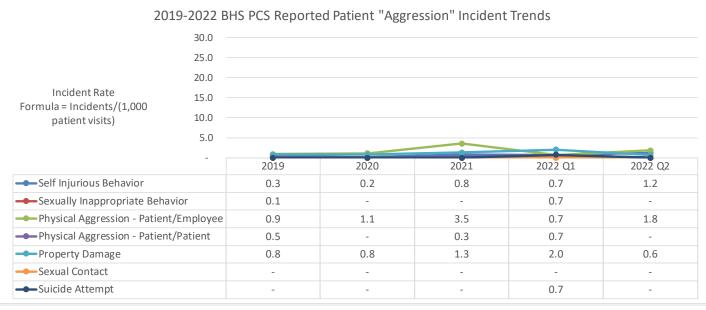


25 48

#### 2019-2022 BHS Crisis Service & Acute Inpatient Reported "Aggression" Incidents







	30.0					
	25.0					
	20.0					
Incident Rate Formula = Incidents/(1,000	15.0					
patient days)	10.0					
	5.0					
	-	2019	2020	2021	2022 Q1	2022 Q2
Self Injurious Behavior	-	2019	2020	2021	2022 Q1	2022 Q2 -
•	avior		2020	2021	2022 Q1 - -	2022 Q2 - -
Sexually Inappropriate Beha		2.8	-	2021	2022 Q1 - - -	2022 Q2 - - -
Sexually Inappropriate Beha Physical Aggression - Patien	t/Employee	2.8	-	-	2022 Q1 - - -	-
Sexually Inappropriate Beha Physical Aggression - Patien Physical Aggression - Patien	t/Employee	2.8 - -	- - -	-	2022 Q1 - - - -	-
Self Injurious Behavior Sexually Inappropriate Beha Physical Aggression - Patien Physical Aggression - Patien Property Damage Sexual Contact	t/Employee	2.8 - - 1.4	- - -	- - -	-	-

Incident Catagony	Year					
Incident Category	2019	2020	2021	2022 Q1	2022 Q2	
Self Injurious Behavior	8	3	5	0	2	
Sexually Inappropriate Behavior	4	6	1	1	C	
Physical Aggression - Patient/Employee	14	31	51	12	8	
Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient	50	30	30	10	11	
Property Damage	1	14	26	7	$\epsilon$	
Sexual Contact	1	3	0	0	C	
Suicide Attempt	1	-	0	0	C	

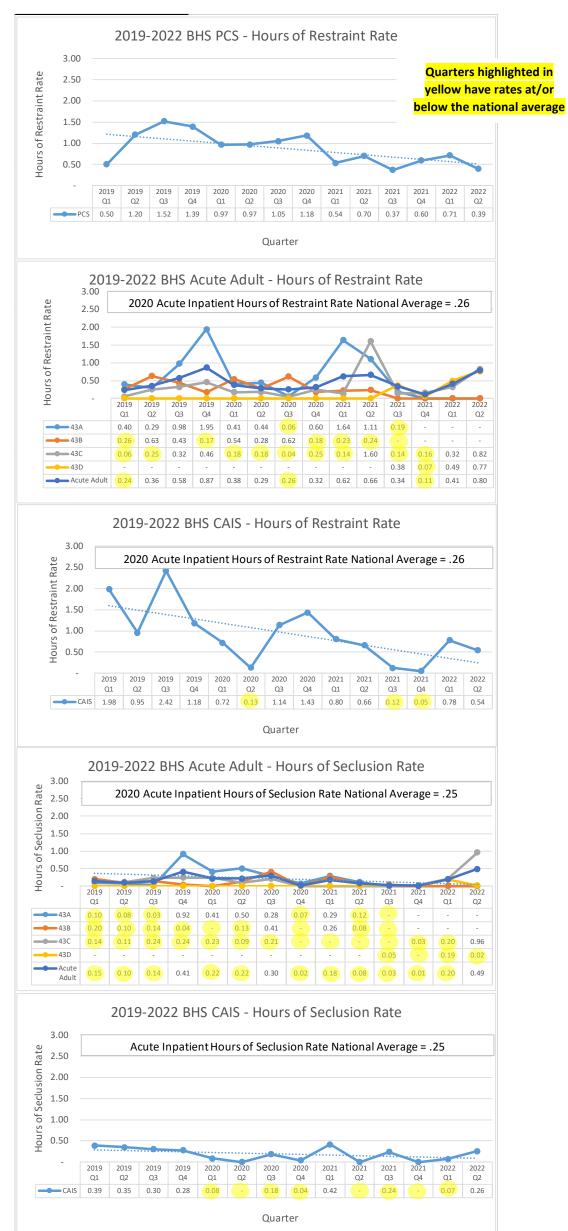
CAIS - Incidents								
Incident Category	Year							
Incident Category	2019	2020	2021	2022 Q1	2022 Q2			
Self Injurious Behavior	3	-	7	2	0			
Sexually Inappropriate Behavior	4	2	0	0	0			
Physical Aggression - Patient/Employee	10	7	19	4	1			
Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient	11	4	10	1	0			
Property Damage	5	15	17	6	2			
Sexual Contact	1	-	0	0	0			
Suicide Attempt	0	1	1	0	0			

PCS - Incidents							
Incident Category			Year				
Incident Category	2019	2020	2021	2022 Q1	2022 Q2		
Self Injurious Behavior	2	1	5	1	2		
Sexually Inappropriate Behavior	1	-	0	1	0		
Physical Aggression - Patient/Employee	7	7	22	1	3		
Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient	4	-	2	1	0		
Property Damage	6	5	8	3	1		
Sexual Contact	0	-	0	0	0		
Suicide Attempt	0	-	0	1	0		

OBS - Incidents							
Incident Category			Year				
incident category	2019	2020	2021	2022 Q1	2022 Q		
Self-Inflicted Injury	2	0	0	0			
Sexually Inappropriate Behavior	0	0	0	0			
Physical Aggression - Patient/Employee	0	0	0	0			
Physical Aggression - Patient/Patient	1	0	0	0			
Property Damage	0	1	0	0			
Sexual Contact	0	0	0	0			
Suicide Attempt	0	0	0	0			

Duagua	Patient Days					
Program	2019	2020	2021	2022 Q1	2022 Q2	
Acute Adult	14,793	11,582	8,007	1,858	1,815	
CAIS	2,731	1,569	1,656	417	446	
PCS	7,492	6,471	6,289	1,475	1,630	
OBS	708	368	37	9	18	

#### 2022 Q2 Milwaukee County Behavioral Health Services (BHS) Crisis Service and Acute Inpatient Seclusion and Restraint Summary



Year /	Restraint	Hours	Seclusion	n Hours
Quarter	Acute Adult	CAIS	Acute Adult	CAIS
2019 Q1	23.0	35.0	14.3	6.9
2019 Q2	36.4	14.5	9.1	5.3
2019 Q3	49.4	33.2	11.7	4.2
2019 Q4	71.0	22.4	33.2	5.2
2020 Q1	34.7	10.8	19.8	1.3
2020 Q2	17.7	0.7	13.2	0.0
2020 Q3	16.2	9.2	19.1	1.5
2020 Q4	20.1	12.8	1.3	0.3
2021 Q1	36.1	8.0	10.4	4.2
2021 Q2	31.3	6.6	3.9	0.0
2021 Q3	14.9	1.2	1.2	2.3
2021 Q4	4.8	0.5	0.6	0.0
2022 Q1	18.3	7.8	8.8	0.8
2022 Q2	34.7	5.8	21.2	2.8
2022 Q3				
2022 Q4				

#### Overall Progress 95.2% as of July 1, 2022

#### Baseline 71.5% as of August 2016 LAB report

1	1	1

Current Goal = 96%							
Review period	Number of	Policies	Percentage of total				
	Last Month	This Month	Last Month	This Month			
Within Scheduled Period	658	654	96.8%	95.2%			
Up to 1-year Overdue	18	29	2.6%	4.2%			
More than 1 yr & up to 3 yrs overdue	1	1	0.1%	0.1%			
More than 3 yrs & up to 5 yrs overdue	3	3	0.4%	0.4%			
More than 5 yrs & up to 10 yrs overdue	0	0	0.0%	0.0%			
Total	680	687	100%	100%			

1	00			97 1		97	047	07.0		97.5		97.3	07.0	
%	98 96 94 92	93.6	96	<u></u>	96.5	-0-	96.7	70.7	96.6	97.5	96.5	•	70.0	95.2
	90	15, %	ک م	(2) 10	12, 1	(12)		(P) Mont		3/22	M22 .	5/22	6/22 1	122

Past Due by Policy Area	Past Due	12 Month Foreca for Review	
Contract Administration	1	Month/Year	# Due
Engineering & Environmental Services- Operations	2	July 2022	19
Infection Prevention	3	August 2022	18
Information Technology	1	September 2022	17
Mental Health Board	2	October 2022	20
Pharmacy	7	November 2022	15
Provider Network-Credentialing and Impaneling	1	December 2022	19
Psychiatric Crisis Services - Mobile Team	2	January 2023	10
Public Health Emergency	1	February 2023	9
Quality Management	1	March 2023	17
Safety	1	April 2023	21
Wraparound (Wrap, REACH, youth CCS)-		May 2023	19
Administration	11	June 2023	57
		July 2023	9
		May Activity	
		New Policies	7
		Reviewed/Revise	d 25
Total Past Due	33	Retired	1

#### Overall Progress 95.3% as of August 1, 2022

C		= 96%
Current	$I - \Omega = I$	$-u_{b}$

Review period	Number of	Policies	Percentage of total		
	Last Month	This Month	Last Month	This Month	
Within Scheduled Period	654	655	95.2%	95.3%	
Up to 1-year Overdue	29	28	4.2%	4.1%	
More than 1 yr & up to 3 yrs overdue	1	1	0.1%	0.1%	
More than 3 yrs & up to 5 yrs overdue	3	3	0.4%	0.4%	
More than 5 yrs & up to 10 yrs overdue	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	
Total	687	687	100%	100%	

#### **Monthly Rate Trends**



#### Baseline 71.5% as of August 2016 LAB report

Past Due by Policy Area	Past Due by Policy Area Past Due Past Due 12 Month For Rev		
Contract Administration	1	Month/Year	# Due
Engineering & Environmental Services- Operations	2	August 2022	18
Infection Prevention	2	September 2022	17
Information Technology	1	October 2022	20
Mental Health Board	2	November 2022	15
Pharmacy	7	December 2022	19
Provider Network-Credentialing and Impaneling	1	January 2023	10
Psychiatric Crisis Services - Mobile Team	2	February 2023	9
Public Health Emergency	1	March 2023	17
Quality Management	1	April 2023	21
Safety	1	May 2023	19
Wraparound (Wrap, REACH, youth CCS)-		June 2023	57
Administration	12	July 2023	9
		August 2023	6
		July Activity	
		New Policies	0
		Reviewed/Revise	d 8
Total Past Due	32	Retired	0

#### Overall Progress 95.6% as of September 1, 2022

Current Goal = 96%

#### Baseline 71.5% as of August 2016 LAB report

Current Goal - 30%				
Review period	Number of Policies		Percentage of total	
	This Month	This Month	This Month	This Month
Within Scheduled Period	655	668	95.3%	95.6%
Up to 1-year Overdue	28	28	4.1%	4.0%
More than 1 yr & up to 3 yrs overdue	1	2	0.1%	0.3%
More than 3 yrs & up to 5 yrs overdue	3	1	0.4%	0.1%
More than 5 yrs & up to 10 yrs overdue	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
Total	687	0	100%	100%

