By	Supervisor	s Clancy,	Gómez-Tom,	and	Martinez
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File No. 23-744

A RESOLUTION

In support of the City of Milwaukee Fire and Police Commission's new video release policy and requesting the development of a similar policy at Milwaukee County giving the family of individuals hurt or killed by police the opportunity to review video and audio footage within 48 hours of the critical incident and mandating the release of critical incident footage captured by the department within 15 days to the public

 WHEREAS, as the use of video by law enforcement has exponentially increased in the past decade, the public has had a greater opportunity to see first-hand incidents of police encounters that have resulted in deaths (primarily of Black men), that previously may have been blamed on the actions of the victim; and

WHEREAS, sources of video evidence can include, among other things, body worn camera (BWC) video, in-car video, audio recordings of 911/emergency calls, other video captured by the department, and video captured by other individuals or entities that is in the department's possession; and

WHEREAS, a poll by the Cato Institute found an overwhelming majority of Americans (89%) support equipping police with body cameras, including both individuals with a favorable and unfavorable opinion of police, as video footage seemingly offers protection to both the officer and the citizens interacting with police; and

WHEREAS, 2019 Wisconsin Act 108, enacted February 28, 2020, mandates that BWC recordings must be retained for a minimum of 120 days after the incident, and longer if the incident involved the use of force by an officer, and requires that BWC recordings be subject to inspection and release pursuant to the state's open records law; and

WHEREAS, the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) commented on the issue of body worn cameras, stating "if they [reform advocates] want police in their community to wear body cameras, they should demand effective body camera programs, which include not just cameras but also strong policies and institutional practices to make those cameras effective"; and

WHEREAS, the ACLU further emphasized that compliance and enforcement of

good policies and practices will ensure the cameras provide transparency and oversight and don't become simply surveillance devices; and

WHEREAS, on March 23, 2020, Daniel Prude, a 41-year-old Black man, died after being physically restrained by Rochester, New York police officers; and

 WHEREAS, despite an open records request for the video filed by the Prude family attorney on April 3, 2020, the video was not released until August 12, 2020, and later determined was delayed to concerns by police command staff that the death (later ruled a homicide) might lead the public to "...conflate this incident with any recent killings of unarmed Black men by law enforcement nationally"; and

WHEREAS, on September 8, 2020, less than a month after the video was released to the family, Rochester's chief of police resigned, and his entire command staff either resigned or was demoted; and

WHEREAS, the City of Milwaukee Fire and Police Commission oversee all policy related to the Fire and Police Departments while the chief of each agency manages day-to-day operations; and

WHEREAS, in April 2023, after more than a year of information gathering and debate, the Fire and Police Commission approved a video release policy that was aimed to increase transparency and reduce the public's mistrust in law enforcement; and

WHEREAS, the Fire and Police Commission's Standard Operating Procedure 575 - Video Release Policy provides reasonable precautions to redact, edit, or withhold video to comply with court orders, state and federal laws aimed at protecting juveniles and victims of crimes, confidential medical or mental health information, as well as several other safeguards; and

WHEREAS, the Milwaukee Police Department defines a critical incident as any incident in which the actions of a department member result in death or great bodily harm to a person, death or great bodily harm occurs while a person is in the custody of the department, or in which the discharge of a member's firearm results in an injury to a person; and

WHEREAS, the Video Release Policy will ensure the family of the individuals hurt or killed in critical incidents involving the police will have the opportunity to view the video footage, with certain exceptions, within 48 hours of the critical incident and release of the video/audio footage captured by the department within 15 days to the public; and

WHEREAS, releasing footage of critical incidents to family members and the public is done in an effort to foster greater public trust in police departments and demonstrate transparency regarding departmental operations including instances that may result in deadly use of force or deaths in custody; and

WHEREAS, the Committee on Judiciary, Law Enforcement, and General Services (JLEGS), Laid Over File No. 23-744 to a Date Certain [December 4, 2023] (vote 3-2); and

WHEREAS, JLEGS, at its meeting of December 4, 2023, recommended **REJECTION** of File No. 23-744, due to a failed motion to recommend adoption (vote 2-3); now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors hereby supports the City of Milwaukee Fire and Police Commission Standard Operating Procedure 575 - Video Release Policy (hereto attached to this file) which will ensure the family of individuals hurt or killed by police have the opportunity to view the video, with certain exceptions, within 48 hours of the critical incident and mandate the release of the video/audio footage captured by the department within 15 days to the public; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the Milwaukee County Board of Supervisors hereby requests County Departments, including the Milwaukee County Sheriff's Office, District Attorney, Community Reintegration Center, and the Vel R. Phillips Youth and Family Justice Center, develop a video release policy(ies) that are similar to the City of Milwaukee's to foster greater public trust in County law enforcement and correctional facilities regarding departmental operations including instances that may result in deadly use of force or deaths in custody.

 12/04/23

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