Comptroller's Office Fraud Risk Assessment

Pilot 2023



Agenda

- What is a Fraud Risk Assessment?
- Why Did We Do This?
- How Did This Work?
- What Did We Do?
- What Happened After?



What is a Fraud Risk Assessment?

- "A process aimed at proactively identifying and addressing an organization's vulnerabilities to both internal and external fraud." (ACFE)
 - Plain talk: Considering the many ways that employees and non-employees can commit fraud and then deciding what to do about it
- Followed the lead/best practices of:
 - ACFE: Association of Certified Fraud Examiners
 - GAO: Government Accountability Office
- Learning, Adapting, Doing, Adjusting



Why Did We Do This?

- DO:
 - We have stuff of value and people will try to get it
 - FRA is intended to make it harder for people to take our stuff
 - Make fraud less taboo
 - Prevention is better than detection
 - FRAs are done by local, state, federal, universities and private sector

- DON'T:
 - Blame
 - Punish
 - Assign fault
 - Criticize
 - Just to say that we have



How Did This Work?

•TOGETHER!

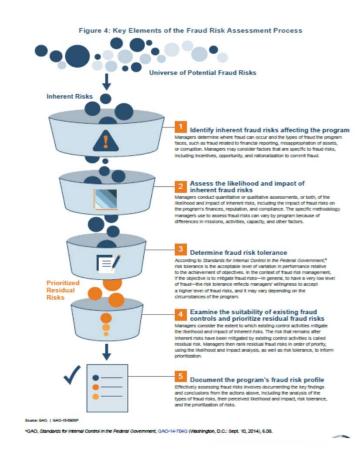
- Buy-in and Support from Management
- Notice of FRA process to participating divisions
- ASD guided the two-part process
 - Scenario brainstorming sessions and officewide survey



- Assessment by Individual Divisions
 - Divisions shared current policies with ASD
 - ASD shared FRA matrix for review
 - Brainstorming Sessions
 - Managers and/or managers and staff
- Anonymous survey sent to all Comptroller's staff
 - Ask about fraud environment



- Identify Inherent (Natural) Fraud Risks
 - Key: Think of what frauds are possible
 - Roleplay Think like the bad guy!
- Assess Likelihood and Impact of Fraud Risks
 - Think: How common & how harmful could this fraud be
- Consider Internal Controls
 - Think: What are we already doing to make it harder for the bad guy
- Reassess Likelihood and Impact
 - Key: This is our Residual Risk
- Determine Fraud Risk Tolerance (Management)
- Respond (Management)



Milwaukee County Office of the Comptroller									
		<u>Perpetrator</u>							
<u>Identified Inherent Fraud Risk</u> ¹	Victim Division ²	(Internal/External) ³	<u>Likelihood</u> ⁴	<u>Impact⁵</u>	Existing Internal Controls (EIC) ⁶	EIC Likelihood ⁷	EIC Impact ⁸	Residual Risk ⁹	Response ¹⁰
Property Theft									
Cash Theft									
Timesheet fraud									
County property misuse									
Kickbacks									
"Ghost" payments									
Reimbursements									
P-Card Transactions									



- Subjective process
 - Actor, Action, Outcome
- Likelihood and Impact
 - Probably hardest part of the FRA

	Likelihood Metric	Impact Matric
	Likelinood Metric	Impact Metric
Low (1)	Fraud is unavailable or unlikely	A fraud would not impact or have minimal effect on the office
	Fraud is possible, there have been unproved reports of fraud	
Medium (2)	having occurred or few instances have occurred over years	A fraud would have a temporary or limited impact on the office
	Fraud is probable, has likely occurred, there are confirmed	A fraud would have a long-lasting negative impact on the office, or cause long-lasting reputational harm or
High (3)	instances of fraud happening many times	will cause legal consequences
		MILWALIZ

Anonymous survey

18. Does Milwaukee County have a way to report fraud concerns? *				
Yes				
○ No				
On't Know				
19. Do you know how to report a fraud concern? *				
Yes				
○ No				
On't Know				



What Happened After?

- Management's Role
 - Established Risk Tolerance
 - Responded
- Documented FRA
- Reported
- Revisit
 - Annually
 - Major Change
 - Major Fraud
- Expand to other County Agencies

